

# MICROSOFT MOVIE STUDIO



## The Future of Film Making

# Understanding The Context

Microsoft sees all the big companies creating original video content and they want to get in on the fun. They have decided to create a new movie studio, but they don't know anything about creating movies. You are charged with exploring what types of films are currently doing the best at the box office. You must then translate those findings into actionable insights that the head of Microsoft's new movie studio can use to help decide what type of films to create.





# Specifying The Data Analysis Question



Explore what types of films are currently doing the best at the box office.



Translate those findings into actionable insights that the head of Microsoft's new movie studio can use to help decide what type of films to create.

# Defining The Metrics of Success

**The project will be considered a success when I'm able to provide three concrete business recommendations to the head of Microsoft's new movie studio.**

**While performing Exploratory Data Analysis I was required to carry out the following steps:**

- **Showcase my work value with clear communication.**
- **Craft a compelling story for my movie studio project.**
- **Use visuals to explore data and present findings. Choose simple and relevant charts with good formatting.**



# Recording The Experimental Design



## METHODOLOGY



**1. Load the necessary libraries and datasets for our analysis.**



**2. Perform data cleaning and pre-processing where necessary.**



**3. Carry out our analysis**



**4. Interpret and summarize findings.**



**5. Provide recommendations.**

# Data Relevance

These datasets provided were aggregated from a number of sources listed below:

- Box Office Mojo:  
<https://www.boxofficemojo.com/>
- IMDB:  
<https://www.imdb.com/>
- Rotten Tomatoes:  
<https://www.rottentomatoes.com/>
- The MovieDB:  
<https://www.themoviedb.org/>
- The Numbers :  
<https://www.the-numbers.com/>



**The data was relevant to answering our data analysis question.**

# Exploratory Data Analysis.



This process of examining and summarizing data sets using various techniques such as visualization and descriptive statistics to help to identify patterns and relationships in the data.



Univariate Data Analysis.

