for linear dependence	b) Examine the vectors $X_1 = (2,2,1), X_2 =$	a) For what value of λ the equivariant $x+y+z=1$ $x+2y+4z=\lambda$ $x+4y+10z=\lambda^2$ has a solution.	SECTION OF	e) Discuss the Ech	d) Define Eigen va	c) Write the stater	b) Define rank of a matrix	a) Define Symmetric	Q.N.1. Attempt all parts of the following:	Instructions: 1-Read the question Carefully. 2-Notations have usual meanin	Course Code: NBS4101	Course Title: Matrices and Calculus		University Roll No.:
	Examine the vectors $X_1 = (2,2,1), X_2 = (1,3,1)X_3 = (1,2,2)$ for linear denondence	For what value of λ the equation $x+y+z=1$ $x+2y+4z=\lambda$ $x+4y+10z=\lambda^2$ has a solution.	SECTION 'B' of the	Discuss the Echelon Form of a matrix.	Define Eigen values of a square matrix.	statement of Cayley –	a matrix.	tric and skew symmetric	SECTION 'A' all parts of the following:	1-Read the question Carefully. 2-Notations have usual meaning.			School of Engineering First Theory Sessional Examination Odd Semester (AS: 2024-25) [Year: I]	
	C01	C01	Course Objective	C01	C01	C01	C01	CO1	Course Objective		lime: 1 nr	Max Marks: 30	ation) [Semester : I]	
	7.5	7.5	Marks	-	1	_	⊢ ^	1	Marks			0	er : <u>I</u>]	
_							9	2	b)				Q.N.3	

	c	-	(d b)		a) F	Q.N.3. A	
mau x A - [2 -2]·	Find the eigen value & eigen vector of -5	$ \text{natrix } A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} $	Verify Cayley- Hamilton Theorem of the $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$	to normal roture $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & -1 & 3 \\ 4 & 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 3 & -1 & 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 2 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$	Find the rank of the matrix by reducing it	SECTION 'C' Q.N.3. Attempt any one part of the following:	$A = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 3 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 & -2 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ by Cayley-Hamilton Theorem.
C01	f	C01		C01		Objective	
10		10		10		Marks	7.5

Table 1: Mapping between COs and questions

1(a), 1(b), 1(c), 1(d), 1(e), 2(a), 2(b), 2(c), 3(a), 3(b), 3(c)	COI
Questions Numbers	COs
Tuesday is made	

