

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

```
dfx = pd.read_csv("/content/Diabetes_XTrain.csv")
dfy = pd.read_csv("/content/Diabetes_YTrain.csv")
print(dfx.shape)
print(dfy.shape)
print(dfx.head())
print(dfy.head())
print(dfx.columns)
```

```
↳ (576, 8)
   (576, 1)
      Pregnancies  Glucose  BloodPressure  ...  BMI  DiabetesPedigreeFunction  A
0                7      168             88  ...  38.2                0.787
1                8      110             76  ...  27.8                0.237
2                7      147             76  ...  39.4                0.257
3                2      100             66  ...  32.9                0.867
4                4      129             86  ...  35.1                0.231

[5 rows x 8 columns]
Outcome
0      1
1      0
2      1
3      1
4      0
Index(['Pregnancies', 'Glucose', 'BloodPressure', 'SkinThickness', 'Insulin',
      'BMI', 'DiabetesPedigreeFunction', 'Age'],
      dtype='object')
```

```
X = dfx.values
Y = dfy.values.reshape(-1,)
print(X.shape)
print(Y.shape)
```

```
↳ (576, 8)
   (576,)
```

Step 2:--> splitting the dataset into training and testing

```
split = int(0.80*X.shape[0])
x_tr,y_tr = X[:split,:],Y[:split]
x_te,y_te = X[split:,:],Y[split:]
```

```
print(x_tr.shape,y_tr.shape)
print(x_te.shape,y_te.shape)
```

```
↳ (460, 8) (460,)
   (116, 8) (116,)
```

Step 3:--> Knn algorithm and it's implementation

```
def dist(x1,x2):
    return np.sqrt(sum((x1-x2)**2))
```

```
def knn(x_tr,y_tr,q_pt,k=5):
    vals = []
    m = x_tr.shape[0]
    d = 0.0
    for i in range(m):
        d = dist(x_tr[i],q_pt)
        vals.append((d,y_tr[i]))
    vals = sorted(vals)
    vals = vals[:k]
    print(vals)
    vals = np.array(vals)
    new_vals = np.unique(vals[:,1],return_counts=True)
    print(new_vals)
    index = new_vals[1].argmax()
    return new_vals[0][index]
```

```
pred = knn(x_tr,y_tr,x_te[5])
org = y_te[5]
if pred==org:
    print("correct prediction:--")
    print(pred)
else:
    print("wrong prediction:---")
```

```
↳ [(10.493913712242922, 0), (11.753542487267403, 0), (12.160163814686051, 0), (1
(array([0., 1.]), array([3, 2]))
correct prediction:--
0.0
```

```
print(x_tr[0].shape)
print(y_tr[0])
print(type(x_tr))
print(type(y_tr))
```

```
↳ (8,)
1
<class 'numpy.ndarray'>
<class 'numpy.ndarray'>
```

```
plt.figure(figsize=(15,15))
plt.bar(dfx.columns,x_te[5],label=pred)
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```

```
↳
```



