

## Mathematical Constants

\* math.pi

out - 3.141592653589793

\* math.e

out - 2.718281828459045

\* math.log(10)

out - 2.302585092999046

\* math.log(100, 10)

out - 2.0

## Trigonometric Functions

\* math.sin(10)

out - 0.5440211108893698

\* math.degrees(pi/2)

out - 90°

\* math.radians(180)

out - 3.141592653589793

\* import random

random.randit(0, 100)

out - 3

\* random.seed(10)

random.randit(0, 100)

out - 74

\* mylist = list(range(0, 20))

my list

out [0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19]

random choice (my best)

out - 12

Class - 21

Dt - 01/04/2023

working with PyPDF2

import PyPDF2

for installation (pip install PyPDF2)

f = open('Working-Business-Proposal.Pdf', 'rb')

pdf\_reader = PyPDF2.PdfFileReader(f)

pdf\_reader.numPages

- 5  
\* page\_one = pdf\_reader.getPage(0).extractText()

- we can then extract the text

\* page\_one\_text = page\_one.extractText()

\* page\_one\_text int! (Then show the things inside Pdf)

\* f.close()

Adding to PDFs

f = open('Working-Business-Proposal.Pdf', 'rb')

pdf\_reader = PyPDF2.PdfFileReader(f)

first\_page = pdf\_reader.getPage(0)

pdf\_writer = PyPDF2.PdfFileWriter()

pdf\_writer.addPage(first\_page)

pdf\_output = open("Some\_New\_Doc.Pdf", "wb")

pdf\_writer.write(pdf\_output)

pdf\_writer.close()

Simple Ex-  
Let's try to grab all the text from this PDF file.

f = open('Working-Business-Proposal.Pdf', 'rb')

pdf\_text = []

pdf\_reader = PyPDF2.PdfFileReader(f)

for p in range(pdf\_reader.numPages):

page = pdf\_reader.getPage(p)

pdf\_text.append(page.extractText())

\* Pdf\_text

out - all text from pdf.

## Email Sending & receiving from Python:

import smtplib

\* smtp\_object = smtplib.SMTP('smtp.gmail.com', 587)

47 587  
not work  
the 465

\* smtp\_object.ehlo()

out - 250 (that means connection successful)

\* smtp\_object.starttls()

out - (220, b'2.0.0 Ready to start TLS')

(end to end encryption)  
(so no one can decode)

\* import getpass  
email = getpass.getpass("Enter your email: ")

password = getpass.getpass("Enter your password: ")

smtp\_object.login(email, password)

\* from\_address = getpass.getpass("Enter your email: ")

to\_address = getpass.getpass("Enter the email of the recipient: ")

subject = input("Enter the subject line: ")

message = input("Type out the message you want to send: ")

msg = "Subject: " + subject + "\n" + message

smtp\_object.sendmail(from\_address, to\_address, msg)

out:- Enter your email:

Enter the email of the recipient:

Enter the subject line: This is a test

Type out the message you want to send: Here is the message

## Received - Emails

import ~~imap~~ smtplib

m = imaplib.IMAP4\_SSL('imap.gmail.com')

import getpass

user = input("Enter your email: ")

password = getpass.getpass("Enter your password: ")

- Enter your password:

m.login("user", "password")

m.list()

out: ('ok')

[b'(\\HasNoChildren) / "INBOX",

"Personal",

"Receipts",

"Sent",

"Trash",

# Connect to your inbox

m.select("inbox")

out: ('ok', [b'28297'])

\* typ, data = m.search(None, 'SUBJECT "this is a test email  
for python"')

\* typ \* data

- OK - [b'28298']

\* result, email-data = m.fetch(data[0], "(RFC822)")

\* raw-email = email-data[0][1]

\* raw-email-string = raw-email.decode('utf-8')

import email

email-message = email.message\_from\_string(raw-email-string)

for part in email-message.walk():

if part.get\_content\_type() == "text/plain":

body = part.get\_payload(decode=True)

print(body)

out: b'This is a test to see if the Python search worked.\n'

Class-22

Dt-02/04/2023

## Creating a Decorator

def new\_decorator(func):

def wrap\_func(\*args):

func(\*args)

Print ("Code would be here, before executing the func")

Print ("Code will execute after the func")

return wrap\_func

def func\_needs\_decorator():

Print ("The function is in need of a decorator")

\* `func_needs_decorator()`

out - This function is in need of a Decorator

\* `func_needs_decorator = new_decorator(func_needs_decorator)`

\* `func_needs_decorator()`

out! This function is in need of a Decorator

Code would be here, before executing the func None  
Code here will execute after the func()

\* `@new_decorator`

`def func_needs_decorator():`  
 `print("This function is in need of a Decorator")`

`func_needs_decorator()`

out! (the function) `None` = `print("None")`

## Generator

`def genfibon(n):`

''' Generate a fibonacci sequence up to n '''

