# Automata Cheon. - S.E. Sem-[V (CBGs). I.T. Jane 2014.

### QP Code: NP-19812

(3 Hours) [ Total Marks: 80 N.B.: (1) Question No. 1is compulsory. Solve any three questions from remaining questions. (2) (3) Draw suitable diagrams wherever necessary. (4) Assume suitable data, if necessary. 1. (a) Design a DFA to accept strings over the alphabet  $\sum = \{a,b\}$  containing even (b) Let G be the grammar. Find the leftmost derivation, rightmost derivation and parse tree for the expression a\*b+a\*b G:  $S \rightarrow S + S \mid S * S$  $S \rightarrow a \mid b$ (c) Give formal definition of a Push Down Automata (PDA) 5 (d) State and explain closure properties of regular languages. 5 2. (a) Design a DFA to accept 10 Binary strings in which every 0 is followed by 11 (ii) Strings over the binary alphabet that do not contain the substring 010 (b) Design a Mealy machine over the alphabet {0,1} which outputs EVEN,ODD according to the number of 1's encountered as even or odd. 3. (a) (a) Using pumping lemma prove that the following language is not regular 10  $L = \{ ww | w \in \{0, 1\}^* \}$ (b) Design a NFA for accepting input strings that contain either the keyword 000 10 or the keyword 019 and convert it into an equivalent DFA. 4. (a) Construct a PDA accepting the following language  $L = \{a^n b^m a^n \mid m,n > = 1\}$ 10 (b) Design a Turing machine to recognize the language  $L = \{a^n b^n a^n \mid n \ge 1\}$ 10 TURN OVER Con. 12999-14. QP Code: NP-19812 . 2 5. (a) Explain algorithm for the conversion of a Context Free Grammar ( CFG) to Chomsky Normal Form (CNF) and use it to convert the following CFG to CNF  $S \rightarrow bA \mid aB$  $A \rightarrow bAA \mid aS \mid a$  $B \rightarrow aBB \mid bS \mid b$ (b) Convert the following Context Free Grammar to GNF  $S \rightarrow AB \mid BC$ 

 $A \rightarrow AB \mid a$   $B \rightarrow AA \mid CB \mid b$   $C \rightarrow a \mid b$ 6. Write short notes on (any two)

(a) Variants of a Turing Machine(b) Post Correspondence Problem(c) Chomsky Hierarchy

(d) Recursive and recursively enumerable languages

20

QP Code: 3654 Duration: 3 hours Total marks: 80 (2) Attempt any three questions from remaining questions (3) Draw suitable diagrams wherever necessary (4) Assume suitable data, if necessary. Q1. Attempt any four sub-questions. (a) Design a DFA to accept only those strings containing a substring 'aa'. (b) Design a Moore machine for a binary adder. (c) Give formal definition of a Push Down Automata. (d) Construct a Context Free Grammar for the language with equal number of a's and b's. (05) substring 010. (b) Convert the following NFA to a reduced DFA (10) Q3. (a) What is a Mealy machine Design a mealy machine to determine the residue mod 5 (10) (b) Using pumping lemma prove that the following language is not regular  $L = \{ a^n b^n c^n \mid n >= 0 \}$ 

JP-Con. 11739-15.

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QP Code: 3654

(b) Design a Turing machine to recognize the language

L= {1"2"3" | n >= 1}

Q5 (a) What is a Greibach Normal Form (GNF ). Convert the following CFG to GNF

(10)

S → Sab | Sba | e

- (a) Variants of Turing Machines
- (b) Recursive and Recursively enumerable languages (c) Chomsky Hierarchy (d) Halting Problem

JP-Con. 11739-15.

# I.T. Sem. IV

#### T1624 / T1079 AUTOMATA THEORY

#### Q.P.Code:09966

Total marks: 80 **Duration: 3 hours** Note (1) Question No. 1 is compulsory (2) Attempt any three questions from remaining questions (3) Draw suitable diagrams wherever necessary (4) Assume suitable data, if necessary Q 1. (a) Write regular expression to denote a language L which accepts all the strings (05)which begin or end with either 00 or 11. (b) Convert the given CFG to CNF (05) S→aSa|bSb|a|b (05)(c) Difference between FA and PDA (d) Design moore machine to convert each occurrence of 111 to 101 (05) Q 2. (a) Construct NFA with epsilon which accept a language consisting the string of any (10) number of a's followed by any number of b's followed by any number of c's. Also convert it into NFA without epsilon. (b) Design a DFA corresponding to regular expression  $(a+b)^{\bullet}$  aba  $(a+b)^{\bullet}$  . (10)

Q 3 (a) Use pumping lemma prove that whether following language is regular or not (10)

