SafeNow Emergency Response System - Technical Specification

1. System Overview

SafeNow is a Progressive Web Application (PWA) that provides offline emergency response guidance with voice-activated controls and location-based alerts.

1.1 Core Requirements

- Offline-first architecture: Full functionality without internet connectivity
- Voice-activated control: Hands-free emergency operations
- Location-based alerts: GPS-enabled emergency notifications to contacts
- Secure local storage: Medical information stored on-device
- Cross-platform: Works on mobile and desktop browsers

2. Technology Stack

2.1 Frontend

- Framework: React 18+ with Vite
- Language: JavaScript/TypeScript (JavaScript for simplicity)
- **UI Library**: Tailwind CSS for styling
- State Management: React Context API (simple, no Redux needed)

2.2 PWA Technologies

- Service Worker: Workbox (for offline caching)
- Manifest: Web App Manifest for installability
- Cache Strategy: Cache-first for assets, network-first for dynamic data

2.3 Browser APIs

- Web Speech API:
 - SpeechRecognition for voice commands
 - SpeechSynthesis for audio guidance
- Geolocation API: Real-time location tracking
- LocalStorage/IndexedDB: Persistent data storage

• Notification API: Push notifications

2.4 Development Tools

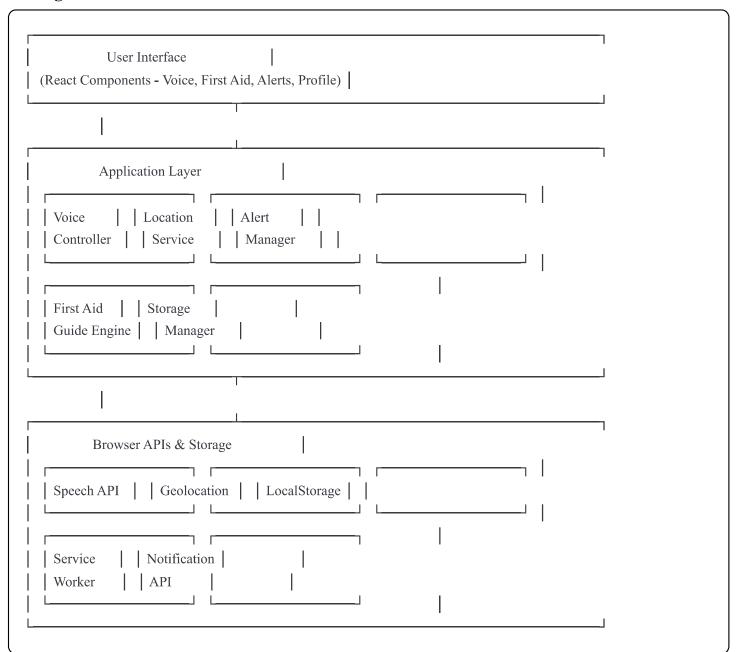
• Build Tool: Vite

• Package Manager: npm

• **Testing**: Vitest (optional for MVP)

3. System Architecture

3.1 High-Level Architecture



3.2 Component Structure



4. Feature Specifications

4.1 Offline Emergency Guidance

Description: Preloaded first-aid instructions for common emergencies.

Implementation:

- Store first-aid data as JavaScript objects in (firstAidData.js)
- Include scenarios: CPR, bleeding control, burns, fractures, choking, shock
- Each scenario contains:
 - Title and description
 - Step-by-step instructions (array of strings)
 - Warning/cautions
 - Visual indicators (icons)

Data Structure:

```
javascript

{
    id: "cpr",
    title: "CPR (Cardiopulmonary Resuscitation)",
    category: "cardiac",
    icon: "heart",
    description: "For unresponsive person not breathing",
    steps: [
        "Check for responsiveness - tap and shout",
        "Call for help or activate emergency alert",
        "Place person on firm surface, face up",
        // ... more steps
    ],
    warnings: ["Do not perform if person is breathing normally"],
    duration: "Continue until help arrives"
}
```

User Flow:

- 1. User selects emergency type from list
- 2. App displays step-by-step guide
- 3. User navigates through steps (Next/Previous buttons)

4. Voice synthesis reads steps aloud (optional	4.	Voice	synthesis	reads	steps	aloud ((optional)
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4.2 Voice-Activated Control

Description: Hands-free operation using voice commands.

