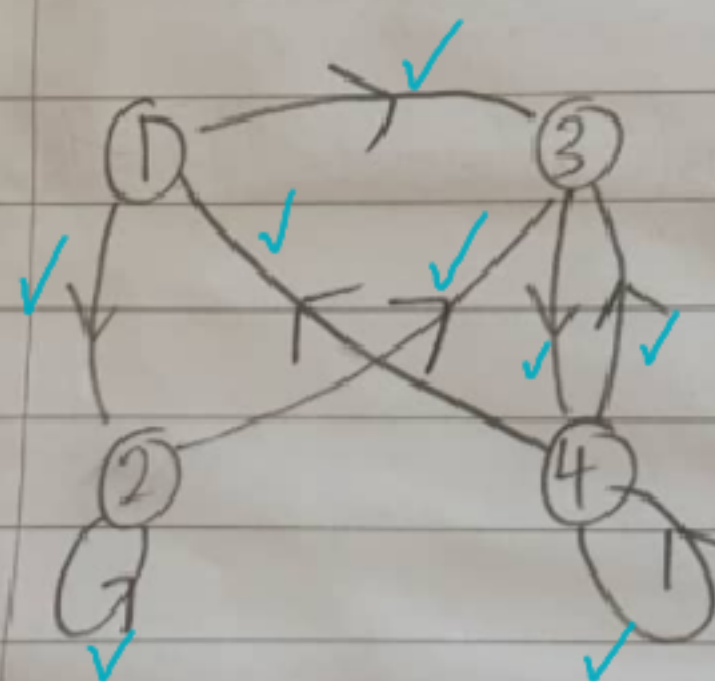


# Tutorial 9

1. The following arrays describe a relation  $R$  on a set  $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$ :
- VERT = [1, 2, 6, 4]  
 TAIL = [1, 2, 2, 4, 4, 3, 4, 1]  
 HEAD = [2, 2, 3, 3, 4, 4, 1, 3]  
 NEXT = [8, 3, 0, 5, 7, 0, 0, 0]
- Compute both the digraph of  $R$  and the matrix  $M_R$ .

1.	VERT	✓	TAIL	HEAD	NEXT
	1	✓	1	→ 2	✓ 8
	2	✓	2	→ 2	✓ 3
	6	✓	2	→ 3	✓ 0
	4	✓	4	→ 3	✓ 5
			4	→ 4	✓ 7
			3	→ 4	✓ 0
			4	→ 1	✓ 0
			1	→ 3	✓ 0



$$M_R = \begin{matrix} & \begin{matrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \end{matrix} \\ \begin{matrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \end{matrix} & \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \end{matrix}$$

2. Let  $A = B = \{1, 2, 3\}$  and let  $R = \{(1, 1), (1, 2), (2, 3), (3, 1)\}$  and let  $S = \{(2, 1), (3, 1), (3, 2), (3, 3)\}$ . Let  $R$  and  $S$  be the relations from  $A$  to  $B$ . Compute

i)  $\bar{R}$   
 iii)  $R \cup S$

ii)  $R \cap S$   
 iv)  $S^1$

2. i)  $\bar{R} = \{(1, 3), (2, 1), (2, 2), (3, 2), (3, 3)\}$

2. ii)  $R \cap S = \{(3, 1)\}$

optional:

$$M_R = \begin{matrix} & \begin{matrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \end{matrix} \\ \begin{matrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{matrix} & \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \end{matrix}$$

$$M_{\bar{R}} = \begin{matrix} & \begin{matrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \end{matrix} \\ \begin{matrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{matrix} & \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \end{matrix}$$

interchange  
"0" and  
"1"

2. Let  $A = B = \{1, 2, 3\}$  and let  $R = \{(1, 1), (1, 2), (2, 3), (3, 1)\}$  and let  $S = \{(2, 1), (3, 1), (3, 2), (3, 3)\}$ . Let  $R$  and  $S$  be the relations from  $A$  to  $B$ . Compute

i)  $\bar{R}$

iii)  $R \cup S$

ii)  $R \cap S$

iv)  $S^{-1}$

Q2.  $A = B = \{1, 2, 3\}$  ✓

$R = \{(1, 1), (1, 2), (2, 3), (3, 1)\}$  ✓

$S = \{(2, 1), (3, 1), (3, 2), (3, 3)\}$  ✓

iii)  $R \cup S = \{(1, 1), (1, 2), (2, 1), (2, 3), (3, 1), (3, 2), (3, 3)\}$

2. Let  $A = B = \{1, 2, 3\}$  and let  $R = \{(1, 1), (1, 2), (2, 3), (3, 1)\}$  and let  $S = \{(2, 1), (3, 1), (3, 2), (3, 3)\}$ . Let  $R$  and  $S$  be the relations from  $A$  to  $B$ . Compute

iv)  $S^{-1}$

$$S^{-1} = \{(1, \overset{\checkmark}{\underset{\checkmark}{2}}), (1, \overset{\checkmark}{\underset{\checkmark}{3}}), (2, \overset{\checkmark}{\underset{\checkmark}{3}}), (3, \overset{\checkmark}{\underset{\checkmark}{3}})\}$$

