S.No.: 236 BHS 3501

No. of Printed Pages: 04

Following Paper ID and Ro	ll No. to	be fi	lled in	your A	nswer	· Book
PAPER ID: 39920	Roll No.		110 27 0	12/19/2		

B. Tech. Examination 2021-22

(Odd Semester)

ENGINEERING AND MANAGERIAL ECONOMICS

Time: Three Hours] [Maximum Marks: 60

Note: Attempt all questions.

SECTION-A

- 1. Attempt all parts of the following: $8 \times 1 = 8$
 - (a) What is depreciation?
 - (b) Define opportunity cost.
 - (c) What do you understand by Delphi method?
 - (d) Which activities are not included in production?

- (e) What is equilibrium price?
- (f) What is net factor income from abroad?
- (g) Is every rise in price is inflation?
- (h) Differentiate between GDP and NDP.

SECTION-B

- 2. Attempt any two parts of the following: $2 \times 6 = 12$
 - (a) Give four points of difference between managerial economics and economics.
 - (b) With a suitable schedule and curve explain the relationship among AC, MC, AFC and AVC. Why does MC curve take U shape?
 - (c) Define monopolistic competition. How is monopolistic competition different from perfect competition?
 - (d) What are the difficulties encountered in the estimate of national income?

SECTION-C

3

- **Note :-** Attempt all questions. Attempt any two parts from each question. $8 \times 5 = 40$
- 3. (a) "Economic development of any country is closely associated with science engineering and technology." Elaborate this statement and elucidate the role of science engineering and technology in the economic development.
 - (b) Distinguish between return to a factor and return to scale.
 - (c) Do you think that managerial economics is micro economics in character? Explain.
- 4. (a) Briefly disuss various factors of production.
 - (b) Long-run cost-output relationship is an envelope of the family of short-run cost curve. Give your views.
 - (c) What are the different techniques of survey methods? How are survey methods superior to statistical methods?
- 5. (a) Explain price and output determination under the conditions of perfect competition in the short-run and in the long-run.

- (b) Define oligopoly. What is the basic difference between opigopoly and monopolistic competition?
- (c) Why a firm under perfect competition is price taken? Explain price discrimination and its importance.
- 6. (a) What are the main causes responsible for inflation in an economy?
 - (b) How will you classify the fluctuation that cause business cycle?
 - (c) What method should be used to avoid double counting in the measurement of GNP?
