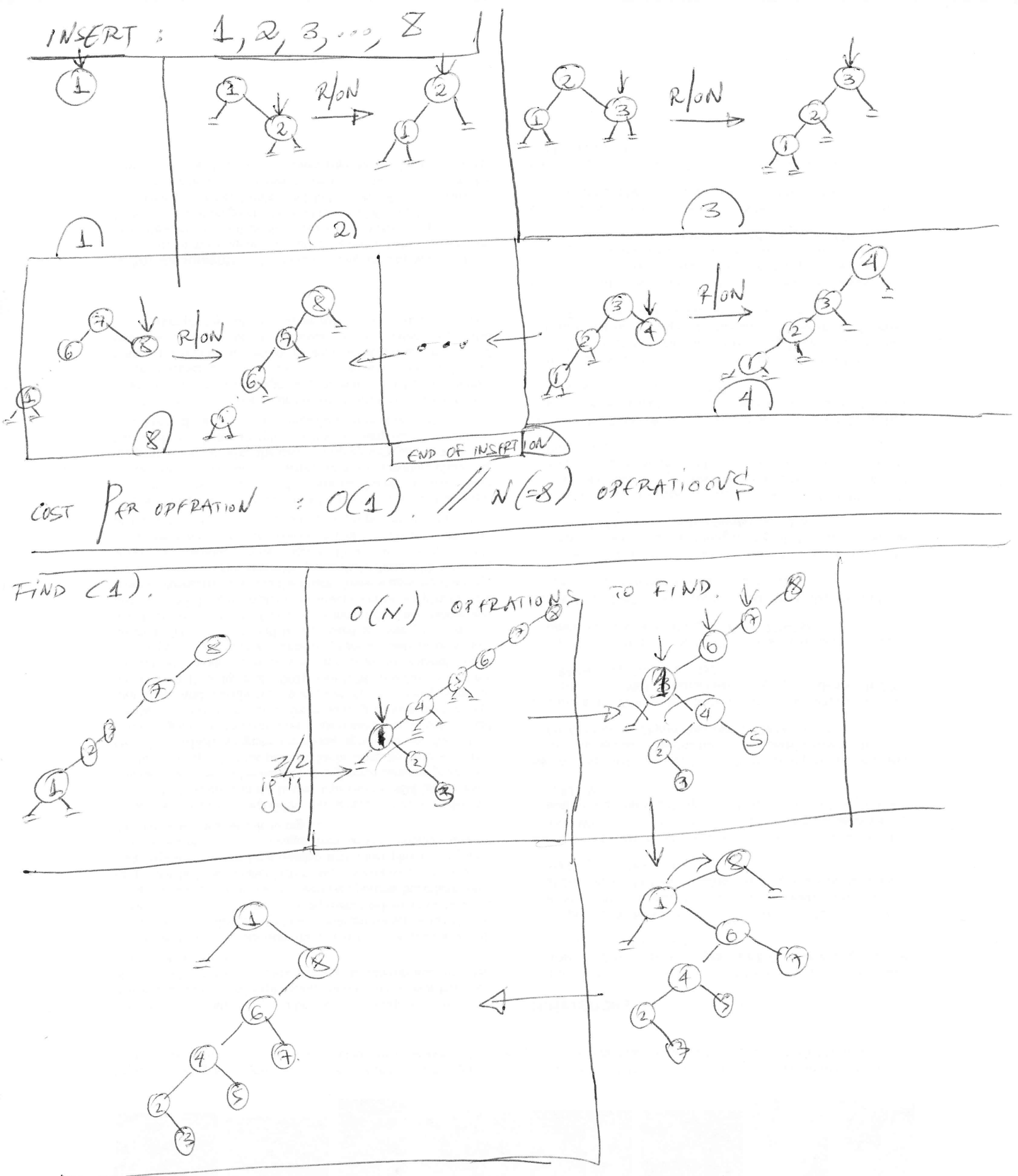
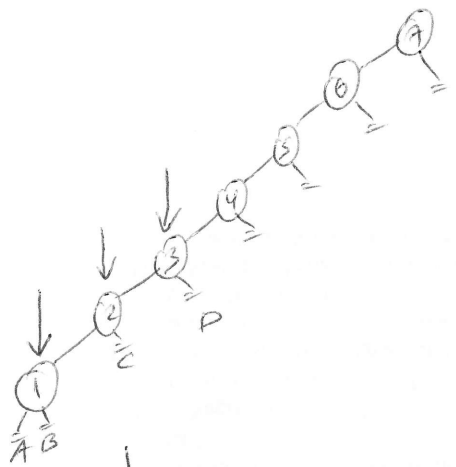