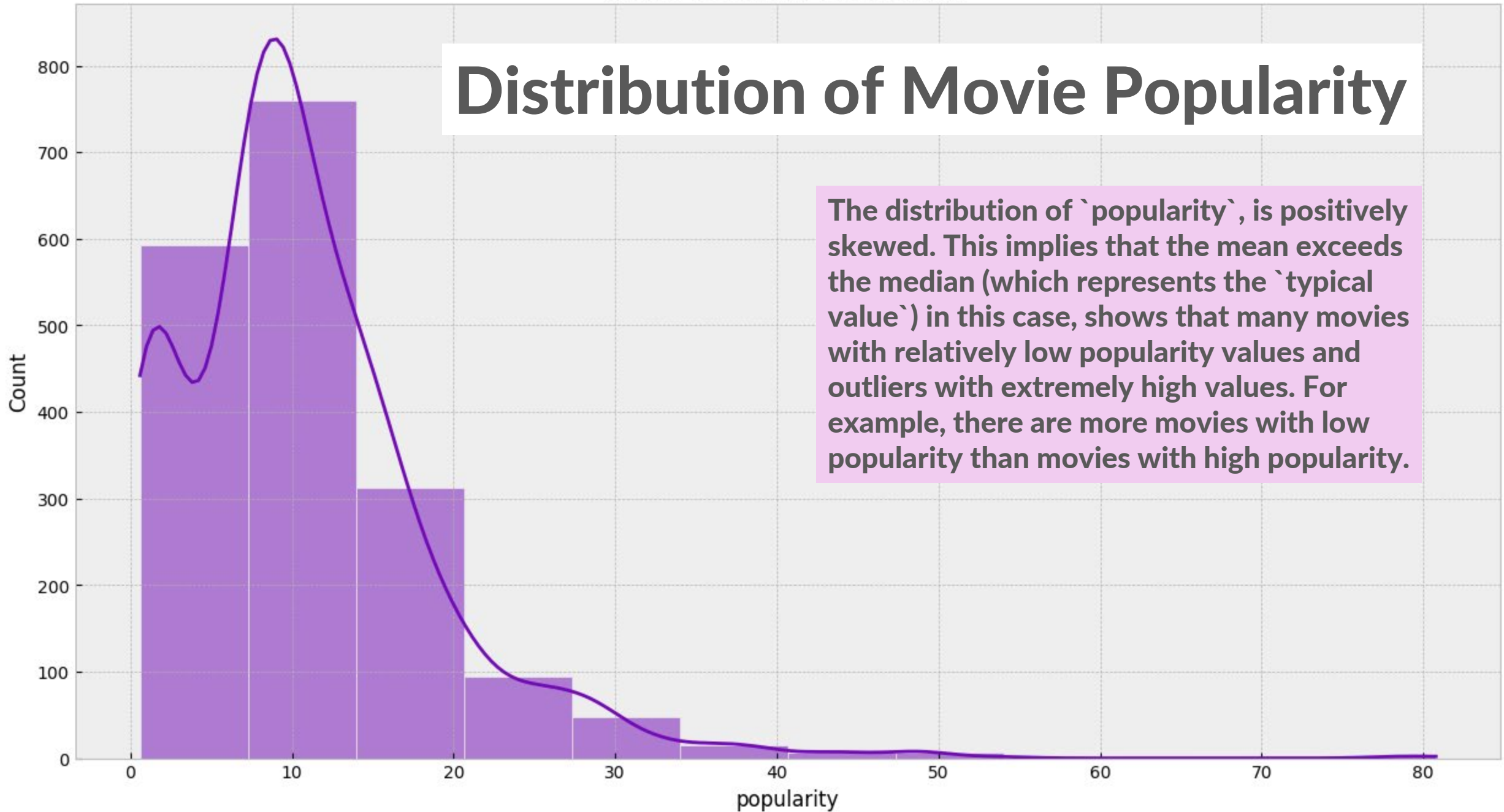


**Bivariate Data Analysis.**



**Multivariate Data Analysis.**

Movie Popularity Distribution

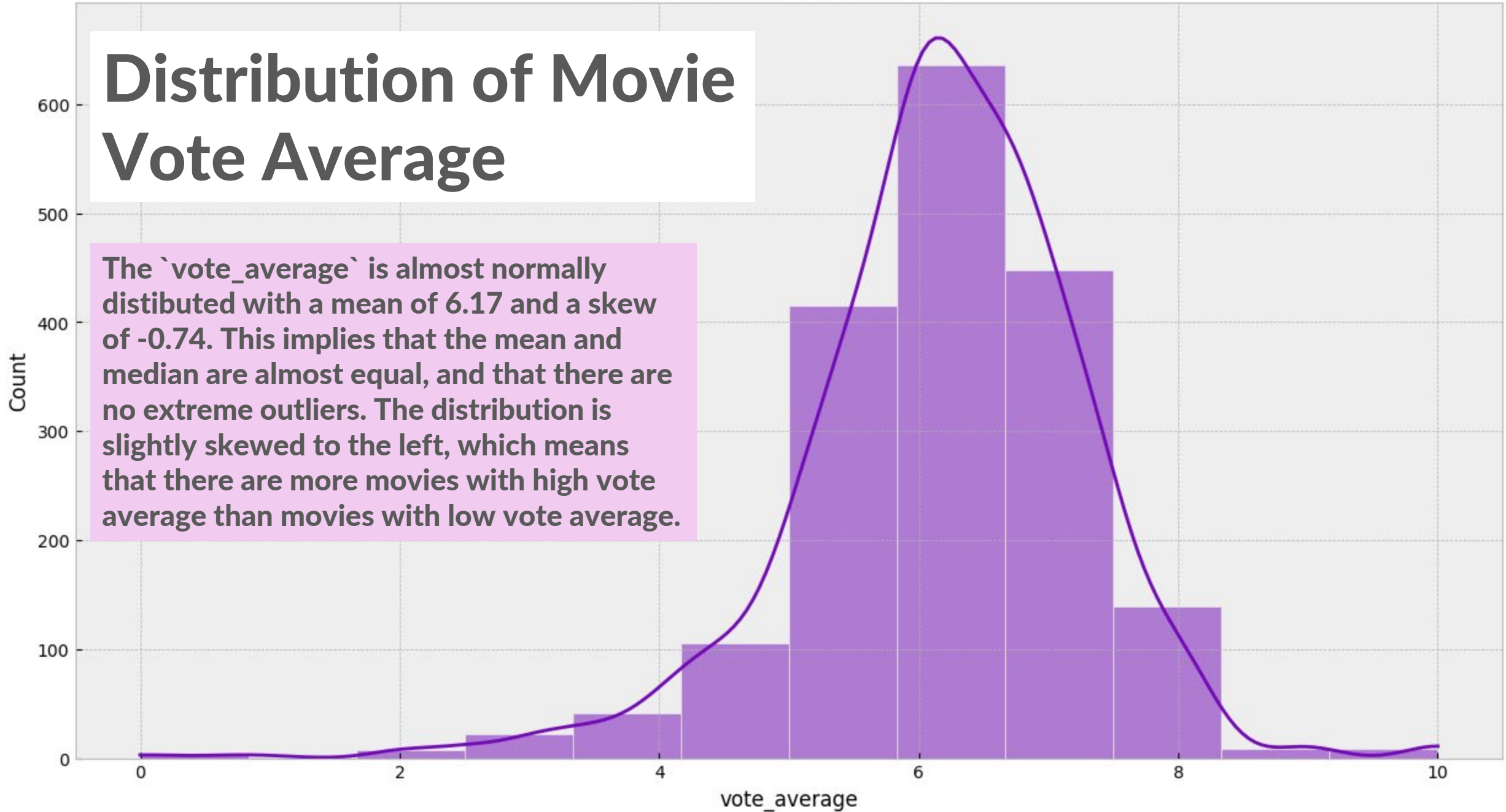




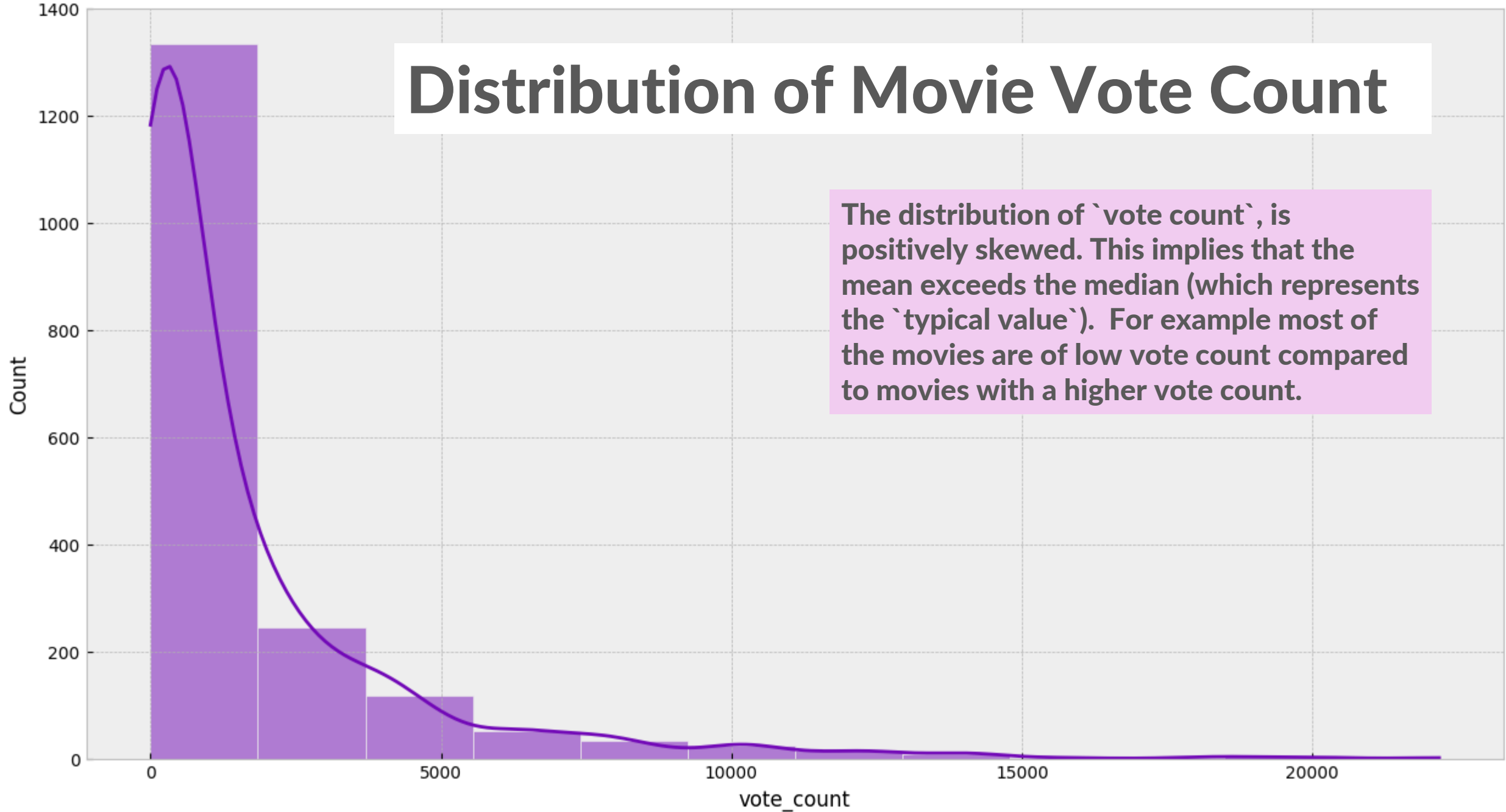
Vote Average Distribution

# Distribution of Movie Vote Average

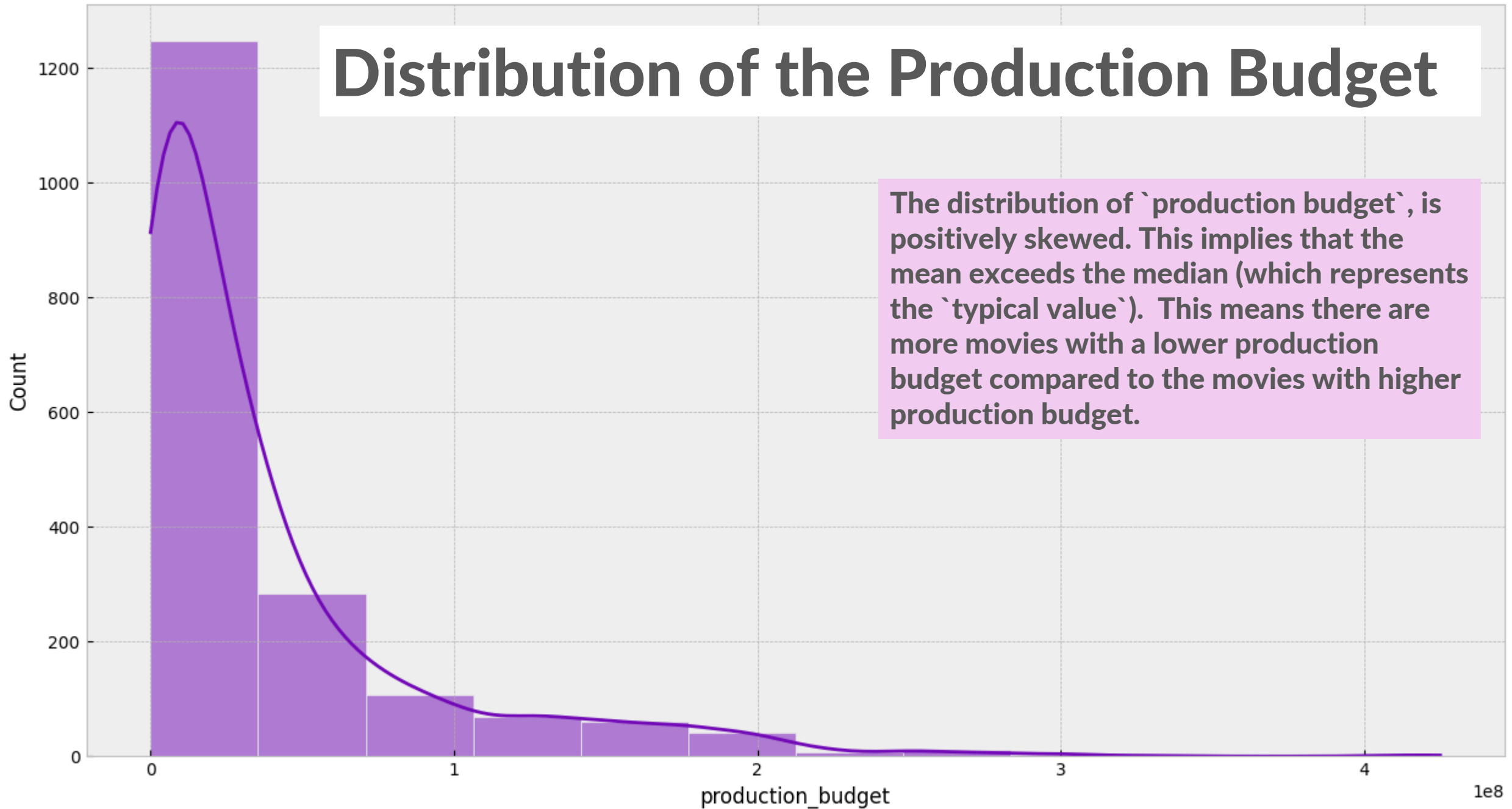
The `vote\_average` is almost normally distributed with a mean of 6.17 and a skew of -0.74. This implies that the mean and median are almost equal, and that there are no extreme outliers. The distribution is slightly skewed to the left, which means that there are more movies with high vote average than movies with low vote average.



