Day 1:
<mark>26/08/2023</mark>
SDLC : Software Development Life cycle
Water fall model
Requirement gathering 6 months
Plan
Design
Coding / testing
Build the project development mode
Deploy the project production mode
Provide the service
Increment model
V model
Agile model
Sprint: time duration to develop small module 1 or 2 week. Login page, feedback page
Dashboard
DevOps : Development and Operation
Development people develop the application using any language like java, python, etc
Operation team interact with customer or end user client and they are responsible to maintain the application.
Admin
Developer
Tester
Admin
Database designer
Architecture etc

Devops tools

Git and git hub

Maven and Gradle (Java development)

CI and CD tool using Jenkin (Continuous Integration and Continuous deployment or delivery)

Selenium tool (testing)

Ansible tool (monitoring tool as well as configuration tool)

Docker container

Nagios tool

Kubernetes

Git and github

Sub version control which help to record the application flow.

Dev1 login page

Dev2 java or python code merge the code

Dev3 database

Unix commands

ls: this command display all files and folder present in current directory

pwd: print working directory: it show current path of terminal or command prompt.

mkdir foldername: this command is use to create the folder

cd foldername: move inside a folder

cd .. : come outside a folder or move to parent directory of current folder

rmdir foldername: to remove folder

touch filename : to create empty file

vi filename : open the file in vi mode

once open hit i key to move inside a vi editor mode

write the contents

esc : to come out from editor mode to normal mode

:wq : write and q quite (save and exit)

cat filename : it is use to read contents from a file

cat means concatenate

Git: Git is version control system which help to track or record changes done in the application or project or app.

Git also known a distributed sub version control.

First create the folder

Then create the file and write the contents

git --version

git init it is use to make local folder as git repository

init command create .git folder insider that current directory

ls -a : it display all files and folder with hidden folder.

git status: this command is use to check the current status of your repository

git add filename: to add files or folder normal local folder to stagging area.

Or

git add . : this command is use to add all files and folder present in

Current directory.

git commit -m "message" : this command use to pass the task from stagging area to

local repository.

git config --global user.email "akash300383@gmail.com" git config --global user.name "akash"

steps

- 1. Create folder with any name ie Demo
- 2. Then create the file with any name ie test and write the contents insider that file.
- 3. Then open the terminal inside that folder please use pwd
- 4. git init
- 5. git status
- 6. git add.
- 7. git status
- 8. git commit -m "message"
- 9. first time we need to set config details as emailed and name
- 10. git config --global user.email "akash300383@gmail.com"
- 11. git config --global user.name "akash"
- 12. Then please commit using command as git commit -m "done"
- 13. git status

git branch: branch is like a pointer which hold more than one commit details.

By default git provide default branch. Default branch name may be master or main.

If we want to check branch details present in local repository

git branch

command to create user defined branch

git branch branchname this command is use to create user defined branch

git checkout branchname this command is use to switch from one branch

to another branch.

Current branch is master or any other branch

git merge branchname this command add all task in current branch

<mark>git branch -D branchnar</mark>	me this command is use to remove the branch
Demo.java	
int a;	akash branch
int b;	Vikash branch
Remote repository help	us to share the code between two or more than one tabme.
Git hub	
Git lab	
Bitbucket	
Aws	
Azure	
Private cloud etc	
git hub: it is a type of re	emote repository provided by micro soft organization.

Day 2:

27/08/2023

We want to connect local repository with remote repository

- 1. Token base authentication
- 2. SSH Client More

To connect local repository with remote repository

git remote add origin URL

```
git remote add origin <a href="https://github.com/Kaleakash/test rep.git">https://github.com/Kaleakash/test rep.git</a>
git remote add origin <a href="https://token@github.com/Kaleakash/test rep.git">https://token@github.com/Kaleakash/test rep.git</a>
git push -u origin main (it is use to push the code)
```

how to resolve the conflict

- 1. first create Repo2 folder
- 2. then open terminal inside that folder
- 3. create sample file
- 4. add some data 1st, 2nd
- 5. using git init make folder as repository
- 6. git add .
- 7. git commit -m "done changes in master branch"
- 8. create the branch
- 9. git branch akash