COST PER OPERATION : $O(1)$ // $N(=8)$ OPERATIONS

# of rotations? $O(N) \Rightarrow$ TOTAL $O(N)$.

AMORTIZED COST? $\underbrace{O(N)}_{\text{FIND}} + \underbrace{O(N)}_{\text{BUILD}} = O(N)$ / N+1 ops $\rightarrow O(1)$.

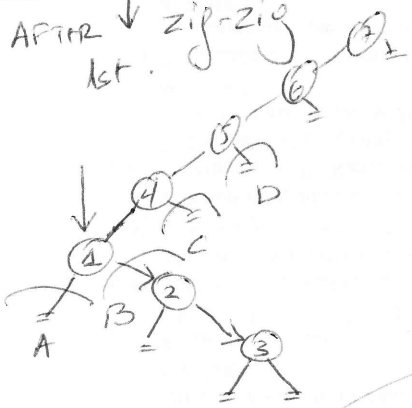


ACCESS/FIND 1. N=7.

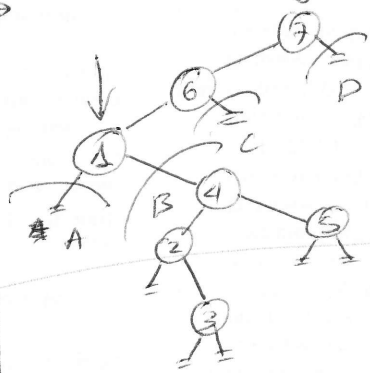
O(N) TO FIND

THEN Z/Z OPTIONS.

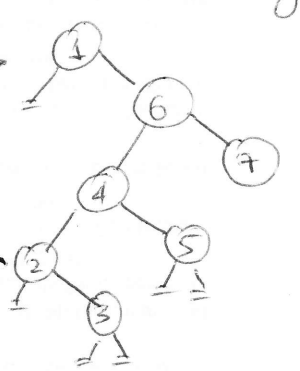
AFTER zig-zig 1st.

