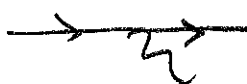


LAST TIME: RED RULES | MISADAM

today: on shell
off shell
E FATH

PUZZLE:



$$(e \rightarrow e\gamma)$$

→ allowed diagram

but doesn't seem to make sense...

CHECK: cons of 4-momentum \leftrightarrow KINEMATICS
vs DYNAMICS

initial electron: (E, \vec{p})

↳ could be anything subject to $m_e^2 = E^2 - \vec{p}^2$
DIFF VALUES OF $\vec{p}^2 \leftrightarrow$ DIFF FRAMES

ONE frame is most convenient

$$p^\mu = (m_e, \underline{0}) \leftarrow e^- \text{ REST FRAME}$$

↳ stick to this frame - the whole calc.

then e turns into $\boxed{\gamma + e}$



[POSS HW]:
CHECK FOR ANY FRAME
PERFORM BOOST

[do do cons of p^μ
@ EA VERTEX

↳ What is m ?

$$p^\mu = k^\mu + q^\mu$$

net 3-momentum cancels \Rightarrow BACK to BACK

CHOOSE FRAME (ROTATE) s.t.
momentum IS IN z -DIR

$$k^\mu = \begin{pmatrix} E' \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ k \end{pmatrix}$$

$$q^\mu = \begin{pmatrix} k \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ -k \end{pmatrix}$$

B/C $q^2 = 0$
from
on-shell

ENERGY CONS:

$$m_e = \boxed{E'} + K$$

$$(E')^2 - K^2 = m_e^2$$

from on-shell

So LET'S SEE THIS THROUGH

$$E'^2 = (m_e - K)^2$$

$$\overbrace{m_e^2 + K^2}^{E'^2} = m_e^2 - 2m_e K + K^2$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{0 = -2m_e K} \rightarrow \boxed{K=0}$$

then $g^M = 0$

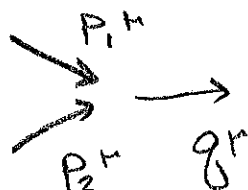
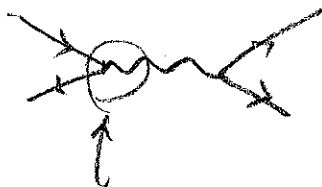
PHOTON w/ NO ENERGY
(not a photon)

undetectable

so process is really $e \rightarrow e$ $\frac{e}{\gamma}$

but now we know
w/ kinematics!

$\rightarrow \rightarrow$ has problems



how does this
make sense?

GO TO CM FRAME

$$P_1^M = (E, 0, 0, P)$$

$$P_2^M = (E, 0, 0, -P)$$

$$g^M = P_1^M + P_2^M = (2E, 0)$$

\uparrow
not on shell

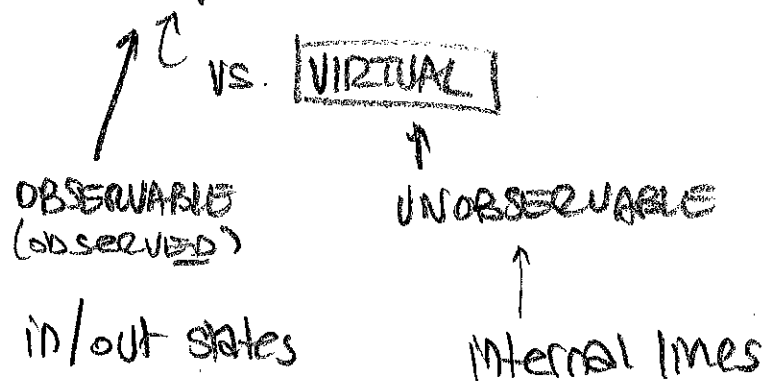
so now what? AT LEAST 2 options

① E and/or momentum not conserved

② Relax 'on-shell' rules

1. but spacetime symmetries still valid
even in QM $\rightarrow E \rightarrow p$ still conserved

2. ... only physical particles need to be on shell



VIRTUAL: does not satisfy $E^2 - p^2 = m^2$

↳ but that's okay. this is accounted for

in fact: FEYN. DIAGRAMS ARE C # 's
the factor coming from internal lines
goes like

$$\frac{i}{p^2 - m^2 + \dots}$$

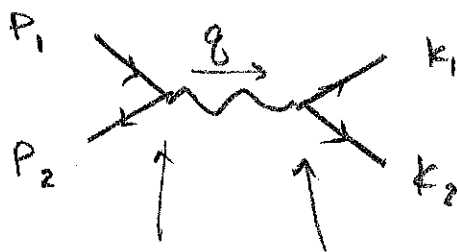
BIG WHEN $p^2 = E^2 - p^2 \approx m^2$
SMALL OTHERWISE.

