Ausarbeitung Übung 02

Grundlagen -- 1.1

15 Fatal Haunted

```
SELECT first_name || ' ' || last_name AS "Name"
FROM actor
ORDER BY last_name ASC;
    NAME
1 DEBBIE AKROYD
2 CHRISTIAN AKROYD
 3 KIRSTEN AKROYD
 4 KIM ALLEN
 5 MERYL ALLEN
 6 CUBA ALLEN
   ANGELINA ASTAIRE
7
 8 RUSSELL BACALL
9 JESSICA BAILEY
10 AUDREY BAILEY
11 HARRISON BALE
12 RENEE BALL
13 JULIA BARRYMORE
14 VIVIEN BASINGER
15 MTCHAFI RENTING
-- 1.2
SELECT
        title,
        length
FROM film
WHERE length < 50;
                           Ⅲ LENGTH ÷
1 ACE GOLDFINGER
                                     48
2 ALIEN CENTER
3 HURRICANE AFFAIR
                                     49
4 IRON MOON
                                     46
5 KWAI HOMEWARD
                                     46
6 LABYRINTH LEAGUE
                                     46
7 GROSSE WONDERFUL
                                     49
8 HALLOWEEN NUTS
                                     47
9 HANOVER GALAXY
                                     47
10 HAWK CHILL
                                     47
11 HEAVEN FREEDOM
                                     48
12 HEAVENLY GUN
                                     49
13 HOOK CHARIOTS
                                     49
14 DIVORCE SHINING
                                     47
15 DOORS PRESIDENT
-- 1.3
SELECT INITCAP(title) AS "Name"
FROM film
WHERE title LIKE '___A%';
 1 Coma Head
 2 Comancheros Enemy
 3 Creatures Shakespeare
 4 Affair Prejudice
 5 Breakfast Goldfinger
 6 Breaking Home
 7 Armageddon Lost
 8 Atlantis Cause
 9 Attacks Hate
 10 Bedazzled Married
 11 Behavior Runaway
 12 Casablanca Super
 13 Cheaper Clyde
 14 Escape Metropolis
```

```
-- 1.4
SELECT title
FROM film
WHERE original_language_id IS NOT NULL;
  III₀ TITLE ÷
 1 CLOSER BANG
 2 CLUB GRAFFITI
 3 CLUE GRAIL
 4 CLUELESS BUCKET
 5 CLYDE THEORY
 6 COLDBLOODED DARLING
 7 COLOR PHILADELPHIA
 8 COMA HEAD
 9 COMANCHEROS ENEMY
 10 COMFORTS RUSH
 11 COMMAND DARLING
 12 COMMANDMENTS EXPRESS
 13 CONEHEADS SMOOCHY
 14 CONFESSIONS MAGUIRE
15 CONFIDENTIAL INTERVIEW -- 1.5
SELECT COUNT(*) AS "Nr. of rented films"
FROM rental
WHERE rental_date < TO_DATE('31.12.2015', 'DD.MM.YYYY') AND
        rental_date > TO_DATE('01.01.2015', 'DD.MM.YYYY');
        "Nr. of rented films" ‡
1
-- 1.6
SELECT inventory_id
FROM inventory
MINUS
SELECT inventory_id
FROM rental;
       INVENTORY_ID ÷
1
                     5
-- 1.7
SELECT
       first_name.
       last_name
FROM customer
       INNER JOIN address USING (address_id)
       INNER JOIN city USING (city_id)
WHERE city IN ('Newcastle', 'Linz', 'London');
 1 MATTIE
                   HOFFMAN
 2 EDWIN
                   BURK
3 JILL
                   HAWKINS
4 CECIL
                   VINES
 - 1.8
SELECT
       to_char(rental_date, 'Day, DD.Mon.YYYY') AS rental_date,
       amount
FROM payment p
       INNER JOIN rental r USING (rental_id)
```

```
WHERE p.customer_id = 420;
    RENTAL_DATE
                                AMOUNT ÷
   Tuesday , 09.Sep.2014
                                       0.43
 2 Saturday , 11.Jul.2015
                                       2.98
 3 Thursday , 18.Jun.2015
                                      10.76
 4 Wednesday, 15.Jul.2015
                                       0.39
 5 Saturday , 25.Apr.2015
                                       7.45
 6 Friday , 24.Apr.2015
                                       6.36
 7 Saturday , 24.May.2014
                                       5.97
 8 Wednesday, 01.Jul.2015
                                       1.56
 9 Wednesday, 22.Apr.2015
                                       0.95
 10 Wednesday, 19.Aug.2015
                                       6.27
 11 Friday , 28.Feb.2014
                                       8.12
 12 Saturday , 26.Sep.2015
                                       8.97
13 Thursday , 19.Jun.2014
                                       0.89
