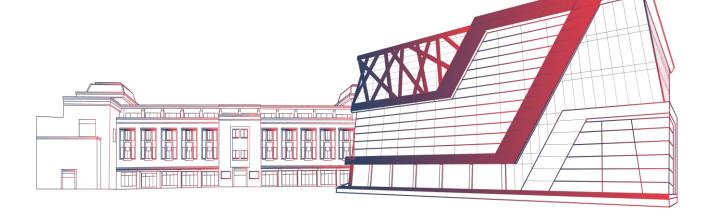




Lecture 1: Database Systems







What is Data??



Raw or unorganized facts and figures (such as alphabets, numbers, symbols).

Example:

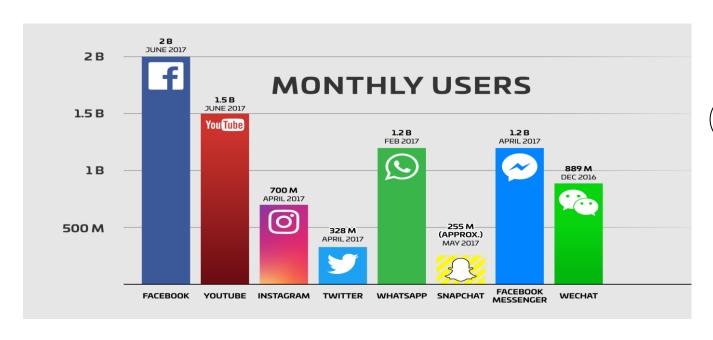
- Student Data: Roll No, Name, Mobile, CGPA etc.
- Faculty Data: Name, Designation, Email-id, Mobile etc.
- User Profiles on Facebook, Twitter etc.





What can be done with Data





What to do with this tremendous data??

Data → Information

Information → Knowledge

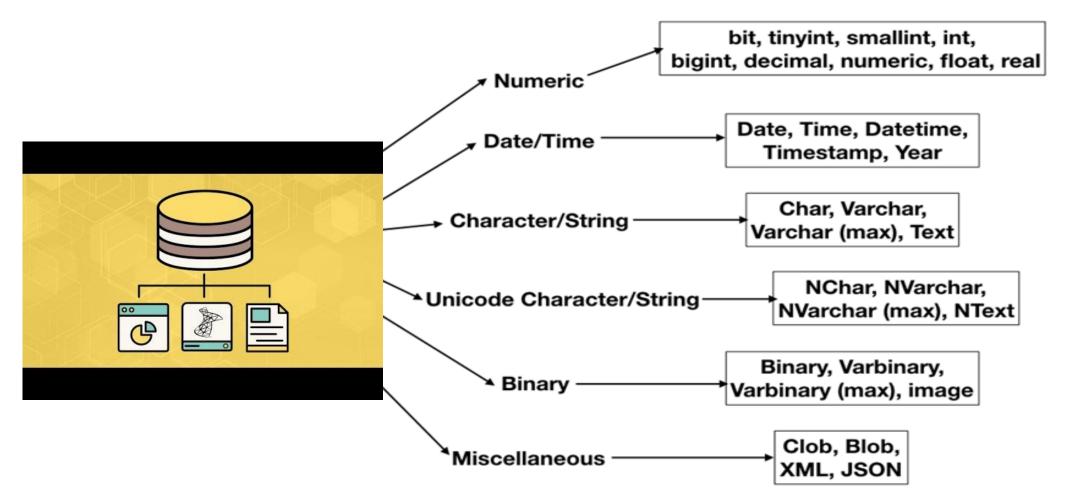
Knowledge → **Growth of Business/ Organization**