SO: RULE: ext lines on-shell

RULE: ea line carries 4-momentum

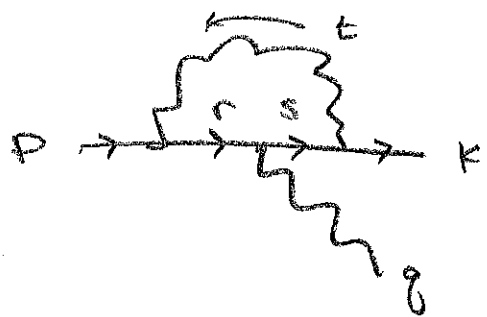
RULE: 4-MOMENTUM CONSERVED @ EA VERTEX.

[HW] show that total 4-momentum is conserved in any graph.



$$q = P_1 + P_2 \quad q = k_1 + k_2 \quad \Rightarrow \quad \boxed{P_1 + P_2 = k_1 + k_2}$$

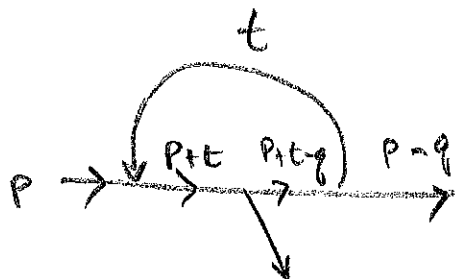
[HW] show that in loop diagrams, there is an unconstrained internal 4-momentum ... but total 4-momentum is still conserved



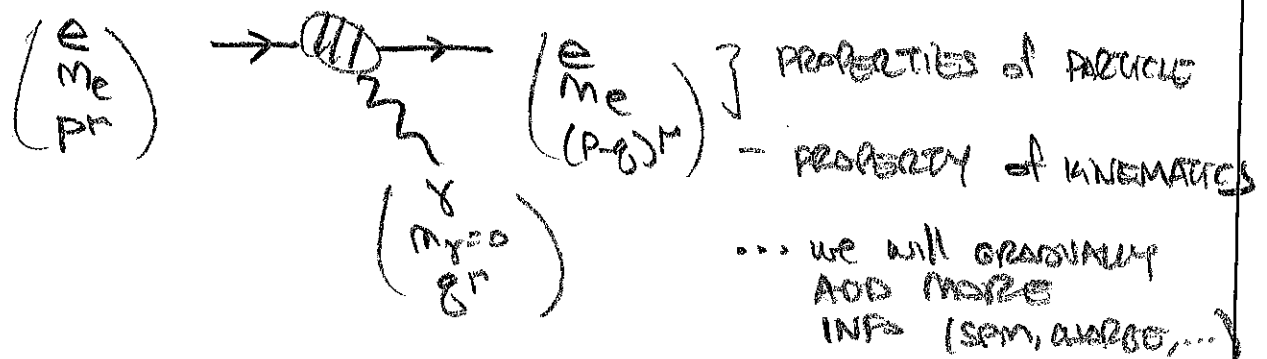
$$\left. \begin{array}{l} 1 \quad r = P + t \\ 2 \quad s = r - q \\ 3 \quad k = s - t \end{array} \right\} \text{ are per vertex}$$

$$\text{eg: } r - q = k + t$$

$$\therefore P + \cancel{k} - q = k + \cancel{k} \quad \checkmark$$




NB: EXTERNAL LINES NOW HAVE INFORMATION




THIS INFORMATION IS USED TO DISINGUISH EXT. STATE PARTICLES

→ USUALLY WE ARE IN MOMENTUM EIGENSTATES

 "PHOTON w/ MOMENTUM k_1 "

 "PHOTON w/ MOMENTUM k_2 "

 k_1
 k_2

tells different story
 "γ w/ momentum k_2 connects to incoming electron"

SO WHAT ARE THESE DIAGRAMS? @ #

↳ REVIEW OO SUT "EPT"

↳ REVIEW SUM OVER PATHS

eg dog fetching ball on beach
 index of REFRACTION
 (principle of least action)

↓ principle of all paths $S = \int dt L$

→ PHASORS

$$\langle f_m | e^{iHt} | m \rangle$$

equivalent to sum over all possible ways that $|m\rangle \rightarrow |f_m\rangle$

each "way" is a @# encoded in the FEYNMAN diagram expansion.

some estimates:



$$= ie$$

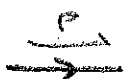


every vertex picks up an e

$$(\alpha = \frac{1}{137} = \frac{e^2}{4\pi})$$



$$= \frac{i}{\not{p} - m}$$



$$= \frac{i}{p^2 - m^2}$$



not quite, but approx