Implementation:

- Use Web Speech API (SpeechRecognition)
- Support commands:
 - "Emergency" / "Help" \rightarrow Trigger emergency alert
 - "Start CPR" → Open CPR guide
 - "Call contact" \rightarrow Initiate contact alert
 - "Where am I" \rightarrow Speak current location
 - "Stop listening" → Deactivate voice control

avascript			

```
class VoiceService {
  constructor() {
    this.recognition = null;
    this.synthesis = window.speechSynthesis;
    this.isListening = false;
}

startListening() {
    // Initialize SpeechRecognition
    // Set continuous: true
    // Handle results and errors
}

processCommand(transcript) {
    // Match transcript to commands
    // Execute corresponding action
}

speak(text) {
    // Use SpeechSynthesis to read text
}
}
```

User Flow:

- 1. User taps microphone button or says wake word
- 2. System starts listening (visual indicator shown)
- 3. User speaks command
- 4. System processes and executes command
- 5. System provides voice/visual feedback

Edge Cases:

- Browser doesn't support Speech API → Show manual controls only
- Noisy environment → Provide visual confirmation before action
- Accidental activation → Require confirmation for critical actions

4.3 Location-Based Alerts

Description: Send GPS location to emergency contacts via SMS/WhatsApp.

Implementation:

- Use Geolocation API to get current coordinates
- Format location as Google Maps link
- Generate SMS/WhatsApp deep links for sharing
- Store emergency contacts in LocalStorage

Alert Flow:

```
User triggers alert

↓

Get current location (Geolocation API)

↓

Format message: "EMERGENCY! I need help at [location link]"

↓

Generate deep links for each contact

↓

Open SMS/WhatsApp with pre-filled message

↓

Log alert in local history
```

Contact Structure:

```
javascript

{
    id: "uuid",
    name: "John Doe",
    phone: "+263771234567",
    relationship: "Family",
    preferredMethod: "whatsapp" // or "sms"
}
```

Deep Link Formats:

- SMS: (sms:+263771234567?body=EMERGENCY! ...)
- WhatsApp: (https://wa.me/263771234567?text=EMERGENCY! ...)

User Flow:

- 1. User triggers emergency alert (button or voice)
- 2. App requests location permission (if not granted)

- 3. App retrieves GPS coordinates
- 4. App generates message with location link
- 5. App opens messaging apps for each contact
- 6. User confirms sending from messaging app

Edge Cases:

- Location unavailable → Send alert without location
- No contacts configured → Prompt to add contacts first
- Permission denied → Request permission with explanation

4.4 Secure Health Data Storage

Description: Store critical medical information locally on device.

Implementation:

- Use LocalStorage for simple key-value pairs
- Encrypt sensitive data (optional for MVP)
- Store medical profile including:
 - Full name, age, blood type
 - Allergies
 - Medical conditions
 - Medications
 - Emergency contacts

Data Structure:

		_
javascript		

```
fersonal: {
  name: "Jane Smith",
  age: 28,
  bloodType: "O+",
  photo: null // base64 if needed
},
  medical: {
  allergies: ["Penicillin", "Peanuts"],
  conditions: ["Asthma"],
  medications: ["Ventolin inhaler"],
  lastUpdated: "2025-01-15"
},
  emergencyContacts: [
  // Array of contact objects
]
```

Storage Service:

```
javascript
class StorageService {
    save(key, data) {
    localStorage.setItem(key, JSON.stringify(data));
    }

    get(key) {
    const data = localStorage.getItem(key);
    return data? JSON.parse(data) : null;
    }

    saveUserProfile(profile) {
        this.save('safeNowProfile', profile);
    }

    getUserProfile() {
        return this.get('safeNowProfile');
    }
}
```

User Flow:

1. User navigates to Profile section

- 2. User fills in medical information form
- 3. User saves profile (stored locally)
- 4. Data persists across sessions
- 5. User can edit/update anytime

5. Progressive Web App (PWA) Implementation

5.1 Service Worker

Purpose: Enable offline functionality and asset caching.

Implementation Strategy:

- Use Workbox library for simplified setup
- Cache static assets (HTML, CSS, JS, images)
- Cache first-aid data
- Network-first for dynamic content

Service Worker Structure:

```
javascript
// service-worker.js
import { precacheAndRoute } from 'workbox-precaching';
import { registerRoute } from 'workbox-routing';
import { CacheFirst, NetworkFirst } from 'workbox-strategies';
// Precache build assets
precacheAndRoute(self. WB MANIFEST);
// Cache static resources
registerRoute(
 ({request}) => request.destination === 'image',
 new CacheFirst({cacheName: 'images'})
);
// Cache first-aid data
registerRoute(
 ({url}) => url.pathname.includes('/api/'),
 new NetworkFirst({cacheName: 'api-cache'})
);
```

5.2 Web App Manifest

File: (public/manifest.json)

```
json
 "name": "SafeNow Emergency Response",
 "short_name": "SafeNow",
 "description": "Offline emergency response and first aid guide",
 "start_url": "/",
 "display": "standalone",
 "background_color": "#ffffff",
 "theme_color": "#dc2626",
 "orientation": "portrait",
 "icons": [
   "src": "/icons/icon-192.png",
   "sizes": "192x192",
   "type": "image/png"
  },
   "src": "/icons/icon-512.png",
   "sizes": "512x512",
   "type": "image/png"
```

5.3 Offline Detection

Implementation:

```
javascript

// Detect online/offline status
window.addEventListener('online', () => {
    // Show "You're back online" notification
});

window.addEventListener('offline', () => {
    // Show "You're offline" notification
    // Inform user all features still work
});
```

6. User Interface Design

6.1 Design Principles

• Large Touch Targets: Minimum 44x44px for buttons

• **High Contrast**: Ensure readability in stress situations

• **Simple Navigation**: Maximum 3 taps to any feature

• Clear Visual Feedback: Confirm all actions

• Accessibility: Support screen readers

6.2 Color Scheme

• Primary (Emergency): Red (#dc2626)

• Secondary (Info): Blue (#2563eb)

• Success: Green (#16a34a)

• Warning: Amber (#f59e0b)

• Neutral: Gray scale

6.3 Key Screens

Home Screen:

• Large "Emergency Alert" button (center)

Voice control toggle

• Quick access cards: First Aid, Profile, Contacts

Connection status indicator

First Aid Screen:

- Search/filter emergencies
- Category icons (cardiac, trauma, respiratory, etc.)
- List of emergency scenarios
- Tap to view detailed guide

Guide Detail Screen:

- Emergency title and icon
- Step counter (Step 1 of 8)

- Large text instructions
- Next/Previous navigation
- Voice playback button

Profile Screen:

- Form fields for medical data
- Emergency contacts list
- Add/Edit/Delete contacts
- Save button

Alert Screen (triggered state):

- "Sending Emergency Alert" message
- Location map preview
- List of contacts being alerted
- Cancel button (if accidental)

7. Data Flow Diagrams

7.1 Emergency Alert Flow

```
User Action (Button/Voice)

↓
Request Location Permission

↓
Get GPS Coordinates

↓
Retrieve Emergency Contacts from Storage

↓
Format Alert Message with Location

↓
Generate Deep Links (SMS/WhatsApp)

↓
Open Native Messaging Apps

↓
User Sends Messages

↓
Log Alert Event Locally
```

```
↓
Show Confirmation to User
```

7.2 Voice Command Flow

```
User Activates Voice Control

↓
Check Speech API Support

↓
Start Speech Recognition

↓
Show "Listening" Indicator

↓
Capture Audio Input

↓
Convert Speech to Text

↓
Match Text to Command Library

↓
Execute Matched Command

↓
Provide Visual/Audio Feedback

↓
Continue Listening or Stop
```

7.3 First Aid Guide Flow

```
User Opens First Aid Section

↓
Load First Aid Data from Local Source

↓
Display Emergency Categories

↓
User Selects Emergency Type

↓
Load Step-by-Step Guide

↓
Display Step 1

↓
User Navigates (Next/Previous)

↓
[Optional] Voice Reads Instructions
```

8. Security & Privacy

8.1 Data Privacy

- All data stored locally on device only
- No server-side data transmission
- No user accounts or authentication required
- No tracking or analytics

8.2 Permissions

- Location: Required for emergency alerts
- Microphone: Required for voice commands
- Notifications: Optional for alerts

8.3 Data Security

- LocalStorage is accessible only to the app
- Consider encryption for sensitive medical data (future enhancement)
- No third-party data sharing

9. Browser Compatibility

9.1 Target Browsers

- Chrome/Edge 90+ (primary)
- Safari 14+ (iOS support)
- Firefox 88+

9.2 Feature Detection

- Check Speech API support
- Check Geolocation API support
- Graceful degradation if unsupported

9.3 Fallbacks

- No Speech API → Manual controls only
- No Geolocation → Allow manual location entry
- No Service Worker → Online mode only

10. Performance Requirements

- Initial Load: < 3 seconds on 3G
- Offline Load: < 1 second
- **Voice Recognition Latency**: < 500ms
- Location Retrieval: < 5 seconds
- **App Size**: < 5MB total

11. Testing Strategy

11.1 Unit Tests

- Voice command parsing
- Storage service functions
- Alert message formatting

11.2 Integration Tests

- Voice command to action execution
- Alert flow from trigger to message send
- Offline data retrieval

11.3 Manual Testing

- Test on actual mobile devices
- Test offline functionality (airplane mode)
- Test voice commands in quiet/noisy environments
- Test location accuracy
- Test across different browsers

11.4 User Testing

- Test with non-technical users
- Measure time to complete key tasks
- Gather feedback on UI clarity

12. Deployment

12.1 Hosting

• Platform: Netlify, Vercel, or GitHub Pages

• HTTPS: Required for PWA features

• Custom Domain: Optional

12.2 Build Process

bash

npm run build

Generates optimized production build

Output: dist/folder

12.3 PWA Requirements

- Served over HTTPS
- Includes valid manifest.json
- Registers service worker
- Has at least 192x192 and 512x512 icons

13. Future Enhancements (Out of Scope for MVP)

- Integration with emergency services (911/999/112)
- Medical ID QR code generation
- Bluetooth beacon for location tracking
- Multi-language support
- Wearable device integration
- Community emergency alerts
- Video-based first aid guides

14. Dependencies

14.1 Production Dependencies

```
| "react": "^18.2.0",
| "react-dom": "^18.2.0",
| "react-router-dom": "^6.20.0",
| "workbox-precaching": "^7.0.0",
| "workbox-routing": "^7.0.0",
| "workbox-strategies": "^7.0.0"
}
```

14.2 Development Dependencies

```
| json | {
    "vite": "^5.0.0",
    "@vitejs/plugin-react": "^4.2.0",
    "tailwindcss": "^3.4.0",
    "autoprefixer": "^10.4.16",
    "postcss": "^8.4.32"
    }
```

15. API Reference

15.1 Storage Service API

```
javascript
```

```
// Save user profile
storageService.saveUserProfile(profileData);

// Get user profile
const profile = storageService.getUserProfile();

// Save emergency contacts
storageService.saveContacts(contactsArray);

// Get emergency contacts
const contacts = storageService.getContacts();

// Clear all data
storageService.clearAll();
```

15.2 Voice Service API

```
javascript

// Start listening for commands

voiceService.startListening();

// Stop listening

voiceService.stopListening();

// Speak text aloud

voiceService.speak("Follow these instructions");

// Check if supported

const supported = voiceService.isSupported();
```

15.3 Location Service API

javascript				

```
// Get current location
locationService.getCurrentLocation()
.then(coords => {
    // coords: { latitude, longitude, accuracy }
});

// Get location as Google Maps link
const link = locationService.getMapLink(latitude, longitude);

// Check if supported
const supported = locationService.isSupported();
```

15.4 Alert Service API

```
javascript

// Send emergency alert
alertService.sendAlert(contacts, location);

// Get alert history
const history = alertService.getHistory();

// Clear alert history
alertService.clearHistory();
```

16. Glossary

- PWA: Progressive Web App web application that works offline and can be installed
- Service Worker: Background script that enables offline functionality
- Web Speech API: Browser API for speech recognition and synthesis
- Geolocation API: Browser API for accessing device location
- LocalStorage: Browser storage for persistent key-value data
- Deep Link: URL that opens a specific app with pre-filled data
- Manifest: JSON file that defines PWA properties
- Cache-First: Strategy that serves cached content before network
- Network-First: Strategy that tries network before falling back to cache

Document Version

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