

BUILT-IN FUNCTIONS AND VARIABLES

Presented by Tony Vo

Slides by Tony Vo

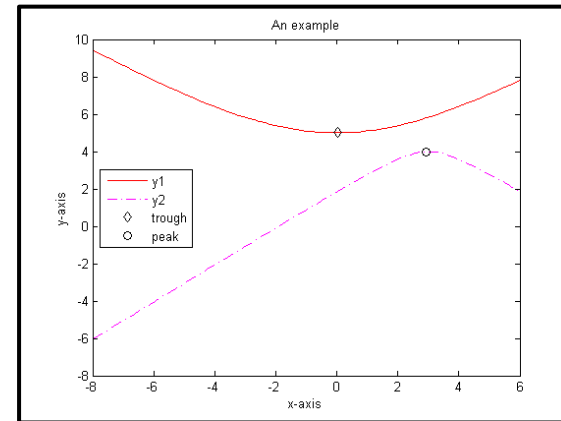


- MATLAB has many built-in functions

- These functions perform commonly used mathematical operations
- Similar to the ones that your calculator can perform

- Some examples:

- sqrt, mod, rem
- log, log10, exp
- sin, cos, tan
- round, ceil, floor
- min, max, sign



MATLAB BUILT-IN FUNCTIONS

```
Command Window

>> log10(4)

ans =

    0.6021

>> log(4)

ans =

    1.3863

>> log2(4)

ans =

    2
```

```
Command Window

>> floor(14.6)

ans =

    14

>> ceil(14.6)

ans =

    15

>> round(14.6)

ans =

    15
```

```
>> sind(90)

ans =

    1

>> sin(90)

ans =

    0.8940
```

```
>> sqrt(16)

ans =

    4

>> mod(27,9)

ans =

    0
```

MATLAB BUILT-IN VARIABLES

- MATLAB also has built-in variables
 - E.g. Imaginary number, Euler's number, infinity, pi, NaN, etc.

```
Command Window

>> i

ans =

    0.0000 + 1.0000i

>> exp(1)

ans =

    2.7183
```

```
Command Window

>> 1/0

ans =

    Inf

>> -1/0

ans =

   -Inf
```

```
>> j

ans =

    0.0000 + 1.0000i
```

```
>> 0/0

ans =

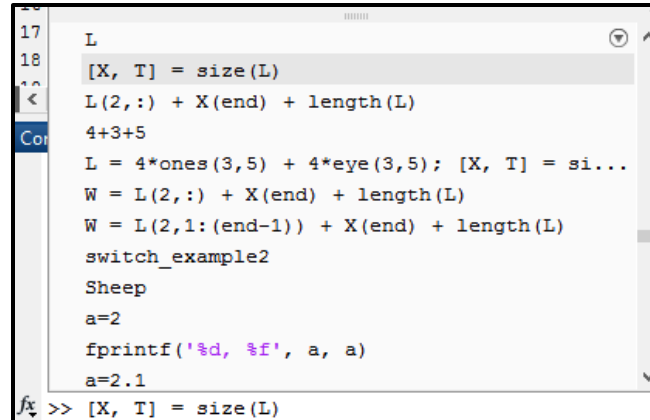
    NaN
```

USEFUL BUILT-IN COMMANDS

- Useful commands to use in this unit
 - `clc`: Clears the command window
 - `clear all`: Clears all variables
 - `close all`: Closes all figure windows
 - `fclose all`: Closes all files opened by MATLAB
 - `who`: Lists existing variables
 - `whos`: Lists existing variables and other properties
 - `dir`: Lists files and folders in the current directory

CYCLING THROUGH COMMAND HISTORY

- Useful keyboard shortcuts
 - ↑: Go back one command
 - ↓: Go forward one command
 - TAB: Shows a list of similar commands



A screenshot of the MATLAB Command Window showing a list of commands in the history. The commands are: L, [X, T] = size(L), L(2,:) + X(end) + length(L), 4+3+5, L = 4*ones(3,5) + 4*eye(3,5); [X, T] = si..., W = L(2,:) + X(end) + length(L), W = L(2,1:(end-1)) + X(end) + length(L), switch_example2, Sheep, a=2, fprintf('%d, %f', a, a), and a=2.1. The command [X, T] = size(L) is highlighted. At the bottom, the prompt fx >> [X, T] = size(L) is shown.

```
17 L
18 [X, T] = size(L)
19 L(2,:) + X(end) + length(L)
20 4+3+5
21 L = 4*ones(3,5) + 4*eye(3,5); [X, T] = si...
22 W = L(2,:) + X(end) + length(L)
23 W = L(2,1:(end-1)) + X(end) + length(L)
24 switch_example2
25 Sheep
26 a=2
27 fprintf('%d, %f', a, a)
28 a=2.1
fx >> [X, T] = size(L)
```

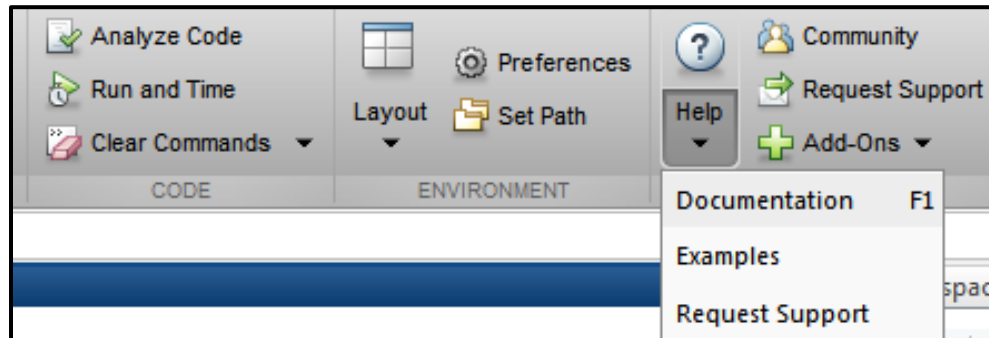
- If you know the name of the built-in function, type:
`help <function name>` in the command window
- For more detailed information, type:
`doc <function name>` in the command window

```
>> help tan
tan    Tangent of argument in radians.
      tan(X) is the tangent of the elements of X.

      See also atan, atan2, tand, atan2d.

      Reference page in Help browser
      doc tan
```

- What if you don't know the name of the function?
 - Try typing in key words in MATLAB's help documentation
 - Search related functions in help and check "see also" list
- Alternatively, search on Google!



- MATLAB built-in functions and commands
- MATLAB built-in variables
- MATLAB help documentation
- What does "help elfun" do in MATLAB?