

# Imaging the Blackhole with VLBI Data

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Final Project for 6.819 Advances in Computer Vision

## **Background**

Angular resolution of a telescope is limited by its **diameter** and the incident wavelength  $_{\lambda}$ 

 $\Theta = K \frac{\lambda}{D}$ 

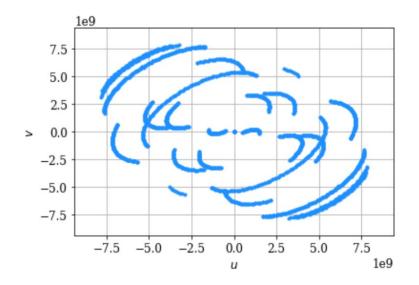
- To achieve higher resolving power for observing events around blackhole, we need an extremely large telescope (e.g. earth sized)
- Very long baseline interferometry (VLBI): Using multiple telescopes to emulate samples from a single large telescope (earth sized).
- Event Horizon Telescope: International effort to capture image of blackhole
  by linking telescopes around the world (K choose 2 observations, given K
  telescopes).

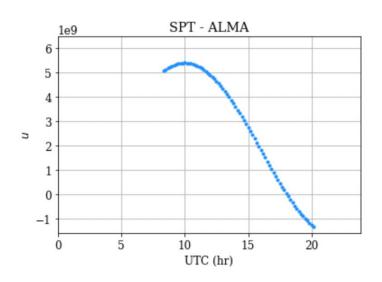
School of Engineering and Applied Sciences

## **Problem**

what problem did you address?

Reconstruct the image of a blackhole Sgr A\* with very **sparse measurements** in Fourier Domain from these K choose 2 pairs of observations. Evaluate different reconstruction algorithms' performance.







## **Motivation & Challenge**

#### Why is it interesting?

- Reconstructions are not unique
- It requires priors knowledge and assumptions (e.g. ring shape? disk shape? image positivity, smoothness, compactness)

#### • Why is it hard?

- No one has ever seen a blackhole before, what prior assumption to make about this image?
- The dangers of false confidence and collective confirmation bias



## **Approach**

Leverage on synthetic data from VLBI image challenge, experiment several Regularized Maximum Likelihood Imaging (RML) algorithms and evaluate the performance of these different imaging algorithms on Event Horizon Telescope (EHT) data.  $J(I) = \sum \alpha_D \chi_D^2(I,d) - \sum \beta_R S_R(I) \frac{1}{\text{cata term}} = \frac{1}{\text{regularizer}} \frac{1}{\text$ 

Based on *eht-imaging* (software package), I conducted my experiment to reconstruct the synthesized SgrA\* image by using different combinations of available parameters included and compare their performance.

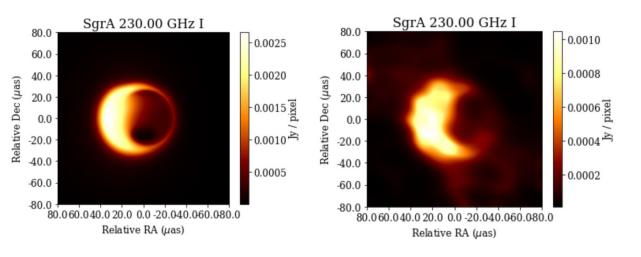
- Data term: ['vis', 'bs', 'amp', 'cphase', 'cphase\_diag', 'camp', 'logcamp', 'logcamp\_diag']\_\_\_\_
- **Regularizer**: ['simple', 'gs', 'tv', 'tv2', 'l1w', 'lA', 'patch', 'compact', 'compact2', 'rgauss']

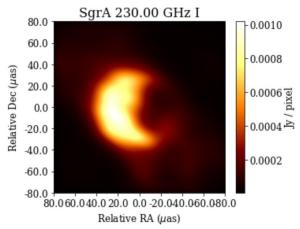
  \*\*BSMEM Bispectrum Maximum Entropy Method\*



### Result

#### Reconstructed Black Hole Image Sgr A\* with Best Sets of Params in experiment





**Ground Truth (synthetic data)** 

Middle (Maximum Entropy Reconstruction)

Right (MEM blurred with fitted beam)



## **Evaluation**

Fidelity metrics from **nxcorr**, **nrmse**, **rssd** 

Compare reconstructed image with different regularizer to **ground truth** image by measuring their

- (nxcorr): normalized cross correlation
- (nrmse): normalized root mean squared error
- **(rssd):** square root of the sum of squared differences

We can see Bispectrum + Maximum Entropy Method (BSMEM) gives superior performance.