10.git checkout akash

- 11.in akash branch we will add 3rd and 4th message.
- 12. Then git add .
- 13. Then git commit -m "in akash branch done some changes in sample file"
- 14. Create another branch with name as Vikash

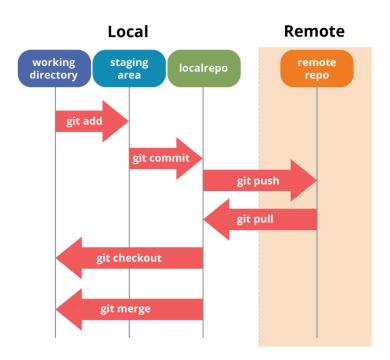
```
15. git checkout -b Vikash (it will create the branch and switch to that
      branch)
   16.in sample file in Vikash we will add the message as 5<sup>th</sup> and 6<sup>th</sup>.
   17. Then git add .
   18. Git commit -m "done change in sample file by Vikash branch"
   19. Please move the master branch ie git chechout master.
   20.Please verify current branch using command as git branch
   21. Then in master branch merge the code from akash branch
   22. Git merge akash
   23. Using cat sample read the data from sample file
   24.Out must be 1<sup>st</sup>, 2<sup>nd</sup>, 3<sup>rd</sup>, 4<sup>th</sup>
   25.
Download or clone the repository
   1. Create the folder with any name ie devopstrainig In VM
   2. Then open the terminal
   3. git clone URL
   4. git clone
      https://github.com/Kaleakash/devops_aug_2023_trainig_batch.git
   5. use 1s command to see downloaded folder
   6. using cd command please move inside that folder.
   7. cd devops_aug_2023_trainig_batch
   8. Is command to see the more than one file.
if we do any changes in local repository
we need to add, commit and push
git add .
git commit -m "done some changes in file"
git push -u origin main
   1. open the terminal inside a repository folder
   2. make sure .git folder present using command verify ls -a
   3. git pull
        git clone URL: it help to download fresh repository in local machine
        git pull : it will pull new updated from remote to local repository
```

Git Vs Git hub

Git is Remote repository provided by micro soft.

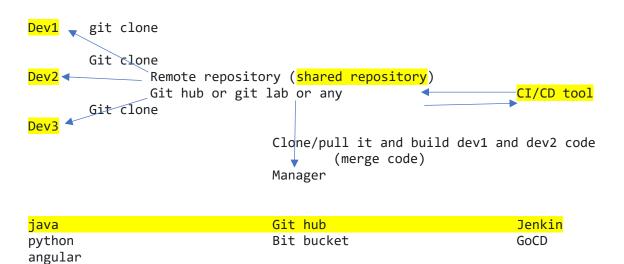
Command line or GUI tool which

Help to interact with any remote repository



CI and CD tools

Continuous Integration and Continuous delivery or deployment



Generally shared repository can be private or public. While creating or after created that repository we will send the invitation To all developer to join that repository.

Default branch can be master or main.

Dev1 need to create login page using html and css

Dev2 need to create java or python code Dev3 need to create database tables.

If they do all their task in main or master branch after changes done they can add, commit and push the code to shared repository.

Don't do your task in main or master branch. While doing your task please create user defined branch and push that branch in remote repository.

In remote repository we will check user defined branch if code is correct we will merge that code into master or main branch.

Build phase:

You need to compile and run the application using that language.

Javac

Java java

Py python

Ng angular

Dev1 push the code in remote repository

In remote repository we need to verify the code and merge the code. And we need build the application.

After dev2 or dev3 code merge in master or main branch we can build successfully or it generate some error.

CI and CD tools.

