Experiment-6

Basic Switch and End Device Configuration using Cisco Packet Tracer.

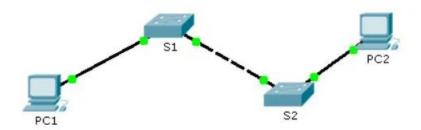
Objectives

- 1. Configure hostnames and IP addresses on two Cisco Internetwork Operating System (IOS) switches using the command-line interface (CLI).
- 2. Use Cisco IOS commands to specify or limit access to the device configurations.
- 3. Use IOS commands to save the running configuration.
- 4. Configure two host devices with IP addresses.
- 5. Verify connectivity between the two PC end devices.

Scenario

As a recently hired LAN technician, your network manager has asked you to demonstrate your ability to configure a small LAN. Your tasks include configuring initial settings on two switches using the Cisco IOS and configuring IP address parameters on host devices to provide end-to-end connectivity. You are to use two switches and two hosts/PCs on a cabled and powered network.

Topology:



Addressing Table:

Device	Interface	Address	Subnet Mask
Class-A	VLAN 1	128.107.20.10	255.255.255.0
Class-B	VLAN1	128.107.20.15	255.255.255.0
Student-1	NIC	128.107.20.25	255.255.255.0
Student-2	NIC	128.107.20.30	255.255.255.0

Instructions:

Configure the devices to fulfill the requirements below:

Requirements:

- Use a console connection to access each switch.
- Name Class-A and Class-B switches.
- Use the R4Xe3 password for all lines.
- Use the **C4aJa** secret password.
- Encrypt all clear text passwords.
- Configure an appropriate message-of-the-day (MOTD) banner.
- Configure addressing for all devices according to the Addressing Table.
- Save your configurations.
- Verify connectivity between all devices.

Note: Click **Check Results** to see your progress. Click **Reset Activity** to generate a new set of requirements. If you click on this before you complete the activity, all configurations will be lost.

Configuration Command:

Class-A

enable

config terminal

hostname Class-A

line console 0

password R4Xe3

exit

line vty 0 15

password R4Xe3

login

exit

enable secret C4aJa

service password-encryption

banner motd #Unauthorized access to this device is prohibited!#

interface vlan 1

ip address 128.107.20.10 255.255.255.0

no shutdown

Press Control Z to end

copy running-config startup-config

```
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/2, changed state to up

Switch>enable
Switch|config terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Switch(config)|finostname Class-A
Class-A(config)|filine console 0
Class-A(config-line)|faster fastEthernet0/2, changed state to up

Class-A(config-line)|faster fastEthernet0/2, changed state to up

Class-A(config-line)|faster fastEthernet0/2, changed state to up

%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Vlanl, changed state to up

Class-A(config-if)|f^2|
Class-A(config-if)|f^2|
Class-A(config-if)|f^2|
Class-A(config-if)|f^3|
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Vlanl, changed state to up

Class-A(config-if)|f^3|
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Configured from console by console

Class-A(config-if)|forming-config startup-config
Destination filename [startup-config]
Building configuration...
[OK]
Class-A|
Class
```

Class-B

enable

config terminal

hostname Class-B

line console 0

password R4Xe3

exit

line vty 0 15

password R4Xe3

login

exit

enable secret C4aJa

service password-encryption

banner motd #Unauthorized access to this device is prohibited!#

interface vlan 1

ip address 128.107.20.15 255.255.255.0

no shutdown

Press Control Z to end

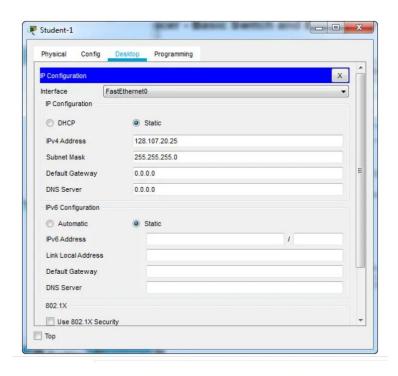
copy running-config startup-config

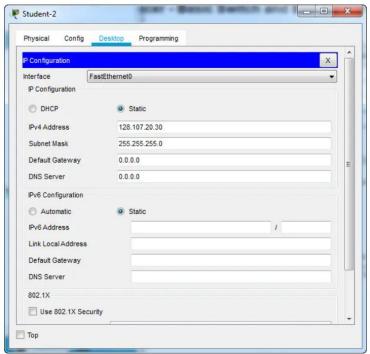
```
NINK-S-CHANGED; Interface FastEtherneto/2, changed state to up

%LINK-FBOTO-S-UPPOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEtherneto/2, changed state to up

%vitch>enable
fvitchSeconity terminal
fvitchSeconity of the state of the st
```

End Device Configuration:





Verification of connectivity between the two PC end devices using Ping Command

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Physical Config Desktop Programming Attributes

Command Prompt

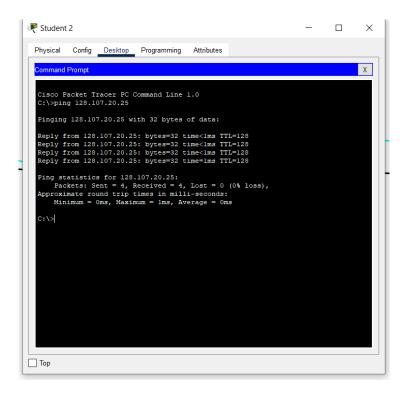
Cisco Packet Tracer PC Command Line 1.0
C:\>ping 128.107.20.30

Pinging 128.107.20.30 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 128.107.20.30: bytes=32 time=8ms TTL=128

Reply from 128.107.20.30: bytes=32 time(lms TTL=128

Reply from 128.10
```



Reference:

Chapter-2, Introduction to Networks Labs and Study Guide by Allan Johnson, Cisco