

# React 项目-后台管理系统

尚硅谷前端研究院

# 第1章:准备

# 1.1. 项目描述

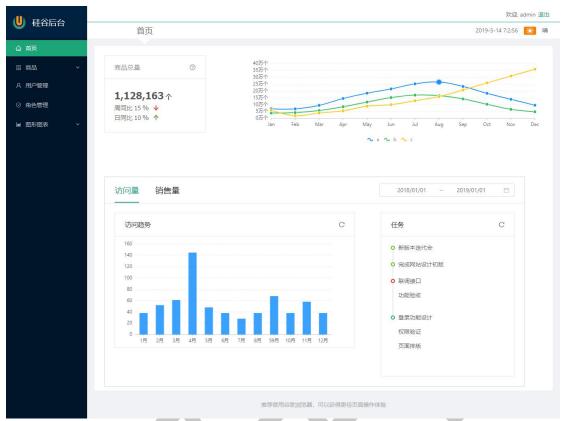
- 1) 此项目为一个前后台分离的后台管理的 SPA, 包括前端 PC 应用和后端应用
- 2) 包括用户管理 / 商品分类管理 / 商品管理 / 权限管理等功能模块
- 3) 前端: 使用 React 全家桶 + Antd + Axios + ES6 + Webpack 等技术
- 4) 后端: 使用 Node + Express + Mongodb 等技术
- 5) 采用模块化、组件化、工程化的模式开发

# 1.2. 项目功能界面





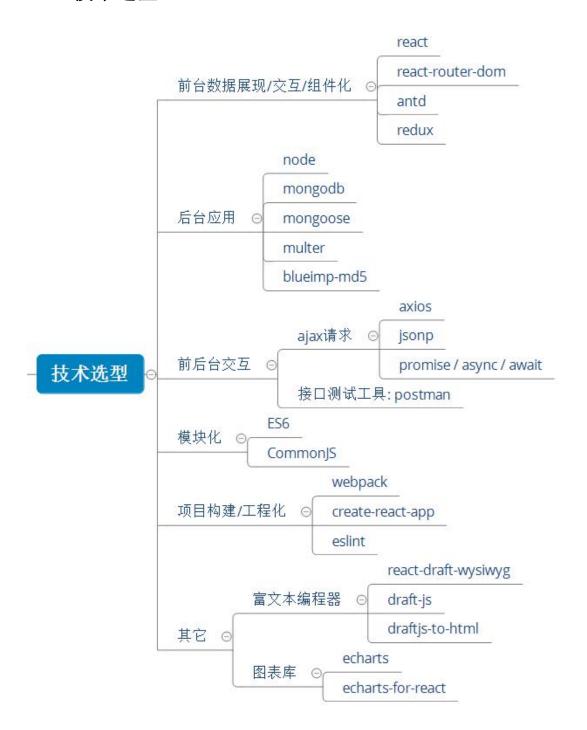
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其它的界面功能运行 final 版应用查看



# 1.3. 技术选型

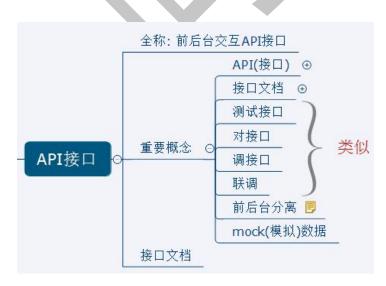




# 1.4. 前端路由



# 1.5. API/接口





## 1.6. 你能从此项目中学到什么?

#### 1.6.1. 流程及开发方法

- 1) 熟悉一个项目的开发流程
- 2) 学会模块化、组件化、工程化的开发模式
- 3) 掌握使用 create-react-app 脚手架初始化 react 项目开发
- 4) 学会使用 node+express+mongoose+mongodb 搭建后台应用

### 1.6.2. React 插件或第三方库

react boilerplate react脚手架

- 1) 掌握使用 react-router-dom 开发单页应用
- 2) 学会使用 redux+react-redux+redux-thunk 管理应用组件状态
- 3) 掌握使用 axios/jsonp 与后端进行数据交互
- 4) 掌握使用 antd 组件库构建界面
- 5) 学会使用 echarts/bizcharts 实现数据可视化展现
- 6) 学会使用 react-draft-wysiwyg 实现富文本编辑器

# 1.7. npm/yarn 常用命令

yarn 命令文档: <a href="https://yarnpkg.com/zh-Hans/docs/cli/">https://yarnpkg.com/zh-Hans/docs/cli/</a>
npm 命令文档: <a href="https://docs.npmjs.com/cli-documentation/">https://docs.npmjs.com/cli-documentation/</a>

```
## 设置淘宝镜像
```

```
npm config set registry https://registry.npm.taobao.org
yarn config set registry https://registry.npm.taobao.org
```

#### ## 初始化项目:

```
yarn init -y
npm init -y
```

#### ## 下载项目的所有声明的依赖:

```
npm install
```

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#### ## 下载指定的运行时依赖包:

```
yarn add webpack@3.2.1
npm install webpack@3.2.1 -S
```

#### ## 下载指定的开发时依赖:

```
yarn add webpack@3.2.1 -D npm install webpack@3.2.1 -D
```

#### ## 全局下载指定包:

```
yarn global add webpack
npm install webpack -g
```

#### ## 删除依赖包:

```
yarn remove webpack
npm remove webpack -S
yarn global remove webpack
npm remove webpack -g
```

#### ## 运行项目中配置的 script:

```
yarn run xxx
```

#### ## 查看某个包的信息:

yarn info xxx npm info xxx

# 1.8. git 常用基本命令

#### Git 在线参考手册: http://gitref.justjavac.com/

- \* git config --global user.name "username" //配置用户名
- \* git config --global user.email "xx@gmail.com" //配置邮箱
- \* git init //初始化生成一个本地仓库
- \* git add . //添加到暂存区
- \* git commit -m "message" //提交到本地仓库
- \* git remote add origin url //关联到远程仓库
- \* git push origin master //推送本地 master 分支到远程 master 分支
- \* git checkout -b dev //创建一个开发分支并切换到新分支
- \* git push ogigin dev //推送本地 dev 分支到远程 dev 分支
- \* git pull origin dev //从远程 dev 分支拉取到本地 dev 分支
- \* git clone url //将远程仓库克隆下载到本地





\* git checkout -b dev origin/dev // 克隆仓库后切换到 dev 分支

# 第2章:应用开发详解

# 2.1. 开启项目开发

### 2.1.1. 使用 create-react-app(脚手架)搭建项目

- 1) create-react-app 是 react 官方提供的用于搭建基于 react+webpack+es6 项目的脚手架
- 2) 操作:

npm install -g create-react-app : 全局下载工具 create-react-app react-admin :下载模板项目 cd react-admin

npm start

访问: localhost:3000

3) 部分同学可能会出现包版本差异的导致异常的问题

There might be a problem with the project dependency tree.

It is likely not a bug in Create React App, but something you need to fix locally.

The react-scripts package provided by Create React App requires a dependency:

"babel-jest": "24.7.1"

解决:添加.env配置文件忽略版本差异

If nothing else helps, add SKIP\_PREFLIGHT\_CHECK=true to an .env file in your project.

That would permanently disable this preflight check in case you want to proceed anyway.

SKIP\_PREFLIGHT\_CHECK=true

## 2.1.2. 编码测试与打包发布项目

1) 编码测试

npm start

访问: http://localhost:3000



编码,自动编译打包刷新(live-reload),查看效果

2) 打包发布

npm run build
npm install -g serve
serve build

访问: http://localhost:5000

# 2.2. 功能需求分析

演示项目功能, 对功能模块进行分析说明

# 2.3. 项目源码基本目录设计

### 2.3.1. 基本结构



#### 2.3.2. App.js

```
import React, {Component} from 'react'
/*
应用根组件
*/
class App extends Component {
   render() {
```





#### 2.3.3. index.js

```
import React from 'react'
import ReactDOM from 'react-dom'
import App from './App'
ReactDOM.render(<App />, document.getElementById('root'))
```

# 2.4. 引入 antd

参考文档:

https://ant.design/docs/react/use-with-create-react-app-cn

### 2.4.1. 下载组件库包

yarn add antd

### 2.4.3. 实现组件的按需打包

1) 下载依赖模块

yarn add react-app-rewired customize-cra babel-plugin-import

2) 定义加载配置的 js 模块: config-overrides.js

```
const {override, fixBabelImports} = require('customize-cra');
```





```
module.exports = override(
  fixBabelImports('import', {
    libraryName: 'antd',
    libraryDirectory: 'es',
    style: 'css',
  }),
);
```

#### ▶ 修改配置: package.json

```
"scripts": {
   "start": "react-app-rewired start",
   "build": "react-app-rewired build",
   "test": "react-app-rewired test",
   "eject": "react-scripts eject"
},
```

# 2.4.4. 在应用中使用 antd 组件



#### 2.4.6. 自定义 antd 主题

需求:

使 antd 的默认基本颜色从 Blue 变为 Green

下载工具包:

```
yarn add less less-loader
```

修改 config-overrides.js

```
const {override, fixBabelImports, addLessLoader} = require('customize-cra');

module.exports = override(
  fixBabelImports('import', {
    libraryName: 'antd',
    libraryDirectory: 'es',
    style: true,
  }),
  addLessLoader({
    javascriptEnabled: true,
    modifyVars: {'@primary-color': '#1DA57A'},
  }),
  });
```

# 2.4.7. 应用中使用的组件





### 2.4.8. 项目中用到的 antd 组件



# 2.5. 引入路由

## 2.5.1. 下载路由包: react-router-dom

yarn add react-router-dom



#### 2.5.2. 前台应用路由



# 2.5.3. 路由组件: pages/login/login.jsx



# 2.5.4. 后台管理主路由组件: pages/admin/admin.jsx

```
/*
后台管理主路由组件
*/
import React, {Component} from 'react'

export default class Admin extends Component {
  render() {
    return (
        <div>Admin</div>
      )
  }
}
```

#### 2.5.5. 映射路由: App.js

```
import React, {Component} from 'react'
import {BrowserRouter, Switch, Route} from 'react-router-dom'
import Login from './pages/login/login'
import Admin from './pages/admin/admin'
应用根组件
*/
class App extends Component {
 render() {
   return (
     <BrowserRouter>
       <Switch>
         <Route path='/login' component={Login}/>
         <Route path='/' component={Admin}/>
       </Switch>
     </BrowserRouter>
   )
  }
}
```



export default App

# 2.6. Login 组件(不与后台交互)



## 2.6.1. 静态组件

1. 图片资源

assets/images/logo.png assets/images/bg.jpg

2. public/css/reset.css

```
html,
body,
p,
ol,
ul,
li,
dl,
dd,
blockquote,
figure,
fieldset,
```





```
legend,
textarea,
pre,
iframe,
hr,
h1,
h2,
h3,
h4,
h5,
h6 {
margin: 0;
padding: 0;
}
h1,
h2,
h3,
h4,
h5,
h6 {
 font-size: 100%;
 font-weight: normal;
}
ul {
 list-style: none;
}
button,
input,
select,
textarea {
 margin: 0;
}
html {
 box-sizing: border-box;
}
*, *:before, *:after {
 box-sizing: inherit;
```





```
img,
embed,
iframe,
object,
video {
 height: auto;
 max-width: 100%;
}
audio {
 max-width: 100%;
}
iframe {
 border: 0;
}
table {
 border-collapse: collapse;
 border-spacing: 0;
}
td,
th {
padding: 0;
 text-align: left;
}
html, body {
 height: 100%;
}
#root {
 width: 100%;
 height: 100%;
```

注意: 必须在 index.html 中引入

#### 3. login/login.less

17 更多 Java -大数据 -前端 -python 人工智能资料下载,可访问百度:尚硅谷官网





```
.login {
 width: 100%;
 height: 100%;
 background-image: url('./images/bg.jpg');
 background-size: 100% 100%;
  .login-header {
   display: flex;
   align-items: center;
   height: 80px;
   background-color: rgba(21, 20, 13, 0.5);
   img {
     width: 40px;
     height: 40px;
     margin-left: 50px;
   }
   h1 {
     font-size: 30px;
     color: white;
     margin: 0 0 0 15px;
   }
 }
  .login-content {
   margin: 50px auto;
   width: 400px;
   height: 300px;
   background-color: #fff;
   padding: 20px 40px;
   h3 {
     font-size: 30px;
     font-weight: bold;
     text-align: center;
     margin-bottom: 20px;
   .login-form {
     .login-form-button {
       width: 100%;
     }
   }
 }
}
```



#### 4. login/login.jsx

```
import React, {Component} from 'react'
import {
 Form,
 Input,
 Icon,
 Button,
} from 'antd'
import logo from './images/logo.png'
import './login.less'
const Item = Form.Item
/*
登陆路由组件
*/
class Login extends Component {
 render() {
   return (
     <div className='login'>
       <header className='login-header'>
         <img src={logo} alt="logo"/>
         <h1>React 项目: 后台管理系统</h1>
       </header>
       <section className='login-content'>
         <h3>用户登陆</h3>
         <Form onSubmit={this.login} className="login-form">
            <Input prefix={<Icon type="user" style={{color: 'rgba(0,0,0,.25)'}}/>}
                   placeholder="用户名"/>
           </Item>
           <Item>
            <Input prefix={<Icon type="lock" style={{color: 'rgba(0,0,0,.25)'}}/>}
                   type="password" placeholder="密码"/>
           </Item>
```



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### 2.6.2. 前台表单验证与数据收集

用户名/密码的合法性要求:

/\*

用户名/密码的的合法性要求

- 1). 必须输入
- 2). 必须大于等于4位
- 3). 必须小于等于12 位
- 4). 必须是英文、数字或下划线组成

\*/

```
import React, {Component} from 'react'
import {
   Form,
   Input,
   Icon,
   Button,
} from 'antd'
import logo from './images/logo.png'
import './login.less'

const Item = Form.Item

/*

登陆路由组件
```





```
class Login extends Component {
 /*
 脊陆
  */
 login = (e) \Rightarrow \{
  // 阻止事件默认行为(不提交表单)
   e.preventDefault()
   // 进行表单所有控件的校验
   this.props.form.validateFields(async (err, values) => {
    if (!err) {
      // 校验成功
      const {username, password} = values
      console.log('提交登陆请求', username, password)
    } else {
      // 校验失败
      console.log(err)
    }
   })
 }
  * 自定义表单的校验规则
 validator = (rule, value, callback) => {
   // console.log(rule, value)
   const length = value && value.length
   const pwdReg = /^[a-zA-Z0-9_]+$/
   if (!value) {
    // callback 如果不传参代表校验成功,如果传参代表校验失败,并且会提示错误
    callback('必须输入密码')
   } else if (length < 4) {</pre>
    callback('密码必须大于4位')
   } else if (length > 12) {
    callback('密码必须小于 12 位')
   } else if (!pwdReg.test(value)) {
    callback('密码必须是英文、数组或下划线组成')
   } else {
    callback() // 必须调用 callback
```





```
render() {
   const {getFieldDecorator} = this.props.form
   return (
     <div className='login'>
      <header className='login-header'>
        <img src={logo} alt="logo"/>
        <h1>React 项目: 后台管理系统</h1>
      </header>
      <section className='login-content'>
        <h3>用户登陆</h3>
        <Form onSubmit={this.login} className="login-form">
          <Item>
           {
             getFieldDecorator 是一个高阶函数(返回值是一个函数)
             getFieldDecorator(标识名称,配置对象)(组件标签)返回新的标签
             经过 getFieldDecorator 包装的表单控件会自动添加 value 和 onChange, 数据同步
将被 form 接管
              */
             getFieldDecorator('username', {
              // 根据内置验证规则进行声明式验证
               rules: [
                {required: true, whitespace: true, message: '必须输入用户名'},
                {min: 4, message: '用户名必须大于 4 位'},
                {max: 12, message: '用户名必须小于 12 位'},
                {pattern: /^[a-zA-Z0-9_]+$/, message: '用户名必须是英文、数组或下划线
组成'}
               ]
             })(
               <Input prefix={<Icon type="user" style={{color:</pre>
'rgba(0,0,0,.25)'}}/>} placeholder="用户名"/>
             )
           }
          </Item>
          <Item>
           {
             getFieldDecorator('password', {
               rules: [
```





```
// 自定义表单校验规则
                 {validator: this.validator}
               ]
             })(
               <Input prefix={<Icon type="lock" style={{color:</pre>
'rgba(0,0,0,.25)'}}/>} type="password"
                     placeholder="密码"/>
             )
            }
          </Item>
          <Item>
            <Button type="primary" htmlType="submit" className="login-form-button">
             登录
            </Button>
          </Item>
        </Form>
      </section>
     </div>
   )
}
用户名/密码的的合法性要求
 1). 必须输入
 2). 必须大于4位
 3). 必须小于12 位
 4). 必须是英文、数组或下划线组成
export default Form.create()(Login)
```

