SWO3

Übung zu Softwareentwicklung mit klassischen Sprachen und Bibliotheken 3

WS 2018/19, Angabe 10

☐ Gruppe 1 (J. Heinzelreiter)

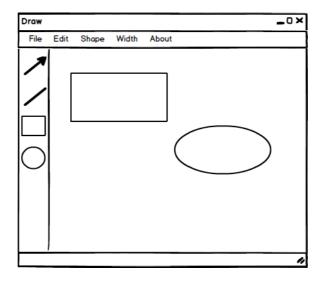
☐ Gruppe 2 (M. Hava) Name: Vielas Vest Aufwand [h]:

☑ Gruppe 3 (P. Kulczycki) Übungsleiter/Tutor: _____ Punkte: _____

Beispiel	Lösungsidee	Implement.	Testen
	(max. 100%)	(max. 100%)	(max. 100%)
1 (20 P + 40 P + 40 P)	90%	100%	85%

Beispiel 1: Grafikeditor (src/draw/)

Implementieren Sie (basierend auf der MiniLib) einen Grafikeditor Draw. Mit diesem Grafikeditor kann man Linien, Ellipsen und Rechtecke zeichnen. Dazu muss man über ein Menü oder über eine Randleiste (siehe Bild unten) auswählen können, ob man zeichnen will und wenn ja, was man zeichnen will. Der Grafikeditor muss etwa folgendes Aussehen haben (hier mit einer Randleiste zur Werkzeugauswahl, der Pfeil in der Randleiste ist für die Selektion von gezeichneten Objekten vorgesehen):



- (a) Implementieren Sie alle notwendigen Klassen für die Grundfunktionalität des Grafikeditors. Achten Sie beim Entwurf auf eine einfache Erweiterbarkeit für zukünftige grafische Objekte. Durch Klicken und Ziehen mit der Maus muss es möglich sein, Objekte der gerade ausgewählten Art zu zeichnen.
- (b) Implementieren Sie die Funktionalität der Randleiste.
- (c) Implementieren Sie die Funktionalität "Selektion und Manipulation eines Objekts".

Beachten Sie die folgenden Hinweise:

- Testen Sie Ihr Programm, indem Sie sich ausgeben lassen, welches grafische Objekt gerade ausgewählt ist. Das ausgewählte Objekt muss in der Randleiste durch inverse Darstellung hervorgehoben werden.
- Wenn das ausgewählte grafische Objekt durch den Menüpunkt Shape (er hat die gleiche Funktionalität wie die Randleiste) geändert wird, dann muss sich natürlich auch das inverse Objekt in der Randleiste ändern. Durch Klicken in die Randleiste muss sich das angewählte grafische Objekt auch ändern lassen.
- Bei der Selektion eines Objekts müssen die notwendigen Selection-Marker angezeigt (und wieder gelöscht) werden. Außerdem müssen auf das ausgewählte Objekt Aktionen wie Cut, Copy und Paste angewandt werden können.

Ausarbeitung 10

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1 Draw

1.1 Lösungsidee

 \mathbf{a}

Die Klassen für die zum Zeichnen verfügbaren Formen, sowie der "Zeichenmechanismus" wurden quasi gänzlich in der Übung implementiert. Jede einzelne Kindklasse von *shape* überschreibt die Funktion *on_draw* um eine grafische Representation von sich selbst auf den übergebenen wxWidgets Device Context zu zeichnen.

b

Die Randleiste habe ich in den Klasse tool_bar und tool_bar_item realisiert. Eine tool_bar kann mehrere items aufnehmen, die aus einer grafischen Representation und einem event handler bestehen. Wird ein icon geclickt, wird das damit assoziierte callback aufgerufen. Es gibt zu jedem Zeitpunkt ein "ausgewähltes" Tool, welches mittels aufruf zu draw_inverse "invers" gezeichnet wird. Der Pfeil und die Linie werden lediglich fetter gezeichnet.

\mathbf{c}

Wird im Selektionsmodus in die Zeichenfläche gelickt, so werden alle Formen (visuell) von oben nach unten durchsucht. Befindet sich der Mauszeiger dabei innerhalb der Bounding Box einer Form, wird diese Objekt als "selektiert" markiert. Gleichzeitig kann man auch die Maus gedrückt halten und bewegen, um die Form zu bewegen.