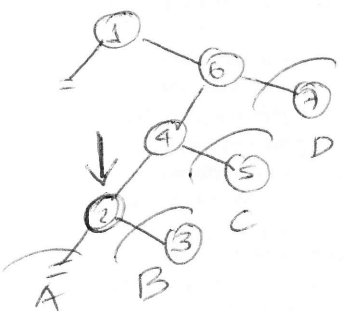


AFTER 2ND zig-zig



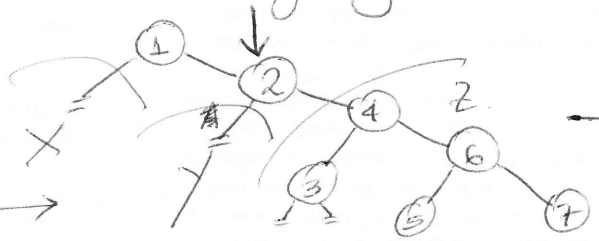
AFTER 3RD zig-zig



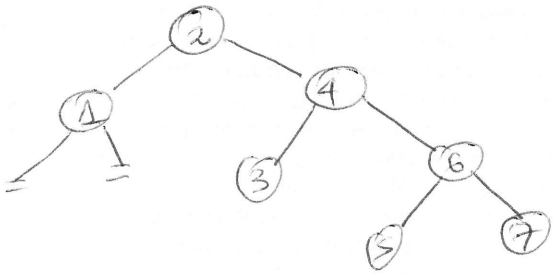


FIND 1 3 accesses

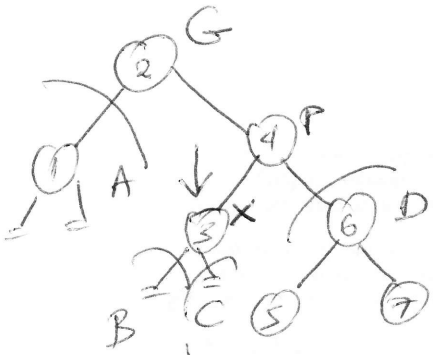
AFTER 1st zig zig



single rotation w/ root.



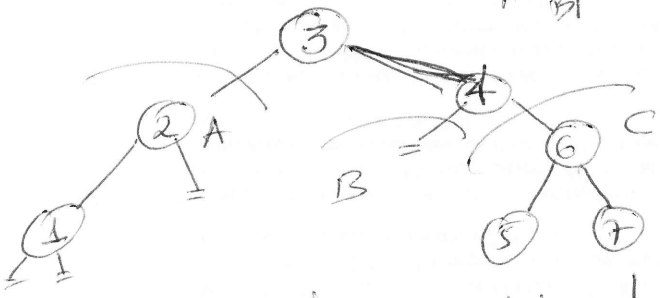
N=7



FIND 3

double rotation. (Right-Left)

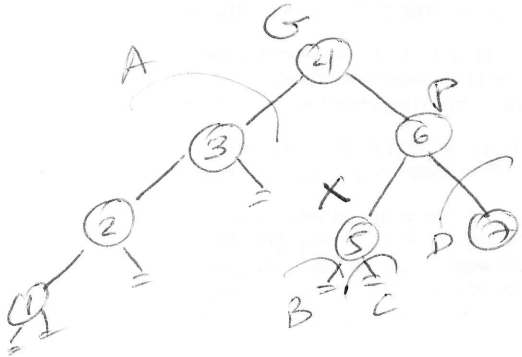
ALMOST BALANCED



FIND 4

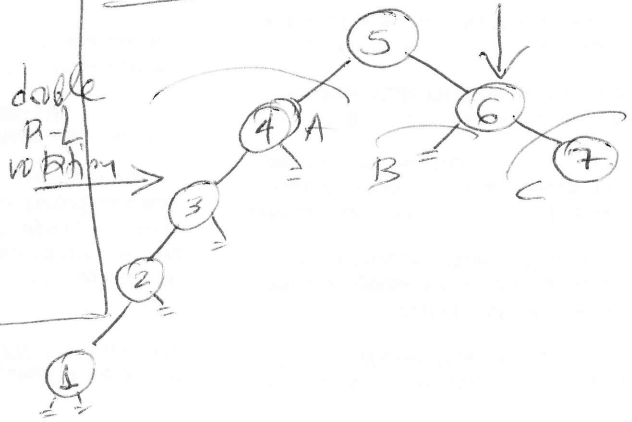
single rotation w/ wt.

