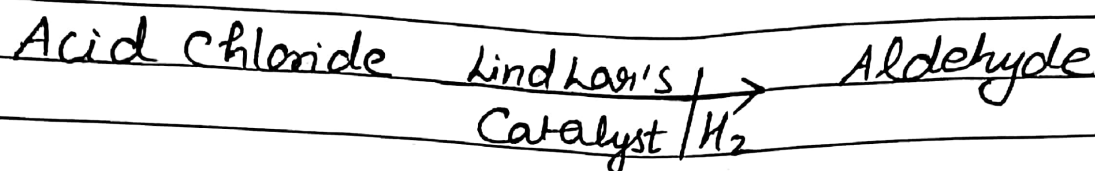


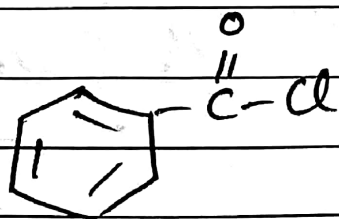
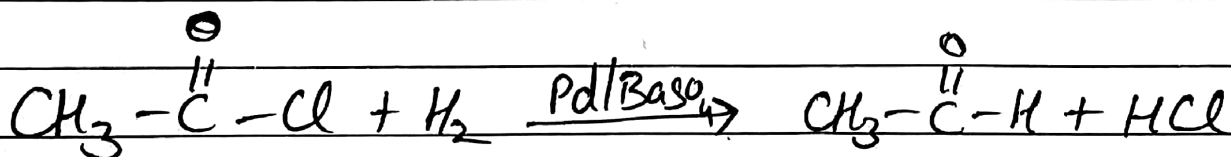
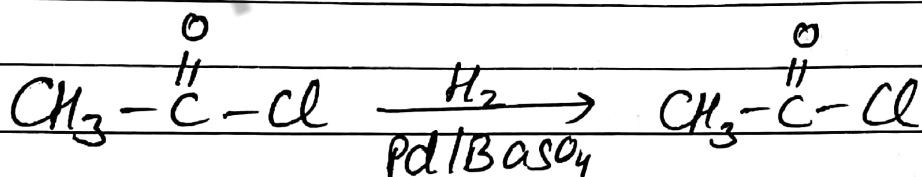
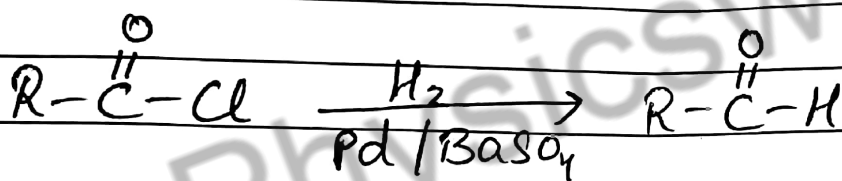
# Aldehydes & Ketones - 02

## Preparation of Aldehyde

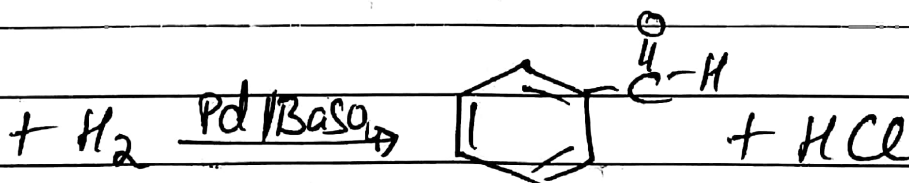
### ① Rosenmund Reduction:



Lindlar's Catalyst  $\rightarrow$  Pd/BaSO<sub>4</sub>  
poisoned by Sulphur or Quinoline  
↓  
partial reduction



Benzoyl chloride

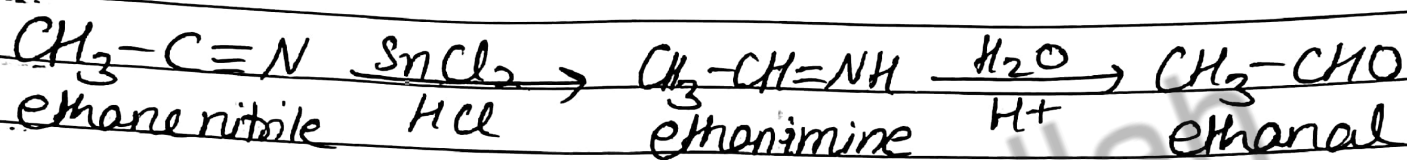
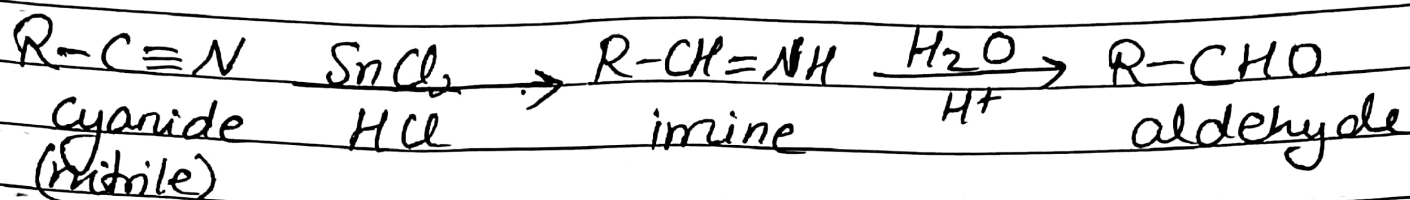