Copy, Cut und Paste

Das draw_window hat ein internes Clipboard, einen schlichten std::unique_ptr<shape>. Das Fenster reagiert auf die klassischen Tastatureingaben:

• CTRL+C kopiert eine Form in das Clipboard.

- CTRL+X schneidet die Form aus dem canvas und legt sie ins Clipboard.
- CTRL+V kopiert die Form im Clipboard und fügt sie ins Canvas ein.

Dies wurde mittels der dynamisch gebundenen Methode *clone* erreicht, welche in *shape* "pure virtual" ist.

1.2 Implementierung

Listing 1: draw.cpp

```
1 #include "draw_application.h"
2
3 int main(int argc, char *argv[])
4 {
5     draw_application {}.run(argc, argv);
6 }
```

Listing 2: tool_bar.h

```
1 #pragma once
 3 #include <wx/dc.h>
 4 #include <functional>
5 #include <memory>
 6 #include "shape.h"
 8 class draw_window;
10 /**
11 * A simple callback for event handling.
12 */
13 using event_handler = std::function <void()>;
14
15 /**
16 * A clickable item displayed within a tool bar.
17 */
18 struct tool_bar_item
19 {
20
21
        * The name of the goofball.
22
23
       std::string name;
^{24}
25
26
        * The visual representation of the item.
27
28
       std::shared_ptr <shape> icon;
29
30
        st The function which is invoked upon clicking
31
       * the icon of the item.
32
33
34
       event_handler callback;
35 };
36
```

```
37 class tool_bar
38 {
39 public: // methods
40
        * @param parent The window in which this tool bar will be mounted.
41
42
        * @param width The desired with of the tool bar.
43
44
        explicit tool_bar(draw_window *parent, unsigned width);
45
46
47
        *\ Draws\ the\ toolbar
48
49
        void draw(wxDC &context) const;
50
51
        * Adds the supplied item to the toolbar. The later an item is
52
        * added, the further down in the bar its icon will appear.
53
        * @param item The item to add.
54
55
56
       void add_item(tool_bar_item item);
57
58
59
        * @return The metrics of the tool bar.
60
61
       wxRect get_bounding_box() const;
62
63
64
        * Processes clicks that happen within the tool bar.
65
       void on_mouse_left_down(const ml5::mouse_event &event);
66
67
68
        * Selects the tool bar item with the specified name.
69
70
71
       void select(const std::string &name);
72
73 private: // members
74
75
76
        * The spacing between the tool bar border and
        * the icons of its items.
77
78
        static const unsigned PADDING = 10;
79
80
81
        * @see tool_bar:: tool_bar(draw_window*parent, unsigned width);
82
83
84
        draw_window *const _parent;
85
86
        * @see tool_bar:: tool_bar(draw_window *parent, unsigned width);
87
88
89
       unsigned _width;
90
91
        * The list of items held by the tool bar.
92
```

```
94
        std::vector <tool_bar_item> _items;
95
96
97
         * The index of the selected tool in tool-bar::-items.
98
99
        std::size_t _selection { 0 };
100
101
         * The background color of the tool bar.
102
103
104
        wxBrush _brush { wxBrush(wxColour(230, 230, 230)) };
105
106
         * The border-color and -width of the tool bar.
107
108
109
        wxPen _pen { *wxBLACK_PEN };
110 };
```