Jenkin: it is a type of CI and CD tools. It is an open source ci/cd tool base upon java technologies. Plugin base ci and cd tool. GUI based tool.

http://localhost:8080 it will ask login details username : admin password : admin in Jenkin we need to create the job. Every job responsible to build the project. Day 3: 02/09/2023 Open the terminal in VM. git clone URL next git pull (but make sure terminal open inside that folder). Web Service: Giving the service for web application when both the application running using different technologies API : Application Programming interface. Web Service Java python XML/JSON eXtensible markup language JSON : JavaScript object notation **HDFC** XML/JSON **HSBC**

Open the browser

Micro service :		
Please refer the https://crontab	e website the set the trigger time	e using crons
Day 4: 03/09/2023		
Open the term	inal and start /stop jenkin servic	e
<mark>sudo service je</mark>	nkins stop	unix
sudo service je	nkins start	start
user name : ad	min	
password : adn	nin	
<mark>java -jar jenkin</mark> s	<mark>s.war</mark>	
http://localhos	t:8080	
Jenkin provide technologies.	few pre installed tools like Mave	n, Gradel, Git, ant etc. These tools help us to run java
<mark>Jenkin Pipeline</mark> perform a spec		t or job which interconnected with each other to
Maven goal		
Clean		
Compile		
Install	jar or war	unit test
Test		
Package		

Maven: Maven is open source build tool we use in java technologies to build the project.

Maven goal

Clean : clean complete project doesn't matter it contains one file or more than one file

Compile

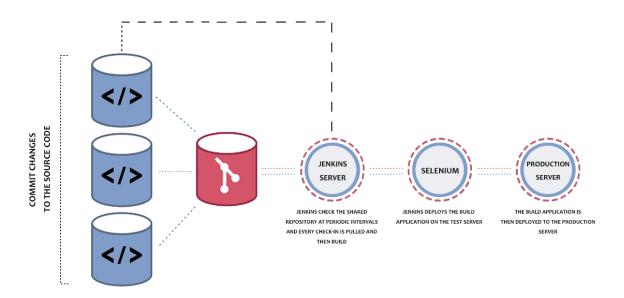
Install : install some dependencies

Test : test the project

Package : creating jar or war file

```
pipeline {
  agent any
  tools {
    // Install the Maven version configured as "M3" and add it to the path.
    maven "M3"
  }
  stages {
    stage('Build') {
      steps {
        // Get some code from a GitHub repository
         git 'https://github.com/jglick/simple-maven-project-with-tests.git'
        // Run Maven on a Unix agent.
        sh "mvn -Dmaven.test.failure.ignore=true clean package"
        // To run Maven on a Windows agent, use
        //bat "mvn -Dmaven.test.failure.ignore=true clean package"
      }
      post {
        // If Maven was able to run the tests, even if some of the test
        // failed, record the test results and archive the jar file.
        success {
           junit '**/target/surefire-reports/TEST-*.xml'
           archiveArtifacts 'target/*.jar'
        }
```

```
}
}
}
}
```



If we want to run more than one command with help of normal job.

Day 5 :

Install python in VM

sudo apt-get install python3

sudo apt-get install python3-pytest

py ops.py

py *.py

or

python3 ops.py

https://github.com/Kaleakash/python_jenkins_file.git

git URL which contains jenkin pipe line script to build python program as well as run python program.

Post build

We can send notification through email

We can push this project in production environment.

We can push this project to testing environment ie Selenium

Build can be success or failure.

Docker

Few we to run any application or server or tools.

We need system software. OS ie window, liux, Unix or Mac etc.

Server name: tomcat, IIS, nginx, apache, web logic, jboss, WAS etc

Database server: mysql, oracle, db2 RDBMS

Mongo db, HBase, Neo4j no SQL etc

Tools: SAP, Info metica, IIB, ESB, Portal server etc.

VM: Virtual Machine etc.

VMWare .ios

VMWare help use to do Virtualization.

Guest OS; it can be unix, linux, window XP etc

Limitation of VMWare or Virtualization

Base machine is Window 11: with RAM 16 hard disk 1tb

If I want to ru Guest OS with the help of VMWare software

Window XP --→ boot up the window XP, we need provide RAM 4 gb and external hard disk

50gb. We need share the base machine resources. Etc.

We want to run 10 VM

Docker: Docker is an advanced OS Virtualization software platform which makes it easy to create, deploy and run the application in Docker container.

Container: run time environment or engine.

JRE: Java Run environment

Node JS: JavaScript run time environment.

Web Container: web container provide run time environment to run the application.

Database Container: it help to store the data in table format.

