

## ASSIGNMENT 5

### Aim:-

You have a business with several offices; you want to lease phone lines to connect them up with each other; and the phone company charges different amounts of money to connect different pairs of cities. You want a set of lines that connects all your offices with a minimum total cost. Solve the problem by suggesting appropriate data structures

### Objective:-

You want a set of lines that connects all your offices with a minimum total cost. To Solve the problem by suggesting appropriate data structures

### Theory:-

**Kruskal's algorithm** is a [minimum-spanning-tree algorithm](#) which finds an edge of the least possible weight that connects any two trees in the forest.<sup>[1]</sup> It is a [greedy algorithm](#) in [graph theory](#) as it finds a [minimum spanning tree](#) for a [connected weighted graph](#) adding increasing cost arcs at each step.<sup>[1]</sup> This means it finds a subset of the [edges](#) that forms a tree that includes every [vertex](#), where the total weight of all the edges in the tree is minimized. If the graph is not connected, then it finds a *minimum spanning forest* (a minimum spanning tree for each [connected component](#)).

### Algorithm:-

- create a forest  $F$  (a set of trees), where each vertex in the graph is a separate [tree](#)
- create a set  $S$  containing all the edges in the graph
- while  $S$  is [nonempty](#) and  $F$  is not yet [spanning](#)
  - remove an edge with minimum weight from  $S$
  - if the removed edge connects two different trees then add it to the forest  $F$ , combining two trees into a single tree

At the termination of the algorithm, the forest forms a minimum spanning forest of the graph. If the graph is connected, the forest has a single component and forms a minimum spanning tree.

### Code:-

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
const int MAX=10;
class edge
{
    friend class graph;
    friend class edgelist;
    int u,v,wt;
public:
    edge()
    {}
    edge(int x,int y, int w)
```

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```
{
    u=x;
    v=y;
    wt=w;
}
};
class edgelist
{
    friend class graph;
    edge data[MAX];
    int n;
public:
    edgelist()
    {
        n=0;
    }
    void sort()
    {
        edge temp;
        for(int i=0;i<n-1;i++)
        {
            for(int j=0;j<n-i-1;i++)
            {
                if(data[j].wt>data[j+1].wt)
                {
                    temp=data[j];
                    data[j]=data[j+1];
                    data[j+1]=temp;
                }
            }
        }
    }
    void print()
    {
        cout<<n<<endl;
        int cost=0;
        for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
        {
            cout<<"\n"<<i+1<<" "<<data[i].u<<" --> "<<data[i].v<<" =
"<<data[i].wt;
            cost=cost+data[i].wt;
        }
        cout<<"\nThe minimum cost of the minimum spanning tree is
"<<cost<<endl;
    }
};
class graph
{
    int g[MAX][MAX];
    int v;
public:
    graph()
    {
        for(int i=0;i<v;i++)
```

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```
        for(int j=0;j<v;j++)
            g[i][j]=0;
    }
    void insert_edge(int n1,int n2,int wt)
    {
        if(n1-1>=v||n2-1>=v)
            cout<<"Vertex request out of range\n";
        else
        {
            g[n1-1][n2-1]=wt;
            g[n2-1][n1-1]=wt;
        }
    }
    void display()
    {
        for(int i=0;i<v;i++)
        {
            for(int j=0;j<v;j++)
            {
                cout<<g[i][j]<<"\t";
            }
            cout<<endl;
        }
    }
    void update_v(int n)
    {
        v=n;
    }
    void krushkal(edgelist mst)
    {
        edgelist list;
        int belongs[v];
        int c1,c2;
        for(int i=0;i<v;i++)
        {
            for(int j=0;j<v;j++)
            {
                if(g[i][j]!=0)
                {
                    list.data[list.n]=edge(i,j,g[i][j]);
                    list.n++;
                }
            }
        }
        list.sort();
        for(int i=0;i<v;i++)
            belongs[i]=i;
        for(int i=0;i<list.n;i++)
        {
            c1=find(belongs,list.data[i].u);
            c2=find(belongs,list.data[i].v);
            if(c1!=c2)
            {
                mst.data[mst.n]=list.data[i];
            }
        }
    }
}
```

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```
        mst.n++;
        uni(belongs,c1,c2);
    }
    mst.print();
}
int find(int belongs[],int x)
{
    return belongs[x];
}
void uni(int belongs[],int c1,int c2)
{
    for(int i=0;i<v;i++)
    {
        if(belongs[i]==c2)
            belongs[i]=c1;
    }
}
};
int main()
{
    char r;
    do
    {
        graph g;
        char op;
        int v;
        cout<<"Enter number of vertices: ";
        cin>>v;
        g.update_v(v);
        do
        {
            int c;
            cout<<"\n=====Menu=====\\n";
            cout<<"1] Insert edge\\n2] Increase number of vertices\\n3]
Display matrix\\n4] MST by krushkal's\\n";
            cout<<"_____\\n";
            cout<<"Enter your choice: ";
            cin>>c;
            switch(c)
            {
                case 1: {
                    int n1,n2,wt;
                    cout<<"Enter the nodes between which there is
an edge\\n";

                    cin>>n1>>n2;
                    cout<<"Enter weight: ";
                    cin>>wt;
                    g.insert_edge(n1,n2,wt);
                }
                break;
                case 2: {
                    int n;
```

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```

                                cout<<"Enter the number by which you wish to
increase the vertices: ";
                                cin>>n;
                                v+=n;
                                g.update_v(v);
                                }
                                break;
                                case 3: {
                                    g.display();
                                }
                                break;
                                case 4: {
                                    edgelist mst;
                                    g.krushkal(mst);
                                }
                                break;
                                default:cout<<"Error 404.....page not found\n";
                                }
                                cout<<"Do you wish to continue(y/n): ";
                                cin>>op;
                                }while(op=='y' || op=='Y');
                                cout<<"Test pass(y/n): ";
                                cin>>r;
                                }while(r=='n' || r=='N');
                                cout<<"*****\n";
                                cout<<"*   Thank You!   *\n";
                                cout<<"*****\n";
                                return 0;
                                }

```

## Output Screenshot:-

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```
"C:\Users\Dell\Downloads\main (3).exe"
4] MST by krushkal's

Enter your choice: 1
Enter the nodes between which there is an edge
1
4
Enter weight: 45
Do you wish to continue(y/n): y

=====Menu=====
1] Insert edge
2] Increase number of vertices
3] Display matrix
4] MST by krushkal's

Enter your choice: 1
Enter the nodes between which there is an edge
5
5
Enter weight: 57
Vertex request out of range
Do you wish to continue(y/n): n
Test pass(y/n): y
*****
*      Thank You!      *
*****

Process returned 0 (0x0)   execution time : 33.499 s
Press any key to continue.
_
```

## Conclusion:-

We Have Solved The Above Given Problem Using Appropriate Algorithm i.e.Kruskal's Minimum Spanning Tree Algorithm.