Optional:

$$M_S = \begin{matrix} & \begin{matrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \end{matrix} \\ \begin{matrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{matrix} & \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \end{matrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned} M_{S^{-1}} &= (M_S)^T \\ &= \begin{matrix} & \begin{matrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \end{matrix} \\ \begin{matrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{matrix} & \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \end{matrix} \end{aligned}$$



3. Let  $A = \{2, 4, 5, 7\}$  and let  $R$  and  $S$  be the relations on  $A$  described by  $x R y$  if and only if  $x + y$  is even and  $M_S = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ . List the ordered pairs belonging to the following relations.

i)  $S^{-1}$

$$S = \{(2,4), (4,5), (4,7), (5,4), (5,5), (5,7)\}$$

$$s = \{(1,2), (2,3), (2,4), (3,2), (3,3), (3,4)\}$$

$$s^{-1} = \{(2,1), (3,2), (4,2), (2,3), (3,3), (4,3)\}$$

$$S^{-1} = \{(4,2), (5,4), (7,4), (4,5), (5,5), (7,5)\}$$

optional:

$$M_{S^{-1}} = (M_S)^T = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

ii)  $S^{-1} \circ R$

$$= \{(4,2), (5,5), (7,5)\}$$

$$R = \{(2,2), (2,4), (4,2), (4,4), (5,5), (5,7), (7,5), (7,7)\}$$

iii)

$$(S^{-1} \circ R)^{-1}$$

$$A = \{2, 4, 5, 7\}$$

$$M_S = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$S = \{(2,4), (4,5), (4,7), (5,4), (5,5), (5,7)\}$$

$$M_R = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$R = \{(2,2), (2,4), (4,2), (4,4), (5,5), (5,7), (7,5), (7,7)\}$$

$$(iii) (S^{-1} \circ R)^{-1}$$

$$R^{-1} = \{(2,2), (4,2), (2,4), (4,4), (5,5), (7,5), (5,7), (7,7)\}$$

$$(S^{-1} \circ R)^{-1} = (S \circ R^{-1}) = \{(2,2), (2,4), (4,5), (4,7), (4,5), (4,7), (5,4), (5,2), (5,5), (5,7), (4,5), (5,7)\}$$

$$= (R^{-1} \circ S)$$

$$\text{start} = \{(2,2), (2,4), (4,5), (4,7), (5,4), (5,2), (5,5), (5,7)\}$$

4. Let  $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$  and  $B = \{1, 2, 3\}$ . The matrices  $\mathbf{M}_R$  and  $\mathbf{M}_S$  of the relation  $R$  and  $S$  be the

relations from  $A$  to  $B$  are given by  $\mathbf{M}_R = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ ,  $\mathbf{M}_S = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ . Compute

i)  $\mathbf{M}_{R \cup S}$

iii)  $\mathbf{M}_{R^{-1}}$

ii)  $\mathbf{M}_{R \cap S}$

iv)  $\mathbf{M}_{\bar{S}}$

$$M(R \text{ and } S) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 4. \text{ iii) } M_{R^{-1}} &= (M_R)^T \\ &= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

$$(i) \quad M_{R \cup S} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(iv) \quad M_{\bar{S}} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

5. Let  $A = \{a, b, c, d, e\}$  and let the equivalence relations  $R$  and  $S$  on  $A$  be given by

$$\mathbf{M}_R = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{M}_S = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

i) Compute

a)  $\mathbf{M}_{R \circ R}$

c)  $\mathbf{M}_{R \circ S}$

b)  $\mathbf{M}_{S \circ R}$

d)  $\mathbf{M}_{S \circ S}$

i) a)  $M_{R \circ R} = M_R \odot M_R$  ✓

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \odot \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad \checkmark$$

b)  $M_{S \circ R} = M_R \odot M_S$  ✓

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \odot \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad \checkmark$$

c)  $M_{R \circ S} = M_S \odot M_R$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \odot \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad \checkmark$$

d)  $M_{S \circ S} = M_S \odot M_S$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \odot \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad \checkmark$$