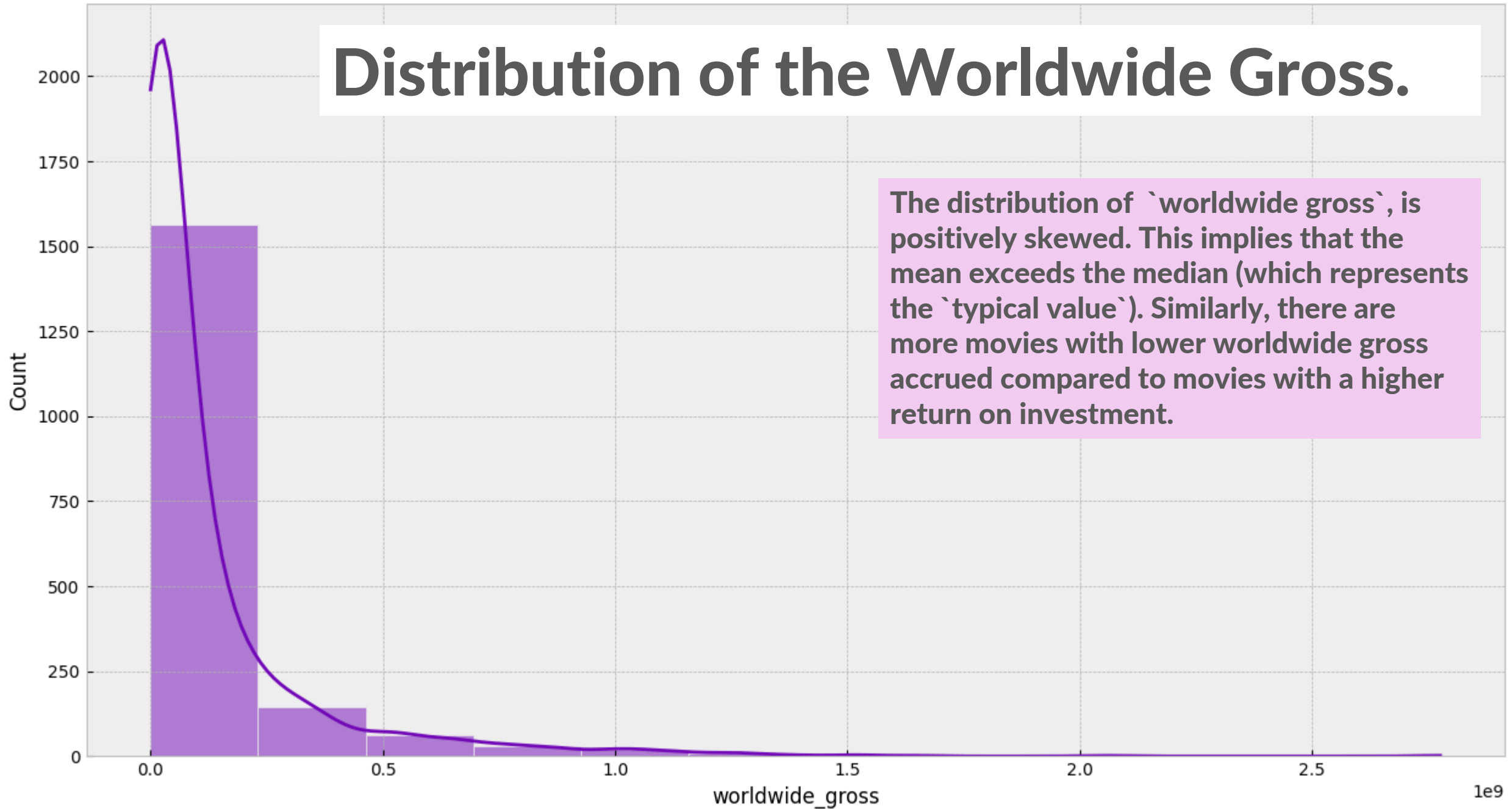
Vote Count Distribution



Production Budget Distribution



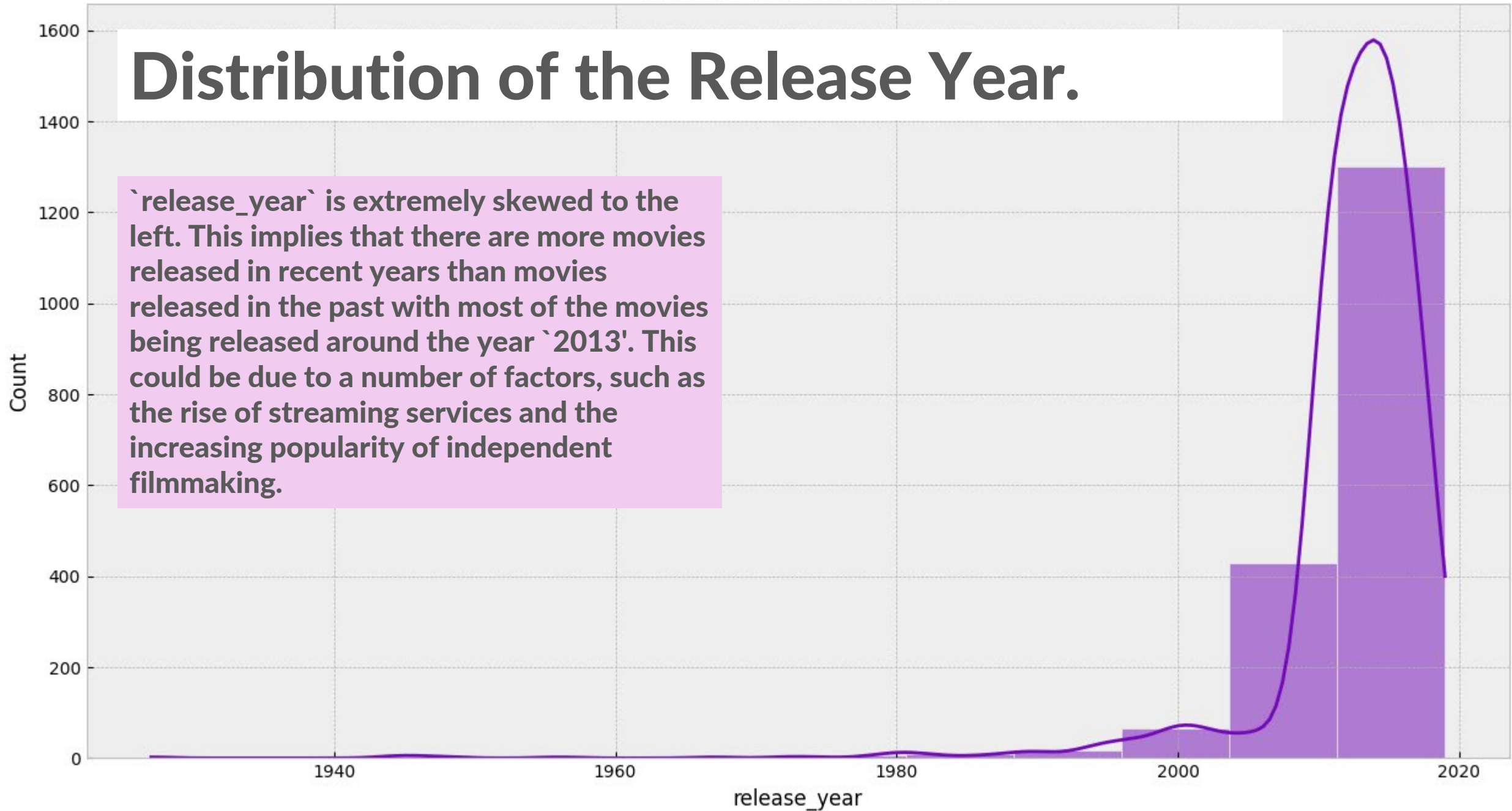
Worldwide Gross Distribution



Release Year Distribution

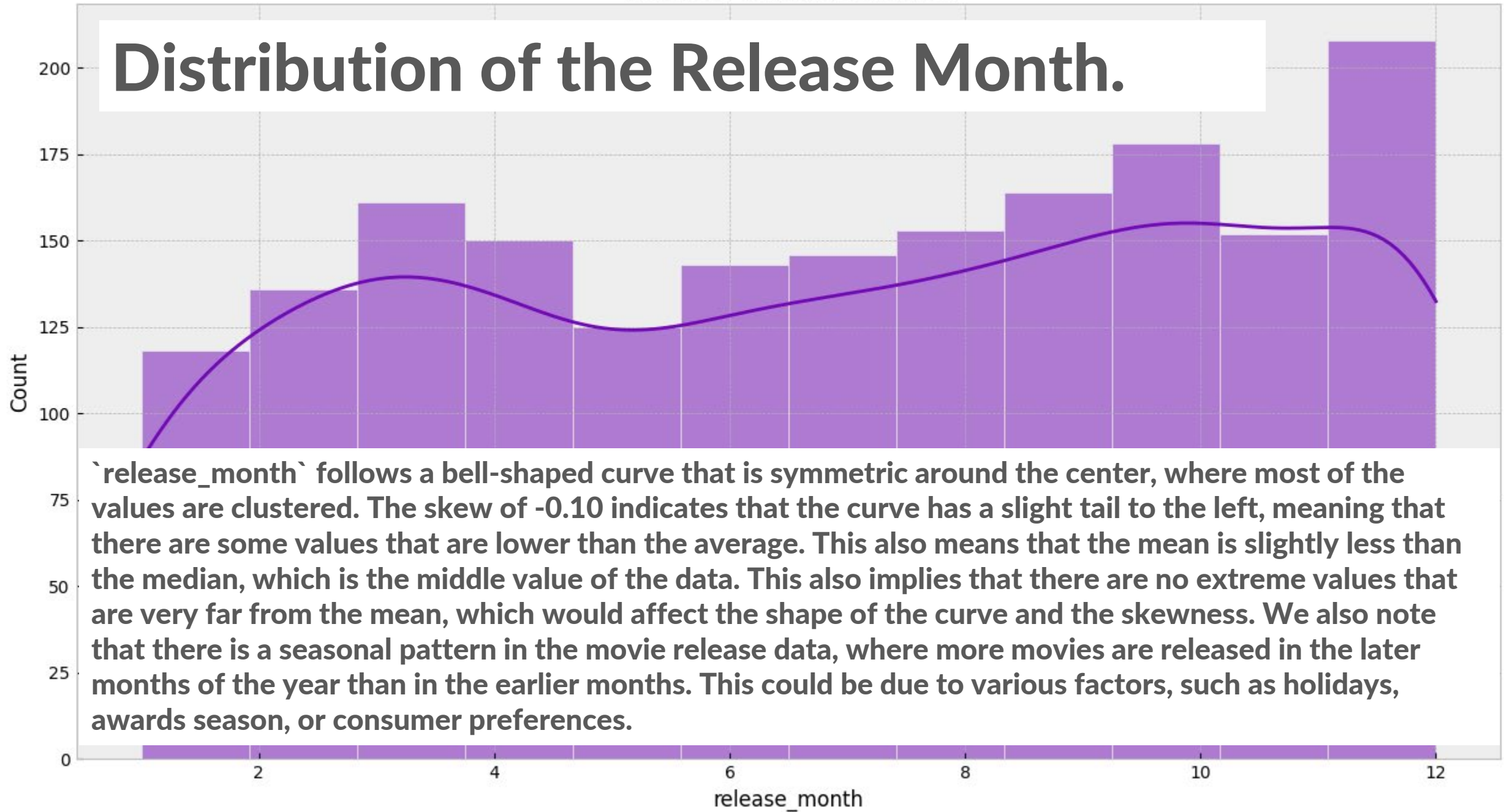
# Distribution of the Release Year.

``release_year`` is extremely skewed to the left. This implies that there are more movies released in recent years than movies released in the past with most of the movies being released around the year ``2013``. This could be due to a number of factors, such as the rise of streaming services and the increasing popularity of independent filmmaking.



Release Month Distribution

# Distribution of the Release Month.



# Exploratory Data Analysis.



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**Univariate Data Analysis.**

