```
=== Compiler online time ===

A1: 30+10
A2: 25
B1: 30+5
B2: 30

=== Online 1 (Basics) ===

A1 (Input will be A/B/C/..../H, time 40 mins)

Input => Output Format:
A => 17
B => 16
.
.
```

**A2** (Input always 3 characters, time 20 mins)



G => 11H => 10

**B1** (Input will be a to m always, time 30 mins)

```
Input => Output Format: a => Z
```

```
b => X
c => V
.
```

m => B

**B2** 

A->y B->z

C->w

D->x

10 marks

A->b

B->a

C->d

D->c

9 marks

A->z

B->y

C->x

D->w

8 marks

Input can be any capital letter

There are 3 questions. Solve according to the mark you want

# **A1**

3 sides (single digit) of a triangle will be given. Determine which family it belongs to (Equilateral/Isosceles/Scalene)

# **A2**

Input: A number between 1-100. Multi-digit input consumption part was provided Output: Determine the grade

Sample I/0: 80-100 => A+ 70-79 => A . . . 0-39 => F

## **B1**

Input: Any character (Any means any. Lowercase/uppercase letters, other ascii characters, anything can be input. One teacher even pressed F10 as input lul)

Output: Determine whether the ascii character is vowel/consonant/other

#### **B2**

Input: Two numbers that depict the abscissa and ordinate of a point in the Cartesian coordinate system. To distinguish between pos & neg numbers, pos numbers will always start with '0' (e.g. 05, 07) & neg numbers will start with '-' (e.g. -5, -7). Please note that input will always be two characters

Output: Determine which quadrant/axis the point lies in

=== Online 3 (Loop, stack etc) ===

## **A1**

Input: Any 3-9 base number Output: Convert it to binary

Time: 45 mins

### **A2**

একটা নাম্বার ইনপুট নাও, ১ থেকে ঐ নাম্বারের মাঝে কতগুলো ফল্টি নাম্বার আছে, বের কর।

ডেফিনেশনঃ ফল্টি নাম্বার হচ্ছে যাদের প্রকৃত উৎপাদকের যোগফল, ঐ নাম্বার অপেক্ষা বেশি

১২ একটা ফল্টি নাম্বার কারণ, ১২ এর প্রকৃত উৎপাদক ২,৩,৪,৬ এর যোগফল, ১৫ > ১২

Sample I/O

In: 10

Out: 0

In: 20

Out: 3

সময়, ৩৫ মিনিট

# **B1**

Selection sort (a picture of selection sort simulation was provided. Also, since we did offline with insertion sort, the modification became comparatively less painful. I had to change only the sorting algo part, the input consumption and array printing part were the exact same as insertion sort; time 30+10)

#### **B2**

Input: An integer, N

Output: Print all the co-primes of N from numbers 2 to N  $\pmb{\&}$  the total number of co-primes

(C code of GCD was provided)

TIme: 40 mins