# 2.7. 运行 server 端项目

# 2.7.1. 说明

- 1) 咱们的项目是一个前后台分离的项目: 前台应用与后台应用
- 2) 后台应用负责处理前台应用提交的请求, 并给前台应用返回 json 数据



3) 前台应用负责展现数据,与用户交互,与后台应用交互

# 2.7.2. 运行后台应用

1) 确保启动 mongodb 服务

2) 启动服务器应用: npm start





# 2.7.3. API 接口文档

#### ## 目录:

- 1). 登陆
- 2). 添加用户
- 3). 更新用户
- 4). 获取所有用户列表
- 5). 删除用户
- 6). 获取一级或某个二级分类列表
- 7). 添加分类
- 8). 更新品类名称
- 9). 根据分类 ID 获取分类
- 10). 获取商品分页列表
- 11). 根据 ID/Name 搜索产品分页列表
- 12). 添加商品
- 13). 更新商品
- 14). 对商品进行上架/下架处理
- 15). 上传图片
- 16). 删除图片
- 17). 添加角色
- 18). 获取角色列表
- 19). 更新角色(给角色设置权限)
- 20). 获取天气信息(jsonp)



## 2.14.4. 使用 postman 工具测试接口

- 1) postman 是用来测试 API 接口的工具
- 2) postman 可以看作活接口文档

## 2.8. 前后台交互 ajax

### 2.15.1. 下载依赖包

yarn add axios

## 2.15.2. 封装 ajax 请求模块

1) api/ajax.js

```
能发送 a jax 请求的函数模块
 包装axios
 函数的返回值是 promise 对象
 axios.get()/post()返回的就是 promise 对象
 返回自己创建的 promise 对象:
    统一处理请求异常
    异步返回结果数据, 而不是包含结果数据的 response
import axios from 'axios'
import {message} from 'antd'
export default function ajax(url, data = {}, method = 'GET') {
 return new Promise(function (resolve, reject) {
   let promise
   // 执行异步 ajax 请求
   if (method === 'GET') {
    promise = axios.get(url, {params: data}) // params 配置指定的是 query 参数
    promise = axios.post(url, data)
```





```
}

promise.then(response => {

// 如果成功了,调用resolve(response.data)

resolve(response.data)

}).catch(error => { // 对所有ajax 请求出错做统一处理,外层就不用再处理错误了

// 如果失败了,提示请求后台出错

message.error('请求错误: ' + error.message)

})

})

}
```

#### 2) api/index.js

```
/*
包含n 个接口请求函数的模块
每个函数返回 promise
*/
import ajax from './ajax'

// 登陆
export const reqLogin = (username, password) => ajax('/login', {username, password}, 'POST')
```

# 2.15.3. 配置代理

```
package.json
```

```
"proxy": "http://localhost:5000"
```

## 2.15.4. 请求测试: login.jsx

```
// 请求后台登陆

Login = async (username, password) => {
    console.log('发送登陆的 ajax 请求', username, password)
    const result = await reqLogin(username, password)
    console.log('login()', result)
}
```



# 2.9. Login 组件(完成登陆功能)

#### 2.9.1. 下载依赖

```
yarn add store
```

### 2.9.2. utils/memoryUtils.js

# 2.9.3. login/login.jsx

```
import React, {Component} from 'react'
import {
    Form,
    Icon,
    Input,
    Button,
    message
} from 'antd'
import './login.less'
import logo from './images/logo.png'
import memoryUtils from '../../utils/memoryUtils'
import {reqLogin} from '../../api'

const Item = Form.Item // 不能写在import 之前
```





```
登陆的路由组件
*/
class Login extends Component {
 handleSubmit = (event) => {
   // 阻止事件的默认行为
   event.preventDefault()
   // 对所有表单字段进行检验
   this.props.form.validateFields(async (err, values) => {
    // 检验成功
    if (!err) {
      // console.log('提交登陆的ajax 请求', values)
      const {username, password} = values
      const result = await reqLogin(username, password)
      // console.log('login()', result)
      if(result.status === 0) {
        // 提示登录成功
        message.success('登录成功', 2)
        // 保存用户登录信息
        memoryUtils.user = result.data
        // 跳转到主页面
        this.props.history.replace('/')
      } else {
        // 登录失败, 提示错误
        message.error(result.msg)
      }
     } else {
      console.log('检验失败!')
    }
   });
   // 得到 form 对象
  // const form = this.props.form
   // // 获取表单项的输入数据
   // const values = form.getFieldsValue()
   // console.log('handleSubmit()', values)
 }
 对密码进行自定义验证
```





```
/*
用户名/密码的的合法性要求
  1). 必须输入
  2). 必须大于等于4位
  3). 必须小于等于12位
  4). 必须是英文、数字或下划线组成
validatePwd = (rule, value, callback) => {
 console.log('validatePwd()', rule, value)
 if(!value) {
   callback('密码必须输入')
 } else if (value.length<4) {</pre>
   callback('密码长度不能小于 4 位')
 } else if (value.length>12) {
   callback('密码长度不能大于 12 位')
 } else if (!/^[a-zA-Z0-9_]+$/.test(value)) {
   callback('密码必须是英文、数字或下划线组成')
 } else {
   callback() // 验证通过
 // callback('xxxx') // 验证失败, 并指定提示的文本
}
render () {
 // 得到具强大功能的 form 对象
 const form = this.props.form
 const { getFieldDecorator } = form;
 return (
   <div className="login">
     <header className="login-header">
      <img src={logo} alt="logo"/>
      <h1>React 项目: 后台管理系统</h1>
     </header>
     <section className="login-content">
      <h2>用户登陆</h2>
      <Form onSubmit={this.handleSubmit} className="login-form">
        <Item>
          {
```





```
用户名/密码的的合法性要求
            1). 必须输入
            2). 必须大于等于4位
            3). 必须小于等于12位
            4). 必须是英文、数字或下划线组成
           }
            getFieldDecorator('username', { // 配置对象:属性名是特定的一些名称
              // 声明式验证: 直接使用别人定义好的验证规则进行验证
              rules: [
                { required: true, whitespace: true, message: '用户名必须输入' },
                { min: 4, message: '用户名至少 4 位' },
                { max: 12, message: '用户名最多 12 位' },
                { pattern: /^[a-zA-Z0-9_]+$/, message: '用户名必须是英文、数字或下划
线组成'},
              1,
              initialValue: 'admin' //指定初始值
            })(
              <Input
                prefix={<Icon type="user" style={{ color: 'rgba(0,0,0,.25)' }} />}
                placeholder="用户名"
              />
             )
           }
         </Item>
         <Form.Item>
           {
            getFieldDecorator('password', {
              rules: [
                 validator: this.validatePwd
                }
              ]
            })(
              <Input
                prefix={<Icon type="lock" style={{ color: 'rgba(0,0,0,.25)' }} />}
                type="password"
                placeholder="密码"
             )
           }
```





#### 2.9.4. admin/admin.jsx

```
import React, {Component} from 'react'
import {Redirect} from 'react-router-dom'
import memeoryUtils from '../../utils/memoryUtils'
/*
后台管理的路由组件
export default class Admin extends Component {
 render () {
   const user = memeoryUtils.user
   if(!user._id) {
     return <Redirect to='/login'/>
   return (
     <div>
       <h2>后台管理</h2>
       <div>Hello {user.username}</div>
     </div>
   )
 }
}
```



## 2.10. 维持登陆与自动登陆

```
/*
1. 登陆后,刷新后依然是已登陆状态(维持登陆)
2. 登陆后,关闭浏览器后打开浏览器访问依然是已登陆状态(自动登陆)
3. 登陆后,访问登陆路径自动跳转到管理界面
*/
```

# 2.10.1. utils/storageUtils.js

```
import store from 'store'
const USER KEY = 'user_key'
包含n 个操作 Local storage 的工具函数的模块
export default {
 saveUser(user) {
  // LocalStroage 只能保存string,如果传递是对象,会自动调用对象的toString()并保存
   //localStorage.setItem(USER KEY, JSON.stringify(user)) // 保存的必须是对象的json 串
   store.set(USER_KEY, user) // 内部会自动转换成 json 再保存
 },
 getUser() { // 如果存在,需要返回的是对象,如果没有值,返回{}
  // return JSON.parse(localStorage.getItem(USER_KEY) || '{}') // [object, Object]
   return store.get(USER_KEY) || {}
 },
 removeUser() {
  // LocalStorage.removeItem(USER_KEY)
   store.remove(USER_KEY)
 }
}
```



### 2.10.2. login/login.jsx

```
// 判断登录是否成功
if (result.status === 0) {
 // 登录成功
 // 提示登录成功,保存用户登录信息,跳转到主页面
 message.success('登录成功');
 // 保存用户数据
 const user = result.data
 storageUtils.saveUser(user)
 memoryUtils.user = user
 // 跳转到后台管理路由(已经登录成功,不需要回退了)
 this.props.history.replace('/')
}
render() {
 // 如果用户已经登陆, 自动跳转到 admin
 if (memoryUtils.user && memoryUtils.user. id) {
   return <Redirect to='/'/>
 }
```

# 2.10.3. src/index.js

```
import storageUtils from './utils/storageUtils'
import memoryUtils from './utils/memoryUtils'

// 如果Local 中保存了user, 将user 保存到内存中
const user = storageUtils.getUser()
if(user && user._id) {
   memoryUtils.user = user
}
```



# 2.11. Admin 组件(搭建整体结构)

### 2.11.1. 整体组件组成

```
生体区域
生体区域
推荐使用谷歌浏浓调,可以获得更佳页面操作体验
```

## 2.11.2. LeftNav 组件

1) components/left-nav/index.less

```
.left-nav {
  color: white;
}
```

2) components/left-nav/index.jsx





```
)
}
}
```

# 2.11.3. Header 组件

1) components/header/index.less

```
.header {
  height: 80px;
}
```

2) components/header/index.jsx

# 2.11.4. Admin 组件

1) pages/admin/admin.jsx

```
import React, {Component} from 'react'
import {Redirect} from 'react-router-dom'
import { Layout } from 'antd'
```



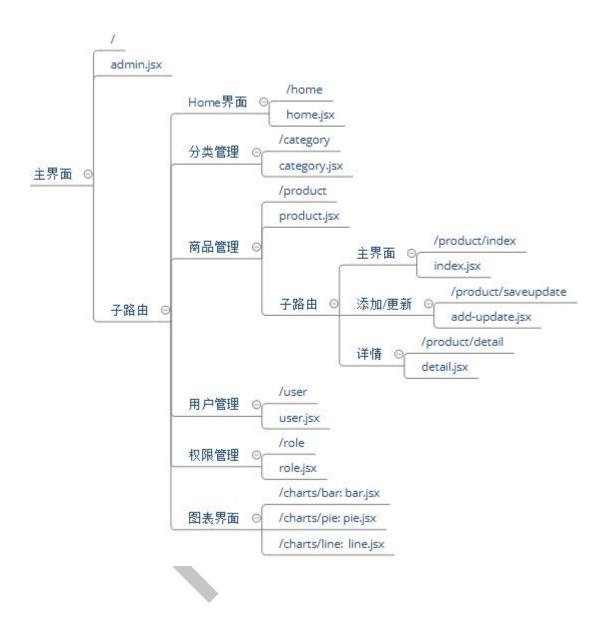


```
import memeoryUtils from '../../utils/memoryUtils'
import Header from '../../components/header'
import LeftNav from '../../components/left-nav'
const { Footer, Sider, Content } = Layout
后台管理的路由组件
*/
export default class Admin extends Component {
 render () {
   const user = memeoryUtils.user
   if(!user._id) {
     return <Redirect to='/login'/>
   }
   return (
     <Layout style={{height: '100%'}}>
       <Sider>
         <LeftNav/>
       </Sider>
       <Layout>
         <Header>Header</Header>
         <Content style={{backgroundColor: 'white'}}>Content</Content>
         <Footer style={{textAlign: 'center', color: '#aaaaaa'}}>推荐使用谷歌浏览器,
可以获得更佳页面操作体验</Footer>
       </Layout>
     </Layout>
   )
 }
}
```



### 2.12. Admin 的子路由

#### 2.12.1. 组成





#### 2.12.2. 定义各个子路由组件



### 2.12.3. 注册路由: admin.jsx

```
import React, {Component} from 'react'
import {Redirect, Route, Switch} from 'react-router-dom'
import {Layout} from 'antd'

import memeoryUtils from '../../utils/memoryUtils'
import Header from '../../components/header'
import LeftNav from '../../components/left-nav'
import Home from '../home/home'
import Category from '../category/category'
import Product from '../product/product'
import Role from '../role/role'
import User from '../user/user'
import Bar from '../charts/bar'
import Line from '../charts/line'
import Pie from '../charts/pie'
const {Footer, Sider, Content} = Layout
/*
```





```
后台管理的路由组件
*/
export default class Admin extends Component {
 render() {
   const user = memeoryUtils.user
   if (!user._id) {
     return <Redirect to='/login'/>
   }
   return (
     <Layout style={{height: '100%'}}>
       <Sider>
         <LeftNav/>
       </Sider>
       <Layout>
         <Header>Header</Header>
         <Content style={{backgroundColor: 'white'}}>
           <Switch>
            <Route path='/home' component={Home}/>
            <Route path='/category' component={Category}/>
            <Route path='/product' component={Product}/>
            <Route path='/role' component={Role}/>
            <Route path='/user' component={User}/>
            <Route path='/charts/bar' component={Bar}/>
            <Route path='/charts/line' component={Line}/>
            <Route path='/charts/pie' component={Pie}/>
            <Redirect to='/home' />
           </Switch>
         </Content>
         <Footer style={{textAlign: 'center', color: '#aaaaaa'}}>推荐使用谷歌浏览器,
可以获得更佳页面操作体验</Footer>
       </Layout>
     </Layout>
   )
 }
}
```