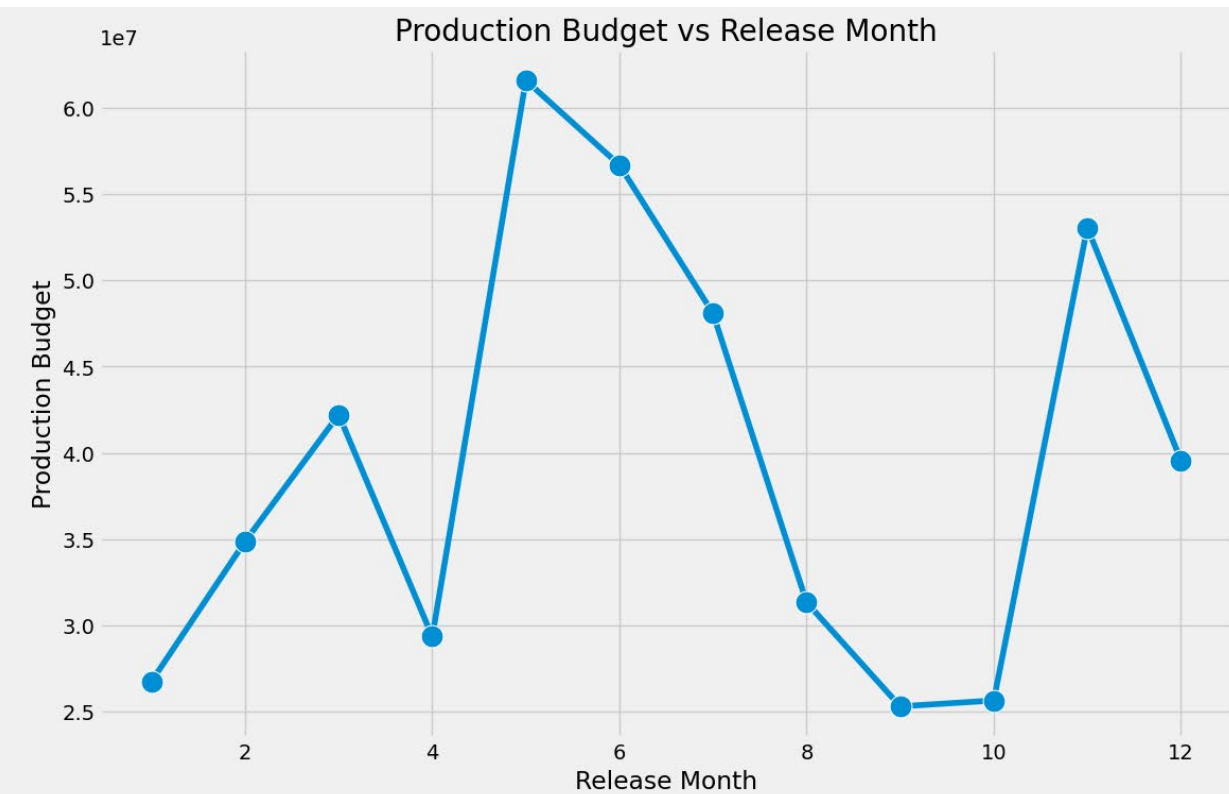
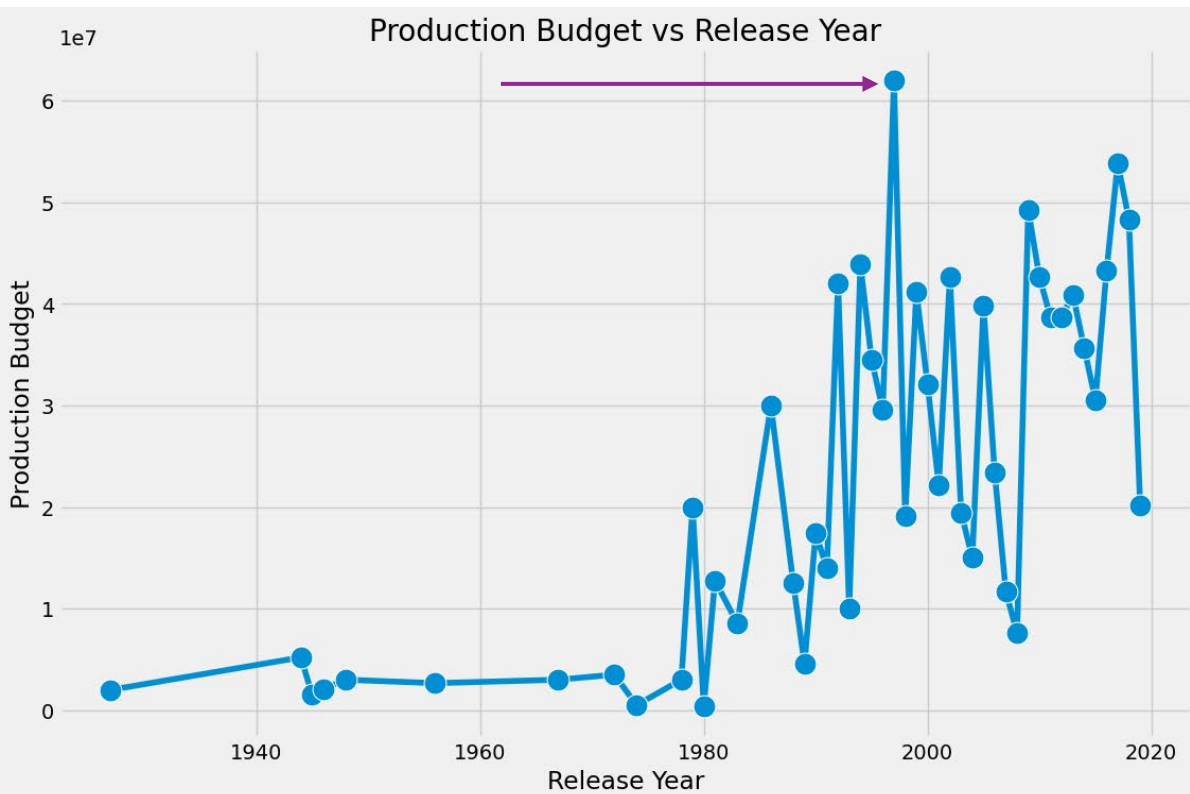


**Bivariate Data Analysis.**



**Multivariate Data Analysis.**

# Average Production Budgets by the Release Month & Year.



There seems to be a trend with the production budgets over the years. We can note that in the past, product budgets were relatively low but as the years went by, the budgets increased. This could be due to the fact that the movie industry has become more competitive and the need to produce high quality movies has increased. This could also be due to a number of factors, including the rising cost of talent, the increasing demand for special effects, and the decline of the market for low-budget films. However, there are still a number of low-budget films being made today, and some of these films have been successful at the box office.

We can see just before we get into the year 2020 there was another sharp decline in the production budgets. The COVID-19 pandemic, which caused widespread economic disruption and led to a decline in consumer demand could be a reason for this decline. This could also be due to the geopolitical tensions, such as the US-China trade war, which created uncertainty and led to businesses to delay or cancel investment projects.

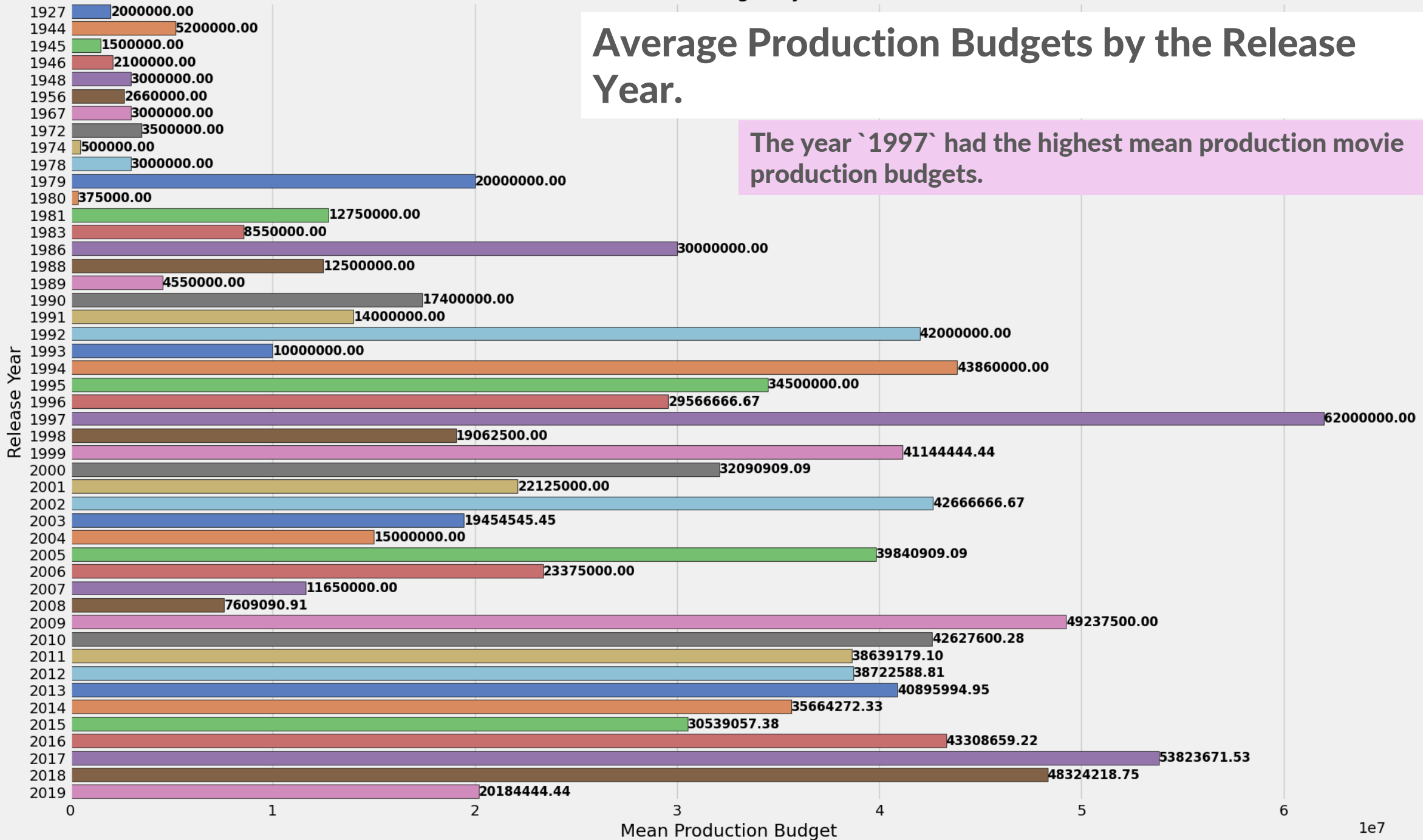
Production budgets for movies tend to increase between the months of may to June. This could be due to the fact that the summer season is the most popular time for movie releases. This is because people are more likely to go to the movies during the summer months, when the weather is nice and they have more free time. Another reason could be that many major film festivals take place in May and June, such as the Cannes Film Festival and the Tribeca Film Festival. These festivals can be a great way to generate buzz for a film and attract investors, which could lead to an increase in the production budget.