Listing 3: tool_bar.cpp

```
1 #include "tool_bar.h"
 3 #include <iostream>
 4 #include "draw_window.h"
 6 tool_bar::tool_bar(draw_window *parent, unsigned width) : _parent { parent },
         _width { width }
 7 {}
 8
9 void tool_bar::draw(wxDC &context) const
10 {
11
       // draw the tool bar
       context.SetPen(_pen);
12
       context.SetBrush(_brush);
13
       context.DrawRectangle(0, 0, _width, _parent->get_height());
14
15
16
        // draw them icons
       for (std::size_t i = 0; i < _items.size(); ++i) {</pre>
17
18
           if (i != _selection) {
               _items[i].icon->draw(context);
19
20
           } else {
21
               _items[i].icon->draw_inverse(context);
22
23
       }
24
25 }
26
27 void tool_bar::add_item(tool_bar_item item)
28 {
       // scale and position the icon relative to the
29
30
       // other items in the tool bar
       wxRect relative { PADDING, PADDING, static_cast<int>(_width - PADDING *
31
32
                          static_cast<int>(_width - PADDING * 2) };
33
       relative.y = static_cast<int>(PADDING +
                                      (_items.size() * PADDING * 2) /* padding per
34
         item */ +
```

```
(_items.size() * (_width - PADDING * 2)));
35
        /* items */
       item.icon->set_bounding_box(relative);
36
37
38
       _items.push_back(item);
39 }
40
41 wxRect tool_bar::get_bounding_box() const
42 {
43
       return wxRect(0, 0, _width, _parent->get_height());
44 }
45
46 void tool_bar::on_mouse_left_down(const ml5::mouse_event &event)
47 {
48
       std::size_t i = 0;
49
       while (i != _items.size() && !_items[i].icon->get_bounding_box().Contains
       (event.get_position())) {
50
           ++i;
51
       }
       if (i != _items.size()) {
52
53
           // an icon was clicked!
           _selection = i;
54
55
           _items[i].callback();
56
57 }
58
59 void tool_bar::select(const std::string &s)
60 {
       std::size_t i = 0;
61
62
       while (i != _items.size() && s != _items[i].name) {
63
64
65
       if (i != _items.size()) {
          _selection = i;
66
           _items[i].callback();
67
       }
68
69 }
```

Listing 4: draw_window.h

```
1 #pragma once
 3 #include "shape.h"
 4 #include "shape_registry.h"
 5 #include "tool_bar.h"
 7 class draw_window final : public ml5::window
 8 {
 9 public: // methods
10
      draw_window();
11
12 private: // methods
       static const unsigned _MIN_OBJECT_SIZE = 5;
13
14
15
       void on_init() override;
16
17
       void on_menu(ml5::menu_event const &event) override;
```

```
19
       void on_paint(ml5::paint_event const &event) override;
20
21
       void on_mouse_left_down(ml5::mouse_event const &event) override;
^{22}
       void on_mouse_left_up(ml5::mouse_event const &) override;
23
24
       void on_mouse_move(ml5::mouse_event const &event) override;
25
26
27 protected: // methods
       void on_key(const ml5::key_event &event) override;
28
29
30
31
        * Copies the currently selected shape to the clipboard.
32
       void copy_current();
33
34
35
        * Moves the currently selected shape from the canvas to the clipboard.
36
37
38
       void cut_current();
39
40
41
        * Copies the clipboard contents to the canvas.
42
43
       void paste_clipboard();
44
45 private: // methods
46
        * Prepares the canvas so that further interaction
47
        * is interpreted as the intention to draw the shape
48
49
        * as specified by the parameter.
        * @param s The name of the drawing tool.
50
51
        * @note This should be the key for the shape_registry (see shape_registry.h)
52
53
       void _set_drawing_tool(const std::string &s);
54
55
56
        *\ Engages\ or\ disengages\ the\ shape\ selection\ mode
        * according to the supplied flag.
57
58
        * @param flag Whether the canvas should be set to
                     selection \ mode.
59
60
       void _set_selection_mode(bool flag);
61
62
63
   private: // members
64
        * The side bar containing selectable drawing tools.
65
66
67
       std::unique_ptr <tool_bar> _tool_bar;
68
69
        * The buffer which can hold copies of drawn shapes.
70
71
72
       std::unique_ptr <shape> _clipboard;
73
74
75
       * The currently drawn shape.
```

```
76
77
        std::unique_ptr <shape> _shape;
78
79
        * The list of shapes that are on the canvas.
80
81
82
        ml5::vector <std::unique_ptr <shape>> _shapes;
83
84
        * The currently selected shape.
85
86
        * If no shape is selected, this
        * is -1.
87
88
        */
        int _selection { -1 }; // into _shapes
89
90
91
        * The function used for instantiating the correct
92
        * shape according to the current drawing mode.
93
94
95
        shape_creator _make_shape;
96
97
98
        * True whenever the canvas is in selection mode.
99
100
        bool _selecting;
101
102
         * True whenever the canvas is in selection mode and
103
104
        * a selected shape is moved.
105
106
        bool _moving;
107 };
```

