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Class: BCSE III
Assignment No: 2
Subject: Computer Network
Group: A1

Problem Statement – Implement three data link layer protocols, Stop and Wait, Go Back N Sliding Window and Selective Repeat Sliding Window for flow control.

Sender, Receiver and Channel all are independent processes. There may be multiple Transmitter and Receiver processes, but only one Channel process. The channel process introduces random delay and/or bit error while transferring frames. Define your own frame format or you may use IEEE 802.3 Ethernet frame format.

Hints: Some points you may consider in your design.

Following functions may be required in Sender.

Send: This function, invoked every time slot at the sender, decides if the sender should (1) do nothing, (2) retransmit the previous data frame due to a timeout, or (3) send a new data frame. Also, you have to consider current network time measure in time slots.

Recv_Ack: This function is invoked whenever an ACK packet is received. Need to consider network time when the ACK was received, ack_num and timestamp are the sender's sequence number and timestamp that were echoed in the ACK. This function must call the timeout function.

Timeout: This function should be called by ACK method to compute the most recent data packet's round-trip time and then re-compute the value of timeout.

Following functions may be required in Receiver.

Recv: This function at the receiver is invoked upon receiving a data frame from the sender.

Send_Ack: This function is required to build the ACK and transmit.

Sliding window: The sliding window protocols (Go-Back-N and Selective Repeat) extend the stop-and-wait protocol by allowing the sender to have multiple frames outstanding (i.e., unacknowledged) at any given time. The maximum number of unacknowledged frames at the sender cannot exceed its "window size". Upon receiving a frame, the receiver sends an ACK for the frame's sequence number. The receiver then buffers the received frames and delivers them in sequence number order to the application.

Performance metrics: Receiver Throughput (packets per time slot), RTT, bandwidth-delay product, utilization percentage.

PRE-REQUISITES

As this protocol required communication between the client and server and also required a channel to simulate injecting error like real world, we need to build a program based on socket to make that easy to implement the protocols given in the assignment.

SocketServer - *Capable of handling multiple clients and support messages passing to one client to another by maintaining a connection pool*

```
import socket
from _thread import *

# Purpose
# 1. Manage connection pool
# 2. Manage client requests
# 3. Bi-directional communication
# -> Sender can send data to Receiver
# -> Receiver can send data to Sender

class SocketServer:

    clientConnectionInstances = {}
    senderReceiver = {}
    # map of senderIp:senderPort to receiverIp:receiverPort
    # map of receiverIp:receiverPort to senderIp:senderPort

    def __init__(self, host, port):
        self.host = host
        self.port = port
        self.socket = socket.socket()

    def __repr__(self) -> str:
        return f"SocketServer({self.host}, {self.port})"

    def start(self):
        try:
            self.socket.bind((self.host, self.port))
        except socket.error as e:
            print(str(e))
        print('Server is online ...')
        self.socket.listen(5)

    def startAcceptConnections(self):
        while True:
```

```

        client, address = self.socket.accept()
        # Store client connection instance in dictionary
        SocketServer.clientConnectionInstances[f"{address[0]}:{address[1]}"] =
client
        print('Connected to: ' + address[0] + ':' + str(address[1]))
        # Start a new thread to handle client requests
        start_new_thread(SocketServer.handleClient, (address[0],
str(address[1])))

    @staticmethod
    def handleClient(clientIp, clientPort):
        address = f"{clientIp}:{clientPort}"
        # Get client connection instance from dictionary
        client = SocketServer.clientConnectionInstances[address]

        # Start listening for client requests
        while True:
            try:
                data = client.recv(1024)
                # Check whether client sent data
                if not data:
                    break
                data = data.decode('utf-8')
                # Check for special command to connect to receiver
                if str(data).startswith("connect:"):
                    splittedData = data.split(":")
                    if(len(splittedData) == 3):
                        receiverAddress = f"{splittedData[1]}:{splittedData[2]}"
                        # Check whether receiver address found
                        if receiverAddress in SocketServer.clientConnectionInstances:
                            # Check if receiver address is found in senderReceiver
map
                                if receiverAddress in SocketServer.senderReceiver or
address in SocketServer.senderReceiver:
                                    print("Already connected to receiver")
                                else:
                                    # Store in sender receiver map
                                    SocketServer.senderReceiver[address] =
receiverAddress
                                    SocketServer.senderReceiver[receiverAddress] =
address
                                    print(f"Setup done ! Sender {address} is connected to
receiver {receiverAddress}")
                                else:
                                    print(f"Receiver {receiverAddress} not found")
                                else:
                                    continue
                            # Else consider as normal data
                        else:

```

```

        # Get receiver address from senderReceiver map
        receiverAddress = None
        if address in SocketServer.senderReceiver:
            receiverAddress = SocketServer.senderReceiver[address]
        else:
            print(f"No receiver found for sender {address}")
            continue
        # Check whether receiver instance found
        receiverInstance =
SocketServer.clientConnectionInstances[receiverAddress]
        if receiverInstance is None:
            print(f"Receiver {receiverAddress} not found")
            continue
        # Send data to receiver

receiverInstance.sendall(str.encode(SocketServer.modifyData(data)))
        print(f"{address} ---> {receiverAddress} --> {data}")

    except (BrokenPipeError, ConnectionResetError, OSError):
        print(f"Receiver {receiverAddress} is offline")
        break
    except Exception as e:
        print(str(e))
        break

client.close()

if address in SocketServer.clientConnectionInstances:
    del SocketServer.clientConnectionInstances[address]

if address in SocketServer.senderReceiver:
    # Get receiver address from senderReceiver map
    receiverAddress = SocketServer.senderReceiver[address]
    # Get receiver instance from clientConnectionInstances map
    if receiverAddress in SocketServer.clientConnectionInstances:
        receiverInstance =
SocketServer.clientConnectionInstances[receiverAddress]
        receiverInstance.send(str.encode(f"disconnect:"))
        # Close receiver instance
        receiverInstance.close()
        del SocketServer.clientConnectionInstances[receiverAddress]
        del SocketServer.senderReceiver[receiverAddress]
    # Delete own address from senderReceiver map
    del SocketServer.senderReceiver[address]

print(f"Client {address} has disconnected")

```

```

@staticmethod
def modifyData(data):
    # An method to be overridden by child class
    return data

def closeAllConnections(self):
    self.socket.close()
    print("Server is offline")

# Example Code
# tmp = SocketServer(host='127.0.0.1', port=8081)
# tmp.start()
# tmp.startAcceptConnections()

```

Client - Base class to implement a client that can communicate with the server easily and send and receive messages to/from another client. It has some abstract methods which we need to implement that's different for each protocol.

```

from abc import abstractmethod
import socket
import threading
import time

```

```

class Client:
    def __init__(self, host, port):
        self.host = host
        self.port = port
        self.killed = False
        self.condition = threading.Condition()

    def connectToServer(self):
        self.sock = socket.socket(socket.AF_INET, socket.SOCK_STREAM)
        try:
            self.sock.connect((self.host, self.port))
            print('Connected to server')
        except socket.error as e:
            print(str(e))

    def startProcess(self):
        self.setupBeforeProcess()
        self.senderThread = threading.Thread(target=self.sendData)
        self.receiverThread = threading.Thread(target=self.receiveData)