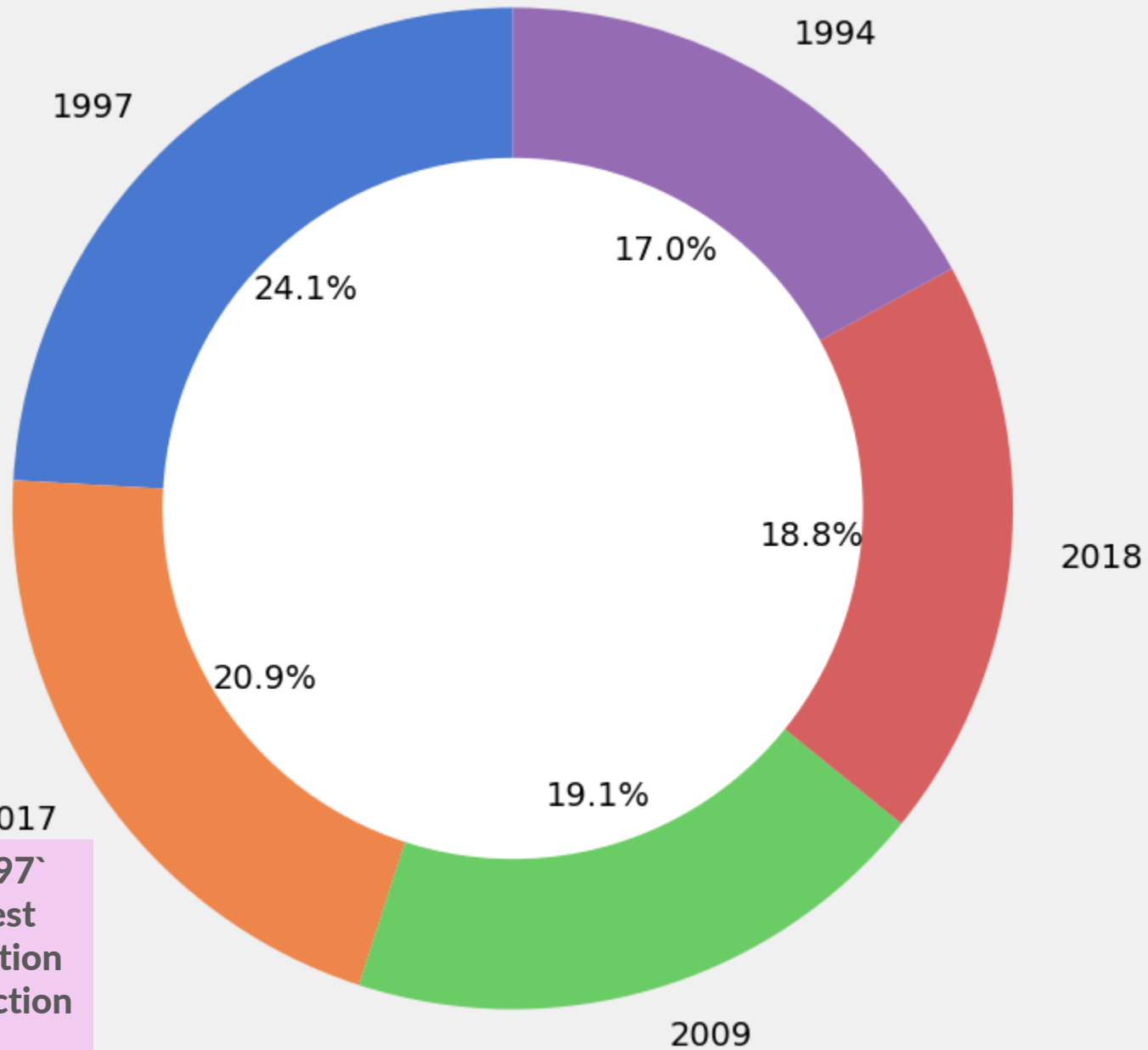
Mean Production Budget by Release Year

# Average Production Budgets by the Release Year.

The year `1997` had the highest mean production movie production budgets.



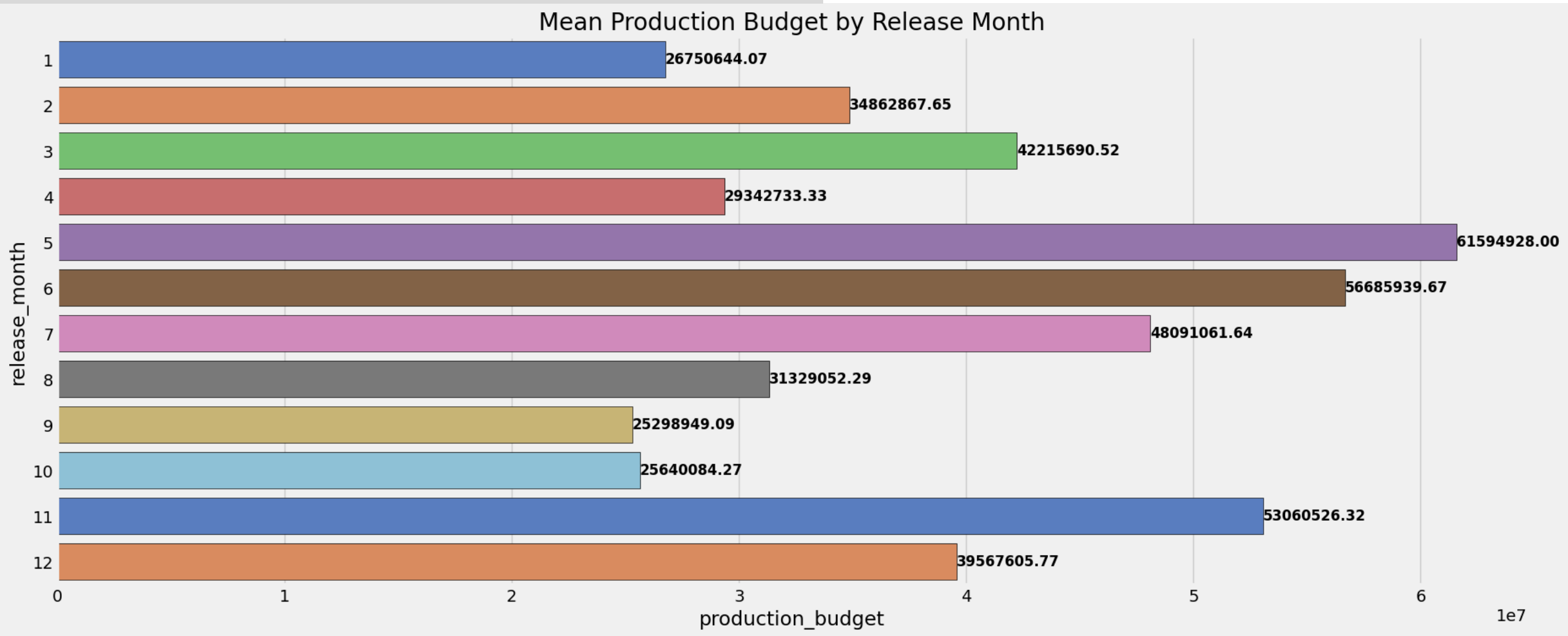
Top 5 Mean Production Budget by Release Year (Donut Chart)



**Top 5 years by  
average  
production  
budgets.**

**The year `1997`  
had the highest  
mean production  
movie production  
budgets.**

# Average Production Budgets by the Release Month.



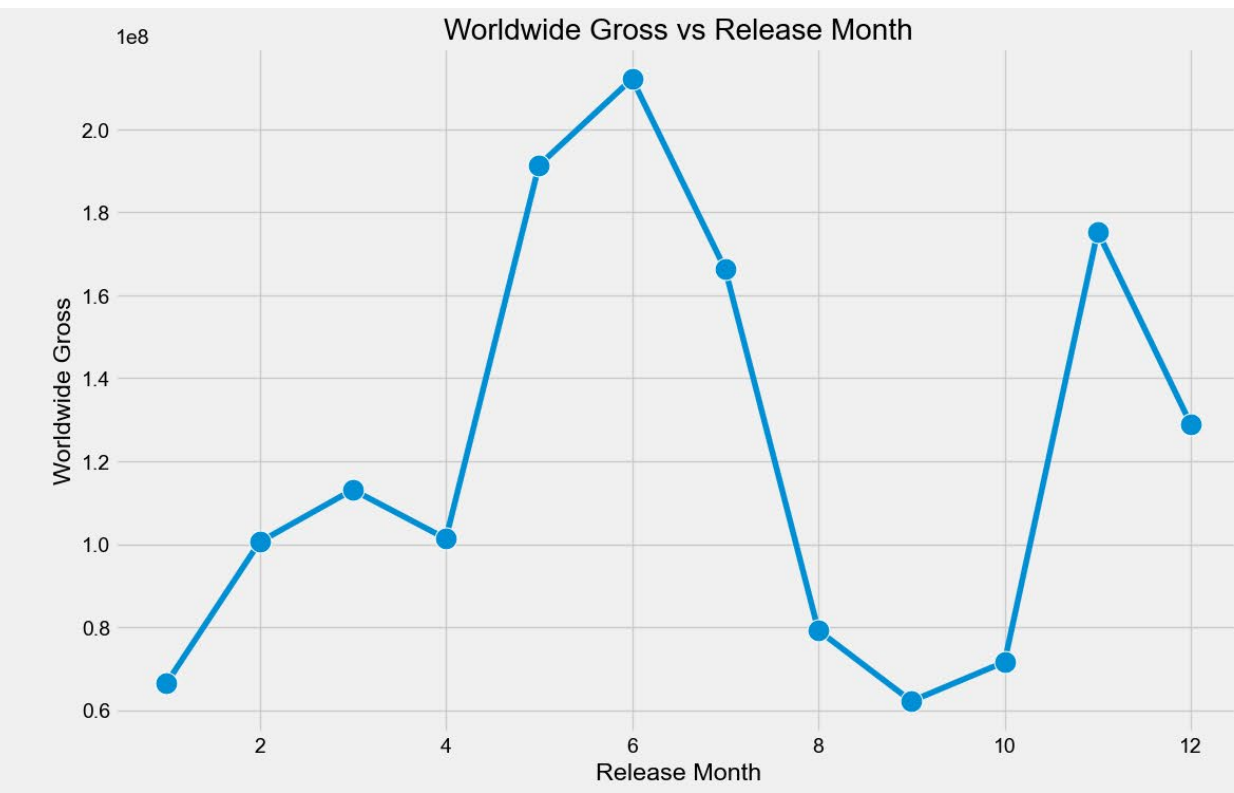
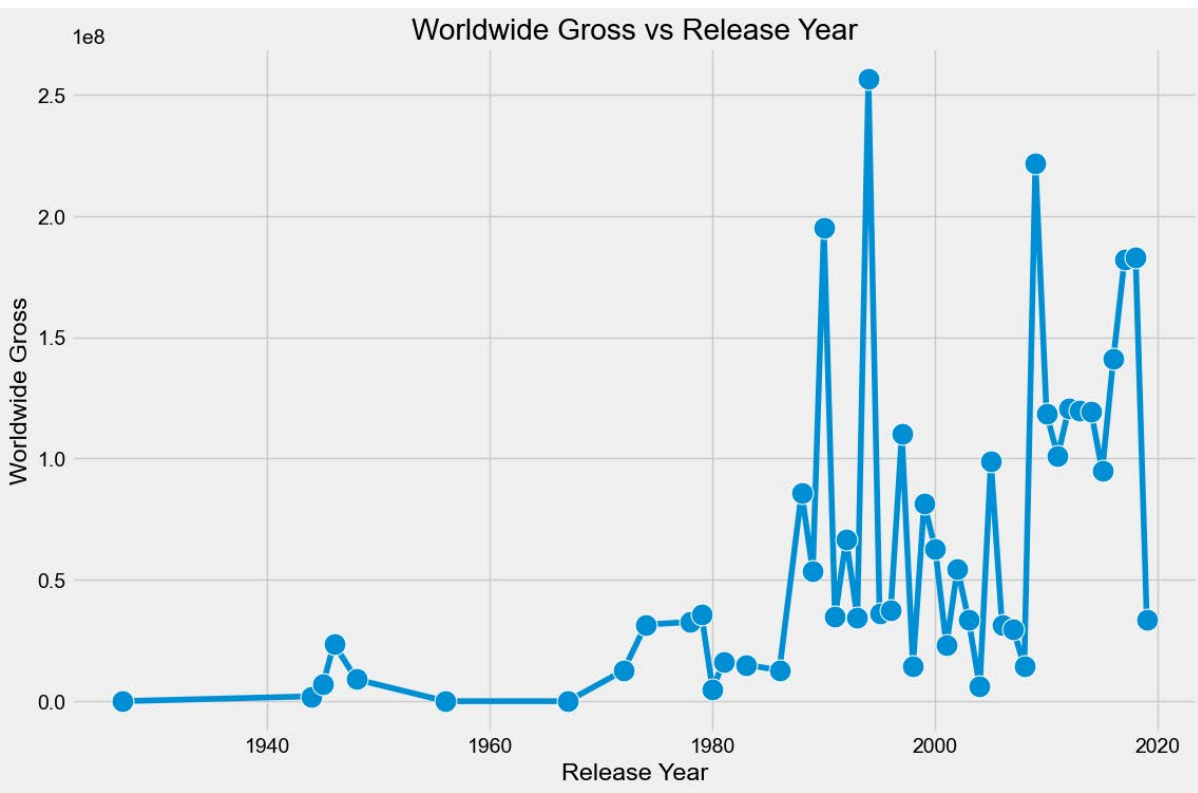
As noted earlier the second half of the year had the most months with the highest mean movie production budgets.