S



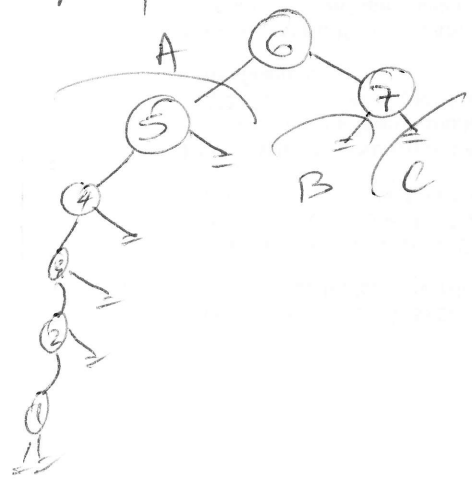
FIND 5

double R-L rotation



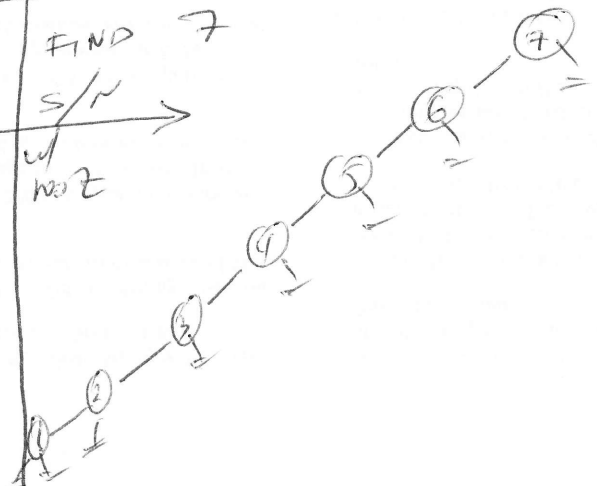
FIND 6

S/R w/ wt



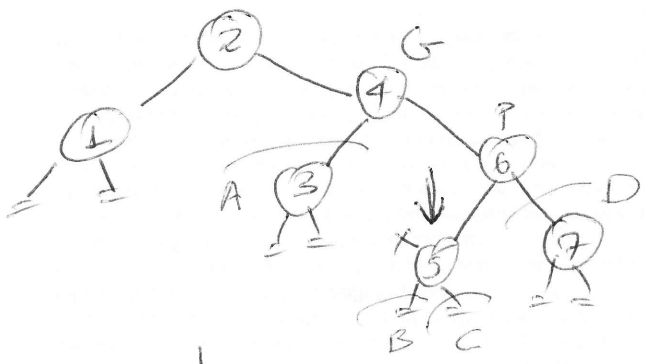
FIND 7

S/R w/ wt



EXAMPLE of DELETION.

START W/

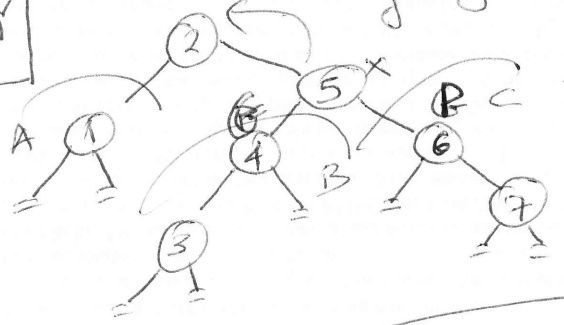


DELETE 5.

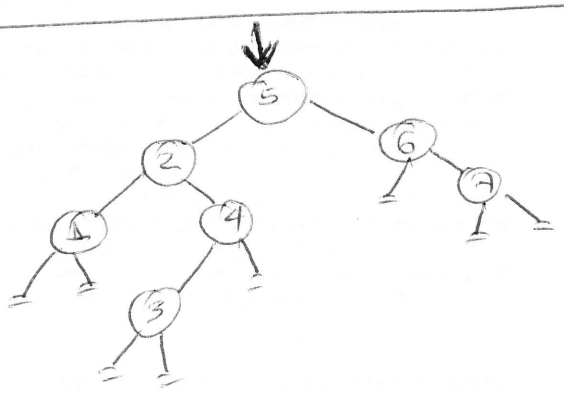
ACCESS 5 AND SPLAY

(1)

R/L double rotation.
Zig/zag



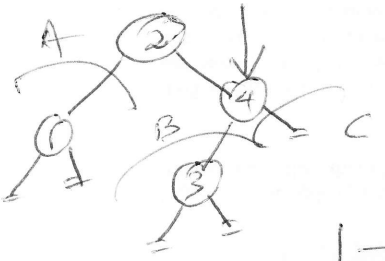
S/R →

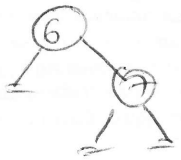


(2) DELETE 5

TWO SUBTREES.