```

```

        self.receiverThread.start()
        self.senderThread.start()

    @abstractmethod
    def sendData(self):
        raise NotImplementedError

    @abstractmethod
    def receiveData(self):
        raise NotImplementedError

    @abstractmethod
    def setupBeforeProcess(self):
        raise NotImplementedError

    def closeConnection(self):
        if self.killed : return
        self.killed = True
        print('Closing connection')
        self.condition.acquire()
        self.condition.notifyAll()
        self.condition.release()

        try:
            self.sock.close()
        except socket.error as e:
            print(str(e))
        print('Connection closed')

```

```

# client = Client('127.0.0.1',8081)
# client.connectToServer()
# client.closeConnection()

```

Channel - it inherited the socket server class and added the error injecting and random delay logics in it.

```

import time
from clientServer.socketServer import SocketServer
import random

class Channel(SocketServer):

```

```

errorCount = 0
def __init__(self, host, port):
    super().__init__(host, port)
    # Update modifyData static method of SocketServer with Channel's
    SocketServer.modifyData = Channel.modifyData

@staticmethod
def modifyData(data):
    # return data
    # return data
    if data in ["disconnect:"]:
        return data
    return Channel.injectErrorInData(data, loopC=1)

@staticmethod
def injectErrorInData(data, loopC=5):
    # time.sleep(random.random())
    olddata = data
    for _ in range(loopC):
        random_bit_location = random.randint(0, len(data)-1)
        should_inject_error = Channel.errorCount % 17 == 0
        Channel.errorCount += 1
        if should_inject_error:
            data = data[:random_bit_location] + ("0" if
data[random_bit_location] == "1" else "1") + data[random_bit_location+1:]
        if olddata != data:
            print("Injected Error : "+olddata+" ---> "+data)
    return data

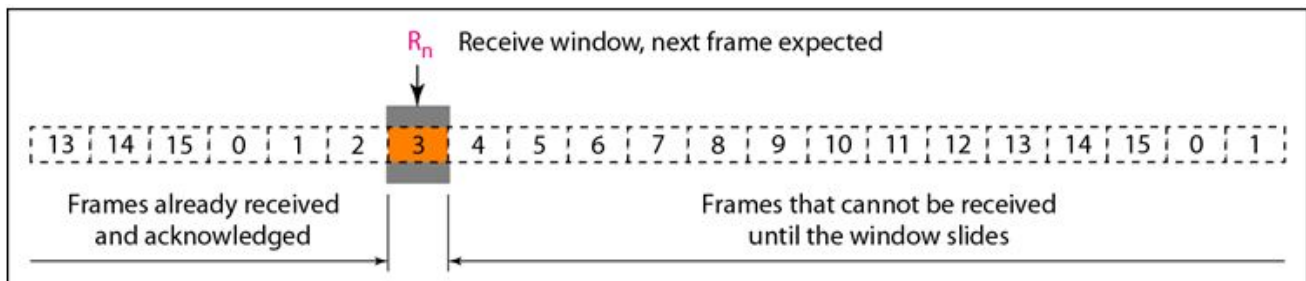
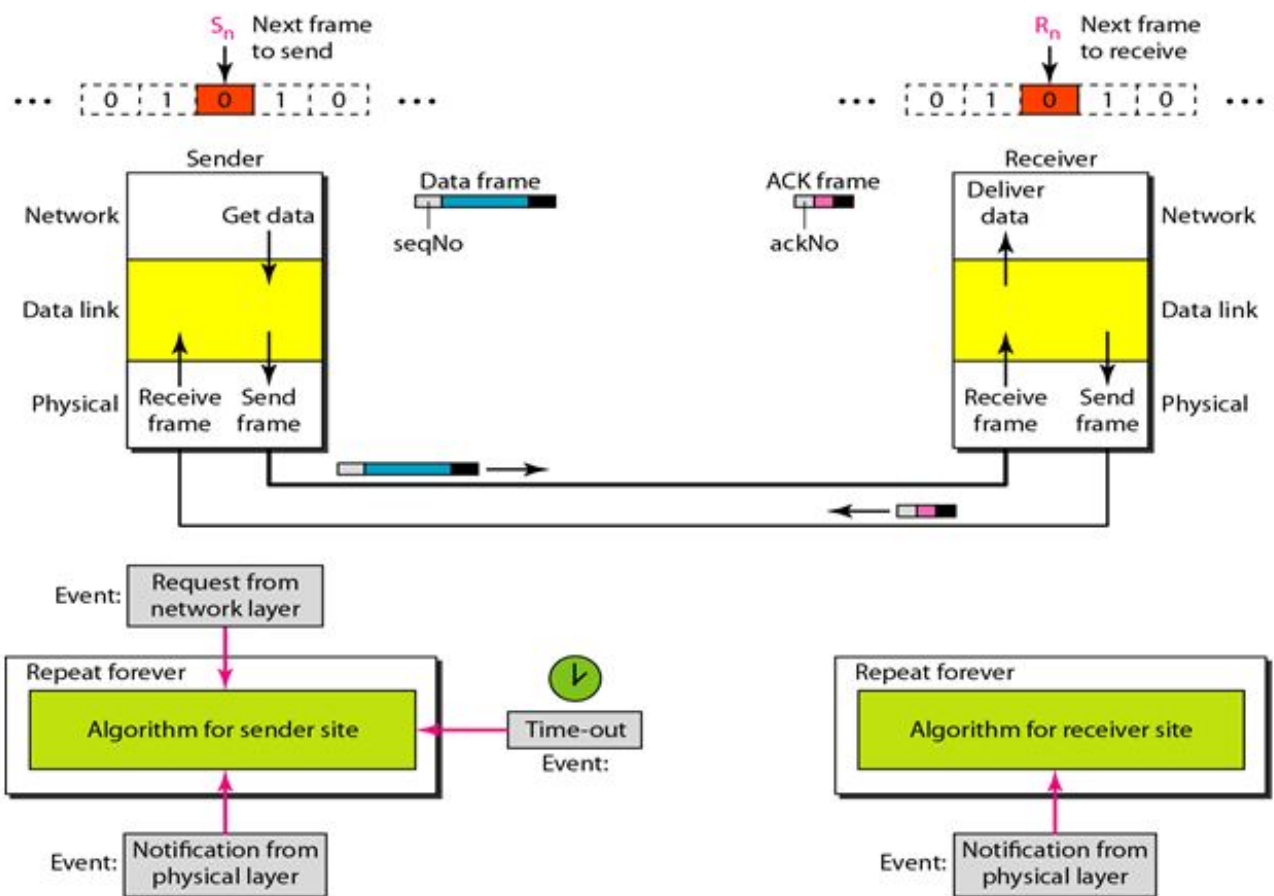
if __name__ == "__main__":
    server = Channel(host='127.0.0.1', port=8081)
    try:
        print("Socket Server[Channel] is starting....")
        server.start()
        server.startAcceptConnections()
    except KeyboardInterrupt:
        server.closeAllConnections()
        exit()
    except Exception as e:
        print(str(e))
        server.closeAllConnections()

```

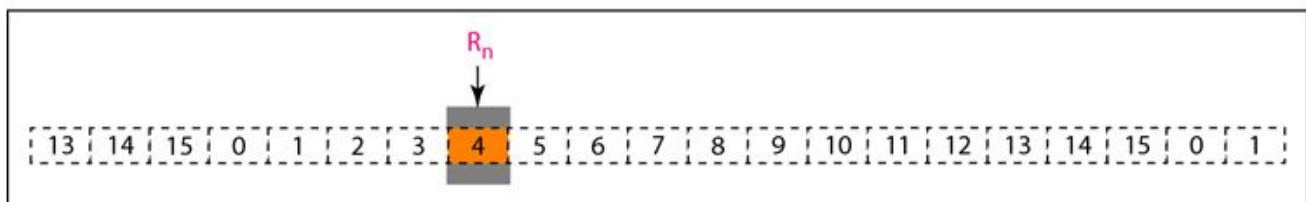
`exit()`

Error Detection Modules: We are using the error modules developed in the previous assignment for this assignment, for that reason we are going into detail about those.