Listing 5: draw_window.cpp

```
1 #include "draw_window.h"
 2
 3 #include "ellipse.h"
 4 #include "rectangle.h"
 5 #include "line.h"
 6 #include "arrow.h"
 8 draw_window::draw_window() : ml5::window("ML.Draw"), _tool_bar { std::
        make_unique <tool_bar>(this, 70) }
 9 {
10
       _make_shape = shape_registry.at("Ellipse");
11
12
       _tool_bar->add_item({
                                    "Selection",
13
                                    std::make_shared <arrow>(),
14
15
                                    [this]() { this->_set_selection_mode(true); }
16
                            });
17
        _tool_bar->add_item({
                                    "Ellipse",
18
19
                                    std::make_shared <ellipse>(),
20
                                    [this]() { this->_set_drawing_tool("Ellipse")
        ; }
21
                            });
```

```
22
       _tool_bar->add_item({
23
                                    "Line",
24
                                    std::make_shared <line>(),
25
                                    [this]() { this->_set_drawing_tool("Line"); }
                            });
26
27
       _tool_bar->add_item({
28
                                    "Rectangle",
29
                                    std::make_shared <rectangle>(),
30
                                    [this]() { this->_set_drawing_tool("Rectangle")
        "); }
31
                            });
32 }
33
34 void draw_window::on_init()
35 {
36
       window::on_init();
37
       add_menu("&Shape", {
               { "&Ellipse",
                                "draws an ellipse" },
38
39
               { "&Line",
                                "draws a line" },
               { "&Rectangle", "draws a rectangle" }
40
41
       });
42
43
       add_menu("&Edit", {
               { "&Copy", "Copies the selected object" },
44
               { "C&ut",
45
                          "Moves the object from the canvas to the clipboard"
        },
               { "&Paste", "Copies the object from the clipboard to the canvas."
46
        }
       });
47
48
49
       // since the selection of a tool bar item emits an
       // event which is handled by a callback that causes a
50
51
       // context refresh, this call has to be down here and
52
        // cannot happen in the constructor.
       _tool_bar->select("Ellipse");
53
54 }
55
56 void draw_window::on_menu(ml5::menu_event const &event)
57 {
58
       if (event.get_title() == "Shape") {
           _tool_bar->select(event.get_item());
59
60
       } else if (event.get_title() == "Edit") {
61
           auto &item = event.get_item();
           if (item == "Copy" && _selection != -1) {
62
63
               copy_current();
           } else if (item == "Cut" && _selection != -1) {
64
65
               cut_current();
           } else if (item == "Paste") {
66
               paste_clipboard();
67
68
69
70
       window::on_menu(event);
71 }
72
73 void draw_window::on_paint(ml5::paint_event const &event)
74 {
       auto &context = event.get_context();
```

```
76
77
        // draw all shapes to the canvas
        for (std::size_t i = 0; i != _shapes.size(); ++i) {
78
79
            _shapes[i]->draw(context);
            if (i == _selection) {
80
81
                // selected shapes get a highlighter
                context.SetBrush(*wxTRANSPARENT_BRUSH);
82
                context.SetPen(wxPen(wxColour(100, 255, 100), 2, wxPenStyle::
83
         wxPENSTYLE_USER_DASH));
84
                context.DrawRectangle(_shapes[i]->get_bounding_box());
85
        }
86
87
         // draw the "in progress" shape
88
89
        if (_shape) {
 90
            _shape->draw(context);
91
92
93
        // draw tool bar as overlay
94
        _tool_bar->draw(context);
95
        // draw keyboard shortcuts
96
97
        context.SetTextForeground(wxColour(0x222222));
98
        event.get_context().DrawText(
99
                "[Ctrl+C : Copy] [Ctrl+X : Cut] [Ctrl+V : Paste]",
100
                wxPoint(_tool_bar->get_bounding_box().width + 10, get_height() -
        30));
101
        window::on_paint(event);
102
103 }
104
105 void draw_window::on_mouse_left_down(const ml5::mouse_event &event)
106 {
107
        if (_tool_bar->get_bounding_box().Contains(event.get_position())) {
108
            // delegate mouse event
109
            _tool_bar->on_mouse_left_down(event);
        } else if (_selecting) {
110
111
            // enable dragging mechanics
112
            _moving = true;
113
            // find selected shape
114
115
            int i = _shapes.size() - 1;
            while (i >= 0 && !_shapes[i]->get_bounding_box().Contains(event.
116
         get_position())) {
117
                --i;
            }
118
            _selection = i;
119
120
            refresh();
121
        } else {
122
            // create a new shape
123
            _shape = _make_shape(event.get_position());
124
125
        window::on_mouse_left_down(event);
126 }
127
128 void draw_window::on_mouse_left_up(ml5::mouse_event const &event)
```

```
130
        if (_shape) {
131
            // add the final shape to the canvas if it is
             // big enough to be "relevant"
132
133
            auto box = _shape->get_bounding_box();
            if (box.width >= _MIN_OBJECT_SIZE || box.height >= _MIN_OBJECT_SIZE)
134
         {
135
                 _shapes.add(std::move(_shape));
            } else {
136
137
                _shape.release();
138
139
            refresh();
140
        } else if (_selecting) {
            _moving = false;
141
142
143
        window::on_mouse_left_up(event);
144 }
145
146 void draw_window::on_mouse_move(ml5::mouse_event const &event)
147 {
148
        if (_shape) {
149
            // resize currently drawn shape
150
            _shape->set_right_bottom(event.get_position());
151
            refresh();
152
        } else if (_moving && _selection >= 0) {
153
            // move the selected shape
154
            auto box = _shapes[_selection]->get_bounding_box();
            box.SetTopLeft(event.get_position());
155
            _shapes[_selection]->set_bounding_box(box);
156
            refresh();
157
158
159
        window::on_mouse_down(event);
160 }
161
162 void draw_window::_set_drawing_tool(const std::string &s)
163 {
164
        _make_shape = shape_registry.at(s);
        if (_selection != -1) {
165
166
            // morph selected shape into another
167
            // .. bit ugly but meh
168
            auto box = _shapes[_selection]->get_bounding_box();
            _shapes[_selection] = _make_shape(box.GetLeftTop());
169
170
            _shapes[_selection]->set_right_bottom(box.GetRightBottom());
171
172
        _set_selection_mode(false);
173
        refresh();
174 }
175
176 void draw_window::on_key(const ml5::key_event &event)
177 {
178
        const auto &code = event.get_key_code();
        if (code == WXK_CONTROL_C) {
179
180
            copy_current();
181
        } else if (code == WXK_CONTROL_X) {
            cut_current();
182
        } else if (code == WXK_CONTROL_V) {
183
184
            paste_clipboard();
185
```

```
186
        window::on_key(event);
187 }
188
189 void draw_window::copy_current()
190 {
191
        if (_selection != -1) {
192
            _clipboard = _shapes[_selection]->clone();
193
194 }
195
196 void draw_window::cut_current()
197 {
198
        if (_selection != 1) {
199
            copy_current();
            auto &ptr = _shapes[_selection];
200
201
            _{selection} = -1;
202
            _shapes.remove(ptr);
203
            refresh();
204
        }
205 }
206
207 void draw_window::paste_clipboard()
208 {
209
        if (_clipboard != nullptr) {
210
            auto ptr = _clipboard->clone();
            auto box = ptr->get_bounding_box();
211
212
            box.x += 30;
213
            box.y += 30;
214
            ptr->set_bounding_box(box);
            _shapes.add(std::move(ptr));
215
216
            // select newly added shape
            _selection = _shapes.size() - 1;
217
218
            refresh();
        }
219
220 }
221
222 void draw_window::_set_selection_mode(bool flag)
223 {
224
        this->_selecting = flag;
225
        this->_selection = -1;
226
        refresh();
227 }
```

