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(A - \lambda_1 I) V_4 = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 4 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix} V_7 = 0
        \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 4 & 2 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} (1) : 3 & / 1 & \frac{4}{3} & \frac{2}{3} & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & 0 & = & 0 & 1 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \chi_1 + \frac{4}{3}\chi_2 + \frac{2}{3}\chi_3 = 0 \\ \chi_4 + \frac{4}{3}\chi_2 + \frac{2}{3}\chi_3 = 0 \end{pmatrix}
  My col x3 = 1, To ega 1/4 = (-2)
                              (A - \lambda_2 I) V = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 4 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix} V = 0
        \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 4 & 2 & 0 & 2 \end{pmatrix} (1):2 & \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 & 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}
= \begin{cases} X_3 = 0 \\ X_1 = -2X_2 \end{cases}, \text{ Toiga } X = \begin{pmatrix} -2X_2 \\ X_2 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \text{ My CTS } X_2 = 1, \text{ Toiga } V_2 = \begin{pmatrix} -2X_2 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}
 3) \lambda_3 = 3
                                        (A - \lambda_3 I)V = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 9 & 2 \\ 0 & -2 & 2 \end{pmatrix} V = 0

\begin{pmatrix}
0 & 4 & 2 & 0 \\
0 & -2 & 2 & 0 & 2
\end{pmatrix} = 0.5(2) = \begin{pmatrix}
0 & 4 & 2 & | 0 \\
0 & 1 & -1 & 0
\end{pmatrix}, TOLGA X_1 - X_3 = 0 = >

\begin{pmatrix}
0 & 4 & 2 & | 0 \\
0 & 0 & -3 & | 0 & 1
\end{pmatrix} - \frac{(3)}{3}

\begin{pmatrix}
0 & 0 & 1 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & | 0 & 
\Rightarrow X_2 = X_3 = 0 \Rightarrow X_3 = \begin{pmatrix} X_1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 4 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 4 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}
    Orber: \lambda_1 = 0, \lambda_2 = 1, \lambda_3 = 3; V_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix}, V_2 = \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}, V_3 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}
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$$\begin{cases} \mathcal{B} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 2 & 2 \\ 2 & 0 \end{pmatrix} & def \mathcal{B} = 0.2.0 + 2.0.0 + 2.0.0 - 2.2.2 + \\ -0.0.0 - 0.0.0 = -8, & fib = 0.12 + 0.2 \\ def \mathcal{B} = 1 I = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & \lambda & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 2 - \lambda & 0 \end{pmatrix} = 0 \\ \begin{pmatrix} -\lambda & (\lambda - \lambda) & (2 - \lambda) - 2 \cdot 2 \cdot (2 - \lambda) = 0 \\ \lambda^{2} & (2 - \lambda) & -4 \cdot (2 - \lambda) = 0 \\ \lambda^{2} & (2 - \lambda) & (\lambda - 2) & (\lambda + 2) = 0 \\ \lambda^{2} & (2 - \lambda) & (\lambda - 2) & (\lambda + 2) = 0 \\ \lambda^{2} & (2 - \lambda) & (\lambda - 2) & (\lambda + 2) = 0 \\ \lambda^{2} & (2 - \lambda) & (\lambda - 2) & (\lambda + 2) = 0 \\ \lambda^{2} & (2 - \lambda) & (\lambda - 2) & (\lambda + 2) = 0 \\ \lambda^{2} & (2 - \lambda) & (\lambda - 2) & (\lambda$$

AV= >V CRBa YMMOXALM MA A A'V = A(AV), T.K A - CRARS, TO: A2 V = X (AV) => A2 V = X (AV) => A2 V = 22 2) 1 - Coscobergoe enero A , T.K A cyusectéger => ) +0 AV=XV IgnHOXARM alba Ha A MACIAIXIMM Iv= AAVI:X 1. V = A V => gonspara. 3)  $AV = \lambda V$ 3)  $AV = \lambda V$   $(I + A)V = V + AV = V + \lambda V = V(\lambda + 1) = > beptio.$ (5) 1) Ecnu  $rkA = r^{paymep \omega cre} A + 0 = > no go prugne$ : rk (A.A) = rk[ · defA) = 17, T. K. defA 10. T. e. rk (A.A) = min (rkA, rkA), T.K rkA=n. TO n < min(n, rkA), i.e rkA=n 2) Fenu rkA = n. TO detteredetA=0: rk(A.A) = min (rkA, rkA) = 1.e: 0 = min (rkA, rkA) 2.1) Thu TRA=n-1, TRA=1, T.K MATPHLER алгебрангеских дополнений строится на пределите-18× подматрия (n-1) × (n-1) натрими А, которые не равин О и кахдая из жих подрагриев пропоримональнах другой при единетвенных свобор-HOM Hanpalnenui & numericax konsunayusx Cronduos A. 2.2) BULLON CAYTER (î. e Aprir kA=n-1) rkA=0 = Other:  $(k \hat{A} = )1$ ,  $npu \Gamma k(A) = n-1$  age n-pagnap-  $(0, npu \Gamma k(A) < n-1)$  HOCTO A