DESIGN OF STOP AND WAIT PROTOCOL



a. Receive window



b. Window after sliding

Code -

Sender side

```
import socket
import threading
```

```
from time import sleep
```

```
from helpers import buildFrames, decodeData, encodeData
```

```
# FRAME FORMAT:
```

```
# For a frame with length of 8, the format is:
```

```
# [sn][data][parity]
```

```
# [2 ][ 8 ][ 4  ]
```

```
# Ack frame format:
```

```
# [sn][parity]
```

```
# [ 4 ][ 4  ]
```

```
class Sender:
```

```
    def __init__(self, host, port, timeout):
```

```
        self.host = host
```

```
        self.port = port
```

```
        self.timeout = timeout
```

```
        self.sock = socket.socket(socket.AF_INET, socket.SOCK_STREAM)
```

```
        self.sock.connect((self.host, self.port))
```

```
        self.ackReceivedEvent = threading.Event()
```

```
        self.ackReceivedEvent.clear()
```

```
        self.data = []
```

```
        self.frameIndex = 0
```

```
        self.sn = 0
```

```
        self.snmax = 1
```

```
        # Configure the receiver
```

```
        receiver_ip = input("Enter receiver ip: ")
```

```
        if len(receiver_ip.strip()) == 0:
```

```
            receiver_ip = "127.0.0.1"
```

```
        receiver_port = input("Enter receiver port: ")
```

```
self.sock.sendall(str.encode(f'connect:{receiver_ip}:{receiver_port}'))
```

```
    sleep(1)
```

```
    def startProcess(self):
```

```
        self.senderThread = threading.Thread(target=self.send)
```

```
        self.receiverACKThread = threading.Thread(target=self.recvAck)
```

```
        self.receiverACKThread.start()
```

```
        self.senderThread.start()
```

```

def send(self):
    while True:
        # Check frames
        if self.frameIndex >= len(self.data):
            print("No more frames to send")
            break
        # Prepare frame -- by taking the sn and the element of window
        frame =
encodeData(str(bin(self.sn)[2:]).zfill(2)+self.data[self.frameIndex])
        print("[SEND] new frame ", frame, " with sn ", self.sn)
        # Increase seq no
        self.increaseSn()
        # Increase frame index
        self.frameIndex += 1
        # Send a frame
        self.sock.sendall(str.encode(frame))
        # Wait for ack with a timeout
        self.ackReceivedEvent.clear()
        isNotified = self.ackReceivedEvent.wait(timeout=self.timeout)
        if not isNotified:
            print("[RESEND] resending frame ", frame, " with sn ",
self.sn)

            self.frameIndex -= 1
            self.decreaseSn()

        # If timeout, resend the frame -- run the loop again

```

```

def recvAck(self):
    while True:
        # Listen for data
        data = self.sock.recv(1024)
        data = data.decode()
        # If ack is valid
        decodedData = decodeData(data)
        if decodedData[0]:
            seqNo = int(decodedData[1], 2)
            # If ack sn == current sn, just emit ackreceived event
            if seqNo != self.sn:
                # Else ack sn != current sn, set sn to ack sn , emit
ackreceived event

                self.sn = seqNo
            # Set frame index to previous frame index
            self.frameIndex = max(self.frameIndex-1, 0)

```

```

        print("[ACK] ack received with sn ", seqNo)
    else:
        print("[ACK] ack discarded as rn not matched")
    # Emit ackreceived event
    self.ackReceivedEvent.set()
else:
    print("[DISCARD] discarding ACK due to error")

```

```

def increaseSn(self):
    self.sn += 1
    if self.sn > self.snmax:
        self.sn = 0

```

```

def decreaseSn(self):
    self.sn -= 1
    self.sn = max(self.sn, 0)

```

```

def pushData(self, data):
    frames = buildFrames(data, frameSize=8)
    for i in frames:
        self.data.append(i)

```

```

sender = Sender('127.0.0.1', 8081, 4)
sender.pushData("0110100001100101011011010110001101111011101010111100101110011")

sender.startProcess()

```

Receiver Side-

```

import socket
import threading

from helpers import decodeData, generateACK

class Receiver:
    def __init__(self, host, port):
        self.host = host
        self.port = port

```

```
self.sock = socket.socket(socket.AF_INET, socket.SOCK_STREAM)
self.sock.connect((self.host, self.port))
self.frameReceived = threading.Event()
self.frameReceived.clear()
```

```
self.data = []
self.rn = 0
self.rnmax = 1
```

```
def startProcess(self):
```

```
    self.sendACKThread = threading.Thread(target=self.sendACK)
    self.receiverThread = threading.Thread(target=self.recv)
    self.receiverThread.start()
    self.sendACKThread.start()
```

```
def recv(self):
```

```
    while True:
        # Receive data
        data = self.sock.recv(1024)
        if data == "disconnect:" : break
        data = data.decode()
        # Decode data
        decodedData = decodeData(data)
        # Check if valid
        if decodedData[0]:
            # Extract frame and seq no
            data = decodedData[1]
            seqNo = int(data[:2], 2)
            frame = data[2:]
            # If seq no == rn, save data and send ack for next frame
            if seqNo == self.rn:
                self.data.append(frame)
                self.increaseRn()
                self.frameReceived.set()
                self.printData()
                print("[ACCEPT] Frame received ")
            # If seq no != rn, discard and send ack fagain
            else:
                print("[DISCARD] seqNo not matched to rn")
                self.frameReceived.set()
        else:
            print("[DISCARD] frame due to error")
```

```

def sendACK(self):
    while True:
        # Wait for frame received event
        self.frameReceived.wait()
        print("[ACK] Sending ACK for frame ", self.rn)
        # Send ack for the frame
        self.sock.sendall(str.encode(generateACK(self.rn,
with_parity=True)))
        # Clear frame received event
        self.frameReceived.clear()

def increaseRn(self):
    self.rn += 1
    if self.rn > self.rnmax:
        self.rn = 0

def printData(self):
    print("Data : ", end="", flush=True)
    for i in self.data:
        print(i, end="", flush=True)
    print()

receiver = Receiver("127.0.0.1", 8081)
receiver.startProcess()