Benzaldehyde

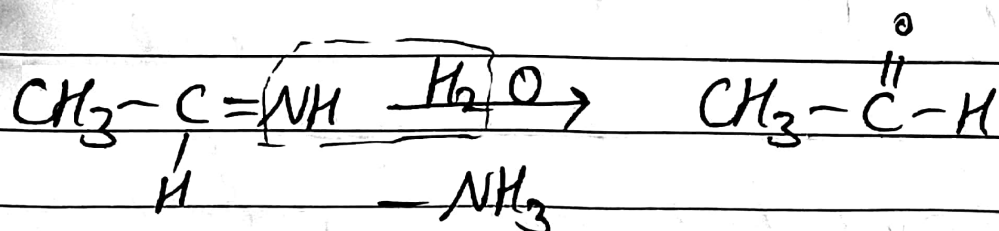
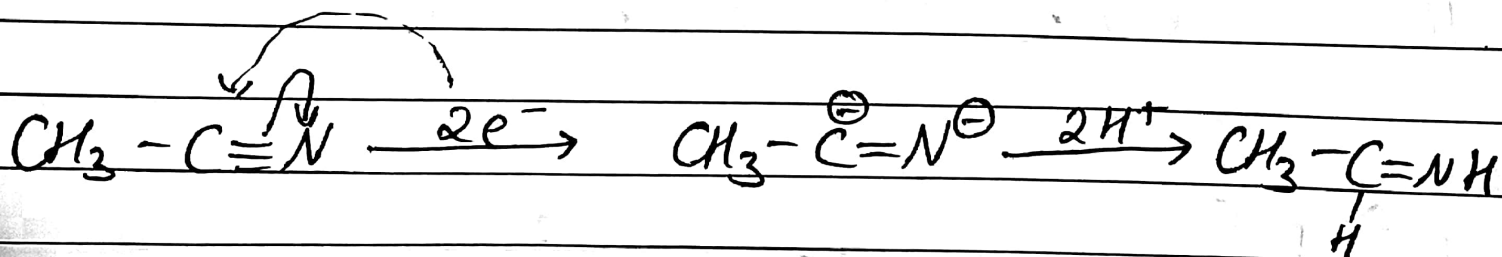
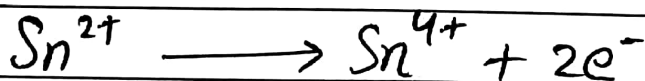
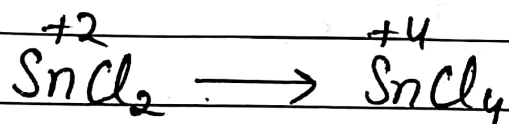
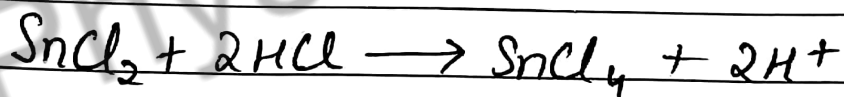
\* Formaldehyde can't be prepared as  $\text{H}-\overset{\overset{\text{O}}{\parallel}}{\text{C}}-\text{Cl}$  is unstable

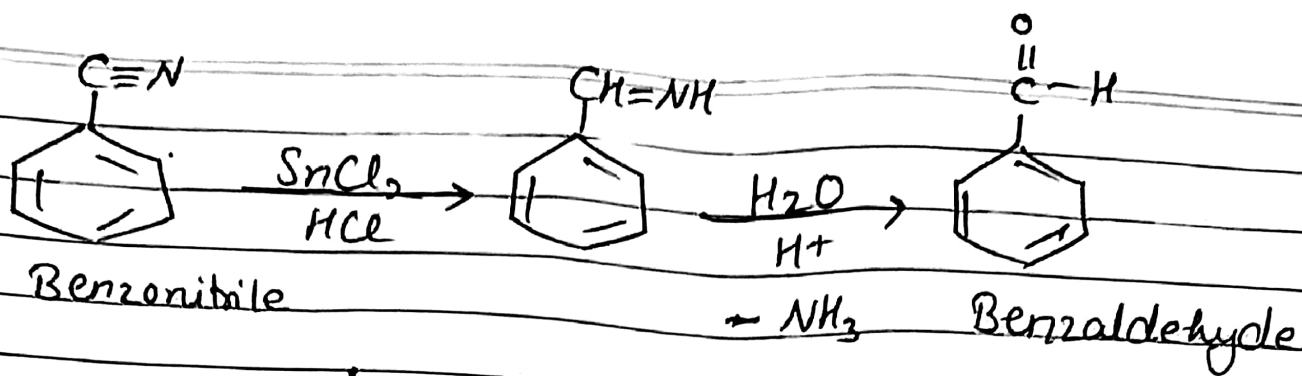
## ② Stephen's Reduction

Alkyl cyanide (nitrile)  $\xrightarrow[\text{ii) } H_2O/H^+]{\text{i) } SnCl_2/HCl}$  Aldehyde



### Mechanism:





③ Using DiBAL-H :

diisobutyl Aluminium Hydride

