## **ASSIGNMENT 3**

#### Aim:-

There are flight paths between cities. If there is a flight between city A and city B then there is an edge between the cities. The cost of the edge can be the time that flight takes to reach city B from A, or the amount of fuel used for the journey. Represent this as a graph. The node can be represented by airport name or name of the city. Use adjacency list representation of the graph or use adjacency matrix representation of the graph. Justify the storage representations used.

### **Objective:-**

To Use adjacency list representation of the graph or use adjacency matrix representation of the graph. Justify the storage representations used.

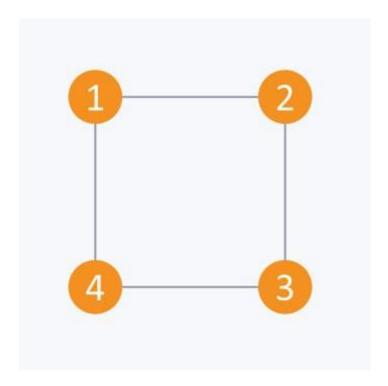
### Theory:-

The other way to represent a graph is by using an adjacency list. An adjacency list is an array A of separate lists. Each element of the array  $\mathbf{A}_i$  is a list, which contains all the vertices that are adjacent to vertex i.

For a weighted graph, the weight or cost of the edge is stored along with the vertex in the list using pairs. In an undirected graph, if vertex j is in list Ai then vertex i will be in list Aj.

The space complexity of adjacency list is O(V + E) because in an adjacency list information is stored only for those edges that actually exist in the graph. In a lot of cases, where a matrix is sparse using an adjacency matrix may not be very useful. This is because using an adjacency matrix will take up a lot of space where most of the elements will be 0, anyway. In such cases, using an adjacency list is better.

**Note:** A sparse matrix is a matrix in which most of the elements are zero, whereas a dense matrix is a matrix in which most of the elements are non-zero.



# Algorithm:-

- 1. Create an array A of size N and type of array must be list of vertices. Intially each list is empty so each array element is initialise with empty list.
- 2. Iterate each given edge of the form (u,v) and append v to the uth list of array A. Also, If graph is undirected append u to the vth list of array A

### Code:-

```
#include<iostream>
#define MAX 10
using namespace std;
class airport
       string city[MAX];
       int distance[10][10];
public :
    int n;
    airport();
    void read city();
    void show graph();
};
airport::airport()
       n=0;
       for(int i=0;i<MAX;i++)</pre>
               for(int j=0;j<MAX;j++)</pre>
```

```
distance[i][j]=0;
        }
}
void airport::read_city()
        int k;
        cout<<"\nEnter the no. of cities: " ;</pre>
        cout<<"Enter city name:\n";</pre>
        for (int k=0; k< n; k++)
            cout<<k+1<<"] ";
                cin>>city[k];
        for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
                for(int j=i+1; j < n; j++)
                        cout<<"\nEnter Distance between "<<city[i]<<" to</pre>
"<<city[j]<<": ";
                        cin>>distance[i][j];
                        distance[j][i]=distance[i][j];
                }
        }
}
void airport::show graph()
    cout<<"\t";
    for (int k=0; k< n; k++)
        cout<<city[k]<<"\t";</pre>
    }
    cout << endl;
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++)</pre>
         cout<<city[i]<<"\t";</pre>
         for(int j=0;j<n;j++)</pre>
             cout<<distance[i][j]<<"\t";</pre>
         cout << endl;
    }
}
int main()
        airport obj;
        obj.read city();
        obj.show_graph();
}
```

## **Output Screenshot:-**

"C:\Users\Dell\Downloads\main (1).exe"

```
Enter the no. of cities: 4
Enter city name:
1] Pune
2] Mumbai
3] Chennai
4] Kolkata
Enter Distance between Pune to Mumbai: 1222
Enter Distance between Pune to Chennai: 1212
Enter Distance between Pune to Kolkata: 1311
Enter Distance between Mumbai to Chennai: 3222
Enter Distance between Mumbai to Kolkata: 4232
Enter Distance between Chennai to Kolkata: 211
       Pune
               Mumbai Chennai Kolkata
Pune
       0
               1222
                      1212
                              1311
Mumbai 1222
                      3222
               0
                              4232
Chennai 1212
              3222
                     0
                             211
Kolkata 1311
               4232 211
                              0
Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time : 133.943 s
Press any key to continue.
```

#### Conclusion:-

We Conclude That We Can Use Adjajency List To Show If Route Exists Between Any Particular Cities Or Not.