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Subject : DV Assignment - 5

Assignment-5

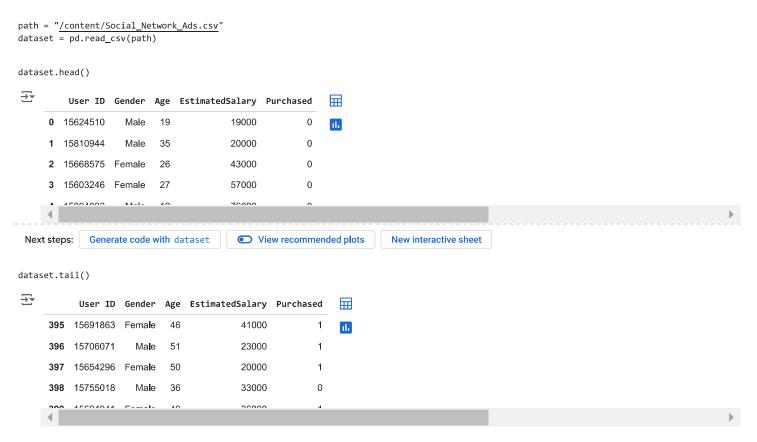
Implement logistic regression using Python/R to perform classification on Social_Network_Ads.csv dataset

Dataset link: https://www.kaggle.com/datasets/akram24/social-network-ads

Importing Libraries

```
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import pandas as pd
```

Creating a dataframe & EDA



dataset.describe()



Logistic Regression

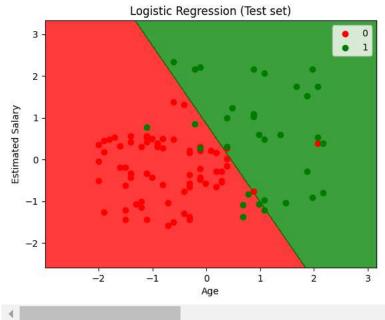
```
X = dataset.iloc[:, [2, 3]].values
y = dataset.iloc[:, 4].values
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size = 0.25, random_state = 0)
# Feature Scaling
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
sc = StandardScaler()
X_train = sc.fit_transform(X_train)
X_test = sc.transform(X_test)
from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
log_reg = LogisticRegression(random_state = 0)
log_reg.fit(X_train, y_train)
y_pred = log_reg.predict(X_test)
  # Confusion Matrix
from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix
cm = confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred)
from matplotlib.colors import ListedColormap
X_set, y_set = X_train, y_train
 \textbf{X1, X2} = \texttt{np.meshgrid(np.arange(start = X\_set[:, 0].min() - 1, stop = X\_set[:, 0].max() + 1, step = 0.01), } 
np.arange(start = X_set[:, 1].min() - 1, stop = X_set[:,1].max() + 1, step = 0.01))
\verb|plt.contourf(X1, X2, log_reg.predict(np.array([X1.ravel(), X2.ravel()]).T).reshape(X1.shape), 1, Institute of the property of the property
alpha = 0.75, cmap = ListedColormap(('red', 'green')))
plt.xlim(X1.min(), X1.max())
plt.ylim(X2.min(), X2.max())
for i, j in enumerate(np.unique(y_set)):
    plt.scatter(X_set[y_set == j, 0], X_set[y_set == j, 1],
     c = ListedColormap(('red', 'green'))(i), label = j)
plt.title('Logistic Regression (Training set)')
plt.xlabel('Age')
plt.ylabel('Estimated Salary')
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```

<ipython-input-17-6cd9ba3d20df>:10: UserWarning: *c* argument looks like a single numeric RGB or RGBA sequence, which should be avoided
plt.scatter(X_set[y_set == j, 0], X_set[y_set == j, 1],

```
Run cell (Ctrl+Enter)
cell executed since last change
executed by TANISHQ THUSE
9:35 PM (0 minutes ago)
executed in 1.034s
```

```
X_set, y_set = X_test, y_test
X1, X2 = np.meshgrid(np.arange(start = X_set[:, 0].min() - 1, stop = X_set[:, 0].max() + 1, step = 0.01),
np.arange(start = X_set[:, 1].min() - 1, stop = X_set[:, 1].max() + 1, step = 0.01))
plt.contourf(X1, X2, log_reg.predict(np.array([X1.ravel(), X2.ravel()]).T).reshape(X1.shape),
alpha = 0.75, cmap = ListedColormap(('red', 'green')))
plt.xlim(X1.min(), X1.max())
plt.ylim(X2.min(), X2.max())
for i, j in enumerate(np.unique(y_set)):
    plt.scatter(X_set[y_set == j, 0], X_set[y_set == j, 1],
        c = ListedColormap(('red', 'green'))(i), label = j)
plt.title('Logistic Regression (Test set)')
plt.xlabel('Age')
plt.ylabel('Estimated Salary')
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```

<ipython-input-18-707d4e291116>:9: UserWarning: *c* argument looks like a single numeric RGB or RGBA sequence, which should be avoided a
plt.scatter(X_set[y_set == j, 0], X_set[y_set == j, 1],



Calculating the accuracy score
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
accuracy = accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred)
print("Logistic Regression model accuracy (in %):", accuracy * 100)

→ Logistic Regression model accuracy (in %): 89.0