```

Output -

Channel -

```

Server is online ...
Connected to: 127.0.0.1:34648
Connected to: 127.0.0.1:47108
Connected to: 127.0.0.1:39992
Setup done ! Sender 127.0.0.1:39992 is connected to receiver 127.0.0.1:34648
Injected Error : 00011010000110 ---> 00011011000110
127.0.0.1:39992 ---> 127.0.0.1:34648 --> 00011010000110
127.0.0.1:39992 ---> 127.0.0.1:34648 --> 00011010000110
127.0.0.1:34648 ---> 127.0.0.1:39992 --> 00010011
127.0.0.1:39992 ---> 127.0.0.1:34648 --> 01011001011101
127.0.0.1:34648 ---> 127.0.0.1:39992 --> 00000000
127.0.0.1:39992 ---> 127.0.0.1:34648 --> 00011011011001
127.0.0.1:34648 ---> 127.0.0.1:39992 --> 00010011
127.0.0.1:39992 ---> 127.0.0.1:34648 --> 01011011000101
127.0.0.1:34648 ---> 127.0.0.1:39992 --> 00000000
127.0.0.1:39992 ---> 127.0.0.1:34648 --> 00011011111111
127.0.0.1:34648 ---> 127.0.0.1:39992 --> 00010011
127.0.0.1:39992 ---> 127.0.0.1:34648 --> 01011101011000
127.0.0.1:34648 ---> 127.0.0.1:39992 --> 00000000
127.0.0.1:39992 ---> 127.0.0.1:34648 --> 00011110010000
127.0.0.1:34648 ---> 127.0.0.1:39992 --> 00010011
127.0.0.1:39992 ---> 127.0.0.1:34648 --> 01011100110010
127.0.0.1:34648 ---> 127.0.0.1:39992 --> 00000000

```

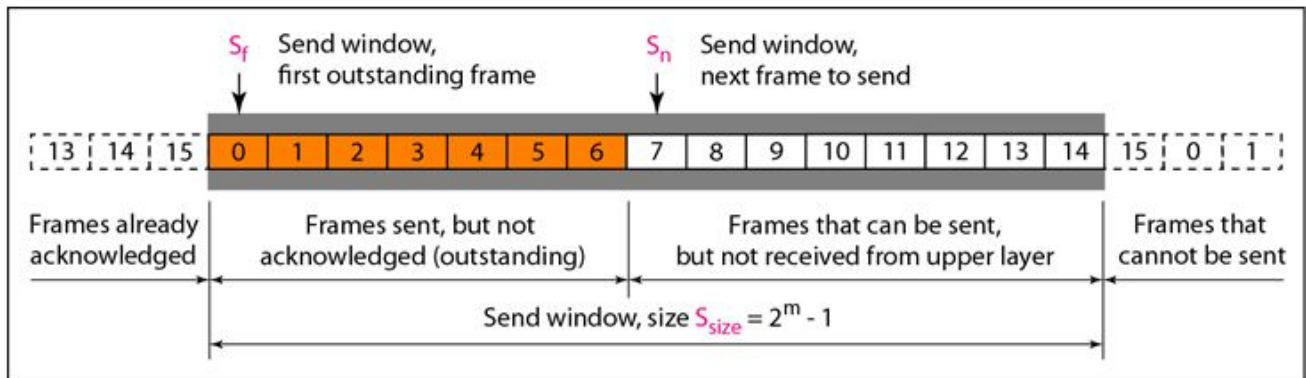
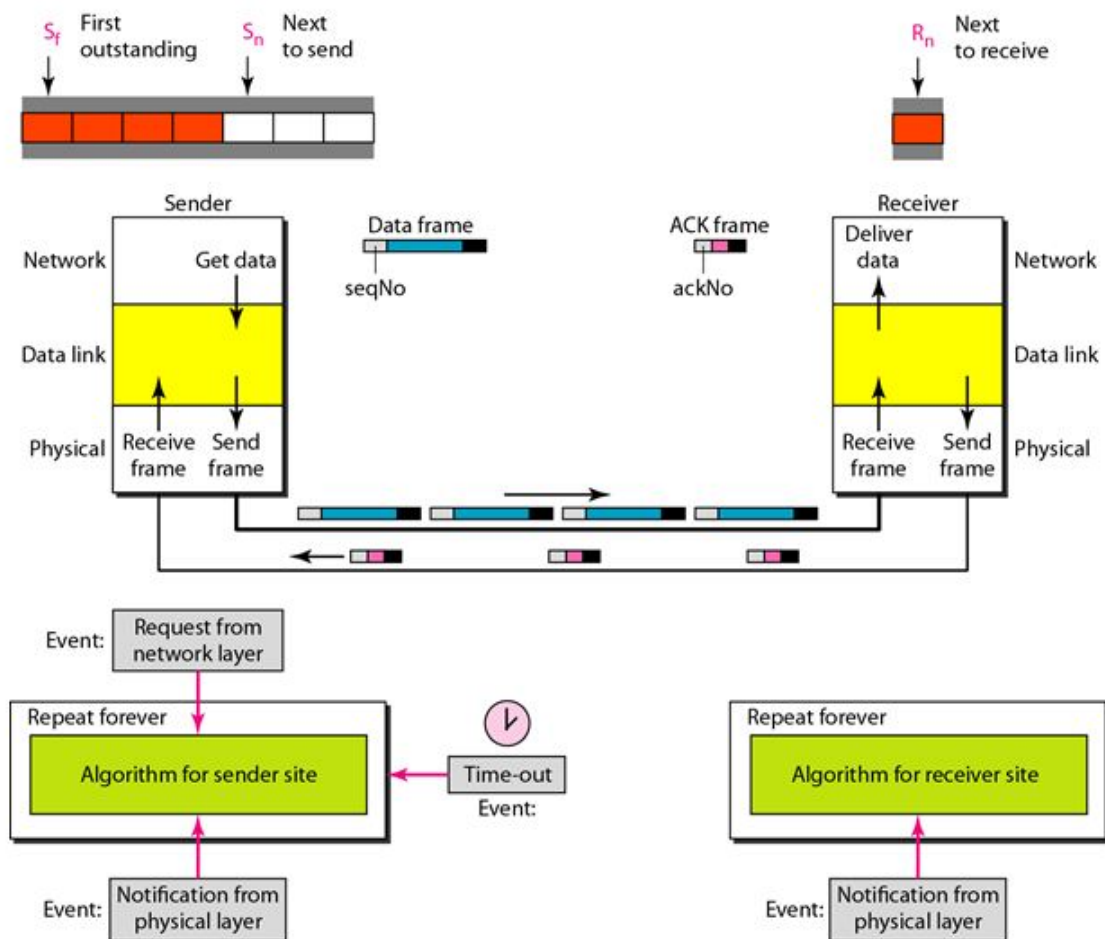
Sender -

```
(base) tanmoy@tanmoy-laptop:~/Desktop/Lab/Computer Network/Ass2$ python sw-sender.py
Enter receiver ip: 127.0.0.1
Enter receiver port: 34648
[SEND] new frame 00011010000110 with sn 0
[RESEND] resending frame 00011010000110 with sn 1
[SEND] new frame 00011010000110 with sn 0
[ACK] ack discarded as rn not matched
[SEND] new frame 01011001011101 with sn 1
[ACK] ack discarded as rn not matched
[SEND] new frame 00011011011001 with sn 0
[ACK] ack discarded as rn not matched
[SEND] new frame 01011011000101 with sn 1
[ACK] ack discarded as rn not matched
[SEND] new frame 00011011111111 with sn 0
[ACK] ack discarded as rn not matched
[SEND] new frame 0101101011000 with sn 1
[ACK] ack discarded as rn not matched
[SEND] new frame 00011110010000 with sn 0
[ACK] ack discarded as rn not matched
[SEND] new frame 01011100110010 with sn 1
[ACK] ack discarded as rn not matched
No more frames to send
```