Question:

**What is the  
average  
worldwide  
gross per  
month / year?**

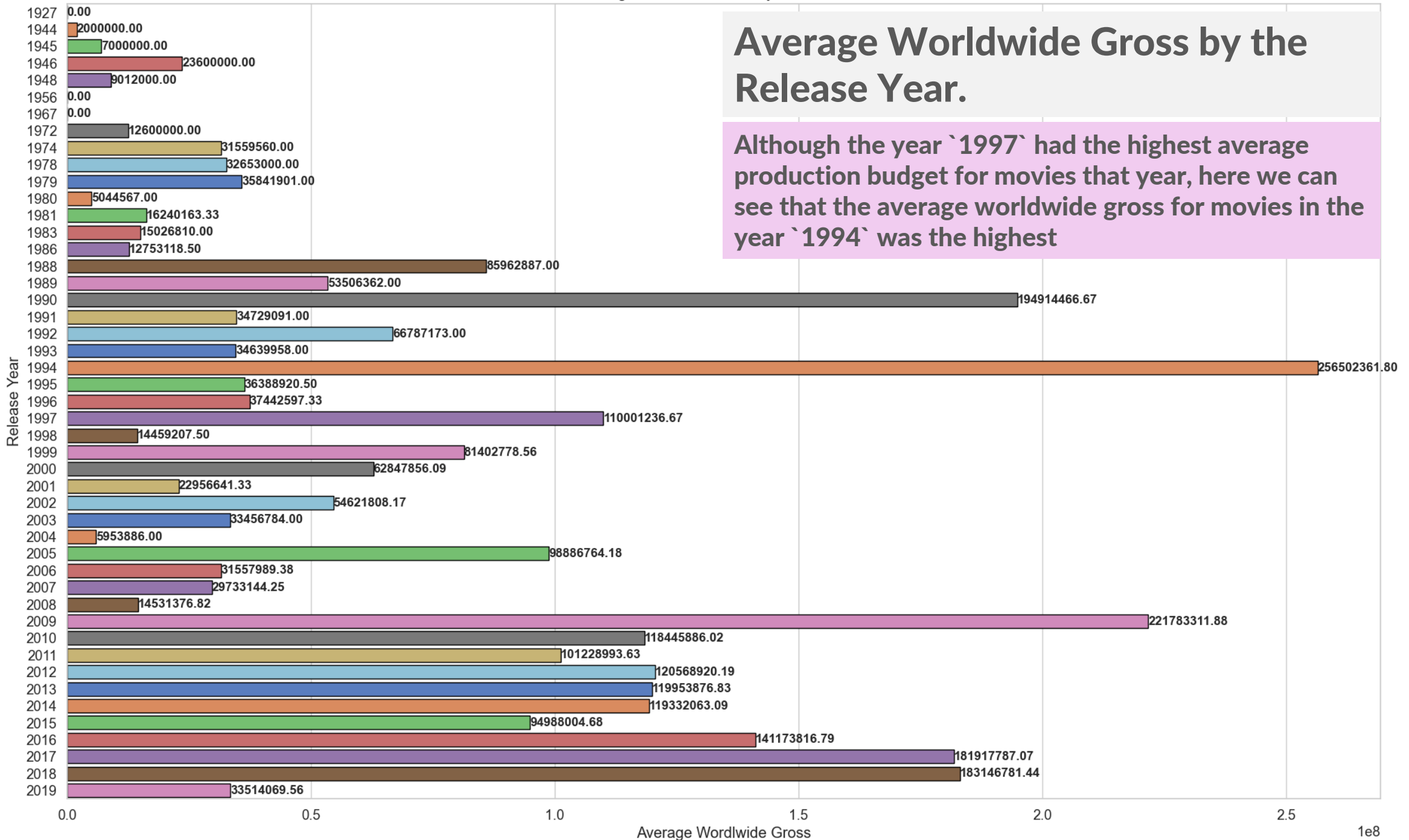


# Average Worldwide Gross by the Release Month & Year.



Right off the bat we can see that `production budgets` for movies as well as their `worldwide gross revenue` follow a similar trend that seem increase over the years and have a similar trend observed for both aspects over the months. There could be a correlation between the `production budgets` and the `worldwide gross` for each movie produced and released.

