Lab Assignment 04



Inspiring Excellence

Course Code:	CSE111
Course Title:	Programming Language II
Topic:	Constructor, Constructor Overloading and Multiclass Problem
Number of Tasks:	11

[Submit all the Coding Tasks (Task 1 to 8) in the Google Form shared on buX before the next lab. Submit the Tracing Tasks (Task 9 to 11) handwritten to your Lab Instructors at the beginning of the lab]

 $\underline{Task\ 1}$ Design the Student class in such a way that it produces the following output.

Driver Code	Expected Output
<pre>public class StudentTester{ public static void main(String[] args){ Student s1 = new Student("Harry", "CSE"); System.out.println(s1.name); s1.updateName("Harry Potter"); System.out.println(s1.name); System.out.println(s1.prog); s1.updateProgram("CS"); String prog = s1.accessProgram(); System.out.println(prog); } }</pre>	Harry Harry Potter CSE CS

 $\underline{Task\ 2}$ Design the Toy class in such a way that it produces the following output

Driver Code	Expected Output
t2.updateName("Autobot");	A new toy has been made! 1===================================
}	

Task 3

Design the **Shape2D** class in such a way that it produces the following output.

```
Driver Code
                                                     Expected Output
public class Shape2DTester {
                                           A Square has been created with
 public static void main(String[] args) {
                                           length: 5
                                           -----1-----
   Shape2D sq = new Shape2D();
   System.out.println("-----1-----");
                                           The area of the Square is: 25.0
                                           ------
   sq.area();
   System.out.println("-----2----");
                                           A Rectangle has been created with
                                           length: 5 and breadth:
   Shape2D rectangle = new Shape2D(5,6);
   System.out.println("----3----");
                                           -----3-----
                                           The area of the Rectangle is: 30.0
   rectangle.area();
   System.out.println("-----4-----");
                                           ------
   Shape2D tri1 = new Shape2D(5,6,"Triangle");
                                           A Triangle has been created with
   System.out.println("-----5-----");
                                           height: 5 and base:
                                           ------5-----
   tri1.area();
   System.out.println("-----6-----");
                                           The area of the Triangle is: 15.0
                                           -----6-----
   Shape2D tri2 = new Shape2D(5,6,7);
   System.out.println("-----7-----");
                                           A Triangle has been created with
   tri2.area();
                                           the following sides: 5, 6, 7
   System.out.println("-----8-----");
                                           -----
                                           The area of the Triangle is: 14.69
 }
                                           -----8-----
}
```

Task 4

Write "**Student**" class to show the following expected outputs **Note:**

- A student can't take any course until the CGPA is set.
- ❖ A student cannot take more than 4 courses.
- A student with CGPA below 3 cannot take more than 3 courses.

Driver Code	Expected Output
<pre>public class StudentDriver { public static void main(String[] args){ Student student1 = new Student(12345678); System.out.println("1"); student1.addCourse("CSE110"); System.out.println("2"); student1.storeCG(2.5); student1.addCourse("CSE110"); student1.addCourse("ENG101"); student1.showAdvisee(); System.out.println("3"); student1.removeAllCourse(); student1.showAdvisee(); System.out.println("4"); student1.storeID(54652365); String[] courses = {"SOC101", "CSE111", "ENG102"}; student1.addCourse(courses); student1.showAdvisee(); System.out.println("5"); student1.addCourse("CSE230"); student1.showAdvisee(); System.out.println("6"); Student student2 = new Student(975738383,3.7); System.out.println("7"); String[] courses2 = {"CSE220", "PHY112", "MAT120", "BUS101", "CHN101"}; student2.addCourse(courses2); student2.showAdvisee(); } }</pre>	A student with ID 12345678 has been created. 1

Design the **Triangle** Class that will produce the following output. We will consider both triangles to have the same sides if all sides are equal in the same orientation/sequence only. Types of Triangle:

