# **Brazilian E-commerce Data Mining Project - Team Action Plan**

# **Project Timeline**

April 18 - May 2, 2025 (14 days)

#### **Team Members**

- Tanishk Singh
- Kritvirya Singh
- Kanit Mann
- Umesh Kumar Siyak

## **Project Goals**

- 1. Analyze factors influencing delivery performance
- 2. Segment customers based on purchasing behaviors
- 3. Develop time series models for sales forecasting

# Phase 1: Setup and Data Preparation (4 days: April 18-21)

# **Day 1-2: Environment Setup and Dataset Understanding**

### **Team Member Assignment: ALL**

- 1. Set up a shared GitHub repository for version control
- 2. Create a project environment with necessary Python libraries:

#### python

```
# Required Libraries
# - pandas, numpy (data manipulation)
# - matplotlib, seaborn (visualization)
# - scikit-learn (machine learning)
# - statsmodels (time series analysis)
# - mlxtend (for association rule mining)
```

- 3. Download and understand all datasets:
  - Map out how the 9 CSV files relate to each other
  - Create an entity-relationship diagram
  - Document the meaning of each column in each dataset

- 4. Divide the datasets among team members for initial exploration:
  - Tanishk: orders, order items
  - Kritvirya: customers, geolocation
  - Kanit: products, category\_name translation
  - **Umesh**: sellers, payments, order\_reviews

## **Day 3-4: Data Cleaning and Integration**

### **Team Member Assignment: ALL**

1. Clean individual datasets:

```
python
```

```
# Common data cleaning operations
```

- # Handle missing values
- # Convert date columns to datetime
- # Check for and handle outliers
- # Validate data types

#### 2. Integrate datasets:

#### python

```
# Example of joining datasets (actual implementation will be more complex)
# orders_customers = pd.merge(orders_df, customers_df, on='customer_id')
# orders_items = pd.merge(orders_df, order_items_df, on='order_id')
```

3. Create a unified dataset for each research question

# Phase 2: Exploratory Data Analysis (3 days: April 22-24)

## **Day 5: Basic Statistical Analysis**

## **Team Member Assignment: Tanishk & Kritvirya**

- 1. Calculate basic statistics for key variables
- 2. Visualize distributions of important features
- 3. Identify patterns in order volumes, delivery times, and customer behavior

## **Day 6: Correlation Analysis**

## **Team Member Assignment: Kanit & Umesh**

1. Examine relationships between variables:

#### python

```
# Example correlation analysis
# correlation_matrix = df.corr()
# sns.heatmap(correlation_matrix, annot=True)
```

- 2. Perform chi-square tests for categorical variables
- 3. Document initial findings that address research questions

### **Day 7: Advanced EDA and Feature Engineering**

#### **Team Member Assignment: ALL**

1. Engineer features for each research question:

```
python
```

```
# Example feature engineering for delivery performance
# orders_df['delivery_time'] = (pd.to_datetime(orders_df['order_delivered_customer_date'])
# pd.to_datetime(orders_df['order_purchase_timestamp'])).dt
#
# orders_df['delay'] = (pd.to_datetime(orders_df['order_delivered_customer_date']) -
# pd.to_datetime(orders_df['order_estimated_delivery_date'])).dt.da
```

- 2. Create new datasets with engineered features
- 3. Team meeting to review findings and adjust strategies if needed

## Phase 3: Modeling and Analysis (5 days: April 25-29)

## **Day 8-9: Delivery Performance Analysis**

## Team Member Assignment: Tanishk & Kritvirya

- 1. Prepare features that might influence delivery time:
  - Product attributes (weight, dimensions, category)
  - Seller location
  - Customer location
  - Order attributes (payment type, order value)
- 2. Build predictive models:

```
python
```

```
# Example modeling approach (multiple models should be tested)
# from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestRegressor
# X = delivery_df[['distance_km', 'product_weight_g', 'payment_value', ...]]
# y = delivery_df['delivery_time']
# model = RandomForestRegressor()
# model.fit(X, y)
```

3. Evaluate model performance and identify key factors

## **Day 10-11: Customer Segmentation**

### **Team Member Assignment: Kanit & Umesh**

1. Prepare customer features:

```
python
```

```
# Calculate customer metrics
# customer_metrics = orders_df.groupby('customer_id').agg({
# 'order_id': 'count', # Purchase frequency
# 'payment_value': ['sum', 'mean'], # Total spend, average order value
# 'delivery_time': 'mean' # Average delivery time
# })
```

2. Apply K-means clustering:

```
python
```

```
# Example K-means implementation
# from sklearn.cluster import KMeans
# from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
#
# scaler = StandardScaler()
# scaled_features = scaler.fit_transform(customer_features)
#
# kmeans = KMeans(n_clusters=4, random_state=42)
# clusters = kmeans.fit_predict(scaled_features)
```

3. Apply the Apriori algorithm for product association analysis within segments:

```
python
```

```
# Example using mlxtend
# from mlxtend.frequent_patterns import apriori, association_rules
#
# For each cluster, find frequent itemsets
# frequent_itemsets = apriori(transaction_data, min_support=0.01, use_colnames=True)
# rules = association_rules(frequent_itemsets, metric="lift", min_threshold=1.0)
```