14 Thursday , 05.Dec.2013
                                      10.71
15 Saturday 26 Sen 2015
                                      15 54
Gruppierungen und Unterabfragen
-- 2.1
SELECT
        ROUND(AVG(rental_rate), 2),
        category_id
FROM film
        INNER JOIN film_category USING (film_id)
GROUP BY category_id;
        ROUND(AVG(RENTAL_RATE),2) ÷
                                 CATEGORY_ID ÷
                          1.66
                          1.72
 3
                          1.64
                                           11
                          1.48
                                           13
                          1.57
                          1.71
                          1.44
                          1.71
11
12
                          1.62
13
                          1.59
                                           15
                          1.53
                                           12
-- 2.2
SELECT title
FROM film
WHERE length > (SELECT length
                  FROM film
                  WHERE film_id = 50) AND
         replacement_cost > (SELECT replacement_cost
                               FROM film
                               WHERE film_id = 101);
III. TITLE
1 CONSPIRACY SPIRIT
2 GANGS PRIDE
3 WIFE TURN
4 SOLDIERS EVOLUTION
5 SWEET BROTHERHOOD
-- 2.3
SELECT title
FROM film
        INNER JOIN film_category USING (film_id)
WHERE length < 60 AND
         category_id IN (SELECT category_id
                                   INNER JOIN film_category USING (film_id)
                           WHERE film_id IN (10, 20, 30));
```

```
III TITLE
 1 SENSE GREEK
 2 MOSQUITO ARMAGEDDON
 3 DIVORCE SHINING
 4 CRANES RESERVOIR
 5 MINORITY KISS
 6 LEGEND JEDI
 7 HEAVENLY GUN
 8 HANOVER GALAXY
 9 GROSSE WONDERFUL
 10 GO PURPLE
 11 SIMON NORTH
 12 COMMANDMENTS EXPRESS
 13 AIRPORT POLLOCK
14 ACE GOLDFINGER
-- 2.4
SELECT
        first_name,
        last_name, Count(*) AS "Nr. of films"
FROM actor
        INNER JOIN film_actor USING (actor_id)
WHERE actor_id IN (SELECT actor_id
                     FROM film_actor
                      GROUP BY actor_id
                     HAVING COUNT(*) > 35)
GROUP BY actor_id, first_name, last_name;
  Nr. of films ‡
1 WALTER
                  TORN
                                            41
2 GINA
                  DEGENERES
                                            42
3 MATTHEW
                  CARREY
                                            39
4 SANDRA
                  KILMER
                                            37
5 SCARLETT
                  DAMON
                                            36
6 MARY
                  KEITEL
                                             40
-- 2.5
SELECT
        title,
        length
FROM film
WHERE length > (SELECT AVG(length)
                  FROM film);
     III. TITLE
                                        ■ LENGTH ÷
 1 CLYDE THEORY
                                                 139
 2 COLOR PHILADELPHIA
                                                 149
 3 COMMAND DARLING
                                                 120
 4 CONFIDENTIAL INTERVIEW
                                                 180
 5 CONFUSED CANDLES
                                                 122
 6 CONNECTICUT TRAMP
                                                 172
 7 CONQUERER NUTS
                                                 173
 8 CONSPIRACY SPIRIT
                                                 184
 9 CONTACT ANONYMOUS
                                                 166
 10 CONTROL ANTHEM
                                                 185
 11 COWBOY DOOM
                                                 146
 12 CRAZY HOME
                                                 136
 13 CREATURES SHAKESPEARE
                                                 139
```

-- 2.6
SELECT UNIQUE name
FROM film_category

14 CREEPERS KANE

15 CROOKED FROGMEN

INNER JOIN category USING (category_id)
WHERE category_id IN (SELECT category_id
FROM film_category
GROUP BY category_id
HAVING COUNT(film_id) < 60);

172

143

```
III NAME
1 Comedy
2 Travel
3 Horror
4 Classics
5 Music
-- 2.7
SELECT
        title.
        length.
        release_year
FROM film f1
WHERE length >= ALL (SELECT length
                         FROM film f2
                         WHERE f2.release_year = f1.release_year);
III, TITLE
                           Ⅲ LENGTH ÷

    ■ RELEASE_YEAR ‡

 1 CONSPIRACY SPIRIT
                                   184
                                                        2003
 2 CONTROL ANTHEM
                                    185
                                                        1992
 3 ALLEY EVOLUTION
                                    180
                                                        1989
 4 CATCH AMISTAD
                                    183
                                                        1997
 5 CAUSE DATE
                                    179
                                                        2005
 6 CHICAGO NORTH
                                    185
                                                        2001
 7 FRONTIER CABIN
                                    183
                                                        2008
 8 GANGS PRIDE
                                    185
                                                        2007
 9 KING EVOLUTION
                                   184
                                                        2006
10 LAWLESS VISION
                                   181
                                                        2004
11 HOME PITY
                                    185
                                                        2002
12 HOTEL HAPPINESS
                                   181
                                                        2000
13 CRYSTAL BREAKING
                                   184
                                                        1991
14 DARN FORRESTER
                                    185
                                                        1984
1E MOONIJAI KED EOOI -- 2.8
SELECT
        film_id,
        to_date(rental_date, 'YYYY-MM-DD') AS rental_date
FROM (SELECT *
       FROM rental
               INNER JOIN inventory USING (inventory_id)
               INNER JOIN film USING (film_id)
       ORDER BY rental_date DESC)
FETCH FIRST 9 ROWS ONLY;
       FILM_ID + RENTAL_DATE
             282 0004-11-15 00:00:00
2
             938 0004-11-15 00:00:00
3
              43 0004-11-15 00:00:00
4
             369 0004-11-15 00:00:00
             946 0004-11-15 00:00:00
5
             995 0004-11-15 00:00:00
6
7
              27 0004-11-15 00:00:00
8
             818 0004-11-15 00:00:00
9
             873 0004-11-15 00:00:00
```

```
Insert, Update und Delete
-- 3.1
CREATE TABLE new_film
  AS (SELECT *
       FROM film
       WHERE release_year >= (SELECT MAX(release_year) FROM film));
-- 3.2
INSERT INTO new_film
     (film_id, title, language_id, rental_duration, rental_rate, replacement_cost, release_year,
last_update)
VALUES
sql> INSERT INTO new_film
                                                                                        dual));
       (film_id, title, language_id, rental_duration, rental_rate, replacement_cost, release_year, last_update)
    VALUES
       (1001, 'Jason Bourne', 1, 5, 1.75, 16.99, 2016, (SELECT sysdate FROM dual))
[2018-10-16 17:41:35] 1 row affected in 22 ms
-- 3.3
UPDATE new_film
SET rental_rate = rental_rate * 1.15
sql> UPDATE new_film
    SET rental_rate = rental_rate * 1.15
    WHERE rental_rate < 2</pre>
[2018-10-16 18:25:24] 26 rows affected in 25 ms
-- 3.4
CREATE OR REPLACE VIEW cheap_film
  AS SELECT
          title,
          description,
          rental_rate,
          length
  FROM new_film
  WHERE rental_rate <= 2</pre>
sql> CREATE OR REPLACE VIEW cheap_film
     AS SELECT
           title,
           description,
           rental_rate,
           length
      FROM new_film
      WHERE rental_rate ≤ 2
      WITH CHECK OPTION
[2018-10-16 18:25:54] completed in 57 ms
-- 3.5: COMMIT and ROLLBACK does not affect the session since
-- data-dictionary manipulations (3.4) are followed by an automatic commit
-- 3.6
UPDATE cheap_film
SET rental_rate = rental_rate * 1.15
WHERE rental_rate < 2;</pre>
sql> UPDATE cheap_film
    SET rental_rate = rental_rate * 1.15
     WHERE rental_rate < 2
[2018-10-16 18:28:12] [44000][1402] ORA-01402: view WITH CHECK OPTION where-clause violation
-- Does not work since some films' rental_rate would
-- exceed the upper boundary (2)
-- 3.7
```

DELETE

```
FROM new_film
WHERE rental_rate > 1.79;

sql> DELETE
    FROM new_film
    WHERE rental_rate > 1.79

[2018-10-16 18:28:44] 20 rows affected in 22 ms
-- 3.8 (1.79 * 1.15) > 2, Since those entries are deleted in 3.7, all other values (x * 1.15)

sql> UPDATE cheap_film
    SET rental_rate = rental_rate * 1.15
    WHERE rental_rate < 2

[2018-10-16 18:29:36] 18 rows affected in 23 ms
```

```
-- 3.9

DROP TABLE new_film;

sql> DROP TABLE new_film

[2018-10-16 21:53:13] completed in 160 ms

DROP VIEW cheap_film;

sql> DROP VIEW cheap_film

[2018-10-16 18:30:48] completed in 41 ms
```