- Equilateral: When all sides in the same orientation are equal.
- Isosceles: When any two sides of a triangle in the same orientation are equal.
- Scalene: When all sides are of different lengths.

```
Driver Code
                                                            Output
                                             Three sides of the triangle are: 4,
public class TriangleTester{
public static void main(String args[]){
                                             4, 4
  Triangle t1 = new Triangle();
                                             Perimeter: 12
  Triangle t2 = new Triangle();
                                             ----1----
                                             This is an Equilateral Triangle.
  Triangle t3 = new Triangle();
  Triangle t4 = new Triangle();
                                             -----
                                             Three sides of the triangle are: 4,
  t1.updateSides(4, 4, 4);
                                             5, 6
  t2.updateSides(4, 5, 6);
                                             Perimeter: 15
  t3.updateSides(4, 5, 6);
                                             This is a Scalene Triangle.
  t4.updateSides(5, 4, 6);
                                             -----3-----
                                             Three sides of the triangle are: 5,
                                             4, 6
  t1.triangleDetails();
  System.out.println("-----1-----");
                                             Perimeter: 15
  System.out.println(t1.printTriangleType());
                                             This is a Scalene Triangle.
  System.out.println("----2----");
                                             -----
  t3.triangleDetails();
                                             Addresses are different but the
  System.out.println(t3.printTriangleType());
                                             sides of the triangles are equal.
  System.out.println("-----3-----");
                                             -----5-----
  t4.triangleDetails();
                                             Addresses, length of the sides and
  System.out.println(t4.printTriangleType());
                                             perimeter all are different.
  System.out.println("----4----");
                                             -----
  t2.compareTrinagles(t3);
                                             These two triangle objects have the
  System.out.println("----5----");
                                             same address.
  t1.compareTrinagles(t2);
                                              -----
  System.out.println("-----6-----");
                                             Only the perimeter of both triangles
  t1 = t2;
                                             is equal.
  t1.compareTrinagles(t2);
  System.out.println("----7----");
  t3.compareTrinagles(t4);
}
```

Write the **Teacher** and **Course** classes so that the TestTeacher class produces the outputs given. Hint: A teacher can add a maximum of 3 courses.

Task 7

Design the required class/es so that the following output is generated. Read the following description:

- 1. You may assume that to board a bus, a student must have the bus pass, and his/her destination must match the route of the bus.
- 2. Additionally, the default maximum capacity of the bus is 2.

Driver Code	Output	
<pre>public class BracuStudentTester { public static void main(String[] args) { BracuStudent st1 = new BracuStudent("Afif", "Mirpur"); System.out.println("1========"); BracuStudent st2 = new BracuStudent("Shanto", "Motijheel"); BracuStudent st3 = new BracuStudent("Taskin", "Mirpur"); st1.showDetails(); st2.showDetails(); System.out.println("2======="); BracuBus bus1 = new BracuBus("Mirpur"); BracuBus bus2 = new BracuBus("Azimpur", 5); bus1.showDetails(); bus2.showDetails(); system.out.println("4========"); st2.getPass(); st3.getPass(); st3.getPass(); st3.showDetails(); System.out.println("5======="); bus1.board(); System.out.println("6========"); bus1.board(st1, st2); System.out.println("8========"); st1.getPass(); st2.updateHome("Mirpur"); st1.showDetails(); st2.showDetails(); System.out.println("9========"); bus1.board(st1); bus1.board(st2, st3); System.out.println("10========"); bus1.showDetails(); } </pre>	1=====================================	

Design the **Student** and the **Usis** class so that the following output is produced. Note:

- A student's email, password, and login status are null by default while creating an object of the Student class.
- Your code should satisfy the conditions mentioned in the output only.
- Usis class will have two instance variables: totalAdvisee and an array of Student type to store the student object. The array will be updated inside the advising() method only when the advising is successful.Usis can take at most 5 advisees.