### 2.13. LeftNav 组件

# 2.13.1. 导航菜单配置: config/menuConfig.js

```
const menuList = [
   title: '首页', // 菜单标题名称
   key: '/home', // 对应的path
   icon: 'home', // 图标名称
 },
   title: '商品',
   key: '/products',
   icon: 'appstore',
   children: [ // 子菜单列表
      title: '品类管理',
      key: '/category',
      icon: 'bars'
    },
      title: '商品管理',
      key: '/product',
      icon: 'tool'
    },
   ]
 },
  title: '用户管理',
   key: '/user',
  icon: 'user'
 },
  title: '角色管理',
   key: '/role',
  icon: 'safety',
 },
 {
```





```
title: '图形图表',
   key: '/charts',
   icon: 'area-chart',
   children: [
       title: '柱形图',
       key: '/charts/bar',
       icon: 'bar-chart'
     },
       title: '折线图',
       key: '/charts/line',
      icon: 'line-chart'
     },
       title: '饼图',
       key: '/charts/pie',
       icon: 'pie-chart'
     },
   ]
 },
]
export default menuList
```

### 2.13.2. left-nav/index.less

```
.left-nav {
    .logo-link {
      display: flex;
      align-items: center;
      height: 80px;
      background-color: #002140;
      img {
            width: 40px;
            height: 40px;
            margin: 0 15px 0 15px;
      }
      h1 {
            margin-bottom: 0;
      }
}
```





```
color: white;
  font-size: 20px;
}
}
```

#### 2.13.3. 导航菜单组件: left-nav/index.jsx

```
import React, {Component} from 'react'
import {Link, withRouter} from 'react-router-dom'
import {Menu, Icon} from 'antd'
import menuConfig from '../../config/menuConfig'
import logo from '../../assets/images/logo.png'
import './index.less'
const SubMenu = Menu.SubMenu
左侧导航组件
*/
class LeftNav extends Component {
 根据指定菜单数据列表产生<Menu>的子节点数组
 使用 reduce() + 递归
 getMenuNodes = (menuList) => {
   // 得到当前请求的 path
   const path = this.props.location.pathname
   return menuList.reduce((pre, item) => {
     if (!item.children) {
       pre.push((
        <Menu.Item key={item.key}>
          <Link to={item.key}>
            <Icon type={item.icon}/>
            <span>{item.title}</span>
          </Link>
        </Menu.Item>
```





```
))
   } else {
     pre.push((
      <SubMenu
        key={item.key}
        title={
          <span>
            <Icon type={item.icon}/>
            <span>{item.title}</span>
          </span>
        }
        {this.getMenuNodes(item.children)}
      </SubMenu>
     ))
     // 如果当前请求路由与当前菜单的某个子菜单的 key 匹配,将菜单的 key 保存为 openKey
     if(item.children.find(cItem => path.indexOf(cItem.key)===0)) {
      this.openKey = item.key
     }
   }
   return pre
 }, [])
}
根据指定菜单数据列表产生<Menu>的子节点数组
使用 map() + 递归
getMenuNodes2 = (menuList) => {
 // 得到当前请求的 path
 const path = this.props.location.pathname
 return menuList.map(item => {
   if(!item.children) {
     return (
      <Menu.Item key={item.key}>
        <Link to={item.key}>
          <Icon type={item.icon}/>
          <span>{item.title}</span>
        </Link>
```





```
</Menu.Item>
     )
   } else {
     // 如果当前请求路由与当前菜单的某个子菜单的 key 匹配,将菜单的 key 保存为 openKey
     if(item.children.find(cItem => path.indexOf(cItem.key)===0)) {
      this.openKey = item.key
     }
     return (
       <SubMenu
        key={item.key}
        title={
          <span>
            <Icon type={item.icon}/>
            <span>{item.title}</span>
          </span>
        }
        {this.getMenuNodes(item.children)}
       </SubMenu>
     )
   }
 })
}
在第一次 render() 之前执行一次
一般可以在此同步为第一次 render() 准备数据
componentWillMount() {
 // this.menuNodes = this.getMenuNodes(menuConfig)
 this.menuNodes = this.getMenuNodes2(menuConfig)
}
render() {
 // 得到当前请求路径, 作为选中菜单项的 key
 const selectKey = this.props.location.pathname
 const openKey = this.openKey
 return (
   <div className="left-nav">
     <Link to='/home' className='logo-link'>
       <img src={logo} alt="logo"/>
```





```
<h1>硅谷后台</h1>
      </Link>
      <Menu
       mode="inline"
       theme="dark"
        selectedKeys={[selectKey]}
       defaultOpenKeys={[openKey]}
         this.menuNodes
       }
      </Menu>
    </div>
 }
}
withRouter: 高阶组件: 包装非路由组件返回一个包装后的新组件, 新组件会向被包装组件传递
history/location/match 属性
export default withRouter(LeftNav)
2 个问题:
 1). 自动选中对应的菜单项
 2). 有可能需要自动菜单项
```

# 2.14. Header 组件

#### 2.14.1. 下载依赖

yarn add jsonp



#### 2.14.2. api/index.js

百度地图天气预报在线接口:

http://api.map.baidu.com/telematics/v3/weather?location=xxx&ou
tput=json&ak=3p49MVra6urFRGOT9s8UBWr2

```
import jsonp from 'jsonp'
通过 jsonp 请求获取天气信息
export function reqWeather(city) {
 const url =
`http://api.map.baidu.com/telematics/v3/weather?location=${city}&output=json&ak=3p4
9MVra6urFRGOT9s8UBWr2`
 return new Promise((resolve, reject) => {
   jsonp(url, {
     param: 'callback'
   }, (error, response) => {
     if (!error && response.status == 'success') {
       const {dayPictureUrl, weather} = response.results[0].weather_data[0]
       resolve({dayPictureUrl, weather})
     } else {
       alert('获取天气信息失败')
     }
   })
 })
```

#### 2.14.3. header/index.less

```
.header {
  height: 80px;
  background-color: #fff;
  .header-top {
    height: 40px;
    line-height: 40px;
    text-align: right;
    padding-right: 20px;
  border-bottom: 1px solid #1DA57A;
```





```
.header-bottom {
   display: flex;
   align-items: center;
   height: 40px;
   .header-bottom-left {
     position: relative;
     width: 25%;
     font-size: 20px;
     text-align: center;
     &::after {
       content: '';
       position: absolute;
       top: 30px;
       right: 50%;
       transform: translateX(50%);
       border-top: 20px solid white;
       border-right: 20px solid transparent;
       border-bottom: 20px solid transparent;
       border-left: 20px solid transparent;
     }
   }
   .header-bottom-right {
     width: 75%;
     text-align: right;
     margin-right: 30px;
     img {
       width: 30px;
       height: 20px;
       margin: 0 15px;
     }
   }
 }
}
```

#### 2.14.4. utils/dateUtils.js

```
/*
```





#### 2.14.5. 抽取通用组件: link-button

#### 1). index.jsx

```
import React from 'react'
import './index.less'

/*

通用的看起来像链接的 button 组件

*/
export default function LinkButton (props) {
  return <button {...props} className='link-button'></button>
}
```

## 2). index.less

```
.link-button {
  border: none;
  outline: none;
  background-color: transparent;
  color: #1DA57A;
  cursor: pointer;
}
```



#### 2.14.6. header/header.jsx

```
import React, {Component} from 'react'
import {Modal} from 'antd'
import {withRouter} from 'react-router-dom'
import LinkButton from '../link-button'
import menuList from '../../config/menuConfig'
import {reqWeather} from '../../api'
import {formateDate} from '../../utils/dateUtils'
import memoryUtils from '../../utils/memoryUtils'
import storageUtils from '../../utils/storageUtils'
import './index.less'
头部组件
*/
class Header extends Component {
 state = {
   sysTime: formateDate(Date.now()),
   dayPictureUrl: '', // 天气图片的url
   weather: ''
 }
 发异步 ajax 获取天气数据并更新状态
 getWeather = async () => {
   const {dayPictureUrl, weather} = await reqWeather('北京')
   this.setState({
     dayPictureUrl,
     weather
   })
 }
 启动循环定时器,每隔1s更新一次sysTime
 getSysTime = () => {
   this.intervalId = setInterval(() => {
```





```
this.setState({
     sysTime: formateDate(Date.now())
   })
 }, 1000)
}
/*
退出登陆
 */
logout = () => {
 Modal.confirm({
   content: '确定退出吗?',
   on0k: () => {
     console.log('OK')
     // 移除保存的user
     storageUtils.removeUser()
     memoryUtils.user = {}
     // 跳转到Login
     this.props.history.replace('/login')
   },
   onCancel() {
     console.log('Cancel')
   },
 })
}
根据请求的 path 得到对应的标题
getTitle = (path) => {
 let title
 menuList.forEach(menu => {
   if(menu.key===path) {
     title = menu.title
   } else if (menu.children) {
     menu.children.forEach(item => {
       if(path.indexOf(item.key)===0) {
        title = item.title
      }
     })
   }
 })
```





```
return title
}
componentDidMount () {
 this.getSysTime()
 this.getWeather()
}
componentWillUnmount () {
 // 清除定时器
 clearInterval(this.intervalId)
}
render() {
 const {sysTime, dayPictureUrl, weather} = this.state
 // 得到当前用户
 const user = memoryUtils.user
 // 得到当前请求的路径
 const path = this.props.location.pathname
 // 得到对应的标题
 const title = this.getTitle(path)
 return (
   <div className="header">
     <div className="header-top">
       <span>欢迎, {user.username}</span>
       <LinkButton onClick={this.logout}>退出</LinkButton>
     </div>
     <div className="header-bottom">
       <div className="header-bottom-left">{title}</div>
       <div className="header-bottom-right">
         <span>{sysTime}</span>
         <img src={dayPictureUrl} alt="weather"/>
         <span>{weather}</span>
       </div>
     </div>
   </div>
 )
}
```





```
export default withRouter(Header)
```

#### 2.14.7. pages/admin/admin.jsx

```
<Content style={{backgroundColor: 'white', margin: '20px 20px 0'}}>
```

#### 2.15. Home 界面

#### 2.15.1. home.less

```
.home{
  width: 100%;
  height: 100%;
  display: flex;
  align-items: center;
  justify-content: center;
  font-size: 30px;
}
```

# 2.15.1. home.jsx



**}** 

### 2.16. 分类管理

# 2.16.1. api/index.js

```
// 获取一级或某个二级分类列表
export const reqCategorys = (parentId) => ajax('/manage/category/list', {parentId})

// 添加分类
export const reqAddCategory = (parentId, categoryName) => ajax('/manage/category/add',
{
   parentId,
        categoryName
}, 'POST')

// 更新品类名称
export const reqUpdateCategory = ({categoryId, categoryName}) => ajax('/manage/category/update', {
   categoryId,
        categoryId,
        categoryName
}, 'POST')
```

### 2.16.2. category.jsx

```
import React, {Component} from 'react'
import {
   Card,
   Table,
   Button,
   Icon,
   message,
   Modal
} from 'antd'

import UpdateForm from './update-form'
```





```
import AddForm from './add-form'
import LinkButton from '../../components/link-button'
import {reqCategorys, reqAddCategory, reqUpdateCategory} from "../../api";
分类管理路由组件
export default class Category extends Component {
 state = {
   categorys: [], // 一级分类列表
   subCategorys: [], // 二级分类列表
  parentId: '0', // 父分类的 ID
   parentName: '', // 父分类的名称
   loading: false, // 标识是否正在加载中
   showStatus: 0, // 是否显示对话框 0: 都不显示, 1: 显示添加, 2: 显示更新
 }
 根据 parent Id 异步获取分类列表显示
 getCategorys = async (parentId) => {
   // 更新 Loading 状态: 加载中
   this.setState({
    loading: true
   })
   // 优先使用指定的 parentId, 如果没有指定使用状态中的 parentId
   parentId = parentId || this.state.parentId
   // 异步获取分类列表
   const result = await reqCategorys(parentId) // {status: 0, data: []}
   // 更新 Loading 状态: 加载完成
   this.setState({
    loading: false
   if (result.status === 0) {
    const categorys = result.data
    if (parentId === '0') {
      // 更新一级分类列表
      this.setState({
        categorys
```





```
} else {
    // 更新二级分类列表
    this.setState({
     subCategorys: categorys
    })
  }
 } else {
  // 获取列表失败
  message.error('获取列表失败')
 }
}
显示指定分类的子分类列表
showSubCates = (category) => {
 // console.log('set 之前', this.state.parentId) // 0
 // 更新状态: state 中的数据是异步更新(不会立即更新 state 中的数据)
 this.setState({
  parentId: category._id,
  parentName: category.name
 },()=>{//在状态更新之后执行,在回调函数中能得到最新的状态数据
  this.getCategorys()
 // console.log('set 之后', this.state.parentId) // xxx
}
显示一级列表
showCategorys = () => {
 this.setState({
  parentId: '0',
  parentName: '',
  subCategorys: [],
  showStatus: 0,
 })
}
显示添加的对话框
```





```
showAdd = () \Rightarrow \{
 this.setState({
   showStatus: 1
 })
}
显示修改的对话框
showUpdate = (category) => {
 // 保存 category
 this.category = category
 // 更新状态
 this.setState({
  showStatus: 2
 })
}
/*
添加分类
*/
addCategory = async () => {
 // 得到数据
 const {parentId, categoryName} = this.form.getFieldsValue()
 // 关闭对话框
 this.setState({
   showStatus: 0
 })
 // 重置表单
 this.form.resetFields()
 // 异步请求添加分类
 const result = await reqAddCategory(categoryName, parentId)
 if (result.status === 0) {
   /*
   添加一级分类
   在当前分类列表下添加
   if( parentId===this.state.parentId) {
    this.getCategorys()
   } else if (parentId === '0') {
```





```
this.getCategorys(parentId)
    }
  }
 }
 更新分类
 updateCategory = async () => {
   // 得到数据
   const categoryId = this.category._id
   const {categoryName} = this.form.getFieldsValue()
   // 关闭对话框
   this.setState({
    showStatus: 0
   })
   // 重置表单
   this.form.resetFields()
   // 异步请求更新分类
   const result = await reqUpdateCategory({categoryId, categoryName})
   if (result.status === 0) {
    // 重新获取列表
    this.getCategorys()
   }
 }
 componentWillMount() {
   this.columns = [
      title: '分类名称',
      dataIndex: 'name',
    },
      title: '操作',
      width: 300,
      render: (category) => (
        <span>
          <LinkButton onClick={() => this.showUpdate(category)}>修改分类
</LinkButton>&nbsp;&nbsp;&nbsp;
```





```
{this.state.parentId === '0' ?
           <LinkButton onClick={() => this.showSubCates(category)}>查看子分类</LinkButton> : null}
        </span>
      )
    }];
 }
 componentDidMount() {
  this.getCategorys()
 render() {
  // 从状态中取数据
  const {categorys, subCategorys, parentId, parentName, loading, showStatus} = this.state
  // 从组件对象中数据
  const category = this.category || {}
  // Card 的左侧标题
  const title = parentId === '0' ? '一级分类列表' : (
    <span>
      <LinkButton onClick={this.showCategorys}>一级分类列表</LinkButton> &nbsp;&nbsp;
      <Icon type='arrow-right'/>&nbsp;&nbsp;
      <span>{parentName}</span>
    </span>
  // Card 的右侧 button
  const extra = (
    <Button type='primary' onClick={this.showAdd}>
      <Icon type='plus'/> 添加
    </Button>
  )
  return (
    <Card title={title} extra={extra}>
      <Table
bordered
     rowKey='_id'
        dataSource={parentId === '0' ? categorys : subCategorys}
       columns={this.columns}
       loading={loading}
      pagination={{pageSize: 5, showQuickJumper: true, showSizeChanger: true}}
```





```
<Modal
        title="添加分类"
        visible={showStatus === 1}
         onOk={this.addCategory}
         onCancel={() => this.setState({showStatus: 0})}
         <AddForm
         categorys={categorys}
          parentId={parentId}
          setForm={form => this.form = form}
       </Modal>
       <Modal
        title="修改分类"
         visible={showStatus === 2}
        onOk={this.updateCategory}
        onCancel={() => {
          this.setState({showStatus: 0})
          this.form.resetFields()
         <UpdateForm
          categoryName={category.name}
          setForm={form => this.form = form}
       </Modal>
     </Card>
   )
 }
}
```