`a = 1`

`b = 1`

`for i in range(n):`

`yield a`

`a, b = b, a+b`

`for num in genfibon(10):`

`print(num)`

out:

1

1

2

3

5

8

13

21

34

55

```
* page-still-valid = True
page-still-valid = True
authors = set()
page = 1
while page-still-valid:
    page_url = url + str(page)
    res = requests.get(page_url)
    if "No quotes found!" in res.text:
        break
    soup = bs4.BeautifulSoup(res.text, 'lxml')
    for name in soup.select(".author"):
        authors.add(name.text)
```

\* authors

ont - { Albert Einstein  
          ' Alexandre Dum

## Working with Pillar Library

## Opening images

```
* from PIL import Image  
* mac = Image.open('example.jpg')  
* type(mac)  
out- PIL.JpegImagePlugin.JpegImageFile
```

6L- Image is come

## image information

\* mac. size

out - (1993, 1257)

\* mac.filename

ad-exempl. JPG

\* mac. format - description  
out - 'JPEG (ISO 10918)'

- authors

out - Only on authors name come { 'Albert Einstein',  
'Andre Gide', etc }

\* quotes = [ ]

for quote in soup.select('.text'):

- quotes

out - [ "The world as we have created it is a process of out thinking  
etc. ]

\* soup = bs4. BeautifulSoup(res.text, 'xml')

soup.select('.tag-item')

out -

\* for item in soup.select('.tag-item'):  
print(item.text)

out - love

inspirational etc.

(Assuming You know Number of Pages)

url = 'http://quotes.toscrape.com/page/'

authors = set()

for page in range(1, 10):

# concatenate to get new page URL

page\_url = url + str(page)

# Obtain Request

res = requests.get(page\_url)

# Turn into soup

soup = bs4. BeautifulSoup(res.text, 'xml')

# Add Authors to out set

for name in soup.select('.author'):

authors.add(name.text)

```

* def simple_gen():
    for x in range(5):
        yield x
    next()

too)
g = simple_gen()
out: <generator object simple_gen at 0x7fc35162aa50>
print(next(g))
0
print(next(g))
1
print(next(g))
2
print(next(g))
3
print(next(g))
4


```

```

* s = 'hello'
too let i in s:
    print(let)
out- h
      e
      l
      l
      o
- next(s)
out- TypeError
- s_iter = iter(s)
      s_iter
out- <str_iterator at 0x7fc34075c7f0>
next(s_iter)
'n'
next(s_iter)
'e'


```

## Web - Scraping

```

import requests
import bs4          # beautiful soup 4
res = requests.get("http://quotes.toscrape.com/")
res.text
out- the quotes. to scrape page open in html formate
soup = bs4.BeautifulSoup(res.text, 'lxml')
soup.select('.author')
out: Ans only .author name comes from that page
* authors = set()
for name in soup.select('.author'):
    authors.add(name.text)


```

## Cropping images

```
* mac.crop(0,0,100,100)
```

## Copying & Pasting Images

```
computer = mac.crop((x,y,w,h))
```

```
mac.paste (dm=computer, box=(0,0))
```

```
mac
```

```
out -
```

## Rotate()

```
Pencils.rotate(120)
```

```
out -
```

Class-23 Dt-03/04/2023

## JSON

```
import json # json-Javascript object notation
from difflib import get_close_matches
data = json.load(open("data.json")) # difflib class vs data comparison
def translate(w):
    w = w.lower()
    if w in data:
        return data[w]
    elif w.title() in data:
        return data[w.title()]
    elif w.upper() in data:
        return data[w.upper()]
    else:
        len(get_close_matches(w, data.keys(),)) > 0:
            yn = input ("Did you mean %s instead? Enter Y if yes, or N if no: " % get_close_matches)
            if yn == "Y":
                return data[get_close_matches(w, data.keys())[0]]
            elif yn == "N":
                return "The word doesn't exist. Please double check it."
        else:
            return "The word doesn't exist. Please double check it."
```

```

else:
    return "We didn't understand your entry."
else:
    return "The word doesn't exist. Please double check."
word = input("Enter word: ")
output = translate(word)
if type(output) == list:
    for item in output:
        print(item)
else:
    print(output)

```

out:- Enter word: Rome

The capital

## GUI - Graphical User Interface:-

import ipywidgets as widgets

for item in widgets.Widget.widget\_type.items():
 print(item[0][2][-5])

Layout Model	DescriptionStyle	Label	vBox
Accordion	DirectionalLink	Link	valid
Auto	Dropdown	Password	video
BoundedFloatText	FileUpload	Play	Output
BoundedIntText	FloatSlider	progressStyle	
Box	FloatProgress	RadioButtons	
Button	FloatRangeSlider	Select	
ButtonStyle	FloatSlider	SelectMultiple	
Check Box	FloatText	selectionRangeSlider	
ColorPicker	GridBox	selectionSlider	
ComboBox	HBox	SliderStyle	
ControllerAxis	HTMLMath	Tab	
ControllerButton	HTML	Text	
Controller	Image	TextArea	
DOMWidget	IntProgress	ToggleButton	
DatePicker	IntRangeSlider	ToggleButton	
	IntSlider	ToggleButtonsStyle	
	IntText	<del>Text</del>	