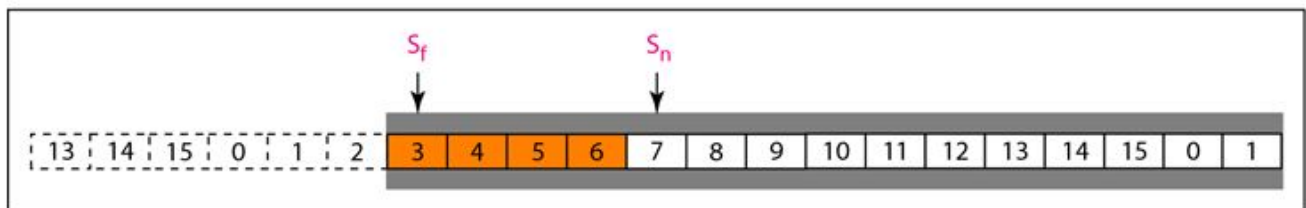
Receiver -

```
(base) tanmoy@tanmoy-laptop:~/Desktop/Lab/Computer Network/Ass2$ python sw-receiver.py
[DISCARD] frame due to error
Data : 01101000
[ACCEPT] Frame received
[ACK] Sending ACK for frame 1
res 00010011
Data : [ACK] Sending ACK for frame 0
0110100001100101
res 00000000
[ACCEPT] Frame received
Data : [ACK] Sending ACK for frame 1
01101000res 00010011
0110010101101101
[ACCEPT] Frame received
Data : 01101000[ACK] Sending ACK for frame 0
011001010110110101101100
[ACCEPT] Frame received
res 00000000
Data : [ACK] Sending ACK for frame 1
0110100001100101res 00010011
011011010110110001101111
[ACCEPT] Frame received
Data : 01101000011001010110110101101100[ACK] Sending ACK for frame 0
0110111101110101
[ACCEPT] Frame received
res 00000000
Data : 01101000011001010110110101101100011011110111010101111001
[ACCEPT] Frame received
[ACK] Sending ACK for frame 1
res 00010011
Data : 01101000011001010110110101101100011011110111010101111001[ACK] Sending ACK for frame 0
01110011
[ACCEPT] Frame received
res 00000000
```

DESIGN OF GO-BACK-N PROTOCOL



a. Send window before sliding



b. Send window after sliding

Code -

Sender Code -

```
from cmath import sqrt
import socket
import threading
from time import sleep

from helpers import buildFrames, decodeData, encodeData

# FRAME FORMAT:
# For a frame with length of 8, the format is:
# [sn][data][parity]
# [2 ][ 8 ][ 4  ]

# Ack frame format:
# [sn][parity]
# [ 4 ][ 4  ]

class Sender:
    def __init__(self, host, port, timeout, N=4):
        self.host = host
        self.port = port
        self.timeout = timeout
        self.sock = socket.socket(socket.AF_INET, socket.SOCK_STREAM)
        self.sock.connect((self.host, self.port))
        self.ackReceivedEvent = threading.Event()
        self.ackReceivedEvent.clear()

        self.N = N

        self.data = []
        self.frameIndex = 0
        self.sn = 0

        tmp = int(sqrt(N).real)
        self.snmax = int('1'*tmp, 2)

        # Configure the receiver
        receiver_ip = input("Enter receiver ip: ")
        if len(receiver_ip.strip()) == 0:
            receiver_ip = "127.0.0.1"
        receiver_port = input("Enter receiver port: ")
```

```

self.sock.sendall(str.encode(f'connect:{receiver_ip}:{receiver_port}'))
    sleep(1)

def startProcess(self):
    self.senderThread = threading.Thread(target=self.send)
    self.receiverACKThread = threading.Thread(target=self.recvAck)
    self.receiverACKThread.start()
    self.senderThread.start()

def send(self):
    while True:
        # Check frames
        if self.frameIndex >= len(self.data):
            print("No more frames to send")
            break

        # Prepare frame e-- by taking the sn and the element of window
        for index in range(self.frameIndex, self.frameIndex+self.N):
            if index >= len(self.data):
                break

            frame =
encodeData(str(bin(self.sn)[2:]).zfill(2)+self.data[index])
            # Send frame
            print("[SEND] new frame ", frame, " with sn ", self.sn)
            self.sock.sendall(str.encode(frame))
            # Wait before sending next frame
            sleep(0.05)

            # Wait for ack with a timeout
            self.ackReceivedEvent.clear()
            isNotified = self.ackReceivedEvent.wait(timeout=self.timeout)
            if not isNotified:
                print("[RESEND] resending frame ", frame, " with sn ",
self.sn)

            # If timeout, resend the frame -- run the loop again

def recvAck(self):
    while True:
        # Listen for data
        data = self.sock.recv(1024)
        data = data.decode()
        # If ack is valid
        decodedData = decodeData(data)
        if decodedData[0]:

```

```

        seqNo = int(decodedData[1], 2)
        # If ack sn == current sn, just emit ackreceived event
        if seqNo == self.sn:
            self.increaseSn()
            self.frameIndex += 1
            self.ackReceivedEvent.set()
            print("[ACK] ack received with sn ", seqNo)
        else:
            print("[ACK] ack discarded as rn not machthed")
    else:
        print("[DISCARD] discarding ACK due to error")

def increaseSn(self):
    self.sn += 1
    if self.sn > self.snmax:
        self.sn = 0

def decreaseSn(self):
    self.sn -= 1
    self.sn = max(self.sn, 0)

def pushData(self, data):
    frames = buildFrames(data, frameSize=8)
    for i in frames:
        self.data.append(i)

```

```
sender = Sender('127.0.0.1', 8081, 4)
```

```
sender.pushData("011010000110010101101101011000110111101110101011110010111
0011")
sender.startProcess()
```

Receiver Code -

```

from cmath import sqrt
import socket
import threading

from helpers import decodeData, generateACK

```

```

class Receiver:
    def __init__(self, host, port, N=4):
        self.host = host
        self.port = port
        self.sock = socket.socket(socket.AF_INET, socket.SOCK_STREAM)
        self.sock.connect((self.host, self.port))
        self.frameReceived = threading.Event()
        self.frameReceived.clear()
        self.N = N

        self.data = []
        self.rn = 0
        tmp = int(sqrt(N).real)
        self.rnmax = int('1'*tmp, 2)

    def startProcess(self):
        self.sendACKThread = threading.Thread(target=self.sendACK)
        self.receiverThread = threading.Thread(target=self.recv)
        self.receiverThread.start()
        self.sendACKThread.start()

    def recv(self):
        while True:
            # Receive data
            data = self.sock.recv(1024)
            if data == "disconnect:" : break
            data = data.decode()
            # Decode data
            decodedData = decodeData(data)
            # Check if valid
            if decodedData[0]:
                # Extract frame and seq no
                data = decodedData[1]
                seqNo = int(data[:2], 2)
                frame = data[2:]
                # If seq no == rn, save data and send ack for next frame
                if seqNo == self.rn:
                    self.data.append(frame)
                    self.frameReceived.set()
                    self.printData()
                    print("[ACCEPT] Frame received ")
                # If seq no != rn, discard and send ack fagain

```

```

        else:
            print("[DISCARD] seqNo not matched to rn")
            self.frameReceived.set()
    else:
        print("[DISCARD] frame due to error")

def sendACK(self):
    while True:
        # Wait for frame received event
        self.frameReceived.wait()
        print("[ACK] Sending ACK for frame ", self.rn)
        # Send ack for the frame
        self.sock.sendall(str.encode(generateACK(self.rn,
with_parity=True)))
        # Clear frame received event
        self.increaseRn()
        self.frameReceived.clear()

def increaseRn(self):
    self.rn += 1
    if self.rn > self.rnmax:
        self.rn = 0

def printData(self):
    print("Data : ", end="", flush=True)
    for i in self.data:
        print(i, end="", flush=True)
    print()

receiver = Receiver("127.0.0.1", 8081)
receiver.startProcess()