### 2.16.3. add-form.jsx

```
import React, {Component} from 'react'
import {Form, Select, Input} from 'antd'
import PropTypes from 'prop-types'
```





```
const Item = Form.Item
const Option = Select.Option
添加分类的 Form 组件
*/
class AddForm extends Component {
 static propTypes = {
   categorys: PropTypes.array.isRequired,
   parentId: PropTypes.string.isRequired,
   setForm: PropTypes.func.isRequired,
 }
 componentWillMount() {
   this.props.setForm(this.props.form)
 }
 render() {
   const {getFieldDecorator} = this.props.form
   const {categorys, parentId} = this.props
   return (
     <Form>
       <Item label='所属分类'>
          getFieldDecorator('parentId', {
            initialValue: parentId
          })(
            <Select>
              <Option key='0' value='0'>一级分类</Option>
                categorys.map(c => <Option key={c._id}</pre>
value={c._id}>{c.name}</Option>)
              }
            </Select>
          )
        }
       </Item>
       <Item label='分类名称'>
```





```
{
    getFieldDecorator('categoryName', {
        initialValue: ''
    })(
        <Input placeholder='请输入分类名称'/>
    )
    }
    </Item>
    </Form>
    )
}
export default AddForm = Form.create()(AddForm)
```

#### 2.16.4. update-form.jsx





```
const {getFieldDecorator} = this.props.form
   const {categoryName} = this.props
   return (
     <Form>
       <Item>
         {
           getFieldDecorator('categoryName', {
            initialValue: categoryName
           })(
             <Input placeholder='请输入分类名称'/>
           )
         }
       </Item>
     </Form>
   )
 }
}
export default UpdateForm = Form.create()(UpdateForm)
```

# 2.17. 商品管理

### 2.17.1. 下载依赖

yarn add react-draft-wysiwyg draftjs-to-html

## 2.17.2. api/index.js

```
// 根据分类ID 获取分类
export const reqCategory = (categoryId) => ajax('/manage/category/info', {categoryId})

// 获取商品分页列表
export const reqProducts = (pageNum, pageSize) => ajax('/manage/product/list', {pageNum, pageSize})

// 根据ID/Name 搜索产品分页列表
```





```
export const reqSearchProducts = ({pageNum, pageSize, searchType, searchName}) =>
ajax('/manage/product/search', {
 pageNum,
 pageSize,
 [searchType]: searchName,
})
// 添加/更新商品
export const reqAddOrUpdateProduct = (product) => ajax('/manage/product/' +
(product._id ? 'update' : 'add'), product, 'post')
// 对商品进行上架/下架处理
export const reqUpdateProductStatus = (productId, status) =>
ajax('/manage/product/updateStatus', {
 productId,
 status
}, 'POST')
// 删除图片
export const reqDeleteImg = (name) => ajax('/manage/img/delete', {name}, 'post')
```

# 2.17.3. product/product.jsx





#### 2.17.4. product/home.jsx

```
import React, {Component} from 'react'
import {
 Card,
 Select,
 Input,
 Button,
 Icon,
 Table,
 message
} from 'antd'
import LinkButton from '../../components/link-button'
import {reqProducts, reqSearchProducts, reqUpdateProductStatus} from '../../api'
import {PAGE_SIZE} from '../../utils/constants'
const Option = Select.Option
商品管理的主界面路由
export default class ProductHome extends Component {
 state = {
   total: 0, // 商品的总数量
   products: [], // 当前页列表数据
   searchType: 'productName', // 搜索类型 productName / productDesc
   searchName: '', // 搜索关键字
 }
```





```
更新指定产品的状态
*/
updateProductStatus = async (productId, status) => {
 const result = await reqUpdateProductStatus(productId, status)
 if (result.status === 0) {
   message.success('更新状态成功!')
   this.getProducts(this.pageNum || 1)
 }
}
初始化生成 Tabe 所有列的数组
initColumns = () => {
 this.columns = [
     title: '商品名称',
     dataIndex: 'name'
   },
     title: '商品描述',
     dataIndex: 'desc'
   },
     title: '价格',
     dataIndex: 'price',
     render: (price) => <span>¥{price}</span>
   },
   {
     title: '状态',
     width: 100,
     dataIndex: 'status',
     render: (status, product) => { // 1: 在售, 2: 己下架
      let btnText = '下架'
      let statusText = '在售'
      if (status === 2) {
        btnText = '上架'
        statusText = '已下架'
       }
```





```
status = status === 1 ? 2 : 1
        return (
          <span>
            <Button type='primary' onClick={() =>
this.updateProductStatus(product._id, status)}>{btnText}</Button>
            <span>{statusText}</span>
          </span>
        )
      }
     },
     {
      title: '操作',
      width: 100,
       render: (product) => (
        <span>
          <LinkButton onClick={() => this.props.history.push('/product/detail',
product)}>详情</LinkButton>
             
          <LinkButton onClick={() => this.props.history.push('/product/addupdate',
product)}>修改</LinkButton>
        </span>
      )
     },
   ]
 }
 异步获取指定页的数据
 getProducts = async (pageNum) => {
   this.pageNum = pageNum
   const {searchType, searchName} = this.state
   let result
   if (searchName) { // 搜索分页
     result = await reqSearchProducts({pageNum, pageSize: PAGE SIZE, searchType,
searchName})
   } else { // 一般分页
     result = await reqProducts(pageNum, PAGE_SIZE)
   console.log('getProducts()', result)
```





```
if (result.status === 0) {
     const {total, list} = result.data
     this.setState({
       total,
       products: list
     })
   }
 }
 componentWillMount() {
   this.initColumns()
 }
 componentDidMount() {
   this.getProducts(1)
 }
 render() {
   const {products, total, searchType} = this.state
   const title = (
     <span>
       <Select value={searchType} onChange={value => this.setState({searchType:
value})}>
           <Option key='productName' value='productName'>按名称搜索</Option>
           <Option key='productDesc' value='productDesc'>按描述搜索</Option>
         </Select>
         <Input style={{width: 150, marginLeft: 10, marginRight: 10}} placeholder='</pre>
关键字!
               onChange={(e) => this.setState({searchName: e.target.value})}/>
         <Button type='primary' onClick={(() => this.getProducts(1)}>搜索</Button>
     </span>
   )
   const extra = (
     <Button type='primary' style={{float: 'right'}} onClick={() =>
this.props.history.push('/product/addupdate')}>
       <Icon type='plus'/>
       添加商品
     </Button>
```



```
return (
     <div>
       <Card title={title} extra={extra}>
           bordered
           rowKey='_id'
           columns={this.columns}
           dataSource={products}
           pagination={{
             defaultPageSize: PAGE_SIZE,
             total,
             showQuickJumper: true,
             onChange: this.getProducts
           }}
       />
       </Card>
     </div>
   )
 }
}
```

# 2.17.5. product/detail.jsx

```
import React, {Component} from 'react'
import {List, Icon, Card} from 'antd'

import {reqCategory} from '../../api'
import {BASE_IMG_PATH} from '../../utils/constants'
import LinkButton from "../../components/link-button";

/*
商品详情组件
*/
export default class ProductDetail extends Component {

state = {
    cName1: '', // 一级分类名称
```





```
cName2: '' // 二级分类名称
 }
 /*
 异步获取当前产品对应的分类名称
 getCategoryName = async () => {
   const {categoryId, pCategoryId} = this.props.location.state
   if (pCategoryId === '0') {
    // 获取一级分类名称
    const result = await reqCategory(categoryId)
    const cName1 = result.data.name
    this.setState({cName1})
   } else {
    // 获取一级分类名称
    /*const result1 = await reqCategory(pCategoryId)
    const cName1 = result1.data.name
    // 获取二级分类名称
     const result2 = await reqCategory(categoryId)
     const cName2 = result2.data.name
     this.setState({cName1, cName2})*/
     一次发多个请求, 等所有请求都返回后一起处理, 如果有一个请求出错了, 整个都会失败
    Promise.all([promise1, promise2]) 返回值一个promise 对象,异步成功返回的是
[result1, result2]
     const results = await Promise.all([reqCategory(pCategoryId),
reqCategory(categoryId)])
    const result1 = results[0]
     const result2 = results[1]
     const cName1 = result1.data.name
     const cName2 = result2.data.name
    this.setState({cName1, cName2})
   }
 }
 componentDidMount() {
   this.getCategoryName()
 }
 render() {
```

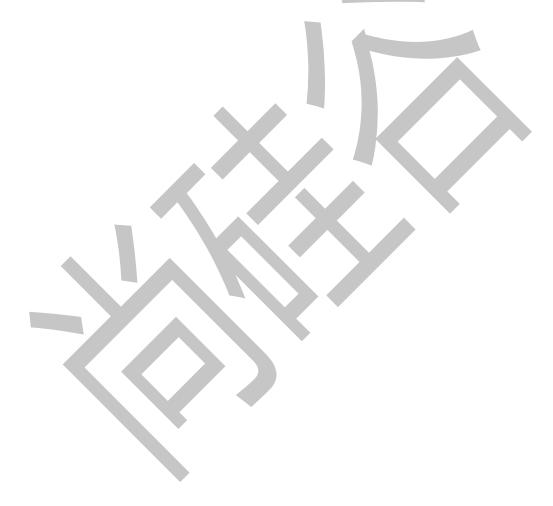




```
const {name, desc, price, imgs, detail} = this.props.location.state
const {cName1, cName2} = this.state
const title = (
 <span>
   <LinkButton onClick={() => this.props.history.goBack()}>
     <Icon type="arrow-left" style={{fontSize: 20}}/>
   </LinkButton>
     商品详情
 </span>
)
const imgStyle = {width: 150, height: 150, marginRight: 10, border: '1px solid black'}
return (
 <Card className='product-detail' title={title}>
   <List>
     <List.Item>
       <span className='left'>商品名称:</span>
       <span>{name}</span>
     </List.Item>
     <List.Item>
       <span className='left'>商品描述:</span>
       <span>{desc}</span>
     </List.Item>
     <List.Item>
       <span className='left'>商品价格:</span>
       <span>{price + '元'}</span>
     </List.Item>
     <List.Item>
       <span className='left'>所属分类:</span>
       <span>{cName1 + (cName2 ? ' --> ' + cName2 : '')}</span>
     </List.Item>
     <List.Item>
       <span className='left'>商品图片:</span>
       <span>
         {
          imgs.map(img => (
            <img src={BASE IMG PATH + img} alt="img" key={img} style={imgStyle}/>
          ))
         }
       </span>
     </List.Item>
```



### H5 前端课程系列





## 2.17.6. product/add-update.jsx







```
import React, {Component} from 'react'
import {
 Card,
 Icon,
 Form,
 Input,
 Cascader,
 Button,
 message
} from 'antd'
import LinkButton from '../../components/link-button'
import PicturesWall from './pictures-wall'
import RichTextEditor from './rich-text-editor'
import {reqCategorys, reqAddOrUpdateProduct} from '../../api'
const {Item} = Form
const {TextArea} = Input
/*
商品添加/更新的路由组件
class ProductAddUpdate extends Component {
 state = {
   options: [], // 用来显示级联列表的数组
 }
 constructor(props) {
   super(props);
   this.pw = React.createRef();
   this.editor = React.createRef();
 }
 选择某个分类项时的回调
  加载对应的二级分类显示
 loadData = async (selectedOptions) => {
   // console.log('loadDate()', selectedOptions)
   const targetOption = selectedOptions[selectedOptions.length - 1]
   targetOption.loading = true // 显示Loading
```





```
// 异步请求获取对应的二级分类列表
   const subCategorys = await this.getCategorys(targetOption.value) // await 的作用: 保
证完成执行完保存的分类数组才进入后面的语句
   targetOption.loading = false // 隐藏Loading
   if(subCategorys && subCategorys.length>0) { // 有子分类
    // 生成一个二级的 options
    const cOptions = subCategorys.map(c => ({
      value: c._id,
      label: c.name,
      isLeaf: true,
    }))
    // 添加为对应的option 的 children(子 options)
    targetOption.children = cOptions
   } else { // 没有子分类
    targetOption.isLeaf = true
   }
   // 更新options 状态
   this.setState({
    options: [...this.state.options],
   });
 }
 获取指定分类 id 的子分类列表
 如果 parent Id 为 0 时获取一级列表
  */
 getCategorys = async (parentId) => {
   const result = await reqCategorys(parentId)
   if(result.status===0) {
    const categorys = result.data
    if(parentId==='0') {
      // 根据一级分类数组初始化生成 options 数组
      this.initOptions(categorys)
    } else { // 当前得到是二级分类列表
      // 返回二级分类列表(作为async 函数的promise 对象的成功的value 值)
      return categorys
    }
   }
```





```
/*
生成级联的一级列表
initOptions = async (categorys) => {
 // 根据一级分类数组生成 option 的数组
 const options = categorys.map(c => ({
   value: c._id,
   label: c.name,
   isLeaf: false,
 }))
 // 如果当前是更新,且商品是一个二级分类的商品
 const {product, isUpdate} = this
 if(isUpdate && product.pCategoryId!=='0') {
   // 异步获取 product.pCategory Id 的二级分类列表
   const subCategorys = await this.getCategorys(product.pCategoryId)
   if (subCategorys && subCategorys.length>0) {
     // 生成二级的option 数组
     const cOptions = subCategorys.map(c => ({
      value: c._id,
      label: c.name,
      isLeaf: true,
     }))
     // 找到对应的option
     const targetOption = options.find(option => option.value===product.pCategoryId)
     // 将cOptions 添加为对应的一级option 的 children
     targetOption.children = cOptions
   }
 }
 // 更新状态
 this.setState({
   options
 })
}
```





```
对商品价格进行自定义验证
 */
validatePrice = (rule, value, callback) => {
 value = value * 1
 if(value>0) {
   callback()
 } else {
   callback('价格必须是大于 0 的数值')
 }
}
// 添加/更新
submit = () \Rightarrow \{
 this.props.form.validateFields(async (err, values) => {
   if (!err) {
     // 收集产品相关信息
     const {name, desc, price, categoryIds} = values
     // 在父组件中得到子组件对象, 调用子组件对象的方法
     const imgs = this.pw.current.getImgs()
     const detail = this.editor.current.getDetail()
     let pCategoryId = ''
     let categoryId = ''
     if(categoryIds.length===1) { // 选择的是一级分类
       pCategoryId = '0'
      categoryId = categoryIds[0]
     } else { // 选择的是二级分类
       pCategoryId = categoryIds[0]
      categoryId = categoryIds[1]
     }
     // 封装成对象
     const product = {name, desc, price, pCategoryId, categoryId, detail, imgs}
     // 如果是更新, 指定 product 的 id 属性值
     if(this.isUpdate) {
      product._id = this.product._id
     }
     // 请求保存
     const result = await reqAddOrUpdateProduct(product)
     if(result.status===0) {
      message.success('保存商品成功')
      this.props.history.goBack()
     } else {
```





```
message.success('保存商品失败')
     }
   }
 })
}
componentDidMount () {
 // 异步获取一级分类列表
 this.getCategorys('0')
}
componentWillMount () {
 // 取出跳转传入的数据
 const product = this.props.location.state
 this.product = product || {}
 this.isUpdate = !!product // !!xxx 将一个数据强制转换成布尔类型
}
render() {
 const {product, isUpdate} = this
 const {pCategoryId, categoryId} = product
 const {options} = this.state
 const {getFieldDecorator} = this.props.form
 // 准备用于级联列表显示的数组
 const categoryIds = []
 if(isUpdate) {
   if(pCategoryId==='0') {
     categoryIds.push(categoryId)
   } else {
     categoryIds.push(pCategoryId)
     categoryIds.push(categoryId)
   }
 }
 const title = (
   <span>
     <LinkButton onClick={() => this.props.history.goBack()}>
       <Icon type='arrow-left' style={{fontSize: 20}}/>
     </LinkButton>
```





```
{isUpdate ? '修改商品' : '添加商品'}
 </span>
)
// 指定form 的item 布局的对象
const formItemLayout = {
 labelCol: { span: 2 },
 wrapperCol: { span: 8 }
}
return (
 <Card title={title}>
   <Form>
     <Item label="商品名称" {...formItemLayout}>
        getFieldDecorator('name', {
          initialValue: product.name,
          rules: [
            {required: true, message: '商品名称必须输入'}
          ]
        })(
          <Input placeholer='请输入商品名称'/>
        )
      }
     </Item>
     <Item label="商品描述" {...formItemLayout}>
        getFieldDecorator('desc', {
          initialValue: product.desc,
          rules: [
            {required: true, message: '商品描述必须输入'}
          ]
        })(
          <TextArea placeholder="请输入商品描述" autosize />
        )
      }
     <Item label="商品价格" {...formItemLayout}>
        getFieldDecorator('price', {
          initialValue: product.price,
          rules: [
```





```
{required: true, message: '商品价格必须输入'},
                {validator: this.validatePrice}
              ]
            })(
              <Input type='number' placeholer='请输入商品价格' addonAfter='元'/>
            )
          }
         </Item>
         <Item label="商品分类" {...formItemLayout}>
          {
            getFieldDecorator('categoryIds', {
              initialValue: categoryIds,
              rules: [
                {required: true, message: '商品分类必须输入'}
              ]
            })(
              <Cascader
               options={options}
                loadData={this.loadData}
            />
            )
          }
         </Item>
         <Item label="商品图片" {...formItemLayout}>
          <PicturesWall ref={this.pw} imgs={product.imgs}/>
         </Item>
         <Item
          label="商品详情"
          labelCol={{ span: 2 }}
          wrapperCol={{ span: 20 }}>
          <RichTextEditor ref={this.editor} detail={product.detail}/>
         </Item>
         <Button type='primary' onClick={this.submit}>提交</Button>
       </Form>
     </Card>
   )
 }
}
export default Form.create()(ProductAddUpdate)
```



