## Proof of the Bounded Differences Inequality

Peter Bartlett. March 9, 2006.

**Theorem** Suppose that  $X_1, \ldots, X_n \in \mathcal{X}$  are independent, and  $f: \mathcal{X}^n \to \mathbb{R}$ . Let  $c_1, \ldots, c_n$  satisfy

$$\sup_{x_1,\dots,x_n,x_i'} |f(x_1,\dots,x_{i-1},x_i,x_{i+1},\dots,x_n) - f(x_1,\dots,x_{i-1},x_i',x_{i+1},\dots,x_n)| \le c_i,$$

for  $i = 1, \ldots, n$ . Then

$$P(f - \mathbb{E}f \ge t) \le \exp\left(\frac{-2t^2}{\sum_{i=1}^n c_i^2}\right).$$

*Proof:* We define

$$V_i = \mathbb{E}\left[f|X_1,\ldots,X_i| - \mathbb{E}\left[f|X_1,\ldots,X_{i-1}\right]\right].$$

These  $V_i$ s will play the same role as that played by the terms of the sum in the proof of Hoeffding's inequality. In particular, since the sum telescopes, we have

$$f - \mathbb{E}f = \sum_{i=1}^{n} V_i.$$

Using this, and the Chernoff bounding technique, we see that

$$P(f - \mathbb{E}f \ge t)$$

$$= P\left(\sum_{i=1}^{n} V_i \ge t\right)$$

$$\leq \inf_{s>0} \exp(-st)\mathbb{E} \exp\left(s \sum_{i=1}^{n} V_i\right)$$

$$= \inf_{s>0} \exp(-st)\mathbb{E} \left(\prod_{i=1}^{n} e^{sV_i}\right).$$

So we need to bound the moment generating function of this sum of (dependent) random variables. Now, we have seen that  $\mathbb{E}(V_i|X_1,\ldots,X_{i-1})=0$ . If we define

$$L_{i} = \inf_{x} \mathbb{E}(f|X_{1}, \dots, X_{i-1}, x) - \mathbb{E}(f|X_{1}, \dots, X_{i-1}),$$
  
$$U_{i} = \sup_{x} \mathbb{E}(f|X_{1}, \dots, X_{i-1}, x) - \mathbb{E}(f|X_{1}, \dots, X_{i-1}),$$

then we have

$$V_{i} - L_{i} = \mathbb{E}(f|X_{1}, \dots, X_{i}) - \mathbb{E}(f|X_{1}, \dots, X_{i-1})$$
$$- \inf_{x} \mathbb{E}(f|X_{1}, \dots, X_{i-1}, x) + \mathbb{E}(f|X_{1}, \dots, X_{i-1})$$
$$= \mathbb{E}(f|X_{1}, \dots, X_{i}) - \inf_{x} \mathbb{E}(f|X_{1}, \dots, X_{i-1}, x),$$

and so  $L_i \leq V_i$  almost surely. Similarly,  $V_i \leq U_i$  a.s. Furthermore, from the independence of the  $X_i$ ,

$$U_{i} - L_{i} = \sup_{x} \mathbb{E}(f|X_{1}, \dots, X_{i-1}, x) - \inf_{x} \mathbb{E}(f|X_{1}, \dots, X_{i-1}, x)$$

$$= \sup_{x} \int f(X_{1}, \dots, X_{i-1}, x, x_{i+1}, \dots, x_{n}) dP(x_{i+1}, \dots, x_{n})$$

$$- \inf_{x} \int f(X_{1}, \dots, X_{i-1}, x, x_{i+1}, \dots, x_{n}) dP(x_{i+1}, \dots, x_{n})$$

$$= \sup_{x,y} \int (f(X_{1}, \dots, X_{i-1}, x, x_{i+1}, \dots, x_{n})) dP(x_{i+1}, \dots, x_{n})$$

$$- f(X_{1}, \dots, X_{i-1}, y, x_{i+1}, \dots, x_{n})) dP(x_{i+1}, \dots, x_{n})$$

$$< c_{i},$$

from the bounded differences assumption. Notice that the independence allows us to write the difference of the conditional expectations in terms an integral of a difference, and hence appeal to the bounded differences property. Thus, we may apply the Hoeffding lemma to the bounded, zero-mean random

variables  $V_i$  conditioned on  $X_1, \ldots, X_{i-1}$ , as follows.

$$\mathbb{E}\left(\prod_{i=1}^{n} e^{sV_{i}}\right) = \mathbb{E}\mathbb{E}\left(\prod_{i=1}^{n-1} e^{sV_{i}} e^{sV_{n}} | X_{1}, \dots, X_{n-1}\right)$$

$$= \mathbb{E}\left(\prod_{i=1}^{n-1} e^{sV_{i}} \mathbb{E}\left(e^{sV_{n}} | X_{1}, \dots, X_{n-1}\right)\right)$$

$$\leq \exp\left(s^{2} c_{n}^{2} / 8\right) \mathbb{E}\left(\prod_{i=1}^{n-1} e^{sV_{i}}\right)$$

$$= \exp\left(s^{2} c_{n}^{2} / 8\right) \mathbb{E}\mathbb{E}\left(\prod_{i=1}^{n-1} e^{sV_{i}} | X_{1}, \dots, X_{n-2}\right)$$

$$= \exp\left(s^{2} c_{n}^{2} / 8\right) \mathbb{E}\left(\prod_{i=1}^{n-2} e^{sV_{i}} \mathbb{E}\left(e^{sV_{n-1}} | X_{1}, \dots, X_{n-2}\right)\right)$$

$$\leq \exp\left(s^{2} (c_{n-1}^{2} + c_{n}^{2}) / 8\right) \mathbb{E}\left(\prod_{i=1}^{n-2} e^{sV_{i}}\right)$$

$$\vdots$$

$$\leq \exp\left(s^{2} \sum_{i=1}^{n} c_{i}^{2} / 8\right).$$

Substituting, we have

$$P(f - \mathbb{E}f \ge t) \le \inf_{s>0} \exp\left(-st + \frac{s^2 \sum_{i=1}^n c_i^2}{8}\right)$$
$$= \exp\left(\frac{-2t^2}{\sum_{i=1}^n c_i^2}\right),$$

where we selected the optimizing value  $s=4t/\sum_i c_i^2$ .