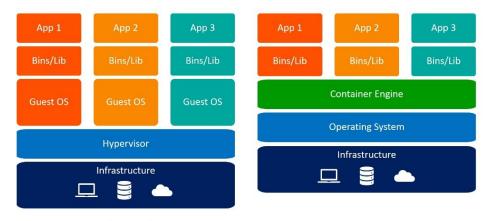
Docker Container: it is unit of deployment or software. Which contains everything to run the application. le code, runtime (software), tool and system libraries or database or server etc.

Docker is use to create Containerization application

Virtualization Vs Containerization

Virtualization is an abstract version of physical machine or OS or Guest OS.

Containerization is the abstract version of an application or server or tool or etc.



Virtual Machines

Containers

But run Docker in base machine we require docker engine.

Open the Terminal and

Write the command as

docker --version this command provide docker version

docker info this command provide docker details

docker pull imageName : this command is use to pull the image from

docker hub to local machine.

docker images

docker pull hello-word this command is use to pull the image

docker run imageName/imageId : this command is use to run the application

using docker image.

Docker pull the image by default from Docker.hub

Docker hub is an open source remote repository which contains lot of images

Which we can pull as well as push.

Docker hub provide private as well as public remote repository.

Docker hub is like a git hub.

In Git hub we can push any types of file or folder.

Docker hub contains docker images which is responsible to run the application

Using container.

Like other repository provided by AWS or Azure or Google cloud or private cloud etc.

Please docker hub account.

Dockerfile: A Docker file is a blue print or set of instruction that defines

How our images is build. Or Docker file use to create the image.

Docker image: Docker images contains everything to run the application.

Or

Doker image are the source code for your containers.

Using docker file we can create the image

Docker Container: instance of images or running process etc.

Once you run the image the running container become up and it will run that application which we Mention in docker file which create image.

docker ps this command is use to display running container

docker ps -a this command is use to display all container

ie running as well as stopped mode.

docker run --name c-container hello-world this command is use

run the container with specific name or custom name

Day 6:

10/09/2023

File Edit View Search Terminal Help akash300383gmai@ip-172-31-16-158:~/Desktop\$ docker --version Docker version 20.10.12, build e91ed57 akash300383gmai@ip-172-31-16-158:~/Desktop\$ docker images CREATED REPOSITORY TAG IMAGE ID SIZE hello-world latest 9c7a54a9a43c 4 months ago 13.3kE akash300383gmai@ip-172-31-16-158:~/Desktop\$ docker pull hello-world Using default tag: latest latest: Pulling from library/hello-world Digest: sha256:dcba6daec718f547568c562956fa47e1b03673dd010fe6ee58ca806767031d1c Status: Image is up to date for hello-world:latest docker.io/library/hello-world:latest akash300383gmai@ip-172-31-16-158:~/Desktop\$ docker run hello-world Hello from Docker! This message shows that your installation appears to be working correctly. To generate this message, Docker took the following steps: 1. The Docker client contacted the Docker daemon.

- The Docker daemon pulled the "hello-world" image from the Docker Hub. (amd64)
- The Docker daemon created a new container from that image which runs the executable that produces the output you are currently reading.
- The Docker daemon streamed that output to the Docker client, which sent it to your terminal.

To try something more ambitious, you can run an Ubuntu container with: \$ docker run -it ubuntu bash

Share images, automate workflows, and more with a free Docker ID.

Creating images

1. creating simple image to display welcome message.

Dockerfile

FROM busybox

CMD ["echo", "Welcome docker! This image created by akash"]