#### 2.17.7. product/pictures-wall.jsx

```
import React from 'react'
import PropTypes from 'prop-types'
import {Upload, Icon, Modal, message} from 'antd'
import {BASE_IMG_PATH, UPLOAD_IMG_NAME} from '.../.../utils/constants'
import {reqDeleteImg} from '../../api'
管理商品图片的组件(上传/删除图片)
export default class PicturesWall extends React.Component {
 static propTypes = {
   imgs: PropTypes.array
 }
 constructor (props) {
   super(props)
   let fileList = []
   // 如果传入了imgs, 生成一个对应的fileList
   const imgs = this.props.imgs
   if (imgs && imgs.length > 0) {
    fileList = imgs.map((img, index) => ({
      uid: -index,
      name: img,
      status: 'done', // Loading: 上传中, done: 上传完成, remove: 删除
      url: BASE_IMG_PATH + img,
    }))
   }
   //初始化状态
   this.state = {
     previewVisible: false, // 是否显示大图预览
     previewImage: '', // 大图的url
    fileList: fileList // 所有需要显示的图片信息对象的数组
   }
 }
```





```
得到当前已上传的图片文件名的数组
*/
getImgs = () => this.state.fileList.map(file => file.name)
/*
关闭大图预览
*/
handleCancel = () => this.setState({previewVisible: false})
/*
预览大图
*/
handlePreview = (file) => {
 this.setState({
   previewImage: file.url || file.thumbUrl, // 需要显示的大图的url
   previewVisible: true,
 })
}
file: 当前操作文件信息对象
fileList: 所有文件信息对象的数组
handleChange = async ({file, fileList}) => {
 console.log('handleChange()', file, fileList)
 // 如果上传图片完成
 if (file.status === 'done') {
   const result = file.response
   if (result.status === 0) {
    message.success('上传成功了')
     const {name, url} = result.data
     file = fileList[fileList.length - 1]
     file.name = name
    file.url = url
   } else {
     message.error('上传失败了')
 } else if (file.status === 'removed') { // 删除图片
   const result = await reqDeleteImg(file.name)
   if(result.status===0) {
     message.success('删除图片成功')
```





```
} else {
       message.error('删除图片失败')
     }
   }
   // 更新fileList 状态
   this.setState({fileList})
 }
 render() {
   const {previewVisible, previewImage, fileList} = this.state
   const uploadButton = (
     <div>
       <Icon type="plus"/>
       <div>上传图片</div>
     </div>
   )
   return (
     <div>
       <Upload
         action="/manage/img/upload"
         accept="image/*"
         name= {UPLOAD_IMG_NAME}
         listType="picture-card"
         fileList={fileList}
         onPreview={this.handlePreview}
         onChange={this.handleChange}
         {uploadButton}
       </Upload>
       <Modal visible={previewVisible} footer={null} onCancel={this.handleCancel}>
         <img alt="example" style={{width: '100%'}} src={previewImage}/>
       </Modal>
     </div>
   )
 }
}
```



#### 2.17.8. product/rich-text-editor.jsx

```
import React, {Component} from 'react'
import PropTypes from 'prop-types'
import {Editor} from 'react-draft-wysiwyg'
import {EditorState, convertToRaw, ContentState} from 'draft-js'
import draftToHtml from 'draftjs-to-html'
import htmlToDraft from 'html-to-draftjs'
import 'react-draft-wysiwyg/dist/react-draft-wysiwyg.css'
用来指定商品详情信息的富文本编程器组件
export default class RichTextEditor extends Component {
 static propTypes = {
   detail: PropTypes.string
 }
 constructor (props) {
   super(props)
   // 根据传入的html 文本初始显示
   const detail = this.props.detail
   let editorState
   if(detail) { // 如果传入才需要做处理
     const blocksFromHtml = htmlToDraft(detail)
     const { contentBlocks, entityMap } = blocksFromHtml
     const contentState = ContentState.createFromBlockArray(contentBlocks, entityMap)
     editorState = EditorState.createWithContent(contentState)
     editorState = EditorState.createEmpty()
   // 初始化状态
   this.state = {
     editorState
   }
 }
 当输入改变时立即保存状态数据
```





```
onEditorStateChange = (editorState) => {
   this.setState({
     editorState,
   })
 }
  得到输入的富文本数据
 getDetail = () => {
   return draftToHtml(convertToRaw(this.state.editorState.getCurrentContent()))
 }
 render() {
   const {editorState} = this.state
   return (
     <Editor
       editorState={editorState}
       editorStyle={{height: 250, border: '1px solid #000', padding: '0 30px'}}
     onEditorStateChange={this.onEditorStateChange}
/>
   )
 }
}
```

## 2.17.9. product/product.less

```
.product-detail {
   .left {
     margin-right: 10px;
     font-size: 18px;
     font-weight: bold;
   }
}
```



### 2.17.10. utils/constants.js

```
/*
包含n 个应用中的常量字符串模块
*/
export const PAGE_SIZE = 5 // 每页显示条目数
export const BASE_IMG_PATH = 'http://localhost:5000/upload/' // 上传的图片的基础地址
export const UPLOAD_IMG_NAME = 'image' // 上传图片的参数名
```

## 2.18. 角色管理

#### **2.18.1.** api/index.js:

```
// 添加角色
export const reqAddRole = (roleName) => ajax('/manage/role/add', {roleName}, 'POST')

// 获取角色列表
export const reqRoles = () => ajax('/manage/role/list')

// 更新角色(给角色设置权限)
export const reqUpdateRole = (role) => ajax('/manage/role/update', role, 'POST')
```

### 2.18.2. add-form.jsx

```
import React, {PureComponent} from 'react'
import PropTypes from 'prop-types'
import {
   Form,
   Input,
} from 'antd'

/*

用来添加角色的form 组件
*/
```





```
class AddForm extends PureComponent {
 static propTypes = {
   setForm: PropTypes.func.isRequired
 }
 componentWillMount() {
   this.props.setForm(this.props.form)
 }
 render() {
   const {getFieldDecorator} = this.props.form
   const formItemLayout = {
     labelCol: {span: 5},
     wrapperCol: {span: 16}
   }
   return (
     <Form>
       <Form.Item label="角色名称" {...formItemLayout}>
          getFieldDecorator('roleName', {
            initialValue: ''
          })(
            <Input type="text" placeholder="请输入角色名称"/>
          )
         }
       </Form.Item>
     </Form>
   )
 }
}
export default AddForm = Form.create()(AddForm)
```

## 2.18.3. auth-form.jsx

```
import React, {PureComponent} from 'react'
import PropTypes from 'prop-types'
import {
```





```
Form,
 Input,
 Tree
} from 'antd'
import menuList from '../../config/menuConfig'
const Item = Form.Item
const { TreeNode } = Tree;
添加分类的 form 组件
*/
export default class AuthForm extends PureComponent {
 static propTypes = {
   role: PropTypes.object
 }
 constructor (props) {
   super(props)
   // 根据传入角色的menus 生成初始状态
   const {menus} = this.props.role
   this.state = {
     checkedKeys: menus
   }
 }
 为父组件提交获取最新 menus 数据的方法
 getMenus = () => this.state.checkedKeys
 getTreeNodes = (menuList) => {
   return menuList.reduce((pre, item) => {
     pre.push(
       <TreeNode title={item.title} key={item.key}>
         {item.children ? this.getTreeNodes(item.children) : null}
       </TreeNode>
```





```
return pre
 }, [])
}
// 选中某个node 时的回调
onCheck = checkedKeys => {
 console.log('onCheck', checkedKeys);
 this.setState({ checkedKeys });
};
componentWillMount () {
 this.treeNodes = this.getTreeNodes(menuList)
}
// 根据新传入的role 来更新 checkedKeys 状态
/*
当组件接收到新的属性时自动调用
componentWillReceiveProps (nextProps) {
 console.log('componentWillReceiveProps()', nextProps)
 const menus = nextProps.role.menus
 this.setState({
   checkedKeys: menus
 // this.state.checkedKeys = menus
}
render() {
 console.log('AuthForm render()')
 const {role} = this.props
 const {checkedKeys} = this.state
 // 指定Item 布局的配置对象
 const formItemLayout = {
   labelCol: { span: 4 }, // 左侧Label 的宽度
   wrapperCol: { span: 15 }, // 右侧包裹的宽度
 }
 return (
   <div>
     <Item label='角色名称' {...formItemLayout}>
       <Input value={role.name} disabled/>
```





## 2.18.4. role.jsx

```
import React, {PureComponent} from 'react'
import {
 Card,
 Button,
 Table,
 Modal,
 message
} from 'antd'
import {PAGE_SIZE} from "../../utils/constants"
import {reqRoles, reqAddRole, reqUpdateRole} from '../../api'
import AddForm from './add-form'
import AuthForm from './auth-form'
import memoryUtils from "../../utils/memoryUtils"
import {formateDate} from '../../utils/dateUtils'
角色路由
*/
```





```
export default class Role extends PureComponent {
 state = {
   roles: [], // 所有角色的列表
   role: {}, // 选中的role
   isShowAdd: false, // 是否显示添加界面
   isShowAuth: false, // 是否显示设置权限界面
 }
 constructor (props) {
   super(props)
   this.auth = React.createRef()
 }
 initColumn = () => {
   this.columns = [
      title: '角色名称',
      dataIndex: 'name'
     },
      title: '创建时间',
      dataIndex: 'create_time',
      render: (create_time) => formateDate(create_time)
     },
      title: '授权时间',
      dataIndex: 'auth_time',
      render: formateDate
     },
      title: '授权人',
      dataIndex: 'auth_name'
    },
   ]
 }
 getRoles = async () => {
   const result = await reqRoles()
   if (result.status===0) {
     const roles = result.data
```





```
this.setState({
     roles
   })
 }
}
onRow = (role) => {
 return {
   onClick: event => { // 点击行
     console.log('row onClick()', role)
    // alert('点击行')
    this.setState({
      role
     })
   },
 }
}
/*
添加角色
*/
addRole = () => {
 // 进行表单验证, 只能通过了才向下处理
 this.form.validateFields(async (error, values) => {
   if (!error) {
     // 隐藏确认框
     this.setState({
      isShowAdd: false
     })
     // 收集输入数据
     const {roleName} = values
     this.form.resetFields()
     // 请求添加
     const result = await reqAddRole(roleName)
     // 根据结果提示/更新列表显示
     if (result.status===0) {
      message.success('添加角色成功')
      // this.getRoles()
```





```
// 新产生的角色
       const role = result.data
      // 更新roles 状态
      /*const roles = this.state.roles
      roles.push(role)
      this.setState({
        roles
      })*/
      // 更新 roles 状态: 基于原本状态数据更新
      this.setState(state => ({
        roles: [...state.roles, role]
      }))
     } else {
      message.success('添加角色失败')
   }
 })
}
/*
更新角色
updateRole = async () => {
 // 隐藏确认框
 this.setState({
   isShowAuth: false
 })
 const role = this.state.role
 // 得到最新的menus
 const menus = this.auth.current.getMenus()
 role.menus = menus
 role.auth_time = Date.now()
 role.auth_name = memoryUtils.user.username
 // 请求更新
```





```
const result = await reqUpdateRole(role)
   if (result.status===0) {
     message.success('设置角色权限成功')
     // this.getRoles()
     this.setState({
       roles: [...this.state.roles]
     })
   }
 }
 componentWillMount () {
   this.initColumn()
 }
 componentDidMount () {
   this.getRoles()
 }
 render() {
   console.log('Role render()')
   const {roles, role, isShowAdd, isShowAuth} = this.state
   const title = (
     <span>
       <Button type='primary' onClick={() => this.setState({isShowAdd: true}))}>创建角
色</Button> &nbsp;&nbsp;
       <Button type='primary' disabled={!role._id} onClick={() =>
this.setState({isShowAuth: true})}>设置角色权限</Button>
     </span>
   )
   return (
     <Card title={title}>
       <Table
        bordered
         rowKey='_id'
        dataSource={roles}
         columns={this.columns}
         pagination={{defaultPageSize: PAGE_SIZE}}}
         rowSelection={{type: 'radio', selectedRowKeys: [role._id]}}
         onRow={this.onRow}
```



```
<Modal
         title="添加角色"
         visible={isShowAdd}
         onOk={this.addRole}
         onCancel={() => {
          this.setState({isShowAdd: false})
          this.form.resetFields()
         }}
         <AddForm
          setForm={(form) => this.form = form}
         />
       </Modal>
       <Modal
         title="设置角色权限"
         visible={isShowAuth}
         onOk={this.updateRole}
         onCancel={() => {
          this.setState({isShowAuth: false})
         <AuthForm ref={this.auth} role={role}/>
       </Modal>
     </Card>
   )
 }
}
```

