

# Data Structures and Algorithms Lab

## Lab Test - V2

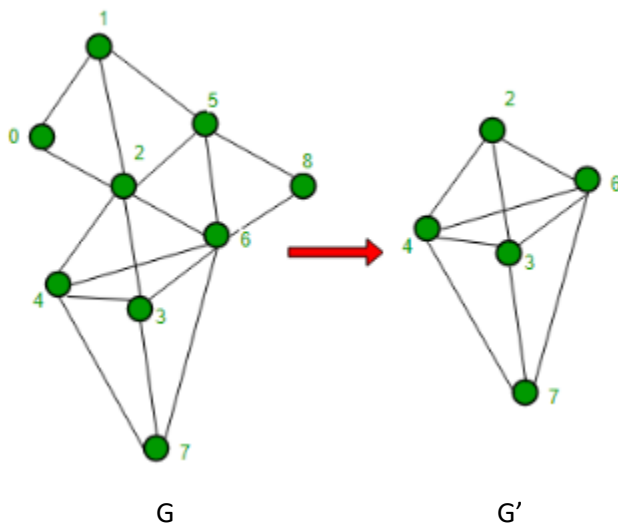
**Maximum Marks: 20**

**Max Time: 40 minutes**

SET – A

Take an undirected Graph  $G$  and a number  $N$ . Your task is to generate an output graph ( $G'$ ) in which all the vertices less than degree  $N$  will be removed from  $G$ . Make sure that graph  $G'$  contains connected components only.

For example, if  $N=3$  and below left graph is considered as input then the right graph will be the output. As we can see in the output graph no vertex is having a degree less than 3.

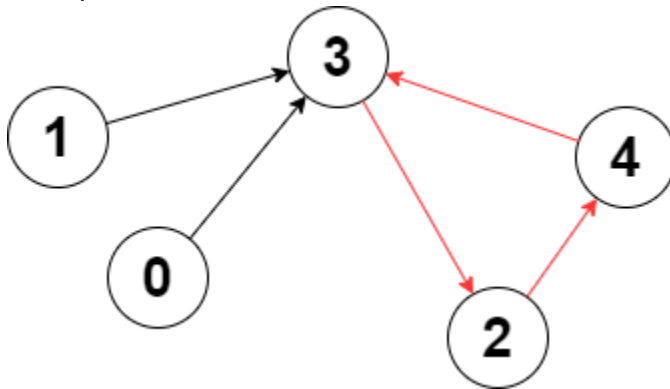


## SET – B

Implement a graph with  $n$  vertices numbered as 0 to  $n-1$  where every vertex can have maximum one outgoing edge. The graph can be represented by single dimensional array **edges** of size  $n$ , indicating that there is a directed edge from node  $i$  to node **edges[i]**. If there is no outgoing edge from node  $i$ , then **edges[i] == -1**.

Considering the above representation of the graph, display the longest cycle in the graph and print its length. If no cycle exists, return -1.

Example 1:

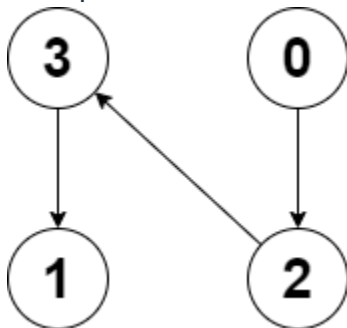


Input: edges = [3,3,4,2,3]

Output: 3

Explanation: The longest cycle in the graph is the cycle: 2 -> 4 -> 3 -> 2. The length of this cycle is 3, so 3 is returned.

Example 2:



Input: edges = [2,-1,3,1]

Output: -1

Explanation: There are no cycles in this graph.