

Java Collections Problems

◆ 1. List (ArrayList, LinkedList, Vector)

| ? Problem | 🔍 Concept |
|---|--|
| ◆ Remove duplicates from a list while preserving order | Use <code>LinkedHashSet</code> or check with <code>contains()</code> |
| ◆ Find the second largest element in a list | Sort or traverse twice |
| ◆ Reverse a list without using <code>Collections.reverse()</code> | Loop and swap |
| ◆ Merge two sorted lists | Like merge step in merge sort |
| ◆ Detect a cycle in a linked list (use <code>LinkedList</code> logic) | Use Floyd's Cycle Algorithm |
| ◆ Convert array to list and list to array | <code>Arrays.asList()</code> and <code>list.toArray()</code> |
| ◆ Rotate a list to the right by k steps | Modulo + slicing logic |

◆ 2. Set (HashSet, LinkedHashSet, TreeSet)

| ? Problem | 🔍 Concept |
|---|--|
| ◆ Find the union and intersection of two sets | <code>addAll()</code> and <code>retainAll()</code> |
| ◆ Find all distinct characters in a string | Store in <code>Set<Character></code> |
| ◆ Find duplicate elements in an array | Check <code>set.contains()</code> before adding |
| ◆ Remove duplicates from a list | Convert to <code>Set</code> and back to <code>List</code> |
| ◆ Check if two strings are anagrams | Use <code>Set</code> and sorting or frequency maps |
| ◆ Count number of distinct words in a paragraph | Use <code>Set<String></code> with <code>split()</code> |
| ◆ Sort a set of elements | Use <code>TreeSet</code> |

◆ 3. Queue (LinkedList, PriorityQueue)

| ? Problem | 🔍 Concept |
|--|--|
| ◆ Implement a queue using two stacks | Stack logic, enqueue/dequeue |
| ◆ Print binary numbers from 1 to N | Use Queue to simulate number building |
| ◆ Implement a circular queue | Array + modulo logic |
| ◆ Find first non-repeating character in a stream | Use Queue + frequency map |
| ◆ Merge K sorted arrays | Use <code>PriorityQueue</code> (min-heap) |
| ◆ Design a task scheduler with priorities | Use <code>PriorityQueue</code> with custom comparator |
| ◆ Process jobs in order with delay | Use <code>PriorityQueue</code> to simulate delay queue |

◆ 4. Deque (ArrayDeque, LinkedList)

| ? Problem | 🔍 Concept |
|---|--|
| ◆ Check if a string is a palindrome | Compare front and rear |
| ◆ Implement a sliding window max (fixed size k) | Deque stores indices |
| ◆ Design a stack with <code>getMin()</code> in O(1) | Use 2 stacks or a custom class |
| ◆ Implement browser forward/backward history | Use Deque to simulate stack in both directions |
| ◆ Reverse first K elements of a queue | Use Deque to rotate |
| ◆ Design LRU Cache | Deque + HashMap or <code>LinkedHashMap</code> |

◆ 5. Map (HashMap, TreeMap, LinkedHashMap)

| ? Problem | 🔍 Concept |
|--|---|
| ◆ Count frequency of each word in a string | Use <code>Map<String, Integer></code> |
| ◆ Find the first non-repeating character | Map for freq + order |
| ◆ Group anagrams together | Use sorted word as key |
| ◆ Find top K frequent elements | Map for count + <code>PriorityQueue</code> |
| ◆ Sort a map by values | Convert to list + comparator |

| | |
|--|---|
| ◆ Two-sum problem | Store complement in Map |
| ◆ Find common elements with same frequency in two arrays | Map for freq in both, compare |
| ◆ LRU Cache implementation | Use <code>LinkedHashMap</code> with <code>accessOrder = true</code> |
| ◆ Design a phonebook | Use <code>Map<String, List<String>></code> |
| ◆ Count character frequency and print sorted | TreeMap or sort entries by value |

✓ Bonus: Mixed / Real-World Problems

| ? Problem | 🔍 Use |
|--|---|
| ◆ Build a leaderboard with live rank updates | <code>TreeMap</code> or custom <code>PriorityQueue</code> |
| ◆ Word auto-suggestion system | <code>Map<Character, TrieNode></code> |
| ◆ Implement undo-redo | Two stacks or two deques |
| ◆ Parenthesis validation | Use <code>Stack</code> , implemented via <code>Deque</code> |
| ◆ Stock span problem | Stack or Deque |
| ◆ Subarray sum equals K | Use <code>Map</code> to store cumulative sum counts |