## 2.19. 用户管理

## 2.19.1. api/index.js

```
// 添加/更新用户

export const reqAddOrUpdateUser = (user) => ajax('/manage/user/'+(user._id ? 'update' : 'add'), user, 'POST')
```





```
// 获取用户列表

export const reqUsers = () => ajax('/manage/user/list')

// 删除用户

export const reqDeleteUser = (userId) => ajax('/manage/user/delete', {userId}, 'POST')
```

#### 2.19.2. user-form.jsx

```
import React, {Component} from 'react'
import PropTypes from 'prop-types'
import {
 Form,
 Input,
 Select,
} from 'antd'
const FormItem = Form.Item
const Option = Select.Option
用来添加或更新的 form 组件
class UserForm extends Component {
 static propTypes = {
   setForm: PropTypes.func.isRequired,
   user: PropTypes.object,
   roles: PropTypes.array
 }
 componentWillMount() {
   this.props.setForm(this.props.form)
 }
 render() {
   const {getFieldDecorator} = this.props.form
   const formItemLayout = {
     labelCol: {span: 4},
     wrapperCol: {span: 16}
```





```
const {user, roles} = this.props
return (
 <Form {...formItemLayout}>
   <FormItem label="用户名">
     {
       getFieldDecorator('username', {
        initialValue: user.username
       })(
        <Input type="text" placeholder="请输入用户名"/>
       )
     }
   </FormItem>
   {
     !user._id ?
       (
         <FormItem label="密码">
            getFieldDecorator('password', {
              initialValue: ''
            })(
              <Input type="password" placeholder="请输入密码"/>
            )
          }
        </FormItem>
       ) : null
   }
   <FormItem label="手机号">
       getFieldDecorator('phone', {
        initialValue: user.phone
       })(
         <Input type="phone" placeholder="请输入手机号"/>
       )
     }
   </FormItem>
```





```
<FormItem label="邮箱">
          getFieldDecorator('email', {
            initialValue: user.email
             <Input type="email" placeholder="请输入邮箱"/>
          )
         }
       </FormItem>
       <FormItem label="角色">
          getFieldDecorator('role_id', {
            initialValue: user.role_id
            <Select style={{width: 200}} placeholder='请选择角色'>
              {
                roles.map(role => <Option key={role._id}</pre>
value={role._id}>{role.name}</Option>)
              }
            </Select>
          )
         }
       </FormItem>
     </Form>
 }
}
export default Form.create()(UserForm)
```

## 2.19.3. user.jsx

```
import React, {Component} from 'react'
import {
   Card,
   Button,
   Table,
   Modal,
```





```
} from 'antd'
import LinkButton from '../../components/link-button'
import UserForm from './user-form'
import {
 reqUsers,
 reqAddOrUpdateUser,
 reqDeleteUser
} from '../../api'
import {formateDate} from '../../utils/dateUtils'
import {PAGE_SIZE} from "../../utils/constants";
/*
后台管理的用户管理路由组件
export default class User extends Component {
 state = {
   isShow: false, // 是否显示对话框
   users: [], // 所有用户的列表
   roles: [], // 所有角色的列表
 }
 初始化 Table 的字段列表
 initColumns = () => {
   this.columns = [
      title: '用户名',
      dataIndex: 'username'
    },
      title: '邮箱',
      dataIndex: 'email'
     },
      title: '电话',
      dataIndex: 'phone'
     },
      title: '注册时间',
```





```
dataIndex: 'create_time',
     render: formateDate
   },
     title: '所属角色',
     dataIndex: 'role_id',
     render: value => this.roleNames[value]
   },
   {
     title: '操作',
     render: (user) => (
       <span>
        <LinkButton onClick={() => this.showUpdate(user)}>修改</LinkButton>
          
        <LinkButton onClick={() => this.clickDelete(user)}>删除</LinkButton>
      </span>
     )
   },
 ]
}
根据角色的数组生成一个包含所有角色名的对象容器
initRoleNames = (roles) => {
 this.roleNames = roles.reduce((pre, role) => {
   pre[role._id] = role.name
   return pre
 }, {})
}
响应点击删除用户
clickDelete = (user) => {
 Modal.confirm({
   content: `确定删除${user.username}吗?`,
   onOk: async () => {
     const result = await reqDeleteUser(user._id)
     if (result.status === 0) {
      this.getUsers()
```





```
})
}
显示修改用户的界面
showUpdate = (user) => {
// 保存user
 this.user = user
 this.setState({
   isShow: true
 })
}
异步获取所有用户列表
getUsers = async () => {
 const result = await reqUsers()
 if (result.status === 0) {
   const {users, roles} = result.data
   // 初始化生成一个包含所有角色名的对象容器 {_id1: name1, _id2: nam2}
   this.initRoleNames(roles)
   this.setState({
    users,
     roles
   })
 }
}
/*
显示添加用户的界面
showAddUser = () => {
 this.user = null
 this.setState({
   isShow: true
 })
}
```





```
添加/更新用户
*/
AddOrUpdateUser = async () => {
 // 获取表单数据
 const user = this.form.getFieldsValue()
 this.form.resetFields()
 if (this.user) {
   user._id = this.user._id
 this.setState({
   isShow: false
 })
 const result = await reqAddOrUpdateUser(user)
 if (result.status === 0) {
   this.getUsers()
 }
}
componentWillMount() {
 this.initColumns()
}
componentDidMount() {
 this.getUsers()
}
render() {
 const {users, roles, isShow} = this.state
 const user = this.user || {}
 const title = <Button type="primary" onClick={this.showAddUser}>创建用户</Button>
 return (
   <div>
     <Card title={title}>
       <Table
         columns={this.columns}
         rowKey='_id'
```





```
dataSource={users}
           bordered
           pagination={{defaultPageSize: PAGE_SIZE, showQuickJumper: true}}
         <Modal
           title={user._id ? '修改用户' : '添加用户'}
          visible={isShow}
           onCancel={() => this.setState({isShow: false})}
           onOk={this.AddOrUpdateUser}
           <UserForm
            setForm={(form) => this.form = form}
            user={user}
            roles={roles}
          />
         </Modal>
       </Card>
     </div>
}
```

## 2.19.4. 导航权限控制

## 1) left-nav.jsx

```
/*
判断当前用户是否有看到当前item 对应菜单项的权限

*/
hasAuth = (item) => {
  const key = item.key
  const menuSet = this.menuSet
  /*
  1. 如果菜单项标识为公开
  2. 如果当前用户是 admin
  3. 如果菜单项的 key 在用户的 menus 中
```





```
if(item.isPublic || memoryUtils.user.username==='admin' || menuSet.has(key)) {
   return true
   // 4. 如果有子节点,需要判断有没有一个 child 的 key 在 menus 中
 } else if(item.children){
   return !!item.children.find(child => menuSet.has(child.key))
 }
}
返回包含n 个<Item>和<SubMenu>的数组
getMenuNodes = (list) => {
 // 得到当前请求的 path
 const path = this.props.location.pathname
 return list.reduce((pre, item) => {
   if (this.hasAuth(item)) {
     if (!item.children) {
       pre.push((
         <Menu.Item key={item.key}>
          <Link to={item.key}>
            <Icon type={item.icon}/>
            <span>{item.title}</span>
          </Link>
         </Menu.Item>
       ))
     } else {
       pre.push((
         <SubMenu key={item.key} title={<span><Icon
type={item.icon}/><span>{item.title}</span></span>}>
            this.getMenuNodes(item.children)
         </SubMenu>
       ))
       if(item.children.find(cItem => path.indexOf(cItem.key)===0)) {
        this.openKey = item.key
       }
     }
```





```
return pre
}, [])

componentWillMount () {
  this.menuSet = new Set(memoryUtils.user.role.menus || [])
  this.menuNodes = this.getMenuNodes(menuList)
}
```

### 2) config/menuConfig.js

```
{
    title: '首页', // 菜单标题名称
    key: '/home', // 对应的 path
    icon: 'home', // 图标名称
    isPublic: true, // 开放的
}
```

# 2.20. 使用 redux 管理状态

### 2.20.1. 下载依赖

yarn add redux react-redux redux-thunk redux-devtools-extension

## 2.20.2. redux/store.js

```
/*
redux 最核心的管理对象: store
*/
import {createStore, applyMiddleware} from 'redux'
import thunk from 'redux-thunk'
import {composeWithDevTools} from 'redux-devtools-extension'
import reducer from './reducer'
// 向外暴露 store 对象
```





**export default** createStore(reducer, composeWithDevTools(applyMiddLeware(thunk))) // 创 建 store 对象内部会第一次调用 reducer() 得到初始状态值

#### 2.20.3. redux/reducer.js

```
reducer 函数模块: 根据当前 state 和指定 action 返回一个新的 state
import {combineReducers} from 'redux'
import {
 SET_HEAD_TITLE,
 RECEIVE_USER,
 SHOW_ERROR_MSG,
 RESET_USER
} from './action-types'
import storageUtils from "../utils/storageUtils";
管理 headTitle 状态数据的 reducer
const initHeadTitle = '首页'
function headTitle(state = initHeadTitle, action) {
 console.log('headTitle()', state, action)
 switch (action.type) {
   case SET_HEAD_TITLE:
     return action.data
   default:
     return state
 }
}
管理 user 状态数据的 reducer
const initUser = storageUtils.getUser()
```





```
function user(state = initUser, action) {
 console.log('user()', state, action)
 switch (action.type) {
   case RECEIVE_USER:
     return action.user
   case SHOW_ERROR_MSG:
     return {...state, errorMsg: action.errorMsg}
   case RESET_USER:
     return {}
   default:
     return state
 }
}
向外暴露合并后产生的总 reducer 函数
总的 state 的结构:
   headerTitle: '',
   user: {}
 }
 */
export default combineReducers({
 headTitle,
 user,
})
```

### 2.20.4. redux/actions.js

```
/*
包含n 个用来创建 action 的工厂函数(action creator)
*/
import {
    SET_HEAD_TITLE,
    RECEIVE_USER,
    SHOW_ERROR_MSG,
```





```
RESET USER
} from './action-types'
import {reqLogin} from '../api'
import storageUtils from "../utils/storageUtils";
设置头部标题的同步action
export const setHeadTitle = (headTitle) => ({type: SET_HEAD_TITLE, data: headTitle})
/*
接收用户的同步action
export const receiveUser = (user) => ({type: RECEIVE_USER, user})
显示错误信息的同步 action
export const showErrorMsg = (errorMsg) => ({type: SHOW_ERROR_MSG, errorMsg})
/*
退出登陆的同步action
export const logout = () => {
 storageUtils.removeUser()
 return {type: RESET_USER}
}
登陆的异步 action
export const login = (username, password) => {
 return async dispatch => {
   const result = await reqLogin(username, password)
   if (result.status === 0) {
     const user = result.data
     storageUtils.saveUser(user)
     dispatch(receiveUser(user))
   } else {
     const msg = result.msg
     dispatch(showErrorMsq(msg))
```





```
}
}
}
```

# 2.20.5. redux/action-types.js

```
/*
包含n 个action type 常量名称的模块
*/

export const SET_HEAD_TITLE = 'set_head_title' // 设置头部标题

export const RECEIVE_USER = 'receive_user' // 接收新的用户
export const SHOW_ERROR_MSG = 'show_error_msg' // 显示错误提示信息
export const RESET_USER = 'reset_user' // 重置用户
```

#### 2.20.6. index.js





```
</Provider>
), document.getElementById('root'))
```

#### 2.20.7. components/left-nav/left-nav.js

```
import React, {Component} from 'react'
import PropTypes from 'prop-types'
import {Link, withRouter} from 'react-router-dom'
import {Menu, Icon} from 'antd'
import {connect} from 'react-redux'
import {setHeadTitle} from '../../redux/actions'
import logo from '../../assets/images/logo.png'
import menuList from '../../config/menuConfig'
import './index.less'
const SubMenu = Menu.SubMenu;
左侧导航的组件
class LeftNav extends Component {
 判断当前登陆用户对item 是否有权限
 hasAuth = (item) => {
   const {key, isPublic} = item
   const menus = this.props.user.role.menus
   const username = this.props.user.username
   1. 如果当前用户是 admin
   2. 如果当前item 是公开的
   3. 当前用户有此item 的权限: key 有没有 menus 中
    */
   if (username === 'admin' || isPublic || menus.indexOf(key) !== -1) {
     return true
```





```
} else if (item.children) { // 4. 如果当前用户有此 item 的某个子 item 的权限
   return !!item.children.find(child => menus.indexOf(child.key) !== -1)
 }
 return false
}
/*
根据 menu 的数据数组生成对应的标签数组
使用 map() + 递归调用
getMenuNodes_map = (menuList) => {
 return menuList.map(item => {
   if (!item.children) {
     return (
       <Menu.Item key={item.key}>
         <Link to={item.key}>
          <Icon type={item.icon}/>
          <span>{item.title}</span>
         </Link>
       </Menu.Item>
     )
   } else {
     return (
       <SubMenu
        key={item.key}
        title={
          <span>
          <Icon type={item.icon}/>
          <span>{item.title}</span>
         </span>
        }
         {this.getMenuNodes(item.children)}
       </SubMenu>
     )
   }
 })
}
```





```
根据 menu 的数据数组生成对应的标签数组
使用 reduce() + 递归调用
*/
getMenuNodes = (menuList) => {
 // 得到当前请求的路由路径
 const path = this.props.location.pathname
 // 如果当前请求的是根路径,设置头部标题为首页
 if(path==='/') {
   this.props.setHeadTitle('首页')
 }
 return menuList.reduce((pre, item) => {
   // 如果当前用户有item 对应的权限, 才需要显示对应的菜单项
   if (this.hasAuth(item)) {
    // 向pre 添加<Menu.Item>
     if (!item.children) {
      // 一旦请求路径匹配上当前item,将item的title保存到redux
      if(item.key===path || path.indexOf(item.key)===0) {
        this.props.setHeadTitle(item.title)
      }
      pre.push((
        <Menu.Item key={item.key}>
         <Link to={item.key} onClick={() => this.props.setHeadTitle(item.title)}>
           <Icon type={item.icon}/>
           <span>{item.title}</span>
          </Link>
        </Menu.Item>
      ))
     } else {
      // 查找一个与当前请求路径匹配的子Item
      const cItem = item.children.find(cItem => path.indexOf(cItem.key) === 0)
      // 如果存在, 说明当前 item 的子列表需要打开
      if (cItem) {
        this.openKey = item.key
      }
      // 向pre 添加<SubMenu>
      pre.push((
```





```
<SubMenu
          key={item.key}
          title={
            <span>
          <Icon type={item.icon}/>
          <span>{item.title}</span>
        </span>
          }
          {this.getMenuNodes(item.children)}
        </SubMenu>
      ))
     }
   }
   return pre
 }, [])
}
在第一次 render()之前执行一次
为第一个render()准备数据(必须同步的)
componentWillMount() {
 this.menuNodes = this.getMenuNodes(menuList)
}
render() {
 // 得到当前请求的路由路径
 let path = this.props.location.pathname
 console.log('render()', path)
 if (path.indexOf('/product') === 0) { // 当前请求的是商品或其子路由界面
   path = '/product'
 }
 // 得到需要打开菜单项的 key
 const openKey = this.openKey
 return (
   <div className="left-nav">
```





```
<Link to='/' className="left-nav-header">
        <img src={logo} alt="logo"/>
        <h1>硅谷后台</h1>
       </Link>
       <Menu
        mode="inline"
        theme="dark"
        selectedKeys={[path]}
        defaultOpenKeys={[openKey]}
          this.menuNodes
       </Menu>
     </div>
   )
}
withRouter 高阶组件:
包装非路由组件, 返回一个新的组件
新的组件向非路由组件传递 3 个属性: history/location/match
*/
export default connect(
 state => ({user: state.user}),
 {setHeadTitle}
)(withRouter(LeftNav))
```