```

Output -

Channel -

```
(base) tanmoy@tanmoy-laptop:~/Desktop/Lab/Computer Network/Ass2$ python channel.py
Socket Server[Channel] is starting....
Server is online ...
Connected to: 127.0.0.1:37620
Connected to: 127.0.0.1:42470
Setup done ! Sender 127.0.0.1:42470 is connected to receiver 127.0.0.1:37620
Injected Error : 00011010000110 ---> 00011010000111
127.0.0.1:42470 ---> 127.0.0.1:37620 --> 00011010000110
127.0.0.1:42470 ---> 127.0.0.1:37620 --> 00011001010010
127.0.0.1:37620 ---> 127.0.0.1:42470 --> 00000000
127.0.0.1:42470 ---> 127.0.0.1:37620 --> 01011011010110
127.0.0.1:37620 ---> 127.0.0.1:42470 --> 00010011
127.0.0.1:42470 ---> 127.0.0.1:37620 --> 10011011000111
127.0.0.1:37620 ---> 127.0.0.1:42470 --> 00100110
127.0.0.1:42470 ---> 127.0.0.1:37620 --> 11011011001000
127.0.0.1:37620 ---> 127.0.0.1:42470 --> 00110101
127.0.0.1:42470 ---> 127.0.0.1:37620 --> 00011011111111
127.0.0.1:37620 ---> 127.0.0.1:42470 --> 00000000
127.0.0.1:42470 ---> 127.0.0.1:37620 --> 01011101011000
127.0.0.1:37620 ---> 127.0.0.1:42470 --> 00010011
127.0.0.1:42470 ---> 127.0.0.1:37620 --> 10011110011101
127.0.0.1:37620 ---> 127.0.0.1:42470 --> 00100110
127.0.0.1:42470 ---> 127.0.0.1:37620 --> 11011100111111
127.0.0.1:37620 ---> 127.0.0.1:42470 --> 00110101
```

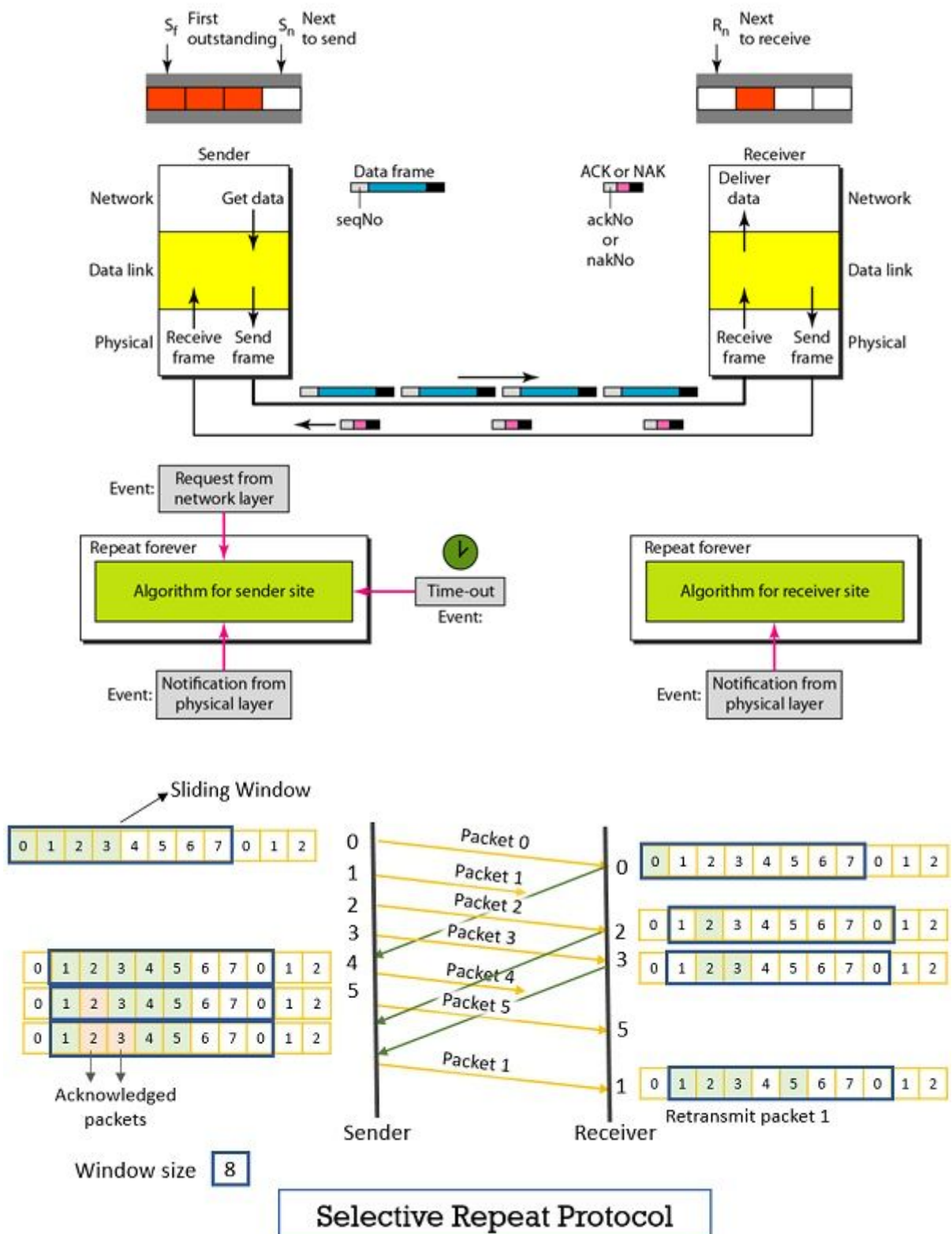
Sender -

```
(base) tanmoy@tanmoy-laptop:~/Desktop/Lab/Computer Network/Ass2$ python gbn-sender.py
Enter receiver ip: 127.0.0.1
Enter receiver port: 37620
[SEND] new frame 00011010000110 with sn 0
[SEND] new frame 00011001010010 with sn 0
[ACK] ack received with sn 0
[SEND] new frame 01011011010110 with sn 1
[ACK] ack received with sn 1
[SEND] new frame 10011011000111 with sn 2
[ACK] ack received with sn 2
[RESEND] resending frame 10011011000111 with sn 3
[SEND] new frame 11011011001000 with sn 3
[ACK] ack received with sn 3
[SEND] new frame 00011011111111 with sn 0
[ACK] ack received with sn 0
[SEND] new frame 01011101011000 with sn 1
[ACK] ack received with sn 1
[SEND] new frame 10011110011101 with sn 2
[ACK] ack received with sn 2
[RESEND] resending frame 10011110011101 with sn 3
[SEND] new frame 11011100111111 with sn 3
[ACK] ack received with sn 3
[RESEND] resending frame 11011100111111 with sn 0
No more frames to send
|
```