docker build -t my-bosybox . -f Dockerfile

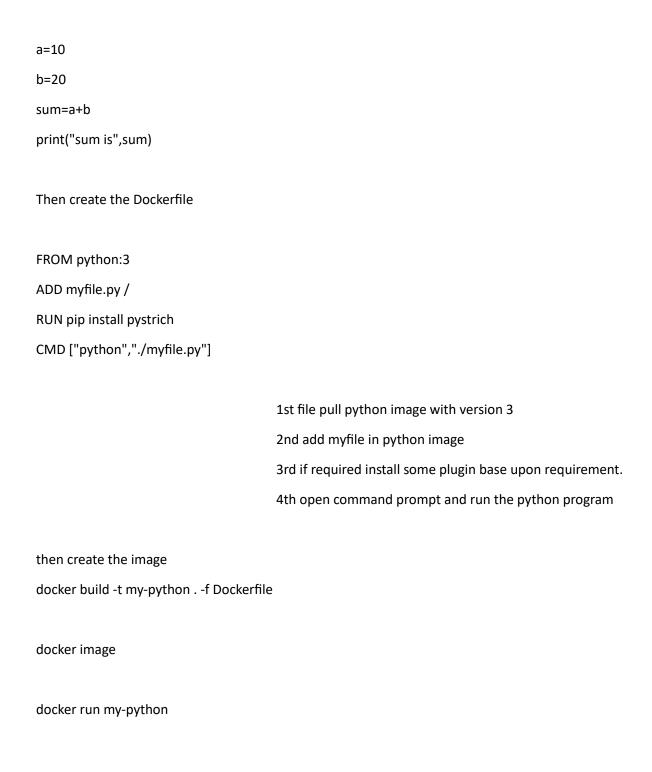
docker images

docker run bosybox

-t:tag

-f: file

2. image to run console base application



Web Application Image

Html, css, JavaScript, typescript, angular or react js or jquery etc.

```
Html etc.
Html is use to create the web page or web application.
First create the image for web application and inside the folder create the file with
Below code
<html>
    <head>
    </head>
    <body>
        <h1>Welcome to my web page created by Akash Kale!</h1>
    </body>
</html>
save the file with name as index.html
and run or open this file in chrome browser.
http://www.google.com
                                       : production env or live server
http://localhost:8080
                                       run on local machine with local server
                                       dev env
or
http://127.0.0.1:8080
                                       default ip for every machine.
```

To run the web applicat	ion we need server
Tomcat	
Apache	
IIS	
Nginx	
Etc	
We use nginx open sou	rce server to create image for web application.
Server always run on po	ort number :
Tomcat	8080
Nginx	80
MySQL Database	3306
MySQL Database Jenkins	3306 8080
Jenkins Etc	
Jenkins Etc	8080 application with run server then we need to use the command as
Jenkins Etc If image contains web a	8080 application with run server then we need to use the command as mageName/imageId
Jenkins Etc If image contains web a docker run -d -p 80:80 i right side port actual po	8080 application with run server then we need to use the command as mageName/imageId
Jenkins Etc If image contains web a docker run -d -p 80:80 i right side port actual po	application with run server then we need to use the command as mageName/imageId ort number 80 n be same or different 80
Jenkins Etc If image contains web a docker run -d -p 80:80 right side port actual popublish port number ca	application with run server then we need to use the command as mageName/imageId ort number 80 n be same or different 80

```
index.html
<html>
    <head>
    </head>
    <body>
         <h1>Welcome to my web page created by Akash Kale!</h1>
    </body>
</html>
save the file with name as index.html
and run or open this file in chrome browser.
Dockerfile
FROM nginx
COPY index.html /usr/share/nginx/html
docker build -t my-web . -f Dockerfile
docker run -d -p 80:80 my-web
using docker ps
if run please open browser and type as <a href="http://localhost:80">http://localhost:80</a>
```

docker stop containerId/containerName stop container docker start containerId/containerName start container docker rm containerId/containerName remove container but first stop then remove docker rm containerId/containerName -f without stop we can remove docker rmi imageName/imageId if image is not link with any container or running container we can remove if we get error please first remove that container and then remove image docker rmi imageName/imageId -f now we will publish our local image into remote repository ie docker hub docker login it will ask your docker hub account id and password my-web docker tag imageName dockerHubAccountId/imageName:version version is like a tag docker tag my-web akashkale/my-web:1.0 after created tag now you can push the image docker push dockerHubAccount/imageName:tag

docker push akashkale/my-web:1.0

Application

Docker image Docker image To run html page run my spring or python program, **REST API** frontend technology < backend technology http://178.0.0.:80 html, css, js, typescript java (spring boot) store the data in file system or database ie mysql or asp.net angular or react or vue js oracle python we want store and retrieve the data from database. mysql database node with express js etc

docker compose

docker compose it a toolkit which help to run more than one container with help of yaml or yml etc.