### 2.20.8. components/header/header.jsx

```
import React, {Component} from 'react'
import {withRouter} from 'react-router-dom'
import { Modal} from 'antd'
import {connect} from 'react-redux'
```





```
import {logout} from '../../redux/actions'
import LinkButton from '../link-button'
import {reqWeather} from '../../api'
import menuList from '../../config/menuConfig'
import {formateDate} from '../../utils/dateUtils'
import './index.less'
左侧导航的组件
*/
class Header extends Component {
 state = {
   currentTime: formateDate(Date.now()), // 当前时间字符串
   dayPictureUrl: '', // 天气图片 url
   weather: '', // 天气的文本
 }
 getTime = () => {
   // 每隔1s 获取当前时间,并更新状态数据 currentTime
   this.intervalId = setInterval(() => {
     const currentTime = formateDate(Date.now())
    this.setState({currentTime})
   }, 1000)
 }
 getWeather = async () => {
   // 调用接口请求异步获取数据
   const {dayPictureUrl, weather} = await reqWeather('北京')
   // 更新状态
   this.setState({dayPictureUrl, weather})
 }
 getTitle = () => {
   // 得到当前请求路径
   const path = this.props.location.pathname
   let title
   menuList.forEach(item => {
     if (item.key==path) { // 如果当前item 对象的key 与path 一样,item 的title 就是需要
显示的title
      title = item.title
```





```
} else if (item.children) {
    // 在所有子item 中查找匹配的
     const cItem = item.children.find(cItem => path.indexOf(cItem.key)===0)
    // 如果有值才说明有匹配的
    if(cItem) {
      // 取出它的title
      title = cItem.title
   }
 })
 return title
}
退出登陆
 */
Logout = () => {
 // 显示确认框
 Modal.confirm({
   content: '确定退出吗?',
   on0k: () => {
    this.props.logout()
   }
 })
}
第一次 render()之后执行一次
一般在此执行异步操作:发ajax请求/启动定时器
*/
componentDidMount () {
// 获取当前的时间
 this.getTime()
 // 获取当前天气
 this.getWeather()
}
// 不能这么做: 不会更新显示
componentWillMount () {
 this.title = this.getTitle()
}*/
```





```
当前组件卸载之前调用
 componentWillUnmount () {
  // 清除定时器
   clearInterval(this.intervalId)
 }
 render() {
   const {currentTime, dayPictureUrl, weather} = this.state
   const username = this.props.user.username
   // 得到当前需要显示的title
   const title = this.props.headTitle
   return (
     <div className="header">
       <div className="header-top">
         <span>欢迎, {username}</span>
         <LinkButton onClick={this.logout}>退出</LinkButton>
       </div>
       <div className="header-bottom">
         <div className="header-bottom-left">{title}</div>
         <div className="header-bottom-right">
          <span>{currentTime}</span>
          <img src={dayPictureUrl} alt="weather"/>
          <span>{weather}</span>
         </div>
       </div>
     </div>
 }
}
export default connect(
 state => ({
   user: state.user,
   headTitle: state.headTitle
 }),
 {Logout}
```





)(withRouter(Header))

#### 2.20.9. pages/admin/admin.jsx

```
import React, {Component} from 'react'
import {Redirect, Route, Switch} from 'react-router-dom'
import { Layout } from 'antd'
import {connect} from 'react-redux'
import LeftNav from '../../components/left-nav'
import Header from '../../components/header'
import Home from '../home/home'
import Category from '../category/category'
import Product from '../product/product'
import Role from '../role/role'
import User from '../user/user'
import Bar from '../charts/bar'
import Line from '../charts/line'
import Pie from '../charts/pie'
const { Footer, Sider, Content } = Layout
后台管理的路由组件
class Admin extends Component {
 render () {
   const user = this.props.user
   // 如果内存没有存储 user ==> 当前没有登陆
   if(!user || !user._id) {
     // 自动跳转到登陆(在render()中)
     return <Redirect to='/login'/>
   }
   return (
     <Layout style={{minHeight: '100%'}}>
       <Sider>
         <LeftNav/>
```





```
</Sider>
       <Layout>
         <Header>Header</Header>
         <Content style={{margin: 20, backgroundColor: '#fff'}}>
           <Switch>
            <Route path='/home' component={Home}/>
            <Route path='/category' component={Category}/>
            <Route path='/product' component={Product}/>
            <Route path='/role' component={Role}/>
            <Route path='/user' component={User}/>
            <Route path='/charts/bar' component={Bar}/>
            <Route path='/charts/line' component={Line}/>
            <Route path='/charts/pie' component={Pie}/>
            <Redirect to='/home'/>
           </Switch>
         </Content>
         <Footer style={{textAlign: 'center', color: '#ccccc'}}>推荐使用谷歌浏览器,
可以获得更佳页面操作体验</Footer>
       </Layout>
     </Layout>
   )
 }
}
export default connect(
 state => ({user: state.user})
)(Admin)
```

#### 2.20.10. pages/login/login.jsx

```
import React, {PureComponent} from 'react'
import {Redirect} from 'react-router-dom'
import {connect} from 'react-redux'
import {
   Form,
   Icon,
   Input,
   Button,
```





```
message
} from 'antd'
import './login.less'
import logo from '../../assets/images/logo.png'
import {Login} from '../../redux/actions'
const Item = Form. Item // 不能写在import 之前
登陆的路由组件
class Login extends PureComponent {
 handleSubmit = (event) => {
   // 阻止事件的默认行为
   event.preventDefault()
   // 对所有表单字段进行检验
   this.props.form.validateFields(async (err, values) => {
    // 检验成功
    if (!err) {
      // 请求登陆
      const {username, password} = values
      this.props.login(username, password)
    }
   });
   // 得到 form 对象
   // const form = this.props.form
   // // 获取表单项的输入数据
   // const values = form.getFieldsValue()
   // console.log('handleSubmit()', values)
 }
 /*
 对密码进行自定义验证
 */
 /*
  用户名/密码的的合法性要求
    1). 必须输入
    2). 必须大于等于4位
```





```
3). 必须小于等于12位
   4). 必须是英文、数字或下划线组成
 validatePwd = (rule, value, callback) => {
   console.log('validatePwd()', rule, value)
   if (!value) {
    callback('密码必须输入')
   } else if (value.length < 4) {</pre>
    callback('密码长度不能小于 4 位')
   } else if (value.length > 12) {
    callback('密码长度不能大于 12 位')
   } else if (!/^[a-zA-Z0-9_]+$/.test(value)) {
    callback('密码必须是英文、数字或下划线组成')
   } else {
    callback() // 验证通过
   }
  // callback('xxxx') // 验证失败, 并指定提示的文本
 }
 render() {
  // 如果用户已经登陆, 自动跳转到管理界面
   const user = this.props.user
   if (user && user._id) {
    return <Redirect to='/home'/>
   }
   // 得到具强大功能的 form 对象
   const form = this.props.form
   const {getFieldDecorator} = form;
   return (
    <div className="login">
      <header className="login-header">
        <img src={logo} alt="logo"/>
        <h1>React 项目: 后台管理系统</h1>
      </header>
      <section className="login-content">
        <div className={user.errorMsg ? 'error-msg show' :</pre>
'error-msg'}>{user.errorMsg}</div>
        <h2>用户登陆</h2>
        <Form onSubmit={this.handleSubmit} className="login-form">
```





```
<Item>
           {
            /*
           用户名/密码的的合法性要求
            1). 必须输入
            2). 必须大于等于4位
            3). 必须小于等于12 位
            4). 必须是英文、数字或下划线组成
           }
            getFieldDecorator('username', { // 配置对象:属性名是特定的一些名称
              // 声明式验证: 直接使用别人定义好的验证规则进行验证
              rules: [
                {required: true, whitespace: true, message: '用户名必须输入'},
                {min: 4, message: '用户名至少 4 位'},
                {max: 12, message: '用户名最多 12 位'},
                {pattern: /^[a-zA-Z0-9_]+$/, message: '用户名必须是英文、数字或下划线
组成'},
              ],
              initialValue: 'admin', // 初始值
              <Input
                prefix={<Icon type="user" style={{color: 'rgba(0,0,0,.25)'}}/>}
                placeholder="用户名"
              />
            )
           }
         </Item>
         <Form.Item>
            getFieldDecorator('password', {
              rules: [
                 validator: this.validatePwd
                }
              1
            })(
              <Input
                prefix={<Icon type="lock" style={{color: 'rgba(0,0,0,.25)'}}/>}
                type="password"
                placeholder="密码"
```





```
)
          }
         </Form.Item>
         <Form.Item>
          <Button type="primary" htmlType="submit" className="login-form-button">
            登陆
          </Button>
         </Form.Item>
       </Form>
      </section>
    </div>
   )
 }
}
1. 高阶函数
  1). 一类特别的函数
     a. 接受函数类型的参数
      b. 返回值是函数
   2). 常见
      a. 定时器: setTimeout()/setInterval()
      b. Promise: Promise(() => {}) then(value => {}, reason => {})
      c. 数组遍历相关的方法: forEach()/filter()/map()/reduce()/find()/findIndex()
      d. 函数对象的bind()
      e. Form.create()() / getFieldDecorator()()
   3). 高阶函数更新动态, 更加具有扩展性
2. 高阶组件
  1). 本质就是一个函数
   2). 接收一个组件(被包装组件), 返回一个新的组件(包装组件), 包装组件会向被包装组件传入特
定属性
  3). 作用:扩展组件的功能
   4). 高阶组件也是高阶函数: 接收一个组件函数, 返回是一个新的组件函数
*/
包装 Form 组件生成一个新的组件: Form(Login)
新组件会向 Form 组件传递一个强大的对象属性: form
*/
const WrapLogin = Form.create()(Login)
```





```
export default connect(
  state => ({user: state.user}),
    {Login}
)(WrapLogin)
```

```
.error-msg {
 visibility: hidden;
 position: absolute;
 top: 0;
 left: 0;
 text-align: center;
 height: 30px;
 width: 100%;
 background: #f60c1a;
 color: #ffffff;
 font-size: 16px;
 transform: translateY(-30px);
 transition: all .3s;
 &.show {
   visibility: visible;
   transform: translateY(0);
 }
}
```

# 2.20.11. pages/role/role.jsx

```
import React, {Component} from 'react'
import {
   Card,
   Button,
   Table,
   Modal,
   message
} from 'antd'
import {connect} from 'react-redux'

import {PAGE_SIZE} from "../../utils/constants"
```





```
import {reqRoles, reqAddRole, reqUpdateRole} from '../../api'
import AddForm from './add-form'
import AuthForm from './auth-form'
import {formateDate} from '../../utils/dateUtils'
import {Logout} from '../../redux/actions'
角色路由
*/
class Role extends Component {
 state = {
   roles: [], // 所有角色的列表
   role: {}, // 选中的role
   isShowAdd: false, // 是否显示添加界面
   isShowAuth: false, // 是否显示设置权限界面
 }
 constructor (props) {
   super(props)
   this.auth = React.createRef()
 }
 initColumn = () => {
   this.columns = [
      title: '角色名称',
      dataIndex: 'name'
     },
      title: '创建时间',
      dataIndex: 'create_time',
      render: (create_time) => formateDate(create_time)
     },
      title: '授权时间',
      dataIndex: 'auth_time',
      render: formateDate
     },
       title: '授权人',
```





```
dataIndex: 'auth_name'
   },
 ]
}
getRoles = async () => {
 const result = await reqRoles()
 if (result.status===0) {
   const roles = result.data
   this.setState({
     roles
   })
 }
}
onRow = (role) => {
 return {
   onClick: event => { // 点击行
     console.log('row onClick()', role)
     // alert('点击行')
     this.setState({
      role
     })
   },
 }
}
/*
添加角色
*/
addRole = () => {
 // 进行表单验证, 只能通过了才向下处理
 this.form.validateFields(async (error, values) => {
   if (!error) {
     // 隐藏确认框
     this.setState({
      isShowAdd: false
     })
     // 收集输入数据
```





```
const {roleName} = values
     this.form.resetFields()
     // 请求添加
     const result = await reqAddRole(roleName)
     // 根据结果提示/更新列表显示
     if (result.status===0) {
      message.success('添加角色成功')
      // this.getRoles()
      // 新产生的角色
      const role = result.data
      // 更新roles 状态
      /*const roles = this.state.roles
      roles.push(role)
      this.setState({
       roles
      })*/
      // 更新 roles 状态: 基于原本状态数据更新
      this.setState(state => ({
        roles: [...state.roles, role]
      }))
     } else {
      message.success('添加角色失败')
   }
 })
}
/*
更新角色
*/
updateRole = async () => {
 // 隐藏确认框
 this.setState({
   isShowAuth: false
 })
```





```
const role = this.state.role
   // 得到最新的menus
   const menus = this.auth.current.getMenus()
   role.menus = menus
   role.auth_time = Date.now()
   role.auth_name = this.props.user.username
   // 请求更新
   const result = await reqUpdateRole(role)
   if (result.status===0) {
    // this.getRoles()
    // 如果当前更新的是自己角色的权限,强制退出
    if (role._id === this.props.user.role_id) {
      this.props.logout()
      message.success('当前用户角色权限成功')
     } else {
      message.success('设置角色权限成功')
      this.setState({
        roles: [...this.state.roles]
      })
    }
   }
 }
 componentWillMount () {
   this.initColumn()
 }
 componentDidMount () {
   this.getRoles()
 render() {
   const {roles, role, isShowAdd, isShowAuth} = this.state
   const title = (
     <span>
      <Button type='primary' onClick={() => this.setState({isShowAdd: true})}>创建角
色</Button> &nbsp;&nbsp;
```





```
<Button type='primary' disabled={!role._id} onClick={() =>
this.setState({isShowAuth: true}))>>设置角色权限</Button>
     </span>
   )
   return (
     <Card title={title}>
       <Table
         bordered
         rowKey='_id'
         dataSource={roles}
         columns={this.columns}
         pagination={{defaultPageSize: PAGE_SIZE}}
         rowSelection={{
          type: 'radio',
          selectedRowKeys: [role._id],
          onSelect: (role) => { // 选择某个radio 时回调
            this.setState({
              role
            })
          }
         }}
         onRow={this.onRow}
       <Modal
         title="添加角色"
         visible={isShowAdd}
         onOk={this.addRole}
         onCancel={() => {
          this.setState({isShowAdd: false})
          this.form.resetFields()
         }}
         <AddForm
           setForm={(form) => this.form = form}
        />
       </Modal>
       <Modal
         title="设置角色权限"
```





# 2.21. 可视化图表

#### 2.21.1. 常用数据可视化图表库

- 1) echarts
  - a. <a href="https://echarts.baidu.com/">https://echarts.baidu.com/</a>
  - b. 百度开源, 如果要在 react 项目中使用, 需要下载 echarts-for-react
- 2) G2
  - a. https://antv.alipay.com/zh-cn/g2/3.x/index.html
  - b. 阿里开源
- 3) bizcharts
  - a. <a href="https://bizcharts.net/products/bizCharts">https://bizcharts.net/products/bizCharts</a>
  - b. 基于 react 包装 G2 的开源库
  - c. 需要额外下载 @antv/data-set
- 4) d3
  - a. https://d3js.org.cn/
  - b. 国外的免费可视化图表库



