

Roll No: Subject Code: KOE082

BTECH (SEM VIII) THEORY EXAMINATION 2021-22 BIO MEDICAL SIGNAL PROCESSING

Time: 3 Hours Total Marks: 100

Notes: Assume any missing data.

SECTION-A

Q.1 Attempt all parts. Write answer of each part in short.

 $(2 \times 10=20)$

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- (a) Enumerate different types of biomedical transducer?
- (b) Define the terms: bradycardia, tachycardia and arrhythmia in electrocardiography.
- (c) What is ERG?
- (d) Define Joint probability
- (e) Write the name of different biomedical signal.
- (f) Enumerate the differences between direct and indirect measurement of blood pressure.
- (g) What does maximum entropy method state?
- (h) Name and explain the type of amplifier used in ECG that amplifies the ECG signal while not essentially amplifying the disturbance signal.
- (i) What are the different patterns of brain wave?
- (j) What you mean by EP estimation?

SECTION-B

Q.2 Attempt any three questions from this section.

 $(10 \times 3 = 30)$

- (a) What is most common artifact observed in ambulatory ECG? Explain
- (b) Propose an algorithm to detect QRS complexes in an ongoing ECG signal.
- (c) Explain how time frequency analysis is helpful in biomedical signal processing
- (d) Discuss the electric activity of the heart. What is the significance of the Einthoven's triangle?
- (e) Design a low pass filter using Kaiser window.
- (f) Write short notes on:
 - i. Use of MATLAB on biomedical signals.
 - ii. Laser applications in bio-medical field.

SECTION-C

Q.3 Attempt any one questions from this section.

 $(10 \times 1=10)$

- (a) After applying the AZTEC algorithm to a signal, the saved data array is {2, 50, -4, 30, -6, 50, -6, 30, -4, 50, 2, 50}.
 - i. Draw the waveform that AZTEC would reconstruct from these data.
 - ii. What is the amount of data reduction?
 - iii. What is the peak-to-peak amplitude of a signal reconstructed from these data?
- (b) Explain the principles of Adaptive noise canceller with an example.

Q.4 Attempt any one questions from this section.

 $(10 \times 1=10)$

- (a) Given a biomedical signal, identify discrete signal epochs and correlate them with events in the related physiological processes.
- (b) Explain briefly the different methods used for EEG analysis by spectral estimation



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Q.5 Explain any one questions from this section.

 $(10 \times 1 = 10)$

- (a) The details about auto correlation and cross correlation.
- (b) Write short note on Analog to Digital conversion.

Q.6 Explain any one questions from this section.

 $(10 \times 1 = 10)$

(a) The input of a casual linear shift-invariant system is

$$x(n) = u(-n-1) + \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n u(n).$$

The Z-transform of the output of this system is

$$y(z) = \frac{\frac{-1}{2}z^{-1}}{\left(1 - \frac{1}{2}z^{-1}\right)(1 + z^{-1})}$$

Find the system function H(z) of the filter.

(b) Explain the principles of Adaptive noise canceller with suitable example

Q.7 Explain any one questions from this section.

 $(10 \times 1 = 10)$

(a) The table below shows a set of 20 data points of an ECG sampled with an 8-bit analog-to-digital converter.

Number	Frequency	Huffman
	of	code
	occurrence	
-10	2	
0	10	\sim
10	3	0. V
20	4	٧, ٥,
60	1	0

- (i) Draw a Huffman binary tree including the probabilities of occurrence for this set of data.
- (ii) From the binary tree, assign appropriate Huffman codes to the numbers in the data array.
- (b) Write short note on Wavelet detection and Adaptive wavelet detection.