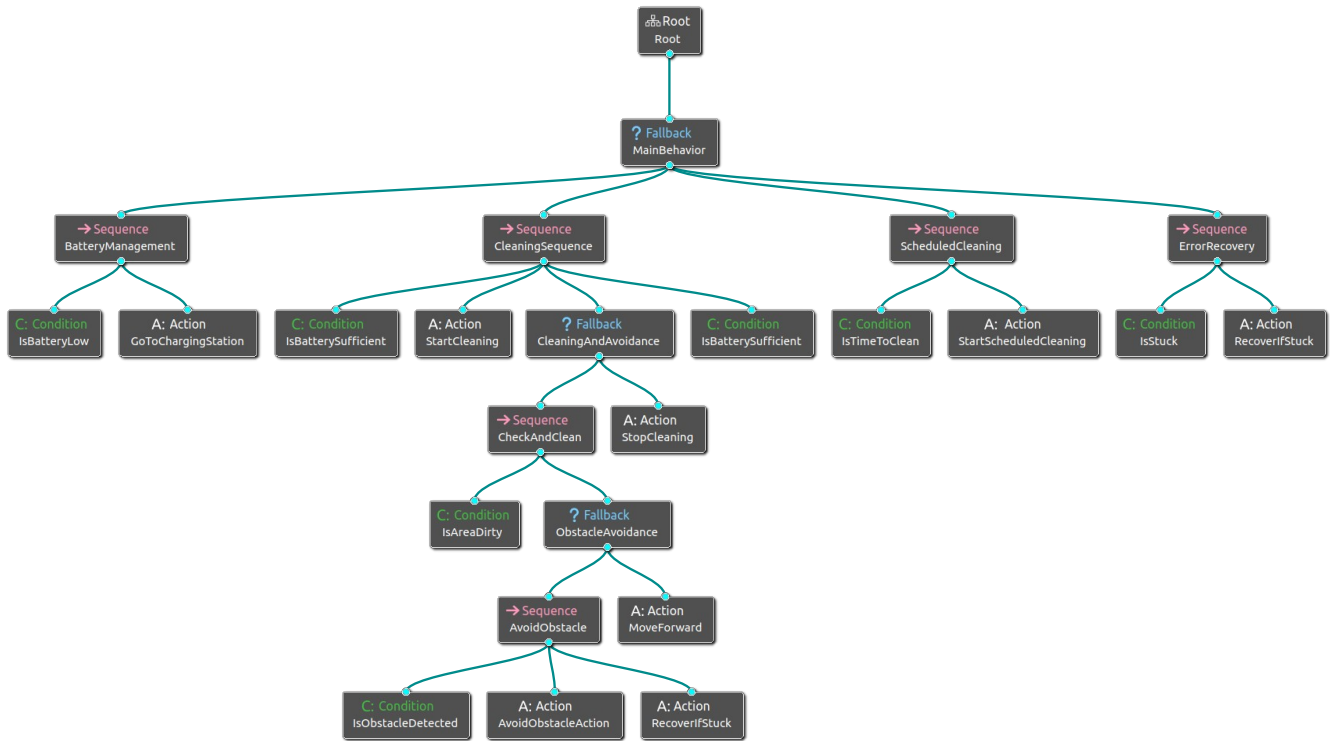


# Behavior Tree Design of a Smart Vacuum Cleaner Operations



*Note: This graph was designed using Groot.*

## XML File

Below is the XML file used to define the Behavior Tree:

```

<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<root main_tree_to_execute="MainTree">
  <BehaviorTree ID="MainTree">
    <Fallback name="MainBehavior">
      <!-- Battery Management -->
      <Sequence name="BatteryManagement">
        <Condition name="IsBatteryLow"/>
        <Action name="GoToChargingStation"/>
      </Sequence>

      <!-- Cleaning Sequence -->
      <Sequence name="CleaningSequence">
        <Condition name="IsBatterySufficient"/>
        <Action name="StartCleaning"/>
        <Fallback name="CleaningAndAvoidance">
          <Sequence name="CheckAndClean">
            <Condition name="IsAreaDirty"/>
            <Fallback name="ObstacleAvoidance">
              <Sequence name="AvoidObstacle">
                <Condition name="IsObstacleDetected"/>
                <Action name="AvoidObstacleAction"/>
                <Action name="RecoverIfStuck"/>
              </Sequence>
              <Action name="MoveForward"/>
            </Fallback>
          </Sequence>
          <Action name="StopCleaning"/>
        </Fallback>
      </Sequence>

      <Sequence name="ScheduledCleaning">
        <Condition name="IsTimeToClean"/>
        <Action name="StartScheduledCleaning"/>
      </Sequence>

      <Sequence name="ErrorRecovery">
        <Condition name="IsStuck"/>
        <Action name="RecoverIfStuck"/>
      </Sequence>
    </Fallback>
  </BehaviorTree>
</root>
  