## 2.21.2. 下载依赖

varn add echarts echarts-for-react

yarn add bizcharts @antv/data-set

#### 2.21.3. bar.jsx: 柱状图

```
import React, {Component} from 'react'
import {Card, Button} from 'antd'
import ReactEcharts from 'echarts-for-react'
后台管理的柱状图路由组件
export default class Bar extends Component {
 state = {
   sales: [5, 20, 36, 10, 10, 20],
   inventorys: [15, 30, 46, 20, 20, 40]
 getOption = () => {
   const {sales, inventorys} = this.state
   return {
     title: {
      text: 'ECharts 入门示例'
     },
     tooltip: {},
     legend: {
      data:['销量', '库存']
     },
     xAxis: {
      data: ["衬衫","羊毛衫","雪纺衫","裤子","高跟鞋","袜子"]
     yAxis: {},
     series: [{
       name: '销量',
       type: 'bar',
       data:sales
```



```
name: '库存',
     type: 'bar',
     data: inventorys
   }]
 }
}
update = () => {
 const sales = this.state.sales.map(sale => sale + 1)
 const inventorys = this.state.inventorys.map(inventory => inventory -1)
 this.setState({
   sales,
   inventorys
 })
}
render() {
 return (
   <div>
     <Card>
       <Button type='primary' onClick={this.update}>更新</Button>
     </Card>
     <Card title='柱状图一'>
       <ReactEcharts option={this.getOption()} style={{height: 300}}/>
     </Card>
   </div>
 )
}
```

# 2.21.4. line.jsx: 折线图

```
import React, {Component} from 'react'
import {Card, Button} from 'antd'
import ReactEcharts from 'echarts-for-react'

/*
后台管理的折线图路由组件
```





```
export default class Line extends Component {
 state = {
   sales: [5, 20, 36, 10, 10, 20],
   inventorys: [15, 30, 46, 20, 20, 40]
 }
 getOption = () => {
   const {sales, inventorys} = this.state
   return {
     title: {
      text: 'ECharts 入门示例'
     },
     tooltip: {},
     legend: {
       data:['销量', '库存']
     },
     xAxis: {
       data: ["衬衫","羊毛衫","雪纺衫","裤子","高跟鞋","袜子"]
     },
     yAxis: {},
     series: [{
       name: '销量',
       type: 'line',
       data:sales
     }, {
       name: '库存',
       type: 'line',
       data: inventorys
     }]
   }
 }
 getOption2 = () => {
   return {
     xAxis: {
       type: 'category',
       boundaryGap: false,
       data: ['Mon', 'Tue', 'Wed', 'Thu', 'Fri', 'Sat', 'Sun']
     },
     yAxis: {
       type: 'value'
```





```
series: [{
       data: [820, 932, 901, 934, 1290, 1330, 1320],
       type: 'line',
       areaStyle: {}
     }]
   };
 }
 update = () => {
   const sales = this.state.sales.map(sale => sale + 1)
   const inventorys = this.state.inventorys.map(inventory => inventory -1)
   this.setState({
     sales,
     inventorys
   })
 }
 render() {
   return (
     <div>
         <Button type='primary' onClick={this.update}>更新</Button>
       </Card>
       <Card title='折线图一'>
         <ReactEcharts option={this.getOption()} style={{height: 300}}/>
       </Card>
       <Card title='折线图二'>
         <ReactEcharts option={this.getOption2()} style={{height: 300}}/>
       </Card>
     </div>
   )
 }
}
```



#### 2.21.5. pie.jsx: 饼状图

```
import React, {Component} from 'react'
import {Card} from 'antd'
import ReactEcharts from 'echarts-for-react'
后台管理的饼图路由组件
export default class Pie extends Component {
 getOption = () => {
   return {
    title : {
      text: '某站点用户访问来源',
      subtext: '纯属虚构',
      x:'center'
     },
     tooltip : {
      trigger: 'item',
      formatter: "{a} <br/>{b} : {c} ({d}%)"
     },
     legend: {
      orient: 'vertical',
      left: 'left',
      data: ['直接访问','邮件营销','联盟广告','视频广告','搜索引擎']
     },
     series : [
        name: '访问来源',
        type: 'pie',
        radius : '55%',
        center: ['50%', '60%'],
        data:[
          {value:335, name:'直接访问'},
          {value:310, name:'邮件营销'},
          {value:234, name:'联盟广告'},
          {value:135, name:'视频广告'},
          {value:1548, name:'搜索引擎'}
        ],
        itemStyle: {
```





```
emphasis: {
           shadowBlur: 10,
           shadowOffsetX: 0,
           shadowColor: 'rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.5)'
         }
       }
     }
   ]
 };
}
getOption2 = () => {
 return {
   backgroundColor: '#2c343c',
   title: {
     text: 'Customized Pie',
     left: 'center',
     top: 20,
     textStyle: {
       color: '#ccc'
     }
   },
   tooltip : {
     trigger: 'item',
     formatter: "{a} <br/>{b} : {c} ({d}%)"
   },
   visualMap: {
     show: false,
     min: 80,
     max: 600,
     inRange: {
       colorLightness: [0, 1]
     }
   series : [
       name:'访问来源',
       type: 'pie',
```





```
radius : '55%',
   center: ['50%', '50%'],
   data:[
     {value:335, name:'直接访问'},
     {value:310, name:'邮件营销'},
     {value:274, name:'联盟广告'},
     {value:235, name:'视频广告'},
     {value:400, name:'捜索引擎'}
   ].sort(function (a, b) { return a.value - b.value; }),
   roseType: 'radius',
   label: {
     normal: {
       textStyle: {
        color: 'rgba(255, 255, 255, 0.3)'
       }
     }
   },
   labelLine: {
     normal: {
       lineStyle: {
        color: 'rgba(255, 255, 255, 0.3)'
       smooth: 0.2,
       length: 10,
       length2: 20
     }
   },
   itemStyle: {
     normal: {
       color: '#c23531',
       shadowBlur: 200,
       shadowColor: 'rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.5)'
     }
   },
   animationType: 'scale',
   animationEasing: 'elasticOut',
   animationDelay: function (idx) {
     return Math.random() * 200;
   }
 }
]
```





### 2.21.6. 首页图表

1) home/line.jsx

```
import React from "react"
import {
 Chart,
 Geom,
 Axis,
 Tooltip,
 Legend,
} from "bizcharts"
import DataSet from "@antv/data-set"
export default class Line extends React.Component {
 render() {
   const data = [
       month: "Jan",
       a: 7.0,
       b: 3.9,
       c: 5.9
```





```
month: "Feb",
 a: 6.9,
 b: 4.2,
 c: 1.9
},
 month: "Mar",
 a: 9.5,
 b: 5.7,
 c: 3.9
},
 month: "Apr",
 a: 14.5,
 b: 8.5,
 c: 5.5
},
 month: "May",
 a: 18.4,
 b: 11.9,
 c: 8.9
},
 month: "Jun",
 a: 21.5,
 b: 15.2,
 c: 10.0
},
 month: "Jul",
 a: 25.2,
 b: 17.0,
 c: 12.9
},
 month: "Aug",
 a: 26.5,
 b: 16.6,
 c: 15.9
},
```





```
month: "Sep",
   a: 23.3,
   b: 14.2,
   c: 20.7
 },
   month: "Oct",
   a: 18.3,
   b: 10.3,
   c: 25.9
 },
   month: "Nov",
   a: 13.9,
   b: 6.6,
   c: 30.9
 },
   month: "Dec",
   a: 9.6,
   b: 4.8,
   c: 35.9
 }
const ds = new DataSet()
const dv = ds.createView().source(data)
dv.transform({
 type: "fold",
 fields: ["a", "b", "c"],
 // 展开字段集
 key: "city",
 // key 字段
 value: "temperature" // value 字段
})
const cols = {
 month: {
   range: [0, 1]
 }
}
return (
 <div style={{float: 'right', width: 750, height: 300}}>
```





```
<Chart height={250} data={dv} scale={cols} forceFit>
         <Legend/>
         <Axis name="month"/>
         <Axis
           name="temperature"
           label={{
             formatter: val => `${val}万个`
           }}
         />
         <Tooltip
           crosshairs={{
             type: "y"
           }}
         />
         <Geom
           type="line"
           position="month*temperature"
           size={2}
           color={"city"}
           shape={"smooth"}
         <Geom
           type="point"
           position="month*temperature"
           size={4}
           shape={"circle"}
           color={"city"}
           style={{
             stroke: "#fff",
             lineWidth: 1
           }}
         />
       </Chart>
     </div>
   )
 }
}
```

2) home/bar.jsx





```
import React from "react"
import {
 Chart,
 Geom,
 Axis,
 Tooltip,
} from "bizcharts"
export default class Bar extends React.Component {
 render() {
   const data = [
       year: "1月",
       sales: 38
     },
      year: "2月",
      sales: 52
     },
      year: "3月",
       sales: 61
     },
      year: "4月",
      sales: 145
     },
       year: "5月",
      sales: 48
     },
       year: "6月",
      sales: 38
     },
      year: "7月",
       sales: 28
     },
       year: "8月",
       sales: 38
```





```
},
     {
       year: "59月",
       sales: 68
     },
       year: "10月",
       sales: 38
     },
       year: "11月",
       sales: 58
     },
       year: "12月",
       sales: 38
     }
   ]
   const cols = {
     sales: {
       tickInterval: 20
     }
   }
   return (
     <div style={{width: '100%', marginLeft: -30}}>
       <Chart height={338} data={data} scale={cols} forceFit>
         <Axis name="year"/>
         <Axis name="sales"/>
         <Tooltip
           crosshairs={{
            type: "y"
           }}
        />
         <Geom type="interval" position="year*sales"/>
       </Chart>
     </div>
   )
 }
}
```

3) home/home.less





```
.home {
 padding: 24px;
 background: #fff;
 min-height: 850px;
 .home-card {
   float: left;
 }
 .home-content {
   position: absolute;
   top: 420px;
   width: 76%;
   border: 1px solid #e8e8e8;
   .home-menu {
     font-size: 20px;
     span {
       cursor: pointer;
     .home-menu-active {
       border-bottom: 2px solid #1DA57A;
       color: #1DA57A;
       padding: 0 0 16px 0;
     .home-menu-visited {
       margin-right: 40px;
     }
   }
   .home-table-left {
     float: left;
     width: 60%;
   }
   .home-table-right {
     float: right;
     width: 330px;
   }
 }
```

#### 4) Home/home.jsx

```
import React, {Component} from 'react'
import {
   Icon,
```





```
Card,
 Statistic,
 DatePicker,
 Timeline
} from 'antd'
import moment from 'moment'
import Line from './line'
import Bar from './bar'
import './home.less'
const dateFormat = 'YYYY/MM/DD'
const {RangePicker} = DatePicker
export default class Home extends Component {
 state = {
   isVisited: true
 handleChange = (isVisited) => {
   return () => this.setState({isVisited})
 }
 render() {
   const {isVisited} = this.state
   return (
     <div className='home'>
       <Card
       className="home-card"
         title="商品总量"
         extra={<Icon style={{color: 'rgba(0,0,0,.45)'}} type="question-circle"/>}
         style={{width: 250}}
         headStyle={{color: 'rgba(0,0,0,.45)'}}
         <Statistic
          value={1128163}
          suffix="个"
          style={{fontWeight: 'bolder'}}
         />
         <Statistic
```





```
value={15}
           valueStyle={{fontSize: 15}}
           prefix={'周同比'}
           suffix={<div>%<Icon style={{color: 'red', marginLeft: 10}}</pre>
type="arrow-down"/></div>}
   />
         <Statistic
          value={10}
          valueStyle={{fontSize: 15}}
           prefix={'日同比'}
          suffix={<div>%<Icon style={{color: '#3f8600', marginLeft: 10}}</pre>
type="arrow-up"/></div>}
 />
       </Card>
       <Line/>
       <Card
         className="home-content"
         title={<div className="home-menu">
           <span className={isVisited ? "home-menu-active home-menu-visited" :</pre>
'home-menu-visited'}
                onClick={this.handleChange(true)}>访问量</span>
           <span className={isVisited ? "" : 'home-menu-active'}</pre>
onClick={this.handLeChange(false)}>销售量</span>
         </div>}
         extra={<RangePicker</pre>
          defaultValue={[moment('2019/01/01', dateFormat), moment('2019/06/01',
dateFormat)]}
          format={dateFormat}
      />}
         <Card
          className="home-table-left"
           title={isVisited ? '访问趋势': '销售趋势'}
           bodyStyle={{padding: 0, height: 275}}
           extra={<Icon type="reload"/>}
           <Bar/>
         </Card>
         <Card title='任务' extra={<Icon type="reload"/>}
```





```
className="home-table-right">
         <Timeline>
          <Timeline.Item color="green">新版本迭代会</Timeline.Item>
          <Timeline.Item color="green">完成网站设计初版</Timeline.Item>
          <Timeline.Item color="red">
            联调接口
            >功能验收
          </Timeline.Item>
          <Timeline.Item>
            登录功能设计
            权限验证
            页面排版
          </Timeline.Item>
         </Timeline>
       </Card>
      </Card>
    </div>
  )
 }
```

# 2.22. 前台 404 界面

# ${\bf 2.22.1.}\ not-found/not-found.jsx$

```
import React, {Component} from 'react'
import {Button, Row, Col} from 'antd'
import {connect} from 'react-redux'

import {setHeadTitle} from '../../redux/actions'
import './not-found.less'

/*
前台404 页面
*/
class NotFound extends Component {
```





```
goHome = () \Rightarrow \{
   this.props.setHeadTitle('首页')
   this.props.history.replace('/home')
 }
 render() {
   return (
     <Row className='not-found'>
       <Col span={12} className='left'></Col>
       <Col span={12} className='right'>
         <h1>404</h1>
         <h2>抱歉,你访问的页面不存在</h2>
         <div>
           <Button type='primary' onClick={this.goHome}>
            回到首页
           </Button>
         </div>
       </Col>
     </Row>
   )
 }
}
export default connect(
 null,
  {setHeadTitle}
)(NotFound)
```

### 2.22.2. not-found/not-found.less

```
.not-found{
  background-color: #f0f2f5;
  height: 100%;
  .left {
    height: 100%;
    background: url('./images/404.png') no-repeat center;
  }
  .right {
    padding-left: 50px;
```





```
margin-top: 150px;
h1 {
    font-size: 35px;
}
h2 {
    margin-bottom: 20px;
    font-size: 20px;
}
}
```

### 2.22.3. admin/admin.jsx

```
<Redirect from='/' to='/home' exact/>
<Route path='/home' component={Home}/>
<Route path='/category' component={Category}/>
<Route path='/product' component={Product}/>
<Route path='/role' component={Role}/>
<Route path='/user' component={User}/>
<Route path='/charts/bar' component={Bar}/>
<Route path='/charts/line' component={Line}/>
<Route path='/charts/pie' component={Pie}/>
<Route component={NotFound}/>
```

# 2.23. 打包项目并运行

## 2.23.1. 打包项目

```
yarn run build
```



#### 2.23.1. 运行打包项目

#### 1) 与服务器端项目独立运行

问题:存在 ajax 请求跨域问题

解决:由服务器端工程师配置代理服务器(前端工程师不用亲自操作)

#### 2) 合并到服务端项目一起运行

不再有 ajax 请求跨域问题

#### 3) 使用 BrowserRouter 的问题

a. 问题: 刷新某个路由路径时, 会出现 404 的错误

b. 原因:项目根路径后的 path 路径会被当作后台路由路径,去请求对应的后台路由, 但没有

c. 解决:使用自定义中间件去读取返回 index 页面展现

d. 注意: 前端路由的路径不要与后台路由路径相同(并且请求方式也相同)