4. Characterize the identified customer segments

### **Day 12: Time Series Analysis**

### **Team Member Assignment: ALL**

1. Prepare time series data:

```
python
```

```
# Aggregate orders by day/week/month
# daily_orders = orders_df.resample('D', on='order_purchase_timestamp').agg({'order_id':
# monthly_orders = orders_df.resample('M', on='order_purchase_timestamp').agg({'order_id'}).agg({'order_id'}).agg({'order_id'}).agg({'order_id'}).agg({'order_id'}).agg({'order_id'}).agg({'order_id'}).agg({'order_id'}).agg({'order_id'}).agg({'order_id'}).agg({'order_id'}).agg({'order_id'}).agg({'order_id'}).agg({'order_id'}).agg({'order_id'}).agg({'order_id'}).agg({'order_id'}).agg({'order_id'}).agg({'order_id'}).agg({'order_id'}).agg({'order_id'}).agg({'order_id'}).agg({'order_id'}).agg({'order_id'}).agg({'order_id'}).agg({'order_id'}).agg({'order_id'}).agg({'order_id'}).agg({'order_id'}).agg({'order_id'}).agg({'order_id'}).agg({'order_id'}).agg({'order_id'}).agg({'order_id'}).agg({'order_id'}).agg({'order_id'}).agg({'order_id'}).agg({'order_id'}).agg({'order_id'}).agg({'order_id'}).agg({'order_id'}).agg({'order_id'}).agg({'order_id'}).agg({'order_id'}).agg({'order_id'}).agg({'order_id'}).agg({'order_id'}).agg({'order_id'}).agg({'order_id'}).agg({'order_id'}).agg({'order_id'}).agg({'order_id'}).agg({'order_id'}).agg({'order_id'}).agg({'order_id'}).agg({'order_id'}).agg({'order_id'}).agg({'order_id'}).agg({'order_id'}).agg({'order_id'}).agg({'order_id'}).agg({'order_id'}).agg({'order_id'}).agg({'order_id'}).agg({'order_id'}).agg({'order_id'}).agg({'order_id'}).agg({'order_id'}).agg({'order_id'}).agg({'order_id'}).agg({'order_id'}).agg({'order_id'}).agg({'order_id'}).agg({'order_id'}).agg({'order_id'}).agg({'order_id'}).agg({'order_id'}).agg({'order_id'}).agg({'order_id'}).agg({'order_id'}).agg({'order_id'}).agg({'order_id'}).agg({'order_id'}).agg({'order_id'}).agg({'order_id'}).agg({'order_id'}).agg({'order_id'}).agg({'order_id'}).agg({'order_id'}).agg({'order_id'}).agg({'order_id'}).agg({'order_id'}).agg({'order_id'}).agg({'order_id'}).agg({'order_id'}).agg({'order_id'}).agg({'order_id'}).agg({'order_id'}).agg({'order_id'}).agg({'order_id'}).agg({'order_id'}).agg({'order_id'}).agg({
```

- 2. Analyze seasonality and trends
- 3. Build ARIMA/SARIMA models:

```
python
```

```
# Example time series modeling with statsmodels
# from statsmodels.tsa.statespace.sarimax import SARIMAX
#
# model = SARIMAX(time_series_data, order=(1, 1, 1), seasonal_order=(1, 1, 1, 12))
# results = model.fit()
```

4. Evaluate forecast accuracy

## Phase 4: Results Compilation and Report Writing (3 days: April 30-May 2)

# **Day 13: Finalizing Analyses and Visualizations**

### **Team Member Assignment: ALL**

- 1. Create final visualizations for each research question:
  - Delivery performance factors visualization
  - Customer segment profiles and geographical distribution

- Time series forecasts and seasonal patterns
- 2. Prepare result tables and summary statistics

### **Day 14: Report Writing and Submission**

### **Team Member Assignment: ALL**

- 1. Write the final report with the following structure:
  - Introduction and problem statement
  - Dataset description
  - Methodology
  - Results and discussion for each research question
  - Conclusions and business recommendations
  - References
  - Appendix with code snippets and additional visualizations
- 2. Review report for clarity and completeness
- 3. Submit final project by May 2nd deadline

## **Task Division Strategy**

#### **Tanishk**

- Lead on delivery performance analysis
- Contribute to time series forecasting
- Coordinate GitHub repository maintenance

### **Kritvirya**

- Support delivery performance analysis
- Lead data cleaning and integration
- Contribute to report writing

#### **Kanit**

- Lead customer segmentation
- Support product association analysis
- Create customer segment visualizations

#### Umesh

- Lead product association analysis
- Support customer segmentation
- Contribute to time series forecasting

#### **Recommended Tools and Libraries**

### **Data Handling**

- pandas (data manipulation)
- numpy (numerical operations)

#### Visualization

- matplotlib (basic plotting)
- seaborn (statistical visualizations)
- plotly (interactive visualizations)

## **Machine Learning**

- scikit-learn (general ML algorithms)
- mlxtend (association rules mining)

# **Time Series Analysis**

- statsmodels (ARIMA/SARIMA models)
- prophet (alternative forecasting tool)

## **Development**

- Jupyter Notebooks (exploratory analysis)
- GitHub (version control)
- Google Colab or AWS (if larger computing resources needed)

#### **Best Practices**

- 1. Code Documentation: Comment code thoroughly and maintain a consistent style
- 2. **Regular Commits**: Commit changes to GitHub frequently with clear messages
- 3. **Peer Review**: Review each other's code and analysis
- 4. **Daily Check-ins**: Brief team meetings to discuss progress and challenges
- 5. **Backup Data**: Maintain backup copies of processed datasets

- 6. **Modular Code**: Create reusable functions for common operations
- 7. **Progress Tracking**: Maintain a shared document to track progress on tasks

## **Expected Challenges and Solutions**

### 1. Data Quality Issues:

• Solution: Implement robust data validation and cleaning procedures

#### 2. Computational Limitations:

• Solution: Use sampling techniques or cloud computing resources

#### 3. Feature Selection:

• Solution: Use domain knowledge and statistical tests to identify relevant features

#### 4. Model Selection:

• Solution: Test multiple models and use cross-validation

### 5. Time Management:

Solution: Stick to the timeline and adjust scope if necessary

Good luck with your project!