```

```

        <Sequence name="AvoidObstacle">
            <Condition name="IsObstacleDetected"/>
            <Action name="AvoidObstacleAction"/>
            <Action name="RecoverIfStuck"/>
        </Sequence>
        <Action name="MoveForward"/>
    </Fallback>
</Sequence>
    <Action name="StopCleaning"/>
</Fallback>
    <Condition name="IsBatterySufficient"/>
</Sequence>

<!-- Scheduled Cleaning -->
<Sequence name="ScheduledCleaning">
    <Condition name="IsTimeToClean"/>
    <Action name="StartScheduledCleaning"/>
</Sequence>

<!-- Error Recovery -->
<Sequence name="ErrorRecovery">
    <Condition name="IsStuck"/>
    <Action name="RecoverIfStuck"/>
</Sequence>
</Fallback>
</BehaviorTree>
</root>

```

## Explanation of the Behavior Tree

### 1. Root Node: MainBehavior (Fallback)

- **Purpose:** The root node defines the overall behavior of the vacuum cleaner, using a **Fallback Node** to prioritize tasks.
- **Rationale:** A fallback node ensures that the vacuum performs the highest-priority task first. If a task fails, the system moves to the next available option.

### 2. Battery Management (Sequence)

- **Purpose:** Ensures the vacuum has sufficient power to operate.
- **Nodes:**
  - **IsBatteryLow (Condition):** Checks if the battery level is below a defined threshold.
  - **GoToChargingStation (Action):** Moves the vacuum to the charging station if the battery is low.
- **Rationale:** Battery management is the highest priority to prevent the vacuum from running out of power mid-task.

### 3. Cleaning Sequence (Sequence)

- **Purpose:** Manages the vacuum's cleaning process, including obstacle avoidance and battery rechecking.
- **Nodes:**
  - **IsBatterySufficient (Condition):** Verifies that the battery has enough charge for cleaning.
  - **StartCleaning (Action):** Initiates the cleaning process.
  - **CleaningAndAvoidance (Fallback):** Handles cleaning while navigating obstacles.
    - **CheckAndClean (Sequence):**
      - **IsAreaDirty (Condition):** Checks if the current area is dirty.
      - **ObstacleAvoidance (Fallback):** Manages obstacle detection and avoidance.
        - **AvoidObstacle (Sequence):**
          - **IsObstacleDetected (Condition):** Detects obstacles in the path.
          - **AvoidObstacleAction (Action):** Takes action to avoid detected obstacles.
          - **RecoverIfStuck (Action):** Initiates recovery if the vacuum becomes stuck.
        - **MoveForward (Action):** Moves forward if no obstacles are detected.
    - **StopCleaning (Action):** Stops the cleaning process when the area is clean.
    - **IsBatterySufficient (Condition):** Rechecks battery levels during cleaning.
  - **Rationale:** Ensures efficient cleaning while avoiding obstacles and conserving battery power.

### 4. Scheduled Cleaning (Sequence)

- **Purpose:** Manages scheduled cleaning tasks based on predefined timings.
- **Nodes:**
  - **IsTimeToClean (Condition):** Determines whether it is time for a scheduled cleaning session.
  - **StartScheduledCleaning (Action):** Initiates cleaning at the scheduled time.
- **Rationale:** Ensures the vacuum operates automatically at set intervals for consistent cleanliness.

### 5. Error Recovery (Sequence)

- **Purpose:** Handles recovery mechanisms if the vacuum encounters issues.
- **Nodes:**
  - **IsStuck (Condition):** Detects if the vacuum is stuck.
  - **RecoverIfStuck (Action):** Attempts to free the vacuum from obstructions.
- **Rationale:** Provides an automated recovery system to handle unexpected failures, ensuring continuous operation.

# Design Rationale

## 1. Prioritization:

- The Fallback node ensures that the vacuum prioritizes critical tasks like battery management and error recovery over cleaning.

## 2. Modularity:

- Each task (e.g., battery management, cleaning, error recovery) is encapsulated in its own sequence, making the tree easy to modify and extend.

## 3. Robustness:

- The tree includes error handling and recovery mechanisms to handle unexpected situations, such as getting stuck or failing to avoid obstacles.

## 4. Efficiency:

- The vacuum avoids unnecessary cleaning by checking if the area is dirty and rechecks the battery during cleaning to ensure it doesn't run out of power.

# Conclusion

This Behavior Tree provides a robust and efficient framework for controlling a smart vacuum cleaner. It ensures the vacuum can navigate, clean, and manage power effectively while avoiding obstacles and recovering from errors. The design prioritizes critical tasks, incorporates modularity for easy modification, and includes mechanisms for error handling and efficiency.