# Day 4

## **Lists and Tables**

## **Understanding Lists and Tables in HTML**

HTML provides tools for structuring and presenting information in lists and tables, which helps in organizing content effectively on web pages.

#### Lists

## **Unordered Lists ():**

- **Purpose:** Used to display items in a list with bullet points.
- **Usage:** Ideal for lists where the order of items is not important, such as a list of ingredients or features.

## **Ordered Lists ():**

- **Purpose:** Displays items in a list with numbered points.
- **Usage:** Suitable for sequences where the order matters, such as instructions or steps in a process.

#### **Tables**

#### **Tables:**

- **Purpose:** Used to present data in a grid format, making it easier to read and compare information.
- Components:
  - o **:** The container element for the entire table.
  - : Represents a row in the table.
  - o **:** Defines a cell in the table that holds data.
  - : Represents a header cell, usually displayed in bold and centered.
  - <thead>: Groups the header content, typically including elements.
  - : Groups the main content of the table, containing and elements.
  - <tfoot>: Groups footer content, often used for summaries or totals.

### Usage:

- Unordered Lists: Best for items where sequence is not crucial.
- Ordered Lists: Ideal for steps or rankings where sequence is essential.

•	<b>Tables:</b> Suitable for structured data that benefits from rows and columns, such as financial reports or schedules.