Driver Code	Expected Output
<pre>public class UsisTester { public static void main(String[] args) { Student rakib = new Student("Rakib", 12301455, "CSE"); Student roy = new Student("Roy", 12501345, "CS"); System.out.println("1**************); Usis usisObj = new Usis(); System.out.println("2****************); usisObj.login(rakib); System.out.println("3**************); usisObj.advising(rakib); System.out.println("4**************); rakib.email = "rakib@hotmail.com"; rakib.password = "1234"; System.out.println("5**************); usisObj.login(rakib); System.out.println("6****************); usisObj.advising(rakib); System.out.println("7*******************); usisObj.advising(rakib, "CSE110", "PHY111", "MAT110", "CSE260"); System.out.println("8*****************); usisObj.advising(rakib, "CSE110", "PHY111", "MAT110"); System.out.println("10************************************</pre>	Student object is created Student object is created 1************** Usis is ready to use! 2*********** Email and password need to be set. 3*********** Please login to advise courses! 4********** Please login to advise courses! 4********** 5********** Login successful 6********** You haven't selected any courses. 7********** You need special approval to take more than 3 courses. 8********** Advising successful! 9********** Total Advisee: 1 Name: Rakib ID: 12301455 Department: CSE Advised Courses: CSE110 PHY111 MAT110 ===================================

=========

```
public class B{
1
2
      public int x = 3, y = 5, temp = -5, sum = 2;
3
      public B(){
4
        y = temp + 3;
5
        sum = 3 + temp + 2;
6
        temp -= 2;
7
      public B(B b){
9
        sum = b.sum;
10
        x = b.x + 2;
11
        b.methodB(2,3);
12
      public void methodA(int m, int n){
13
14
        int x = 2;
15
        y = y + m + (temp++);
16
        x = x + 5 + n;
17
        sum = sum + x + y;
        System.out.println(x + " " + y + " " + sum);
18
19
20
      public void methodB(int m, int n){
        int y = 0;
21
22
        y = y + this.y;
23
        x = this.y + 2 + temp;
24
        methodA(x, y);
25
        sum = x + y + sum;
        System.out.println(x + " " + y + " " + sum);
28
27
      }
28
```

```
public class Tester9 {
   public static void main(String args []){
    B b1 = new B();
   B b2 = new B(b1);
   b1.methodA(1, 2);
   b2.methodB(3, 2);
}
}
```

```
public class msgClass{
1
2
      public int content;
3
4
    class FinalT5A{
5
      public int sum = 2, y = 1, x = 1;
6
      public void methodA(){
7
        int x=6, y=0;
8
        msgClass myMsg = new msgClass();
        myMsg.content = this.x;
        x = x + myMsg.content;
10
        this.y = this.y + methodB(myMsg, myMsg.content);
11
        System.out.println(x + " " + this.y+ " " + sum);
12
13
        y = this.y/2 + this.x;
14
        x = y + sum/2;
        sum = x + y + myMsg.content;
15
        System.out.println(x + " " + y+ " " + sum);
16
17
      public int methodB(msgClass mg2, int mg1){
18
19
        int x = 0;
20
        y = y + mg2.content;
21
        mg2.content = y + mg1;
22
        x = this.x + 3 + mg1;
23
        sum = sum + x + y;
        System.out.println(this.x + " " + this.y+ " " + sum);
24
```

25	mg2.content = sum - mg1 ;
26	return sum;
27	}
28	}

DRIVER CODE		OUTPUTS	
<pre>public class Tester10{ public static void main(String args []){ FinalT5A fT5A = new FinalT5A(); fT5A.methodA();</pre>			
}			

```
1
  public class A{
     public int temp = 3, sum = 9, y = 4, x = 0;
2
3
     public A(){
       int sum = 7;
4
5
       y = temp - 5;
6
       sum = temp + 2;
7
       temp-=2;
       this.x = sum + temp + y;
8
9
     }
     public A(int y, int temp){
10
       y = temp - 1 + x;
11
       sum = temp + 2 -x;
12
13
       temp-=2;
14
     }
15
     public void methodA(int m, int [] n){
       int x = 0;
16
17
       y = y + m + methodB(x,m);
       x = this.x + 2 + (++n[0]);
18
       sum = sum + x + y;
19
20
       n[0] = sum + 2;
       System.out.println(n[0] + " " + y+ " " + sum);
21
```

```
22
     public int methodB(int m, int n) {
23
       int [] y = {0};
24
       this.y = y[0] + this.y + m;
25
       x = this.y + 2 + temp - n;
26
27
       sum = x + y[0] + this.sum;
       System.out.println(y[0]+ ""+ temp + "" + sum);
28
       return y[0];
29
30
     }
31 |}
```