 $(a^nb^nc^n|n>=1)$ 

(b) Explain Chomsky's Hierarchy (10)

Q 4 (a) Define context free grammar. Obtain the CFG for the following regular

expression: (10)

(110 + 11) (10)

(c) Halting Problem

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## T1624 / T1079 AUTOMATA THEORY

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(b) Convert given CFG to CNF

(10)  $S \rightarrow ASB \mid \varepsilon$   $B \rightarrow SbS \mid A \mid bb$   $A \rightarrow aAS \mid a$ Q 5 (a) Design a PDA to accept the language  $\{L = a^m b^m c^n \mid m, n > = 1\}$ (b) Construct TM for  $L = \{a^n b^n c^n \mid n > = 1\}$ (10)

Q 6 Write short notes on (Any two)

(a) Post Correspondence Problem

(b) Recursive and Recursively enumerable languages

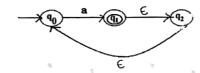
Automata Theory -

(3 Hours)

(Total Marks: 80

NB: (1) Question no. 1 is compulsory.

- (2) Solve any Three questions from remaining questions.
- (3) Draw diagrams wherever necessary.
- What is the complement of the language accepted by the NFA shown below? Assume S = {a} and c is the empty string.



What is the minimum number of states needed in a DFA to recognize L?

- (c) What is Multi-Tape Turing Machine?
- Design Mealy Machine to convent each occurrence of substring 1000 by 1001. (d)
- State that whether a following Language is Regular or not. (e)
- 1)  $L=\{WW^R \mid |W|=2 \text{ over } \sum_{i=1}^{n} \{a,b\}\}$ 3
- $L=\{WW^R \mid W\epsilon(a,b)^*\}$ 2)
- 2 (a) Give formal definition of a Turing Machine.
- Write a regular expression for the following languages, over sigma={a,b}. 10
  - 1. Seventh symbol from right must be a.
  - 2. Every second character is b.
  - 3. Exactly one ab.
  - (e) Explain Chomsky Hierarchy.

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QP Code :549701

- 3 (a) Construct a TM for accepting Even palindromes. 10 (b) Design PDA For recognizing L= $\{a^n b^{2n+1} \mid n>=1\}$ 10
- Convert the following grammar to Chomsky Normal Form. Show all the relevant 10 steps briefly. S --->bA | aB

  - A-->bAA|aS|a B-->aBB|bS|b

  - Give the technical strategy to convert CFG to GNF. Convert the following grammar to GNF.

S-AA a A →SS |b

- the differences bety
  - Construct NFA, DFA for the regular Expression R=ab(a+b)+abb. Obtain minimized 7 DFA.
  - (c) Give formal definition of a Push Down Automata(PDA).
- Write short notes on:- (Any Two)

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- (a) Unsolvable problems
- Recursive and Recursively enumerable languages. **(b)**
- Simplification Of CFG.

Q.P. Code: 25530

Duration: 3 hours Total marks: 80

Note (1) Question No. 1 is compulsory

- (2) Attempt any three questions from remaining questions
- (3) Draw suitable diagrams wherever necessary
- (4) Assume suitable data, if necessary

Q 1. (a) Construct a DFA that accepts all the strings on {0, 1} except those containing	(05)
the substring 010.	

- (b) Find the CFG for the regular expression (11)\*(010+01)\*. (05)
- (c) Write short note on Chomsky Hierarchy. (05)
- (d) Give formal definition on NFA with epsilon. (05)
- Q 2. (a) Write NFA for accepting regular Expression (b+ab)\*(ba\*+b). (10)
  - (b) Design a Moore and Mealy machine for a binary input sequence such that if it has a substring 010 the machine outputs A if input has substring 101 it outputs B otherwise it outputs C.
- Q 3 (a) Use pumping lemma to show that the set of palindromes is not a regular (10)

  Language. (palindrome is a string that equals its own reverse, such as 0110).
  - (b) Minimize the following DFA where  $q_0$  is a start state and  $q_1$ ,  $q_2$  and  $q_4$  are final states. (10)

д	0	1
q o	93	q ı
q ı	92	9 5
<b>q</b> <sub>2</sub>	<b>q</b> 2	<b>q</b> 5
<b>q</b> 3	q o	q 4
<b>q</b> 4	q <sub>2</sub>	q s
0.5	0.5	0.

Page 1 of 2
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Q.P. Code: 25530

Q 4 (a) Explain rules for simplification of CFG. (10)

(b) Convert given CFG to CNF (10)

S→ASB | ε

B →SbS | A | bb

A→aAS | a

Q 5 (a) Design a PDA to accept the language  $\{L = \mathbf{n}^m \mathbf{b}^m \mathbf{c}^n \mid \mathbf{m}, \mathbf{n} \ge 1\}$  (10)

(b) Construct TM for checking well formness of the parenthesis.