AND

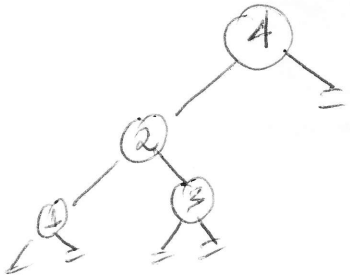




(3) ACCESS LARGEST EL/NT OF RIGHT SUBTREE

BRING IT TO ROOT.

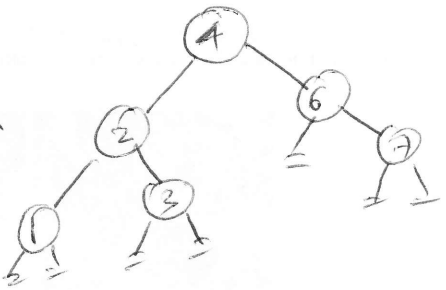
NO RIGHT CHILD.



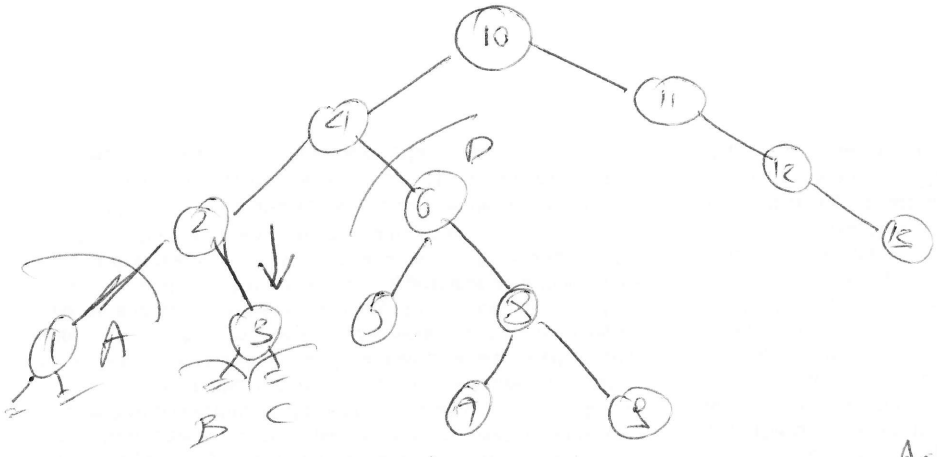
DONE.

LEFT

(4)

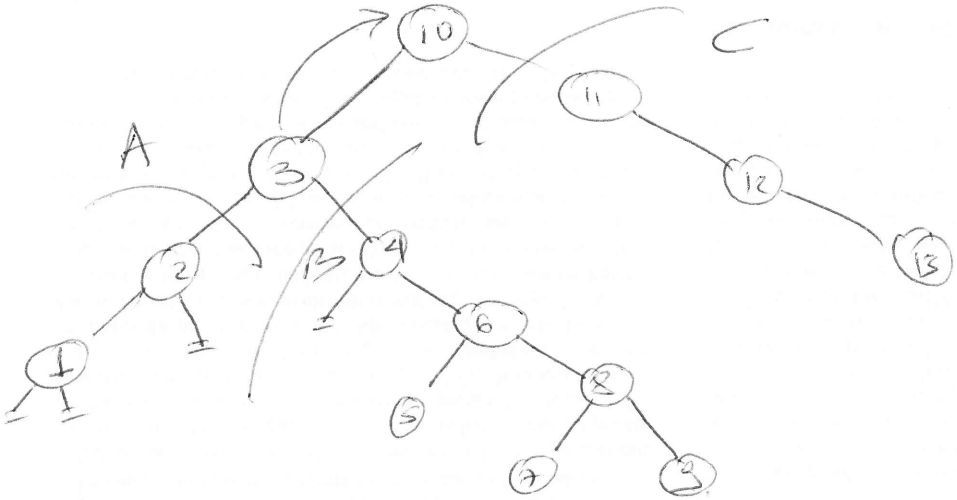


4.27



ACCESS 3

L/R D. ROTATION



S/RON.