5. Let  $A = \{a, b, c, d, e\}$  and let the equivalence relations  $R$  and  $S$  on  $A$  be given by

$$\mathbf{M}_R = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{M}_S = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

ii) Compute the partition of  $A$  corresponding to  $R \cap S$

$$R \cap S = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \cap \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$R \cap S = \{(a, a), (b, b), (b, c), (c, b), (c, c), (d, d), (e, e)\}$

Partition of  $A = \{\{a\}, \{b, c\}, \{d\}, \{e\}\}$

$A_1 \cap A_2 \cap A_3 \cap A_4 = \emptyset$

$A_1 \cup A_2 \cup A_3 \cup A_4 = A$



diagonal  
relation,  $\Delta = \{(1,1), (2,2), \dots\}$   $\begin{bmatrix} x & & \\ & x & \\ & & x \end{bmatrix}$

6.  $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$

$\{(2,1), (3,1), \dots\} = R^{-1}$

$R = \{(1,2), (1,3), (2,3), (3,4)\}$

- reflexive closure:  $R \cup \Delta$  ✓  
 $= \{(1,2), (1,3), (2,3), (3,4), \overbrace{(1,1), (2,2), (3,3), (4,4)}^{\Delta}\}$  ✓

- symmetric closure:  $R \cup R^{-1}$  ✓  
 $= \{(1,2), (1,3), (2,3), (3,4), \overbrace{(2,1), (3,1), (3,2), (4,3)}^{R^{-1}}\}$  ✓

27) i)  $M_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$

$C_1 = 2 \checkmark$   
 $R_1 = 2 \checkmark$   
 $Add = (1,2) \checkmark$

$W_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$

$C_2 = 1, 2 \checkmark$   
 $R_2 = 1, 2, 3 \checkmark$   
 $Add = (1,1), (1,2), (1,3), (2,1), (2,2), (2,3) \checkmark$

$W_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$

$C_3 = 1, 2 \checkmark$   
 $R_3 = 4 \checkmark$   
 $Add = (1,4), (2,4) \checkmark$

$W_3 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$

$C_4 = 1, 2, 3 \checkmark$   
 $R_4 = -$   
 $Add = -$

$W_4 = W_3 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} = M_{R^0} \checkmark$

$R^0 = \{ (1,1), (1,2), (1,3), (1,4), (2,1), (2,2), (2,3), (2,4), (3,4) \}$

$$7 (ii) \quad \text{NA } A = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$$

$$M_R = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad \checkmark$$

$$W_0 = M_R = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad C_1 = - \\ R_1 = 2 \quad \checkmark \quad \text{Add: } -$$

$$W_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad C_2 = 1, 3 \quad \checkmark \\ R_2 = 3, 4 \quad \checkmark \quad \text{Add: } (1, 5), (1, 4), (3, 3), (3, 4) \quad \checkmark$$

$$W_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad C_3 = 1, 2, 3 \quad \checkmark \\ R_3 = 2, 3, 4 \quad \checkmark \quad \text{Add: } (1, 2), (1, 3), (1, 4) \quad \checkmark \\ (2, 2), (2, 3), (2, 4), (3, 2), (3, 3), (3, 4) \quad \checkmark$$

$$W_3 = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad C_4 = 1, 2, 3, 4 \quad \checkmark \\ R_4 = 4 \quad \checkmark \quad \text{Add: } (1, 4), (2, 4), (3, 4), (4, 4)$$

$$W_4 = W_3 = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = M_{R^{\infty}} \quad \checkmark$$



8. Let  $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$  and let  $R$  and  $S$  be relations on  $A$  described by

$$\mathbf{M}_R = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{M}_S = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$(M_{R \cup S})^\infty$

Use Warshall's algorithm to compute the transitive closure of  $R \cup S$ .

$$8. \quad M_{R \cup S} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \cup \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$W_0 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad \checkmark$$

$$(R \cup S)^\infty = \{(1,1), (1,2), (1,4), (2,2), (3,2), (3,3), (4,2), (4,3), (4,4)\}$$



Continued Q8.

$$W_0 = M_{RVS} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$C_1: 1$   
 $R_1: 1, 2, 4$   
 $Add: (1,1), (1,2), (1,4)$

$$W_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$C_2: 1, 2, 3, 4$   
 $R_2: 2$   
 $Add: (1,2), (2,2), (3,2), (4,2)$

$$W_2 = W_1$$

$C_3: 3, 4$   
 $R_3: 2, 3$   
 $Add: (3,2), (3,3), (4,2), (4,3)$

$$W_3 = W_2$$

$C_4: 1, 4$ ,  $R_4: 2, 3, 4$   
 $Add: (1,2), (1,3), (1,4), (4,2), (4,3), (4,4)$

$$W_4 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = M_{(RVS)}^\infty$$











