Lab 1a: Network Measurement

Use the ping and iperf tools to estimate the round-trip time (RTT) and throughput of a connection between a pair of hosts.

Use a CS 3873 VDI machine to estimate the RTTs and throughputs of connections to hosts 10.100. 230.46, 10.100.116.116, and 64.183.181.215. The first two are on a local network, and the third is on the Internet, running iperf servers at port 7575.

For each measurement, take ten estimates (see below for an example) and compute the average and standard deviation of the values obtained. Indicate the proper units for each measurement. Give screenshots of your experiments' outputs.

Complete the following tasks.

1. Estimate RTTs to the three IP addresses. Run ping to probe each remote host 11 times and use the times from the last ten probes to compute the RTT average and standard deviation. [Note: you need only the IP addresses for ping.]

```
10.100.230.46 – Avg: 0.16ms | Standard Deviation: 0.0284
10.100.116.116 – Avg: 50.79ms | Standard Deviation: 6.7271
64.183.181.215 – Avg: 21.127ms | Standard Deviation: 0.1104
```

2. Estimate TCP throughputs to each remote host with the default TCP window, read/write buffer size, and 1-second reporting intervals.

```
10.100.230.46 – 10.5 Gigabytes
10.100.116.116 – 642 Megabytes
64.183.181.215 - 444 Megabytes
```

3. Estimate UDP throughputs to each remote host with the default UDP datagram length and 1second reporting interval.

```
10.100.230.46 – 1.25 Megabytes
10.100.116.116 – 1.25 Megabytes
64.183.181.215 – 1.25 Megabytes
```

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4. What is the maximum TCP throughput you can achieve using -M and -w options?

```
10.100.230.46 – 10.5 Gigabytes
10.100.116.116 - 85 Megabytes
64.183.181.215 - 150 Megabytes
```

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