Listing 6: shape.h

```
1 #pragma once
2
3 #include <ml5/ml5.h>
4
5 class shape : public ml5::object
6 {
7 public:
8    using context_t = ml5::paint_event::context_t;
9
10    shape() : _rect { 0, 0, 0, 0 }
11    {};
12
13    explicit shape(const wxPoint point) : _rect { point, point }
```

```
14
       {}
15
       explicit shape(const wxRect rect) : _rect { rect }
16
17
18
19
        * Prepares the graphical context for drawing the shape.
20
21
22
       void draw(context_t &context) const
23
       {
24
            context.SetPen(m_pen);
            context.SetBrush(m_brush);
25
26
27
            on_draw(context);
28
       }
29
30
31
        * This method is only used for the icons within
32
        st the tool bar: Selected icons are drawn "inverse".
33
34
       virtual void draw_inverse(context_t &context) const
35
            context.SetPen(m_pen);
36
            context.SetBrush(*wxTRANSPARENT_BRUSH);
37
38
           on_draw(context);
       }
39
40
41
        * Adjusts width and height using the supplied corner
42
43
        * point relative to the origin (top left).
44
       void set_right_bottom(const wxPoint point)
45
46
       {
47
            _rect.SetRightBottom(point);
48
       }
49
50
51
        st @return The rectangle surrounding the whole shape.
52
53
       wxRect get_bounding_box() const
       {
54
55
           return _rect;
       }
56
57
58
        * Resizes the shape so that it touches the sides of
59
60
        *\ the\ supplied\ rectangle .
61
62
       void set_bounding_box(const wxRect &rect)
63
       {
64
            _rect = rect;
65
       }
66
67
        * @return A deep copy of the shape.
68
69
70
       virtual std::unique_ptr <shape> clone() const = 0;
```

```
71
72 protected:
73
74
        * A factory method that is called when drawing preparations
75
76
       * are finished.
77
78
       virtual void on_draw(context_t &context) const = 0;
79
80
81
        * The default shape color.
82
83
       wxBrush m_brush { wxBrush(wxColour(66, 134, 244)) };
84
85
        * The default border-color and -width of the shape.
86
87
       wxPen m_pen { wxPen(wxColour(27, 77, 155), 2) };
88
89
90
91
        * The rectangle enclosing the shape.
92
93
       wxRect _rect {};
94 };
```

Listing 7: ellipse.h

```
1 #pragma once
 3 #include "shape.h"
 5 class ellipse final : public shape
 6 {
 7 public: // methods
       ellipse() = default;
 9
10
       explicit ellipse(const wxPoint point) : shape { point }
11
12
       explicit ellipse(const wxRect rect) : shape { rect }
13
14
15
       std::unique_ptr <shape> clone() const override
16
17
           return std::make_unique <ellipse>(_rect);
18
19
20
21 private: // methods
22
       void on_draw(context_t &context) const override
23
24
           context.DrawEllipse(_rect);
25
       }
26 };
```

Listing 8: line.h

```
1 #pragma once
2
```

```
3 #include "shape.h"
 5 class line : public shape
 7 public:
 8
       line() = default;
 9
10
       explicit line(const wxPoint point) : shape { point }
11
12
13
       explicit line(const wxRect rect) : shape { rect }
       {}
14
15
       void draw_inverse(context_t &context) const override
16
17
18
           wxPen thicc { m_pen.GetColour(), m_pen.GetWidth() + 2 };
19
           context.SetPen(thicc);
20
           on_draw(context);
21
       }
22
23
       std::unique_ptr <shape> clone() const override
24
25
           return std::make_unique <line>(_rect);
      }
26
27
28 protected:
29
      void on_draw(context_t &context) const override
           context.DrawLine(_rect.GetLeftTop(), _rect.GetBottomRight());
31
32
33 };
```

Listing 9: rectangle.h

```
1 #pragma once
 3 #include "shape.h"
 5 class rectangle final : public shape
 6 {
 7 public: // methods
       rectangle() = default;
 8
 9
10
       explicit rectangle(const wxPoint point) : shape { point }
11
12
       explicit rectangle(const wxRect rect) : shape { rect }
13
14
15
       std::unique_ptr <shape> clone() const override
16
17
18
           return std::make_unique <rectangle>(_rect);
19
20
21 private: // methods
22
       void on_draw(context_t &context) const override
23
24
       context.DrawRectangle(_rect);
```

```
25 }
26 };
```

Listing 10: arrow.h

```
1 #pragma once
 3 #include "shape.h"
 4
 5 class arrow : public shape
 6 {
 7 public: // methods
       arrow() = default;
 9
10
       std::unique_ptr <shape> clone() const override
11
12
           return std::unique_ptr <arrow>();
13
14
15
       void draw_inverse(context_t &context) const override
16
           wxPen thicc { m_pen.GetColour(), m_pen.GetWidth() + 2 };
17
18
           context.SetPen(thicc);
           on_draw(context);
19
20
21
22 protected: // methods
23
       void on_draw(context_t &context) const override
24
25
           auto root = _rect.GetTopLeft();
26
27
           // "shaft"
           context.DrawLine(root, _rect.GetBottomRight());
28
29
           // "legs"
30
31
           auto to_right = root;
32
           to_right.x += (_rect.GetWidth() / 3);
33
           context.DrawLine(root, to_right);
34
35
           auto to_bottom = root;
36
           to_bottom.y += (_rect.GetWidth() / 3); // Using _width_ by intention!
37
           context.DrawLine(root, to_bottom);
       }
38
39 };
```

Listing 11: shape_registry.h

```
1 #pragma once
2
3 #include "shape.h"
4 #include "ellipse.h"
5 #include "rectangle.h"
6 #include "line.h"
7
8 /**
9 * Instantiates a concrete shape.
10 */
11 using shape_creator = std::function <std::unique_ptr <shape>(const wxPoint)>;
```

Listing 12: draw_application.h

```
1 #pragma once
2
3 #include "draw_window.h"
4
5 class draw_application final : public ml5::application
6 {
7    std::unique_ptr <ml5::window> make_window() const override
8    {
9       return std::make_unique <draw_window>();
10    }
11 };
```

1.3 Tests

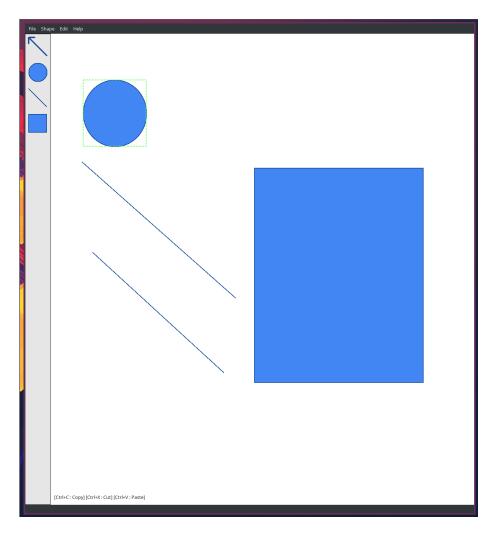


Figure 1: Alle Formen wurden gezeichnet, das Fenster ist im Selektionsmodus und dementsprechend ist der Pfeil in der $tool_bar$ hervorgehoben.

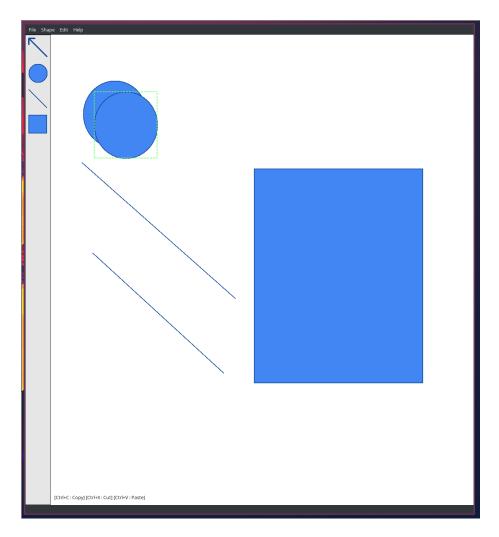


Figure 2: Die Ellipse wurde kopiert und dann (automatisch) leicht versetzt eingefügt und (ebenfalls automatisch) markiert.