Receiver -

```
(base) tanmoy@tanmoy-laptop:~/Desktop/Lab/Computer Network/Ass2$ python gbn-receiver.py
[DISCARD] frame due to error
Data : 01100101
[ACCEPT] Frame received
[ACK] Sending ACK for frame 0
res 00000000
Data : [ACK] Sending ACK for frame 1
0110010101101101
res 00010011
[ACCEPT] Frame received
Data : [ACK] Sending ACK for frame 2
01100101res 00100110
0110110101101100
[ACCEPT] Frame received
Data : [ACK] Sending ACK for frame 3
01100101res 00110101
011011010110110001101100
[ACCEPT] Frame received
Data : 0110010101101101011011000110110001101111
[ACK] Sending ACK for frame 0
[ACCEPT] Frame received
res 00000000
Data : 01100101011011010110110001101100011011110110101
[ACCEPT] Frame received
[ACK] Sending ACK for frame 1
res 00010011
Data : [ACK] Sending ACK for frame 2
0110010101101101res 00100110
0110110001101100011011110110101111001
[ACCEPT] Frame received
Data : 01100101011011010110110001101100011011110110101[ACK] Sending ACK for frame 3
0111100101110011
res 00110101
[ACCEPT] Frame received
```

DESIGN OF SELECTIVE REPEAT PROTOCOL



Code -

Sender Code -

```
from cmath import sqrt
```



```

from queue import Queue
import socket
import threading
from time import sleep

from helpers import buildFrames, decodeData, encodeData
from queuec import QueueC

# FRAME FORMAT:
# For a frame with length of 8, the format is:
# [sn][data][parity]
# [2 ][ 8 ][ 4  ]

# Ack frame format:
# [type][sn][parity]
# [ 1 ][ 4 ][ 4  ]
# Type -> ACK -> 1, NAK -> 0

class Sender:
    def __init__(self, host, port, timeout, N=4):
        self.host = host
        self.port = port
        self.timeout = timeout
        self.sock = socket.socket(socket.AF_INET, socket.SOCK_STREAM)
        self.sock.connect((self.host, self.port))

        self.data = Queue()
        self.sn = 0
        self.sf = 0

        # tmp = int(sqrt(N).real)
        self.sw = 2**(N-1)
        self.N = N

        self.oldFramesData = {}

        # Window frame status
        self.timers = [None]*(N)

        # Configure the receiver
        receiver_ip = input("Enter receiver ip: ")
        if receiver_ip == None or len(receiver_ip.strip()) == 0:

```

```

        receiver_ip = "127.0.0.1"
        receiver_port = input("Enter receiver port: ")

self.sock.sendall(str.encode(f'connect:{receiver_ip}:{receiver_port}'))
        sleep(1)

def startProcess(self):
    self.senderThread = threading.Thread(target=self.send)
    self.receiverACKThread = threading.Thread(target=self.recvAck)
    self.receiverACKThread.start()
    self.senderThread.start()

def send(self):
    while True:
        if self.data.empty():
            print("end....")
            break

        if (self.sn - self.sf) < self.sw:
            # Prepare frame e-- by taking the sn and the element of window
            x = self.data.get()
            # Make frame
            frame = encodeData(str(bin(self.sn)[2:]).zfill(2)+x)
            # Store frame
            self.oldFramesData[self.sn] = frame
            # Send frame
            print("Sending frame: ", frame)
            self.sock.sendall(str.encode(frame))
            # Start timer
            self.startTimer(self.sn)
            # Increment sn
            self.sn = (self.sn+1)%self.N

        sleep(0.2)

def recvAck(self):
    while True:
        # Receive frae
        data = self.sock.recv(1024)
        data = data.decode()
        # If ack is valid
        decodedData = decodeData(data)
        if decodedData[0]:
            # print("Received ack: ", decodedData[1])

```

```

seqNo = (int(decodedData[1][1:], 2)-1)%self.N
if decodedData[1][0] == '1':
    print("[ACK] for frame ", seqNo)
    # ACK
    if seqNo > self.sf and seqNo <= self.sn:
        while self.sf <= seqNo:
            # Start timer
            if self.timers[seqNo]:
                self.timers[seqNo].cancel()
                self.timers[seqNo] = None
            self.sf = (self.sf+1)%self.N
    else:
        # NAK
        print("[NAK] for frame ", seqNo)
        if seqNo > self.sf and seqNo < self.sn:
            self.resendFrameAndSetTimer(seqNo)
    else:
        print("[DISCARD] acknowledgement de to error")
# sleep(0.2)

```

```

def startTimer(self, seqNo):
    if self.timers[seqNo]:
        self.timers[seqNo].cancel()
    self.timers[seqNo] = threading.Timer(self.timeout, self.resendFrame,
[seqNo])
    self.timers[seqNo].start()

```

```

def resendFrame(self, seqNo):
    if seqNo not in self.oldFramesData:
        return
    frame = self.oldFramesData[seqNo]
    print("Resending frame: ", frame)
    self.sock.sendall(str.encode(frame))
    sleep(0.2)

```

```

def resendFrameAndSetTimer(self, seqNo):
    if seqNo not in self.oldFramesData:
        return
    frame = self.oldFramesData[seqNo] # It wil have encoded frame
    if len(frame) == 14:
        self.sock.sendall(str.encode(frame))
        print("Resending frame: ", frame)
        self.startTimer(seqNo)

```

```
sleep(0.2)
```

```
def pushData(self, data):  
    frames = buildFrames(data, frameSize=8)  
    for i in frames:  
        self.data.put(i)
```

```
sender = Sender('127.0.0.1', 8081, 4)
```

```
sender.pushData("011010000110010101101101011000110111101110101011110010111  
001101110011")
```

```
sender.startProcess()
```

Receiver Code -

```
from cmath import sqrt  
from queue import Queue  
import socket  
import threading  
from time import sleep
```

```
from helpers import decodeData, generateACK
```

```
# FRAME FORMAT:
```

```
# For a frame with length of 8, the format is:
```

```
# [sn][data][parity]
```

```
# [2 ][ 8 ][ 4  ]
```

```
# Ack frame format:
```

```
# [type][sn][parity]
```

```
# [ 1 ][ 4 ][ 4  ]
```

```
# Type -> ACK -> 1, NAK -> 0
```

```
class Receiver:
```

```
    def __init__(self, host, port, N=4):  
        self.host = host  
        self.port = port  
        self.sock = socket.socket(socket.AF_INET, socket.SOCK_STREAM)
```

```
self.sock.connect((self.host, self.port))
self.N = N
self.rn = 0
# tmp = int(sqrt(N).real)
self.rnmax = 2**(N-1)
```

```
self.data = []
self.buffer = ["0"]*self.N
```

```
self.nakSent = False
self.ackNeeded = False
```

```
self.marked = [False]*self.N
```

```
def startProcess(self):
    # self.sendACKThread = threading.Thread(target=self.sendACK)
    self.receiverThread = threading.Thread(target=self.recv)
    self.receiverThread.start()
    # self.sendACKThread.start()
```

```
def recv(self):
    while True:
        # Receive frame
        data = self.sock.recv(1024)
        if not data:
            continue
        if data == "disconnect:" : break
        data = data.decode()
        print("data", data)

        # Decode frame
        decodedData = decodeData(data)
        # Check if valid
        if decodedData[0]:
            print("[ACCEPTED] Valid frame")
            # Extract frame and seq no
            data = decodedData[1]
            seqNo = int(data[:2], 2)
            frame = data[2:]
            # if seqno != rn
            if seqNo != self.rn and not self.nakSent:
                self.sendNAK()
                self.nakSent = True
```

```

# If seq no == rn, save data and send ack for next frame
if self.rn <= seqNo <= self.rnmax and not self.marked[seqNo]:
    # Store frame
    self.buffer[seqNo] = frame
    # Mark Received
    self.marked[seqNo] = True
    while self.marked[self.rn]:
        self.data.append(self.buffer[self.rn])
        self.marked[self.rn] = False
        self.rn = (self.rn+1)%self.N
        self.ackNeeded = True

    if self.ackNeeded:
        self.sendACK()
        self.ackNeeded = False
        self.nakSent = False
    else:
        print("[DISCARD] Discarding frame due to error")

self.printData()

def sendACK(self):
    print("[ACK] Sending ACK for ", self.rn)
    data = str.encode(generateACK(self.rn, with_parity=True,
for_selective_repeat=True, isNak=False))
    self.sock.sendall(data)
    sleep(0.1)

def sendNAK(self):
    print("[NAK] Sending NAK for ", self.rn)
    data = str.encode(generateACK(self.rn, with_parity=True,
for_selective_repeat=True, isNak=True))
    self.sock.sendall(data)
    sleep(0.1)

def printData(self):
    print("Data ", end="")
    for frame in self.data:
        print(frame, end="", flush=True)
    print()

receiver = Receiver("127.0.0.1", 8081)
receiver.startProcess()

