REMARK: these are ROUGH notes which may actually did in section! - Fuir

ANNOUNCEMENTS

. SNOWRAGED: READ \$4.9 ? \$4.10

For where for later

EHOIZMITKS WH

We've been fairly lax - BUT JUST RECAUSE YOU GET AN EXTENSION, IT DOESN'T MEAN THAT THE CLASS IS SLOWING DOWN!

-> EACH EXTRA DAY SPORT ON OND HW IS ONE
LESS DAY ADR CURRENT HW

-> IPRUM SOON!

WE'RE GIVING YOU WIGGELE POOM BELLUSE YOU'RE GROWN VRS,
BUT MAKE SURE YOU DON'T END UP SCREWING YOURGELL.

- · PEPEAT: WORK WITH OTHER PEOPLE!!
 it's a matter of efficiency.
- . Hand HIVI to pe bested
- . HON: HAMO NATCHED , SE HOUST MI 3

Off MISCRE

(SEDRG)

ONLINES: 0.A = 0

V. / 10-51 = 0-5 + 8

So: P is not 6-indep.

WARM UP

aethy used to E. (Pernuminay)

Q: is e > 1

D = e E

(1+ htt xe)

cerec. systephbally

what is D? this is the "success fiew" THAT IS sensitive to (sources by) only free charge ie not bound charge. (Pate. of the modium)

So: WHICH is RIGGER, D or E?

D 18! BOUND DIPOLES MIGH ACCORDANG TO CANCOL E.

CIENTES A SMAN MONOGRAPIS

(dr vos) confine a) ~>> \$18

S=: EZ1, D>E GESO Leesel rule serse

Renorks on t

$$PF DE = PLE (34+3P)$$

IN fact:
$$t \approx 1$$
 diamagnetic $t \approx 1$ paramagnetic $t \approx 1$ peramagnetic $t \approx 1$

BUT BE OUTING MARSHINGS, + = 1 So FE NOW

NE SCIGE TO THIS REGIME.

MIGERY (8) MEDIA Why? ofo > } There the will be all about this. STXB- EM = 4TOM E ; (2/4) PUNCHUNE: LIGHT TROUBLS SUNSE IN MEDI'A index of refraction n W V = 9/n the whole point 28 MW SMAPS 4-4->15 35->1M 332 OT 18A3 (WHY BURIER 15 50 VSEAU) VXB = CE +> VXB = (EA)E (fluen $0 \times 1 \times B = 0 (1.8) - 1^2 B = E 0 \times E$ but my? (Micros aprically) THE MOUST WASE TRANSL

SPSEPOSIZIENS BLEC IN DILOGE & DE MEDING EZIMU CENTUS + SIMU AUMI TO VENTES GIVES NOW MONOCHROMATIC WAVE O HEADERS V = // = /n TWO PARY PROBLEM ASSUME V = THE/C HEED [we'll per prove yours later] (1) ("nonperturbative") EITE elk -int ? I

B1 = & E elk -int ?

T

we will study this in dr. 6
(BASIS of OPTICS)

FIND ET ? EXPAND IN h = 4TT Xe.

 $E_{r} = E_{r} e^{ikx-iwt} \hat{z}$ $E_{r} = E_{r} e^{ikx-iwt} \hat{z}$

B show that superposition above gles same expansion in h.

(BC) (from Maxwell @ interface)

similarly:
$$E_R = -\left(\frac{N-1}{N+1}\right) E_0$$

but we don't case here.

$$e^{inkx} = e^{i(n-1)kx} e^{ikx}$$

FOR SIMPLICITY, TAKE ONLY THE DEST DING MATHEMATICAL (USE SERIES EVACTION)

F7= (1-4h(1-2:kx)+...) Foeikx int of

PartII: ITERATIVE SOUTION FROM SUPERPOSITION

INODERIT PLANE WAVE [EI] as before INDICES A POLARIZATION

P= XeEI = XeEoeike-int 2

time varying > indies A Displacement

() = = -iciXe Eeikxe int?

A NOUTRAL PLANE SUPPLACE CUPARTY GIVEN LEMMA: K(f)

finite time effects

More on tens later!

PAY A(=) 1 | K(tr) da = 275 ds

=
$$\frac{2\pi k}{2}\int_{0}^{\infty} k\left(t-\frac{\pi}{e}-u\right)du$$

$$E = -\frac{1}{c} \frac{\partial A}{\partial t} = -\frac{2\pi}{c} \int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{2}{2t} \left[\left(\frac{1}{t} - \frac{x}{c} - u \right) du \right]$$

$$= +\frac{2\pi}{c} \int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{2}{2t} \left[\left(\frac{1}{t} - \frac{x}{c} - u \right) du \right]$$

$$= -\frac{2\pi}{c} \left[\left(\frac{1}{t} - \frac{x}{c} \right) - \frac{2\pi}{c} \left[\frac{1}{t} - \frac{x}{c} - u \right] du \right]$$

$$= -\frac{2\pi}{c} \left[\left(\frac{1}{t} - \frac{x}{c} \right) - \frac{2\pi}{c} \left[\frac{1}{t} - \frac{x}{c} - u \right] du \right]$$

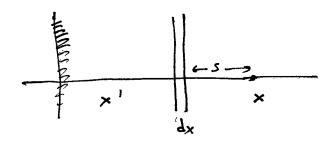
$$= -\frac{2\pi}{c} \left[\left(\frac{1}{t} - \frac{x}{c} \right) - \frac{2\pi}{c} \left[\frac{1}{t} - \frac{x}{c} - u \right] du \right]$$

$$= -\frac{2\pi}{c} \left[\left(\frac{1}{t} - \frac{x}{c} \right) - \frac{2\pi}{c} \left[\frac{1}{t} - \frac{x}{c} - u \right] du \right]$$

$$= -\frac{2\pi}{c} \left[\left(\frac{1}{t} - \frac{x}{c} \right) - \frac{2\pi}{c} \left[\frac{1}{t} - \frac{x}{c} - u \right] du \right]$$

$$= -\frac{2\pi}{c} \left[\left(\frac{1}{t} - \frac{x}{c} \right) - \frac{2\pi}{c} \left[\frac{1}{t} - \frac{x}{c} - u \right] du \right]$$

$$= -\frac{2\pi}{c} \left[\left(\frac{1}{t} - \frac{x}{c} \right) - \frac{2\pi}{c} \left[\frac{1}{t} - \frac{x}{c} - u \right] du \right]$$



Jo: INCIDENT -> POLZ -> BAR CUPRANT -> E

$$E^{(i)} = \left(-\frac{2\pi}{c}\right) \left(-i\omega X_e E_o \frac{2}{c}\right) \left[\int_{x}^{x} e^{ikx'} - i\omega lt - \frac{x-x'}{c}\right] dx'$$

$$+ \int_{x}^{\infty} e^{ikx'} - i\omega lt - \frac{x-x'}{c}$$

OF DIELECTRIC. ARTIFACT of AIRE PLANE WAVE

to it attenuated

$$E_{z}^{(1)} = E_{z} \frac{h}{4} ik \left(2x - \frac{1}{ik}\right)$$

$$= E_{z} \frac{h}{4} \left(2ik_{x} - 1\right)$$

$$= -E_{z} \frac{h}{4} \left(1 - 2ik_{x}\right)$$

$$F_{z}^{(1)} = -F_{z} \frac{h}{4} \left(1 - 2ik_{x}\right)$$

WOW! EXPLAINS TRANSPAPENCY