Data Types



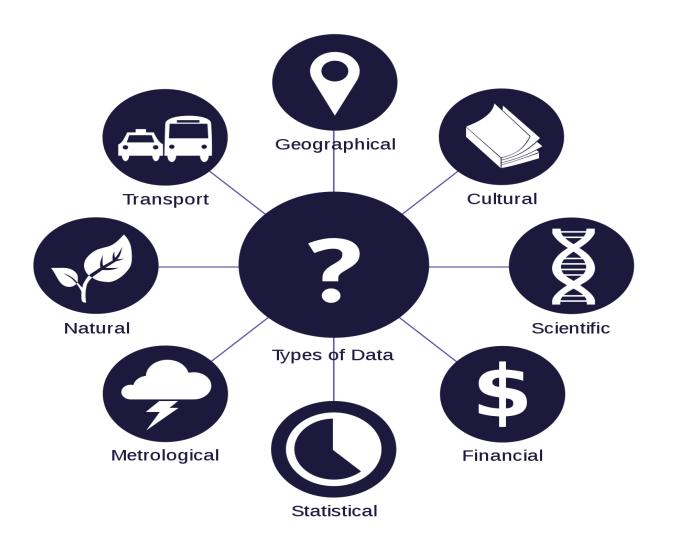






Types of Data – Based on Domain









Handling Tremendous Data



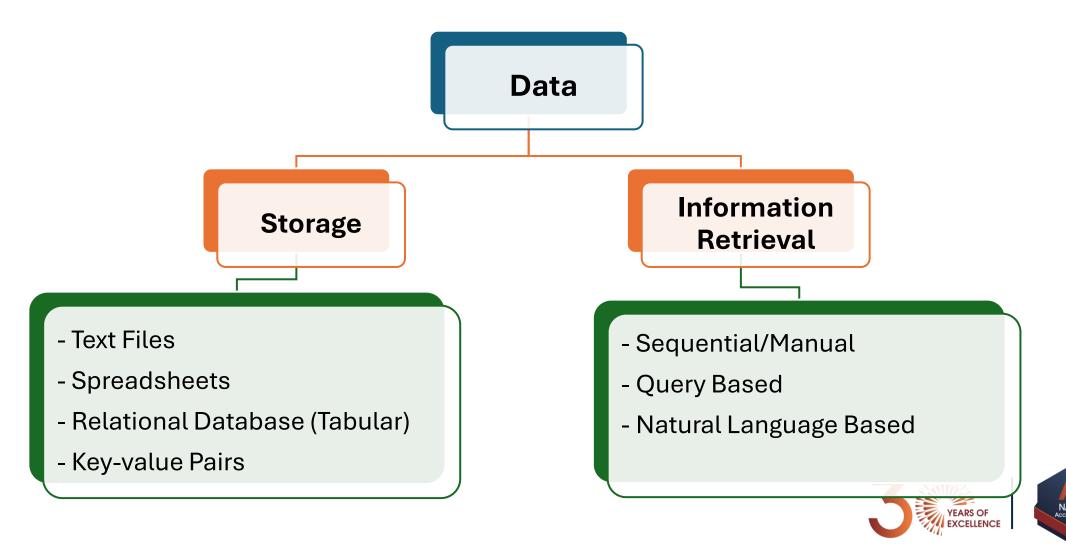


- Handling this tremendous amount of data is overwhelming.
- Thus, we need some automated mechanism to perform this task.



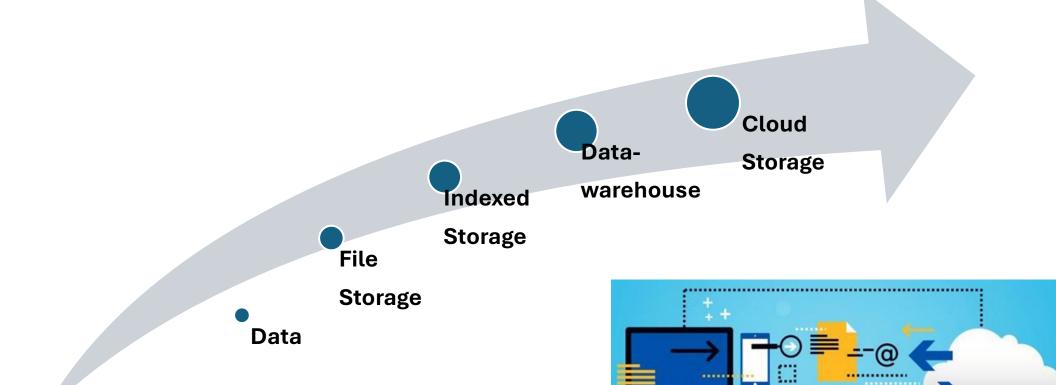
Aspects of Data





Evolution of Data Storage





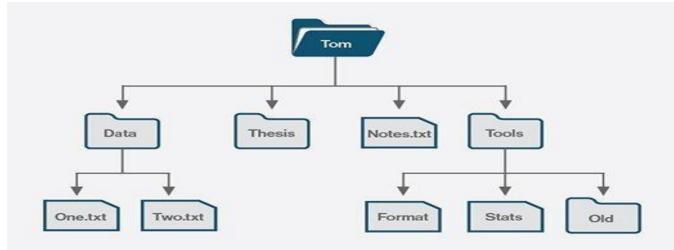


EXCELLENCE

File Storage



Alternatively referred to as a flat database or text database, a flat file is a file of data that does not contain links to other files or is a non-relational database. A good example of a flat file is a single text-only file that contains all the data needed for a program that is often separated by some kind of delimiter.







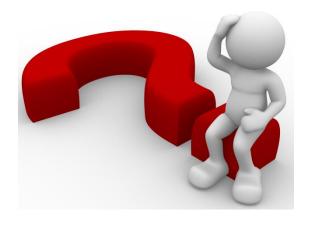
File Storage...



• File handling programs like reading contents of a text file, writing student records in a file are examples of traditional File Storage.

Problems with File Systems:

- Data redundancy and inconsistency
- Difficulty in accessing data
- Data isolation multiple files and formats
- Integrity problems
- Atomicity of updates
- Concurrent access by multiple users
- Security problems







What is a Database?



- Collection of related data
- Example: Employee Information

EMPLOYEE

Fname	Minit	Lname	Ssn	Bdate	Address	Sex	Salary	Super_ssn	Dno
John	В	Smith	123456789	1965-01-09	731 Fondren, Houston, TX	М	30000	333445555	5
Franklin	T	Wong	333445555	1955-12-08	638 Voss, Houston, TX	М	40000	888665555	5
Alicia	J	Zelaya	999887777	1968-01-19	3321 Castle, Spring, TX	F	25000	987654321	4
Jennifer	S	Wallace	987654321	1941-06-20	291 Berry, Bellaire, TX	F	43000	888665555	4
Ramesh	K	Narayan	666884444	1962-09-15	975 Fire Oak, Humble, TX	М	38000	333445555	5
Joyce	Α	English	453453453	1972-07-31	5631 Rice, Houston, TX	F	25000	333445555	5
Ahmad	٧	Jabbar	987987987	1969-03-29	980 Dallas, Houston, TX	М	25000	987654321	4
James	Е	Borg	888665555	1937-11-10	450 Stone, Houston, TX	М	55000	NULL	1

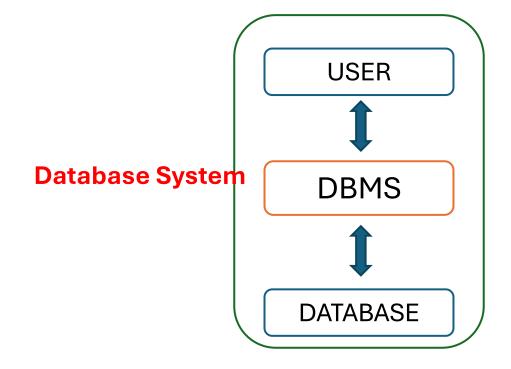




Database Management Systems



- Database System contains information about a particular enterprise
 - Collection of interrelated data
 - Set of programs to create and maintain a database
 - An environment that is both convenient and efficient to use



User does not interact directly with the database. DBMS acts as an interface between the user and the DB.