```

Output -

Channel -

```
(base) tanmoy@tanmoy-laptop:~/Desktop/Lab/Computer Network/Ass2$ python channel.py
Socket Server[Channel] is starting....
Server is online ...
Connected to: 127.0.0.1:51070
Connected to: 127.0.0.1:42420
Setup done ! Sender 127.0.0.1:42420 is connected to receiver 127.0.0.1:51070
Injected Error : 11011010000100 ---> 11011000000100
127.0.0.1:42420 ---> 127.0.0.1:51070 --> 11011010000100
Client 127.0.0.1:42420 has disconnected
Client 127.0.0.1:51070 has disconnected
Connected to: 127.0.0.1:58038
Connected to: 127.0.0.1:58042
Setup done ! Sender 127.0.0.1:58038 is connected to receiver 127.0.0.1:58042
127.0.0.1:58038 ---> 127.0.0.1:58042 --> 00011010000110
127.0.0.1:58042 ---> 127.0.0.1:58038 --> 100010110
127.0.0.1:58038 ---> 127.0.0.1:58042 --> 01011001011101
127.0.0.1:58042 ---> 127.0.0.1:58038 --> 100100011
127.0.0.1:58038 ---> 127.0.0.1:58042 --> 10011011010100
127.0.0.1:58042 ---> 127.0.0.1:58038 --> 100110000
127.0.0.1:58038 ---> 127.0.0.1:58042 --> 11011011001000
127.0.0.1:58042 ---> 127.0.0.1:58038 --> 100000101
127.0.0.1:58038 ---> 127.0.0.1:58042 --> 00011011111111
127.0.0.1:58042 ---> 127.0.0.1:58038 --> 100010110
127.0.0.1:58038 ---> 127.0.0.1:58042 --> 01011101011000
127.0.0.1:58042 ---> 127.0.0.1:58038 --> 100100011
127.0.0.1:58038 ---> 127.0.0.1:58042 --> 10011110011101
127.0.0.1:58042 ---> 127.0.0.1:58038 --> 100110000
127.0.0.1:58038 ---> 127.0.0.1:58042 --> 11011100111111
127.0.0.1:58042 ---> 127.0.0.1:58038 --> 100000101
Injected Error : 00011100111101 ---> 00011101111101
127.0.0.1:58038 ---> 127.0.0.1:58042 --> 00011100111101
127.0.0.1:58042 ---> 127.0.0.1:58038 --> 01011101011000
127.0.0.1:58038 ---> 127.0.0.1:58042 --> 000000000
127.0.0.1:58042 ---> 127.0.0.1:58038 --> 10011110011101
127.0.0.1:58038 ---> 127.0.0.1:58042 --> 11011100111111
127.0.0.1:58042 ---> 127.0.0.1:58038 --> 00011100111101
127.0.0.1:58038 ---> 127.0.0.1:58042 --> 100000101
```

Sender -

```
(base) tanmoy@tanmoy-laptop:~/Desktop/Lab/Computer Network/Ass2$ python sr-sender-v2.py
Enter receiver ip: 127.0.0.1
Enter receiver port: 58042
Sending frame: 00011010000110
[ACK] for frame 0
Sending frame: 01011001011101
[ACK] for frame 1
Sending frame: 10011011010100
[ACK] for frame 2
Sending frame: 11011011001000
[ACK] for frame 3
Sending frame: 00011011111111
[ACK] for frame 0
Sending frame: 01011101011000
[ACK] for frame 1
Sending frame: 10011110011101
[ACK] for frame 2
Sending frame: 11011100111111
[ACK] for frame 3
Sending frame: 00011100111101
end....
Resending frame: 01011101011000
[NAK] for frame 3
Resending frame: 10011110011101
Resending frame: 11011100111111
Resending frame: 00011100111101
[ACK] for frame 3
```

Receiver -

```

(base) tanmoy@tanmoy-laptop:~/Desktop/Lab/Computer Network/Ass2$ python sr-receiver.py
data 00011010000110
[ACCEPTED] Valid frame
[ACK] Sending ACK for 1
res 100010110
Data 01101000
data 01011001011101
[ACCEPTED] Valid frame
[ACK] Sending ACK for 2
res 100100011
Data 0110100001100101
data 10011011010100
[ACCEPTED] Valid frame
[ACK] Sending ACK for 3
res 100110000
Data 011010000110010101101101
data 11011011001000
[ACCEPTED] Valid frame
[ACK] Sending ACK for 0
res 100000101
Data 01101000011001010110110101101100
data 00011011111111
[ACCEPTED] Valid frame
[ACK] Sending ACK for 1
res 100010110
Data 0110100001100101011011010110001101111
data 01011101011000
[ACCEPTED] Valid frame
[ACK] Sending ACK for 2
res 100100011
Data 011010000110010101101101011000110111101110101
data 10011110011101
[ACCEPTED] Valid frame
[ACK] Sending ACK for 3
res 100110000
Data 01101000011001010110110101100011011110111010101111001
data 11011100111111
[ACCEPTED] Valid frame
[ACK] Sending ACK for 0
res 100000101
Data 0110100001100101011011010110001101111011101010111100101110011
data 00011101111101
[DISCARD] Discarding frame due to error
Data 0110100001100101011011010110001101111011101010111100101110011
data 01011101011000
[ACCEPTED] Valid frame
[NAK] Sending NAK for 0
res 000000000
Data 0110100001100101011011010110110001101111011101010111100101110011
data 10011110011101
[ACCEPTED] Valid frame
Data 0110100001100101011011010110110001101111011101010111100101110011
data 11011100111111
[ACCEPTED] Valid frame
Data 0110100001100101011011010110110001101111011101010111100101110011
data 00011100111101
[ACCEPTED] Valid frame
[ACK] Sending ACK for 0
res 100000101
Data 0110100001100101011011010110110001101111011101010111100101110011011100110111100101110011

```

RESULTS AND ANALYSIS

All the protocol is working as expected. The error will not happen in a real-world scenario as we do in the programme. It can be more random. Also, ack the loss will be much in that case. So in the real world, the performance can be slightly different than expected.