Driver Code	Output	
<pre>public class Tester11 { public static void main(String args[]){ int x[] = {35}; A a1 = new A(); A a2 = new A(-5,-7); a1.methodA(1, x);</pre>		
a2.methodA(1, x); } }		

Ungraded Tasks (Optional)

(You don't have to submit the ungraded tasks)

Task 1

Design the **Parcel** class in such a way that it produces the following output.

NOTE: For the method *calcFee()*, if the delivery location is *Dhanmondi*, then the location charge will be 50 taka or else it'll be free. Also, while calculating total fee, if the product weight is 0 the total fee would also be 0.

Formula: fee = (weight * 20) + location_charge (if any)

	Expected Output
<pre>public static void main(String[] args){ Parcel p1 = new Parcel(); p1.printDetails(); p1.name = "Spongebob"; p1.printDetails(); System.out.println("1*************); Parcel p2 = new Parcel("Bob the Builder"); p2.weight = 15; p2.calcFee("Gulshan"); p2.printDetails(); System.out.println("2************); p2.addWeight(25); p2.calcFee("Banani"); p2.printDetails(); System.out.println("3************************************</pre>	Set name first Name: Spongebob Total Weight: 0 Total Fee: 0.0 L*********** Name: Bob the Builder Total Weight: 15 Total Fee: 300.0 L********** Jpdated Weight: 40 Name: Bob the Builder Total Weight: 40 Total Fee: 800.0 LETAL FEE: 800.0

Task 2

Design the program to get the output as shown.

Hints:

- Create an array in the Team class to store the player's object
- Use constructor overloading technique for Team class

```
public class TeamTester {
                                                          Output:
  public static void main(String[] args) {
                                                          Team: Bangladesh
    Team b = new Team();
                                                          List of players:
                                                          Name: Mashrafi
    b.updateName("Bangladesh");
                                                          Age: 42, Total Matches: 100
    Player mashrafi = new Player("Mashrafi", 42, 100);
                                                          Name: Tamim
                                                          Age: 35. Total Matches: 70
    b.addPlayer(mashrafi);
                                                          ==========
    Player tamim = new Player("Tamim", 35, 70);
                                                          Team: Australia
                                                          List of players:
    b.addPlayer(tamim);
                                                          Name: Ponting
    b.printDetail();
                                                          Age: 50, Total Matches: 300
                                                          Name: Lee
    System.out.println("=======");
                                                          Age: 49, Total Matches: 200
    Team a = new Team("Australia");
    Player ponting = new Player("Ponting", 50, 300);
    a.addPlayer(ponting);
    Player lee = new Player("Lee", 49, 200);
    a.addPlayer(lee);
    a.printDetail();
  }
}
```

```
public class TracingX {
  public int x, y = 1;
  public int metA(int y){
      y += x + 3;
      int temp = y + this.y;
      if (temp % 2 == 0){
         return temp;
      }
      TracingX t = new TracingX();
      t.y = this.x - (++x) + t.x;
```

```
11          this.y = y + t.metA(t.x);
12          System.out.println(x +" "+ y +" "+temp);
13          return temp+this.y;
14        }
15    }
```

```
Driver code:
public class TesterX {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    TracingX t1 = new TracingX();
    t1.y = t1.x = 5;
    TracingX t2 = new TracingX();
    t2.x = t1.metA(2);
    t2.y = t2.metA(4);
    System.out.println(t1.y +t1.x +" "+t2.x +" "+t2.y);
  }
}
```