Q 6 Write short notes on (Any two) (20)

- (a) Pumping Lemma for Regular Languages
- (b) Universal Turing Machine.
- (c) Unsolvable Problems

QP Code : 5419

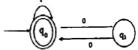
(3 Hours)

[ Total Marks: 80

N. B.: (1) Question No. 1 is compulsory.

- (2) Attempt any four questions from the entire paper.
- (3) Draw diagrams wherever necessary.

I. (a) (2) Explain if the following machine M is a DFA? Is it NFA? Write formally a definition for this M.



 (b) Design moore machine to convert each occurrence of 100 to 101
 (c) Write a CFG to generate strings Starting and ending with different letter over the Σ ={a,b} over the  $\Sigma = \{a,b\}$ 

(d) What is Multi-Tape Turing Machine

(e) Difference between FA and PDA

(f) Give a regular expression for the language over the alphabet  $\Sigma = \{a,b\}$  containing at most two a's. containing at most two a's.

2. (a) Construct a minimal DFA which accepts L={a^b^c | n,m,l>=0} 5

(b) State and explain Turing Machine Formalism. 5
(c) If L(r)= { aaa,aab,aba,abb,baa,bbb, find the regular expression

5 r which represents L(r).

(d) Explain Chomsky Hierarchy. 5

3. (a) Construct a TM for accepting palindromes. 10

(b) Design PDA Febrecognizing L= {ambacm+n | m,n>= 1} 10

(a) Convert the following grammar to Chomsky Normal Form. Show all 10 the relevant Steps briefly.

S-bA aB A⇒bAA | aS | a

%B→aBB | bS | b

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QP Code : 5419

(b) Convert the following Grammar G to GNF.

5. (a) State and Prove pumping lemma for regular languages and prove that

2

Trove pumping lemma for regular languages and prove that rollowing language is regular or not L={a"b" I n>=1}

(b) Construct NFA,DFA for the regular Expression R=ab(a+b)+abb.Obtain minimized DFA

Write short notes on:- (any two)

(a) Simplification OfCFG
(b) Recursive and Recursively empty (c) Universal TM
(d) Halting P

7. Write short notes on:- ( any two)

(c) Universal TM
(d) Halting Problem

Q. P. Code: 549702

		(3 Hours)	[ Total Marks : 80
N	.В. :	<ol> <li>Attempt any Four questions.</li> <li>Draw suitable diagram whenever necessary.</li> <li>Assume suitable data, if necessary.</li> </ol>	
1,	(	empt four sub questions.  (a) State applications where Automata Theory is used.  (b) What are limitations of finite automata.	5 5
		<ul><li>(c) Develop an NF A to accept strings ending with 'aba' over {</li><li>(d) Explain with example equivalence between NFA &amp; DFA.</li></ul>	a,b} 5 5
2.	(a)	(i) $S \rightarrow 0AS \mid 0$ (ii) $A \rightarrow S1A \mid SS \mid 10$ Show the leftmost and rightmost derivation for the input strip	
	(b)	given G Ambiguous?  Construct deterministic PDA to recognize anabbn, n > 0 ever{	a,b; 10
3.	(a)	Define Normal form and its types and Convert given grammar	to CNF: 10
	(b)	(i) $S \rightarrow bA \mid aB$ (ii) $A \rightarrow bAA \mid aS \mid a$ (iii) $B \rightarrow$ Define CFG and construct a CFG for $a^{2n}b^{n}$	aBB   bS   b
4.	(a) (b)	Design mealy machine to accept all strings ending with aa or Minimize given DFA-	bb 10 10
5.	(a) (b) (c)	Develope ε -NFA to accept 0 <sup>n</sup> 1 <sup>n</sup> 2 <sup>n</sup> , where n >= 0 over { 0.1 .2 Define Halting problem  Give Regular Expressions for-  (i) Binary strings containing at least one 11 & at least one  (ii) Strings with a van number of obs.	5 6
	(d)	<ul> <li>(ii) Strings with even number of a's</li> <li>(iii) Strings in which third symbol from end is 'c' over { a Describe Regular Language for given Regular Expressions</li> <li>(i) (ab+ba)*,</li> <li>(ii) 1(0+1)(0+1) (0+1) (0+1)* 0</li> </ul>	1.b.c}
6.	(a)	Write short note on - Chomsky Hierarchy	7
	(b) (c)	Explain Post correspondence problem Explain Pumping Lemma for Regular Language	7 6
	(0)	Explain Fullying Lemma for Regular Language	0