# Rajalakshmi Engineering College

Name: Tanisha Sudhagar

Email: 240701553@rajalakshmi.edu.in

Roll no: 2116240701553 Phone: 6374776137

Branch: REC

Department: I CSE FF

Batch: 2028

Degree: B.E - CSE



## NeoColab\_REC\_CS23221\_Python Programming

REC\_Python\_Week 6\_CY

Attempt : 1 Total Mark : 40 Marks Obtained : 34

Section 1: Coding

#### 1. Problem Statement

Write a program to read the Register Number and Mobile Number of a student. Create user-defined exception and handle the following:

If the Register Number does not contain exactly 9 characters in the specified format(2 numbers followed by 3 characters followed by 4 numbers) or if the Mobile Number does not contain exactly 10 characters, throw an IllegalArgumentException. If the Mobile Number contains any character other than a digit, raise a NumberFormatException. If the Register Number contains any character other than digits and alphabets, throw a NoSuchElementException. If they are valid, print the message 'valid' or else print an Invalid message.

## Input Format

The first line of the input consists of a string representing the Register number.

The second line of the input consists of a string representing the Mobile number.

## **Output Format**

The output should display any one of the following messages:

If both numbers are valid, print "Valid".

If an exception is raised, print "Invalid with exception message: ", followed by the specific exception message.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

## Sample Test Case

```
Input: 19ABC1001
9949596920
Output: Valid
```

```
Answer
# You are using Python
import re
class IllegalArgumentException(Exception):
  pass
class NumberFormatException(Exception):
  pass
class NoSuchElementException(Exception):
  pass
def validate_student_details(reg_num, mob_num):
  if len(mob_num) != 10:
    raise IllegalArgumentException("Mobile Number should have exactly 10
characters.")
  if not mob_num.isdigit():
    raise NumberFormatException("Mobile Number should only contain digits."
 if len(reg_num) != 9:
    raise IllegalArgumentException("Register Number should have exactly
characters.")
```

```
if not reg_num.isalnum():
    raise NoSuchElementException("Register Number should contain only digits
and alphabets.")
  reg_num_pattern = r'' \d{2}[a-zA-Z]{3}\d{4}$"
  if not re.match(reg_num_pattern, reg_num):
    raise IllegalArgumentException("Register Number should have the format: 2
numbers, 3 characters, and 4 numbers.")
  print("Valid")
if __name__ == "__main__":
  register_number = input()
  mobile_number = input()
  try: 3
    validate_student_details(register_number, mobile_number)
  except (IllegalArgumentException, NumberFormatException,
NoSuchElementException) as e:
    print(f"Invalid with exception message: {e}
  except Exception as e:
    print(f"An unexpected error occurred: {e}")
```

Status: Correct Marks: 10/10

#### 2. Problem Statement

Alex is creating an account and needs to set up a password. The program prompts Alex to enter their name, mobile number, chosen username, and desired password. Password validation criteria include:

Length between 10 and 20 characters.At least one digit.At least one special character from !@#\$%^&\* set. Display "Valid Password" if criteria are met; otherwise, raise an exception with an appropriate error message.

### Input Format

The first line of the input consists of the name as a string.

The second line of the input consists of the mobile number as a string.

The third line of the input consists of the username as a string.

The fourth line of the input consists of the password as a string.

#### **Output Format**

If the password is valid (meets all the criteria), it will print "Valid Password"

If the password is weak (fails any one or more criteria), it will print an error message accordingly.

Refer to the sample outputs for the formatting specifications.

```
Sample Test Case
```

```
Input: John
9874563210
john
iohn1#nhoi
Output: Valid Password
Answer
# You are using Python
class PasswordValidationError(Exception):
  pass
def validate_password(password):
  if not any(char.isdigit() for char in password):
    raise PasswordValidationError("Should contain at least one digit")
  special_chars = "!@#$%^&*"
  if not any(char in special_chars for char in password):
    raise PasswordValidationError("It should contain at least one special
character")
  if not (10 \le \text{len(password)} \le 20):
    raise PasswordValidationError("Should be a minimum of 10 characters and
a maximum of 20 characters")
  return "Valid Password"
if __name__ == "__main__":
  name = input()
  mobile = input()
username = input()
  password = input()
```

```
result = validate_password(password)
  print(result)
except PasswordValidationError as e:
  print(e)
```

Status: Partially correct Marks: 6.5/10

#### 3. Problem Statement

Implement a program that checks whether a set of three input values can form the sides of a valid triangle. The program defines a function is\_valid\_triangle that takes three side lengths as arguments and raises a ValueError if any side length is not a positive value. It then checks whether the sum of any two sides is greater than the third side to determine the validity of the triangle.

### **Input Format**

The first line of input consists of an integer A, representing side1.

The second line of input consists of an integer B, representing side2.

The third line of input consists of an integer C, representing side3.

The output prints either "It's a valid triangle" if the input side lengths form a valid triangle,

or "It's not a valid triangle" if they do not.

If there is a ValueError, it should print "ValueError: <error\_message>".

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

## Sample Test Case

Input: 3

Output: It's a valid triangle Answer # You are using Python def is\_valid\_triangle(side1, side2, side3): if side1 <= 0 or side2 <= 0 or side3 <= 0: raise ValueError("Side lengths must be positive") return (side1 + side2 > side3) and (side1 + side3 > side2) and (side2 + side3 > side1) if \_\_name\_\_ == "\_\_main\_\_": try: side1 = int(input()) side2 = int(input()) side3 = int(input()) if is\_valid\_triangle(side1, side2, side3): print("It's a valid triangle") else: print("It's not a valid triangle") except ValueError as ve: print(f"ValueError: {ve}")

## 4. Problem Statement

Status: Correct

Bob, a data analyst, requires a program to automate the process of analyzing character frequency in a given text. This program should allow the user to input a string, calculate the frequency of each character within the text, save these character frequencies to a file named "char\_frequency.txt," and display the results.

Marks: 10/10

## Input Format

The input consists of the string.

## **Output Format**

The first line prints "Character Frequencies:".

The following lines print the character frequency in the format: "X: Y" where X is

the character and Y is the count.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

2176240707553

2176240707553

## Sample Test Case

```
Input: aaabbbccc
   Output: Character Frequencies:
   a: 3
   b: 3
   c: 3
Answer
   # You are using Python
   from collections import Counter
   def analyze_character_frequency():
     input_string = input()
     char_counts = Counter(input_string)
     seen chars = set()
     try:
       with open("char_frequency.txt", 'w') as outfile:
         outfile.write("Character Frequencies:\n")
          for char in input_string:
            if char not in seen_chars:
              outfile.write(f"{char}: {char_counts[char]}\n")
              seen_chars.add(char)
     except IOError:
       print("Error: Could not write to file.")
       return
     print("Character Frequencies:")
     seen_chars_print = set()
     for char in input_string:
       if char not in seen_chars_print:
         print(f"{char}: {char_counts[char]}")
          seen_chars_print.add(char)
```

if \_\_name\_\_ == "\_\_main\_\_":
 analyze\_character\_frequency()

Status : Partially or

Status: Partially correct

Marks : 7.5/10