



## Question Paper (Matrices and Calculus) 2018-19

Matrices And Calculus (Babu Banarasi Das University)



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BAS 2101

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## B. Tech. Examination 2018-2019

(Frist Semester)

### MATRICES AND CALCULUS

*Time : Three Hours]*

*[Maximum Marks : 60*

**Note :-** Attempt all questions.

#### Section-A

**Note:-** Attempt all parts.

1×8=8

1. (a) Find the rank of the matrix

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & -4 \\ -2 & 3 & 7 & -1 \\ 1 & 9 & 16 & -13 \end{bmatrix}$$

- (b) If  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$  then find the eigen values of  $A^2$

$$+ A + I.$$

*[ P. T. O.*

(c) If  $u = 2x + 3y$ ,  $v = x - 3y$ , then find

$$\frac{\partial v}{\partial x} \text{ and } \frac{\partial x}{\partial v}.$$

(d) If  $y = \frac{1}{1-x}$  then find  $y_{10}$ .

(e) Evaluate  $\int_0^1 \int_0^{x^2} e^{y/x} dy dx$ .

(f) Show that  $\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} = \sqrt{\pi}$ .

(g) Find the unit normal to the surface  $xy^3z^2 = 4$  at point  $(-1, -1, 2)$ .

(h) Determine  $a$  and  $b$  such that the vector field  $\vec{A} = (2xy + 3yz)\hat{i} + (x^2 + axz - 4z^2)\hat{j} - (3xy + byz)\hat{k}$  is irrotational.

### Section-B

**Note:**– Attempt any two parts

2×6=12

2. (a) Find the characteristic equation of matrix

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -1 & 1 \\ -1 & 2 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

and verify that it is satisfied by  $A$  and hence obtain  $A^{-1}$ .

- (b) Use the method of the Lagrange's multipliers to find the volume of the largest rectangular parallelopiped that can be inscribed in the

ellipsoid  $\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} + \frac{z^2}{c^2} = 1$ .

- (c) Change the order of integration in

$$I = \int_0^1 \int_{x^2}^{2-x} xy \, dy \, dx$$

and hence evaluate the same.

- (d) Show that  $\iint_S \vec{F} \cdot \hat{n} \, ds = \frac{3}{2}$ , where

$\vec{F} = 4xzi - y^2\hat{j} + yz\hat{k}$  and  $S$  is the surface of the cube bounded by the planes  $x = 0$ ,  $x = 1$ ,  $y = 0$ ,  $y = 1$ ,  $z = 0$ ,  $z = 1$ .

**[ P. T. O. ]**

## Section-C

Attempt any two parts from each question  $5 \times 8 = 40$

3. (a) Find the eigen values and eigen vectors of the matrix

$$\begin{bmatrix} -2 & 2 & -3 \\ 2 & 1 & -6 \\ -1 & -2 & 0 \end{bmatrix}.$$

- (b) Test the consistency of following system of linear equations and hence find the solution  $4x - y = 12$ ,  $-x + 5y - 2z = 0$  and  $-2y + 4z = -8$ .

- (c) Find the rank of the matrix

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & -1 & 3 \\ 4 & 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 3 & -1 & 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 2 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

by reducing it into Normal form,

4. (a) If  $y = (\sin^{-1} x)^2$ , find  $(y_n)_0$ .

- (b) Verify Euler's theorem for  $Z = \frac{x^{1/3} + y^{1/3}}{x^{1/2} + y^{1/2}}$ .

(c) If  $x + y + z = 4$ ,  $y + z = 4v$ ,  $z = 4vw$  then

show that  $\frac{\partial(x, y, z)}{\partial(4, v, w)} = u^2 v$ .

5. (a) Show that  $\int_0^n \sqrt{1-n} = \frac{\pi}{\sin n\pi}$  ( $0 < n < 1$ ).

(b) Change into polar coordinates and evaluate

$$\int_0^a \int_0^{\sqrt{a^2-x^2}} e^{-(x^2+y^2)} dy dx$$

(c) Find the volume of the cylindrical column standing on the area common to the parabolas  $y^2 = x$ ,  $x^2 = y$  and cut off the surface  $z = 12 + y - x^2$ .

6. (a) Find the directional derivative

of  $\phi = 5x^2y - 5y^2z + \frac{5}{2}z^2x$  at the point  $p(1,1,1)$

in the direction of the line  $\frac{x-1}{2} = \frac{y-3}{-2} = \frac{z}{1}$ .

(b) Show that gradient field describing a motion is irrotational.

**[ P. T. O. ]**

(c) Using Green's theorem evaluate

$$\int_c (x^2 y dx + x^2 dy), \text{ where } c \text{ is the boundary}$$

described counter clockwise of the triangle  
with vertices  $(0,0)$   $(1,0)$ ,  $(1,1)$ .

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