

# 6844 Combination

The number of ways in which r objects can be chosen from n different objects can be found using the formula  $\binom{n}{r} = \frac{n!}{r!(n-r)!}$ .

For example  $\binom{5}{3} = 10$ ,  $\binom{10}{0} = 1$ ,  $\binom{15}{14} = 15$ , etc. Now if n varies from low to high and r varies from 0 to n, then you have to find out how many values of  $\binom{n}{r}$  are odd. In other words you will have to find  $\frac{high}{r} = \frac{n}{r}$ 

out the value of  $\sum_{n=low}^{high} \sum_{r=0}^{n} {n \choose r} \mod 2$ , here mod is the standard modulus or reminder operation.

## Input

The input file contains at most 50,000 lines of inputs. Each line contains two positive integers low and  $high \ (0 \le low \le high \le 16 * 10^{11})$ . Input is terminated by a line containing two zeroes.

## Output

For each line of input, produce one line of output. This line contains an integer D which prints the desired value. You can safely assume that this output will fit in a 64-bit unsigned integer.

#### Note

Illustration for Sample input 1:  $\binom{2}{0} = 1$ ,  $\binom{2}{1} = 2$ ,  $\binom{2}{2} = 1$ ,  $\binom{3}{0} = 1$ ,  $\binom{3}{1} = 3$ ,  $\binom{3}{2} = 3$ ,  $\binom{3}{3} = 1$ , and of these seven values, six (6) are odd.

### Sample Input

### Sample Output

6 70 2510