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High-level programming language:

A programming language designed for use by human programmers in a language that resembles natural language. There is no need to work with addresses in the computer's memory, managing processor resources, etc.

Writing the code is done with the help of variables, arrays, objects, boolean expressions, functions, etc.

Object-Oriented Programming - OOP

Object-Oriented Programming (OOP) is a methodology that uses 'objects' to structure programs. This system organizes objects in hierarchical relationships, each embodying unique properties and operations. Encapsulation, a primary principle of OOP, ensures that each object is a self-sufficient unit.

Moreover, OOP leverages inheritance, allowing objects to inherit characteristics from 'parent' objects, fostering code reusability. Additionally, it utilizes polymorphism, enabling inherited properties to be used in multiple forms, enhancing flexibility and facilitating cleaner, more intuitive code design.

The language can also run independently, like other languages, with the help of runtime environments like Node.js.

Node.js lets you run JavaScript code outside of a web browser.

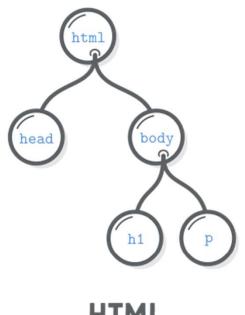
It connects JavaScript to your computer's operating system,

transforming JavaScript into a server-side language.

Before Node.js, JavaScript couldn't do this. Now, you can write
code for both the web page and the server using just JavaScript.

WHAT CAN WE DO WITH JAVASCRIPT?

- **Perform Calculations:** Just like a calculator, we can do all sorts of mathematical operations with JavaScript.
- Control Flow with Conditions: We can use conditions to control the flow of a program. JavaScript can make decisions and choose different paths based on conditions (If it's raining, take an umbrella).
- Repeat Actions with Loops: Loops allow us to repeat certain actions multiple times without rewriting the same code. Think of it as listening to your favorite song on repeat.
- Create Functions: Functions are reusable blocks of code that perform a specific task. It's like having a personal chef who can cook your favorite meal whenever you ask.
- Organize Data with Structures: JavaScript provides data structures like arrays and objects to store and organize data. Consider it as different types of containers for storing your belongings.
- Manipulate Data Structures: Not only can we store data, but we can also change, sort, or retrieve it using various methods. Imagine being able to instantly find your favorite book on a massive bookshelf.
- Interact with Web Pages: JavaScript can change the content and style of a webpage, or react to user interactions. It's like a magical paintbrush that can dynamically change the look and feel of your website.
- Make Web Requests: JavaScript can talk to servers and APIs to get new data, submit data, and more. Imagine being able to send a letter (request) and getting a response back.
- **Handle Errors:** Using error handling, JavaScript can respond gracefully to unexpected problems, ensuring our program continues to work. Think of it as a safety net.







CSS



JAVASCRIPT