#### Top 10 Performance Regularizer and Data Term

Same result sort by nxcorr DESC, nrmse and rssd ASC

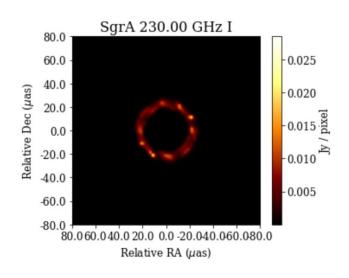
|                | nxcorr 🍝 | nrmse    | rssd         |
|----------------|----------|----------|--------------|
| (bs, simple)   | 0.897626 | 0.466008 | 1.277258e-13 |
| (bs, lA)       | 0.895150 | 0.469276 | 1.286215e-13 |
| (bs, gs)       | 0.894336 | 0.470849 | 1.290527e-13 |
| (bs, tv2)      | 0.892311 | 0.472694 | 1.295582e-13 |
| (bs, patch)    | 0.892311 | 0.472695 | 1.295585e-13 |
| (bs, rgauss)   | 0.892301 | 0.472718 | 1.295650e-13 |
| (bs, compact2) | 0.892301 | 0.472718 | 1.295650e-13 |
| (bs, compact)  | 0.892301 | 0.472718 | 1.295650e-13 |
| (amp, l1w)     | 0.815637 | 0.569099 | 1.559816e-13 |
| (amp, patch)   | 0.803764 | 0.590276 | 1.617859e-13 |

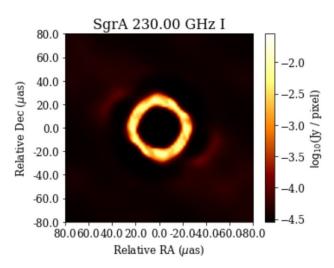


# Other Interesting Explorations

with different assumptions and prior

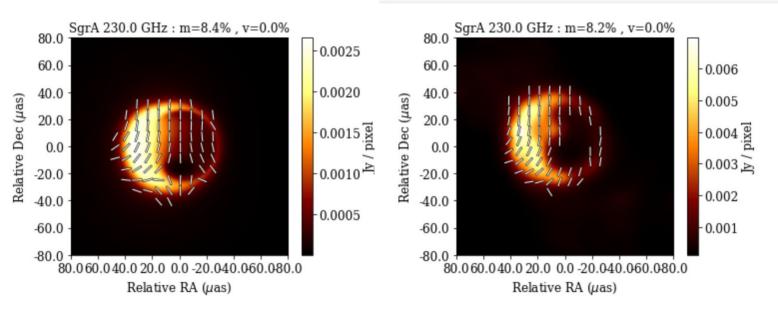
# Ring Structure instead of Disk





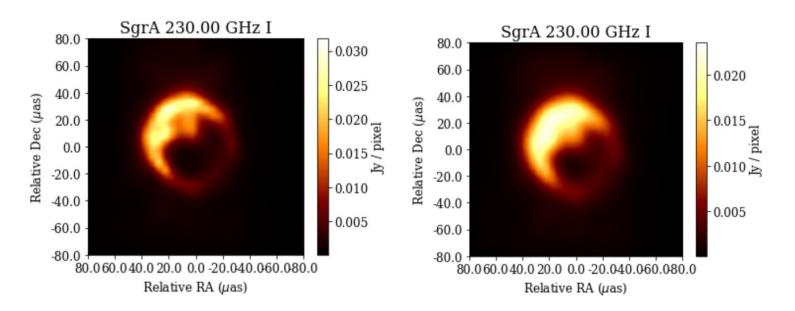


## Imaging with Polarization with the polarimetric ratio



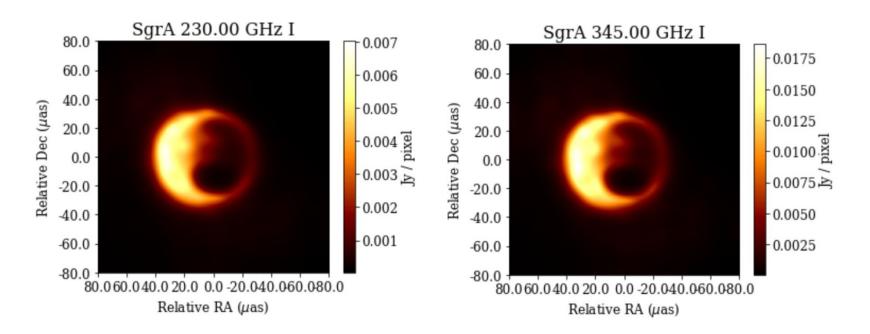


## Imaging with Rotated u,v Coordinates





# Imaging with Multi Frequency





### Conclusion

- Challenging Task: No previous comparable VLBI image of blackhole, different assumptions leads to different reconstructed photos
- Even with Synthetic Data: carefully designed metrics for evaluation
  - Other possible metrics: Structural Similarity Index Measure SSIM (not supported in *eht-imaging*)
- In experiment, **BSMEM** algorithm shows superior performance
- Sgr A\* real data: much smaller than M87 and faster dynamics



# Thank you!

The End.