Levels of Abstraction



Manager

View

• External Level: application programs hide details of data types. Views can also hide information (such as an employee's salary) for security purposes.

EMPLOYEE

	Fname	Minit	Lname	Ssn	Bdate	Address	Sex	Salary	Super_ssn	Dno
	John	В	Smith	123456789	1965-01-09	731 Fondren, Houston, TX	М	30000	333445555	5
	Franklin	Т	Wong	333445555	1955-12-08	638 Voss, Houston, TX	М	40000	888665555	5
	Alicia	J	Zelaya	999887777	1968-01-19	3321 Castle, Spring, TX	F	25000	987654321	4
Accounts View	Jennifer	S	Wallace	987654321	1941-06-20	291 Berry, Bellaire, TX	F	43000	888665555	4
	Ramesh	K	Narayan	666884444	1962-09-15	975 Fire Oak, Humble, TX	М	38000	333445555	5
	Joyce	Α	English	453453453	1972-07-31	5631 Rice, Houston, TX	F	25000	333445555	5
	Ahmad	V	Jabbar	987987987	1969-03-29	980 Dallas, Houston, TX	M	25000	987654321	4
	James	Е	Borg	888665555	1937-11-10	450 Stone, Houston, TX	М	55000	NULL	1

Fname	Lname	Ssn
John	Smith	333445555
Franklin	Wong	888665555

Fname	Lname	Dno	
John	Smith	5	
Franklin	Wong	5	Æ
•••	•••	•••	



Levels of Abstraction



 Logical level: describes data stored in database, and the relationships among the data.

 Physical level: describes how a record (e.g., customer) is stored.

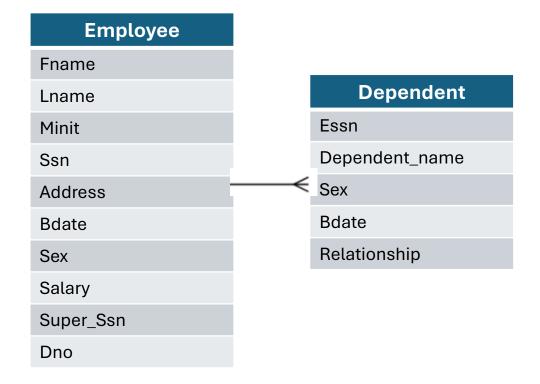
type Employee = record

Fname: string; Lname: string; Address: string; Ssn: integer;

Bdate: date;

Sex: char

end;





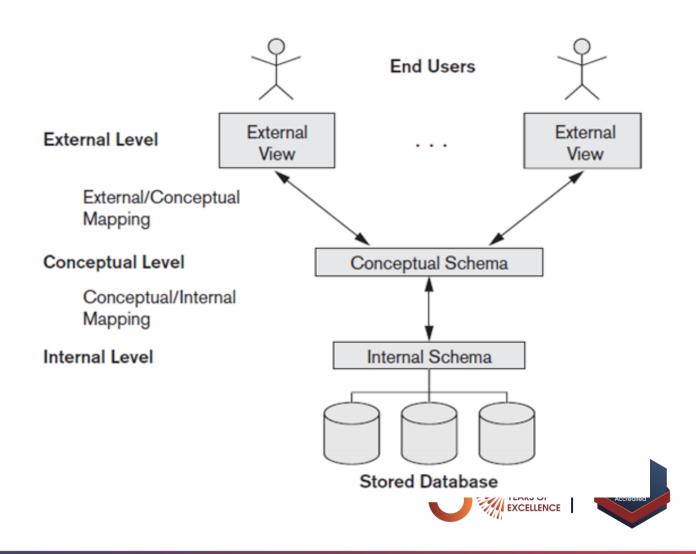


Three Schema Architecture



- External/view Level

 number of external user views. Each external schema describes the part of the database that a particular user group is interested in.
- Conceptual Level Schema → structure (entities, data types, relationships, user operations, constraints) of whole database for a community of users.
- Internal Level Schema → physical storage structure of database i.e. complete details of data storage and access paths for the database.





Thanks!!