### BoundedIntText

```
widgets.BoundedIntText()
    value = 87,
    min = 0,
    max = 100,
    step = 1,
    description = 'Text: ',
    disabled = False
)
out Text: 
```

### BoundedFloatText

→ same

#### IntText

```
widgets.IntText()
    value = 70,
    description = 'Any: ',
    disabled = False
)
```

out: Any:

#### floatText

same

### Toggle Button

```
widgets.ToggleButton()
    value = True,
    description = 'click me',
    disabled = False,
    button_style = 'success',
    # success, info, warning, danger
    tooltip = 'Description',
    icon = 'check'
)
out:  click me
```

### Check box

```
widget.Checkbox()
    value = False,
    description = 'click the button',
    disabled = False
)
out  click the button
```

### valid

```
widgets.valid()
    value = False,
    description = 'Valid',
    )
out: Valid! 
```

### Dropdown

```
widgets.Dropdown()
    option = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5],
    value = 2,
    description = 'Enter the value',
    disabled = False,
)
out: Enter the value 
```

### widget.Dropdown

```
option = {'One': 1, 'Two': 2, 'Three': 3},
value = 3,
description = 'Number:',
)
out: Number: 
```

## IntSlider

widgets. IntSlider(

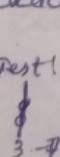
value = 50,  
 min = 20,  
 max = 80,  
 step = 5,  
 description = 'TEST',  
 disabled = False,  
 continuous\_update = False,  
 orientation = 'horizontal',  
 readout = True,  
 readout\_format = '%d'

)  
out: TEST — o — 50

## IntRangeSlider

widgets. IntRangeSlider(

value = [3, 7],  
 min = 0,  
 max = 10,  
 step = 1,  
 description = 'Test:',  
 disable = False  
 continuous\_update = False,  
 orientation = 'vertical',  
 readout = True,  
 readout\_format = '%d'

)  
out:  


## IntProgress

widgets. IntProgress(

value = 7,  
 min = 0,  
 max = 10,  
 step = 1,  
 description = 'Bar',  
 bar\_style = 'warning',  
 orientation = 'horizontal'

## FloatSlider

widgets. FloatSlider(

value = 7.5,  
 min = 0,  
 max = 10.0,  
 step = 0.1,  
 description = 'Test:',  
 disabled = False,  
 continuous\_update = False,  
 orientation = 'horizontal',  
 readout = True,  
 readout\_format = '.1f',

out: Test — o — 7.5

## FloatRangeSlider

widgets. FloatRangeSlider(

value = [3.7, 8.7],  
 min = 0,  
 max = 10.0,  
 step = 0.1,  
 description = 'Test:',  
 disabled = False,  
 continuous\_update = False,  
 orientation = 'horizontal',  
 readout = True,  
 readout\_format = '.2f',  
 readout\_format = '.2f',

out: text — o o — [ ]

## FloatProgress

widgets. FloatProgress(

value = 7.5,  
 min = 0,  
 max = 10.0,  
 step = 0.1,  
 description = 'Loading:',  
 bar\_style = 'success',  
 orientation = 'horizontal'

out: Loading: [ ]

## Radio Buttons

widgets. RadioButtons(

options = ['pepperoni', 'pineapple', 'anchovies'],  
 value = 'pineapple',  
 description = 'Pizza topping:',  
 disabled = False  
 )

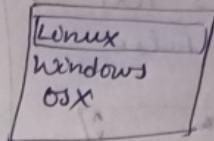
Pizza toppings --

- pepperoni
- pineapple
- anchovies

## Select

widgets. Select(

option = ['Linux', 'Windows', 'osx'],  
 value = 'osx',  
 rows = 10,  
 description = 'OS:',  
 disabled = False  
 )



## SelectionSlider

widgets. SelectionSlider(

option = ['scrambled', 'sunny side up', 'poached', 'over easy'],  
 value = 'sunny side up',  
 description = 'I like my eggs ...',  
 disabled = False,

continuous\_update = False,

orientation = 'horizontal',

readout = True

I like my eggs. ————— scrambled

## SelectionRangeSlider

import datetime

dates = [datetime.date(2015, i, 1) for i in range(1, 13)]

options = [i.strftime('%b'), i] for i in dates]

widgets. SelectionRangeSlider(

options = options,

slider = (0, 11),

description = 'Months (2015)',

disabled = False

Months (2015) ————— 0 Jan-Dec

### Text

widgets.Text(

value = 'Hello Word',

Placeholder = 'Type Something',

description = 'Strong:',

disabled = False

attr strong:

### Textarea

widget.Textarea(

value = 'Hello World'

Placeholder = 'Type Something',

description = 'Strong:',

disabled = False

out: strong: