A26 Vest
$$f_{\times}(x) := \begin{cases} 1 - \frac{x}{2} & \text{for } 0 < x < 2 \\ 0 & \text{sowst} \end{cases}$$

$$f_{\times}(1) = 0$$

$$P(X \ge 1) = \int_{1}^{2} 1 - \frac{x}{2} dx = 1 - \frac{1}{2} \int_{1}^{2} x dx = 1 - \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{2^{2} - 1}{2}$$

$$= \frac{1}{4}$$

$$P(0,5 \le x \le 1,5) = \int_{0,5}^{1,5} 1 - \frac{x}{2} dx = 1 - \frac{1}{2} \int_{0,5}^{1,5} x dx = 1 - \frac{1}{2} \frac{1,5^2 - 0,5^2}{2}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}$$

$$E(x) = \int_{0}^{2} x \cdot (1 - \frac{x}{2}) dx = \int_{0}^{2} x - \frac{x^{2}}{2} dx = \int_{0}^{2} x - \frac{1}{2} \int_{0}^{2} x^{2}$$

$$=\frac{2^{2}-3^{2}}{2}-\frac{1}{2}\frac{3^{2}-3^{2}}{3}=2-\frac{8}{2}=\frac{2}{3}=2-\frac{8}{6}=\frac{2}{3}$$

$$V_{ar}(\chi) = E(\chi^2) - E(\chi)^2$$

$$E(x^{2}) = \int_{x^{2}}^{2} \cdot (1 - \frac{x}{2}) dx = \int_{0}^{2} x^{2} dx - \frac{1}{2} \int_{0}^{2} x^{3} dx = \frac{8}{3} - \frac{1}{2} \frac{2 - 0}{4}$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{2} \cdot 4 = \frac{1}{3} - \frac{2}{3} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$Var(X) \Rightarrow \frac{6}{9} - \frac{4}{9} = \frac{2}{9}$$