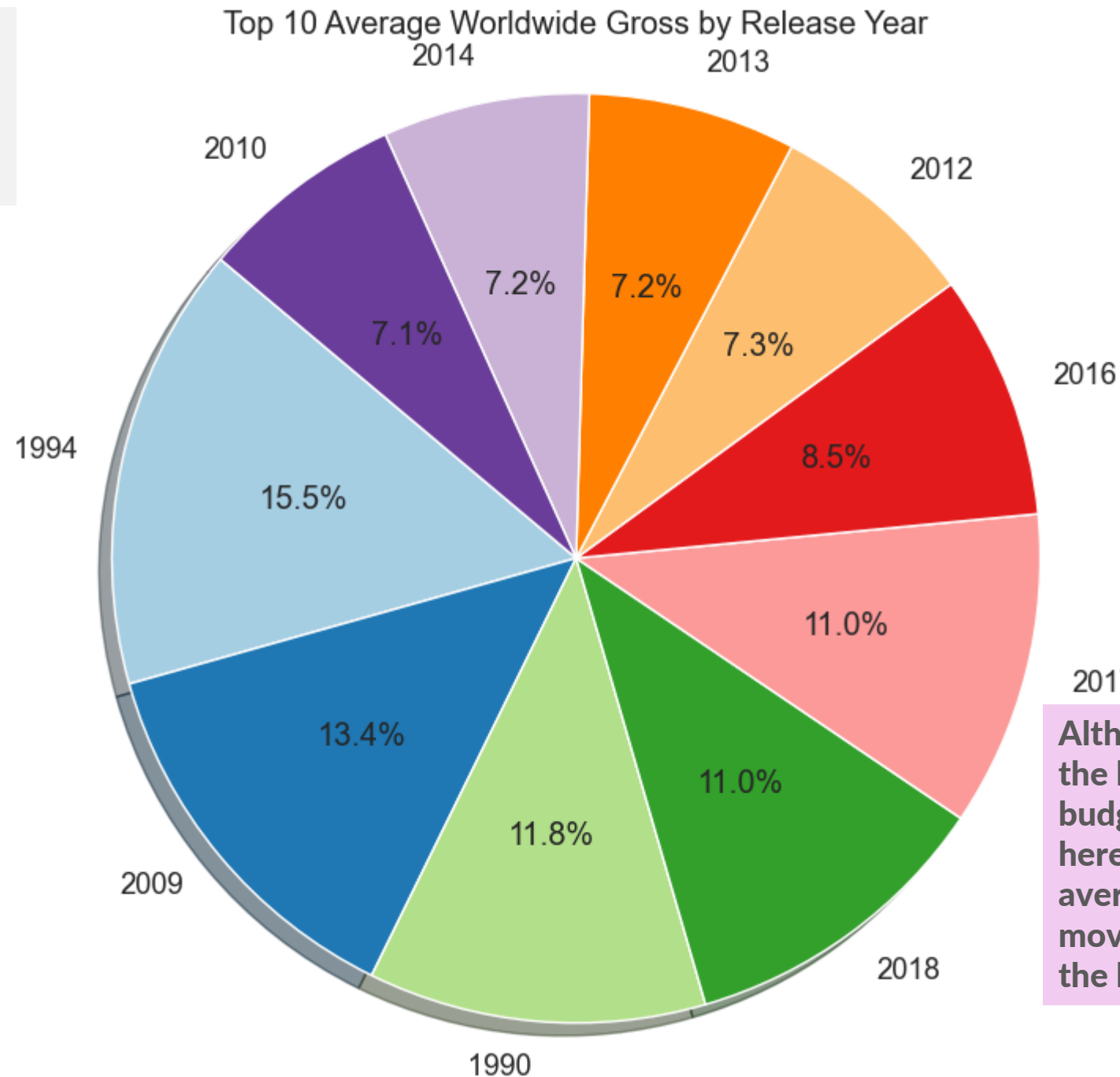
Average Worldwide Gross by Release Year



## Average Worldwide Gross by the Release Year.

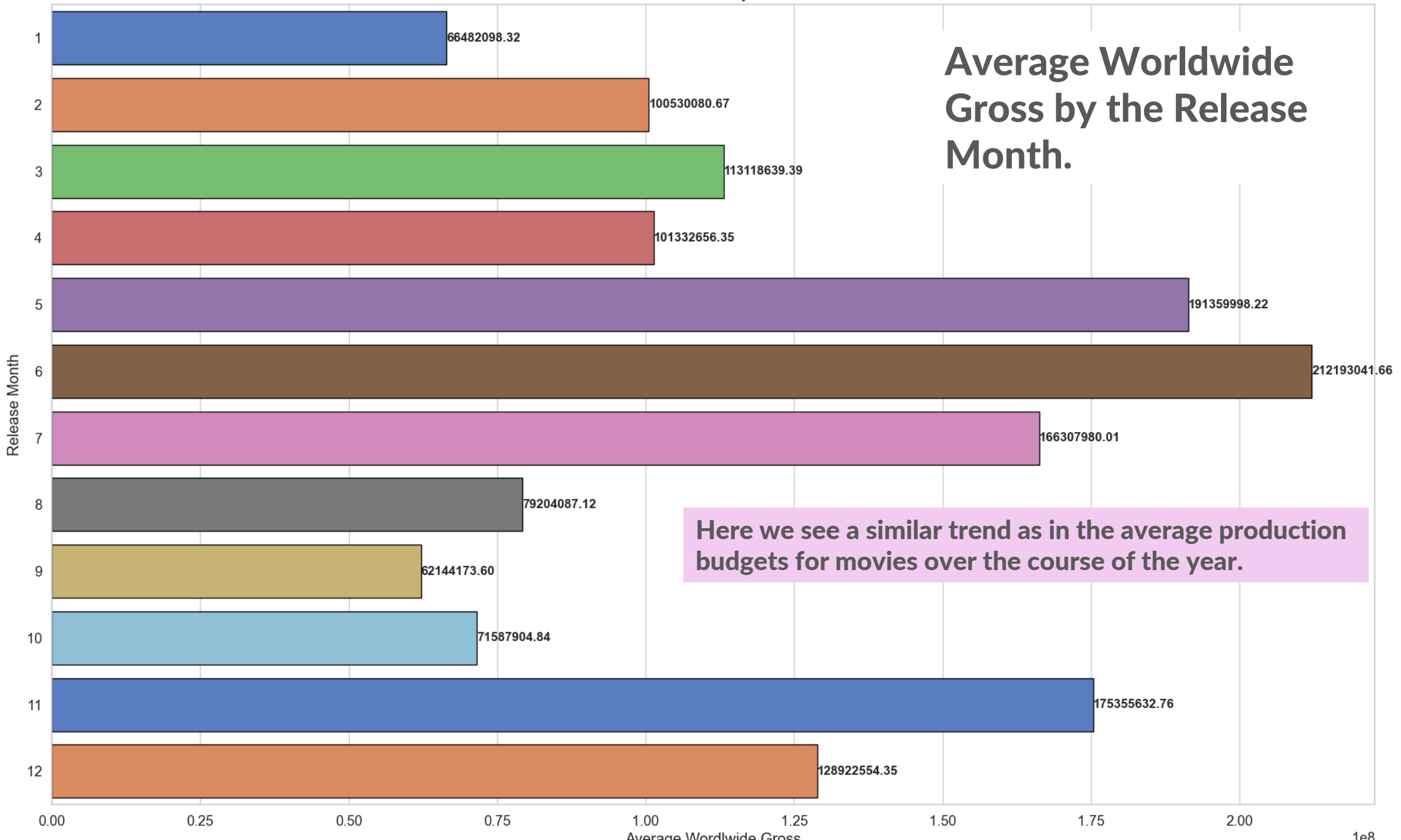
Although the year `1997` had the highest average production budget for movies that year, here we can see that the average worldwide gross for movies in the year `1994` was the highest

Top 5 years by  
average  
worldwide gross.



Although the year `1997` had the highest average production budget for movies that year, here we can see that the average worldwide gross for movies in the year `1994` was the highest

Mean Worldwide Gross by Release Month



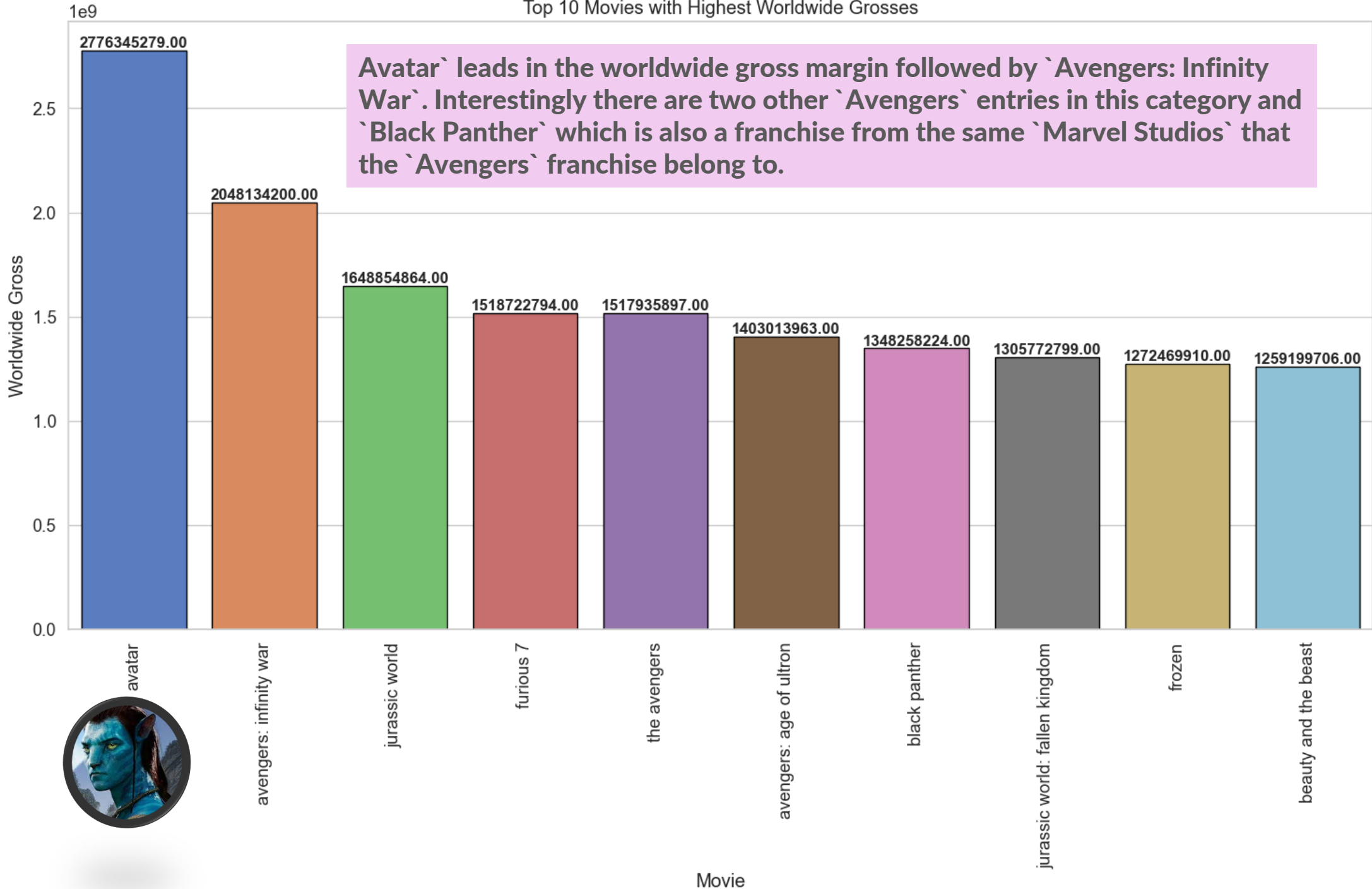


Question:

**What are the  
top ten  
grossing  
movies  
worldwide  
(US \$)?**



Top 10 Movies with Highest Worldwide Grosses

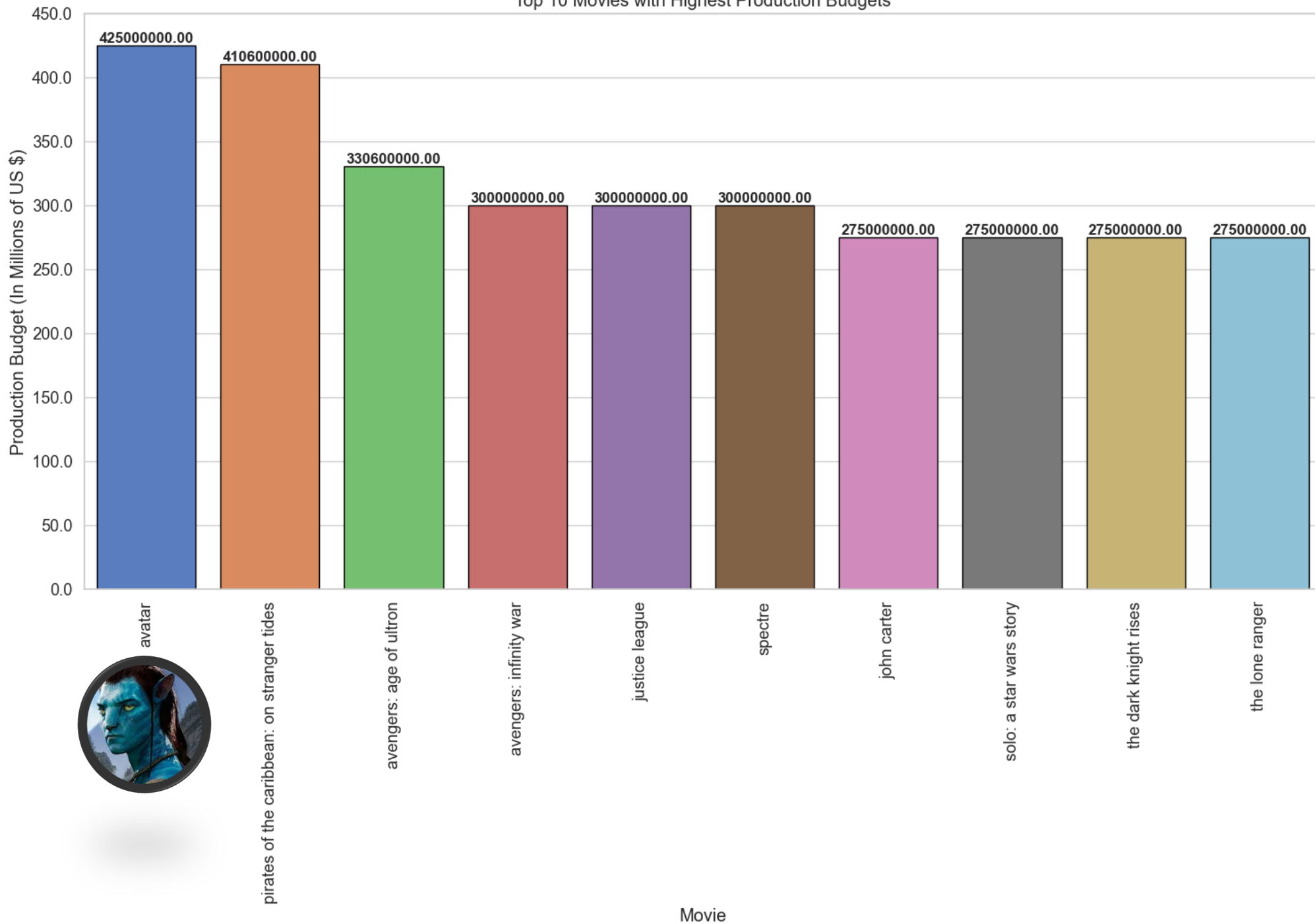


Question:

**What are the  
top ten  
highest  
project  
budgets (US  
\$)?**



Top 10 Movies with Highest Production Budgets



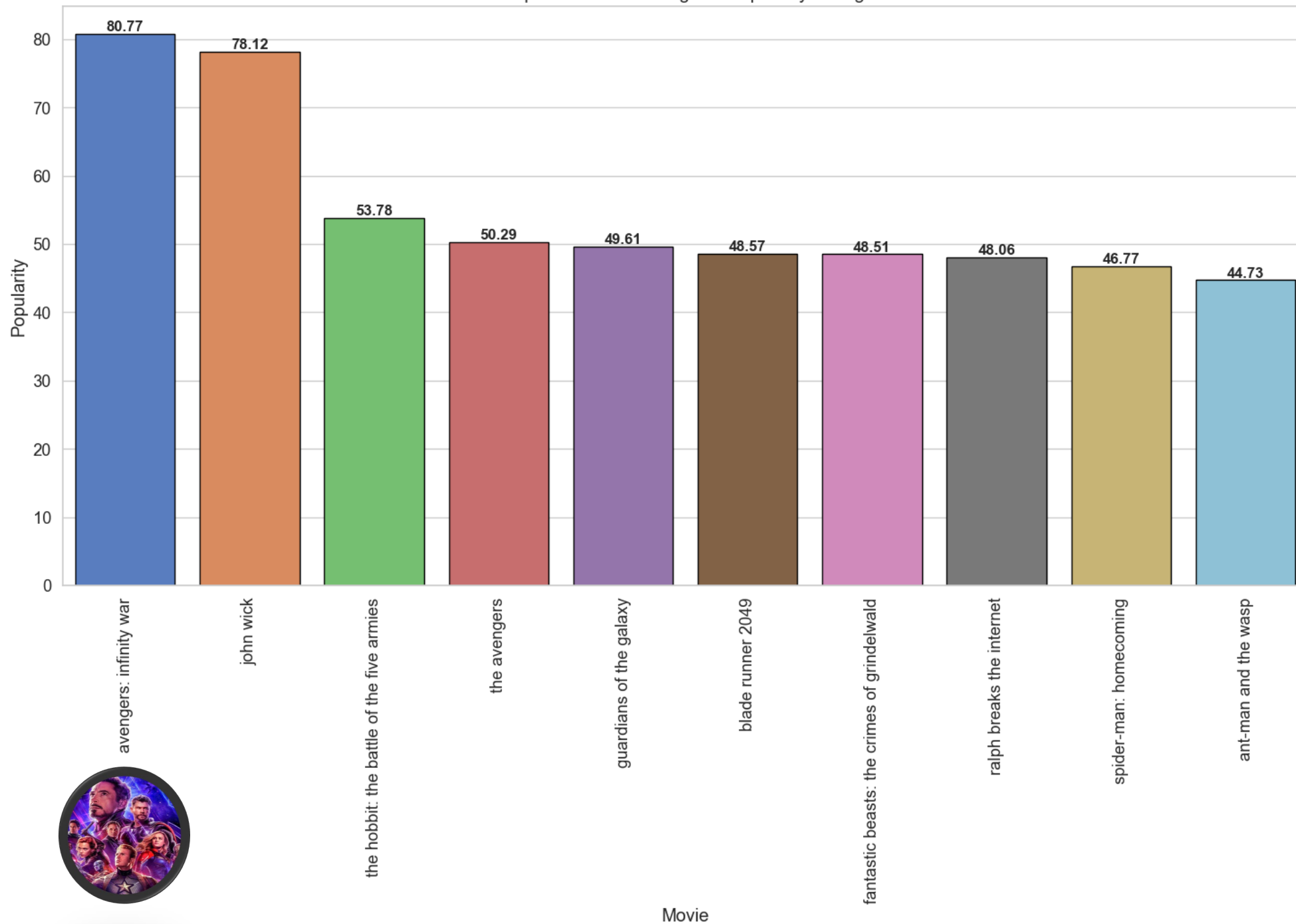
‘Avatar’ once again leads in the projects with the highest production markets. There are also two entries of the ‘Avengers’ franchise although ‘Disney’s Pirates of the Caribbean’ takes the second place in this category.

Question:

**What are the  
top ten most  
popular  
movies?**



Top 10 Movies with Highest Popularity Rating



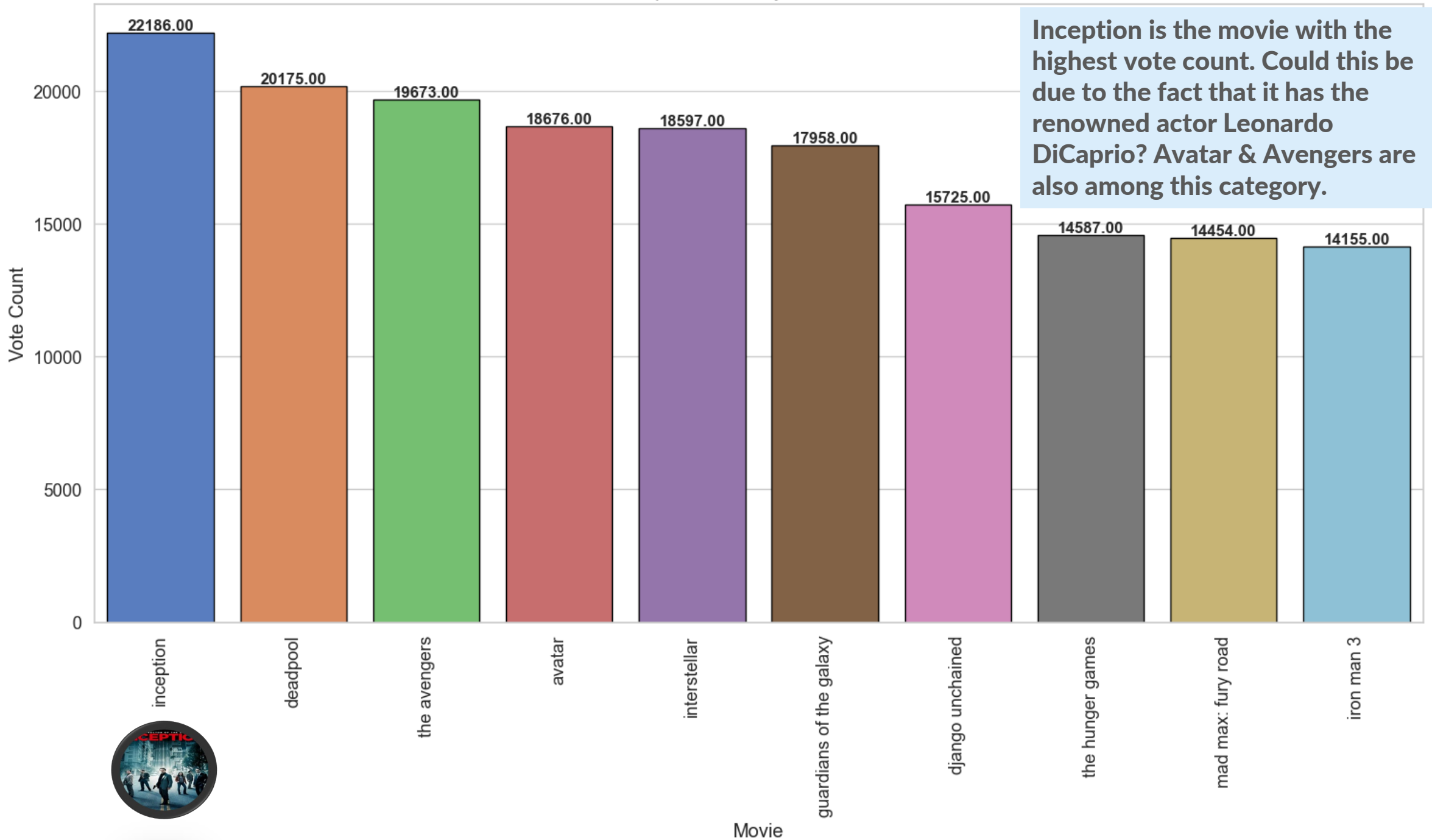
`Avengers Infinity War` has the highest popularity score followed by `John Wick` then the `Hobbit: The Battle of The Five Armies`. `John Wick` and `Hobbit: The Battle of The Five Armies` were not among the highest grossing films but still managed to get a very high popularity score. They also were not among the movie projects with the highest production budgets. Also we notice that there is another `Avengers` entry in the top ten popularity score. This seems to be franchise that has done well throughout it's lifetime.

Question:

**What are the  
top ten most  
popular  
movies by  
Vote Count?**



Top 10 Movies by Vote Count



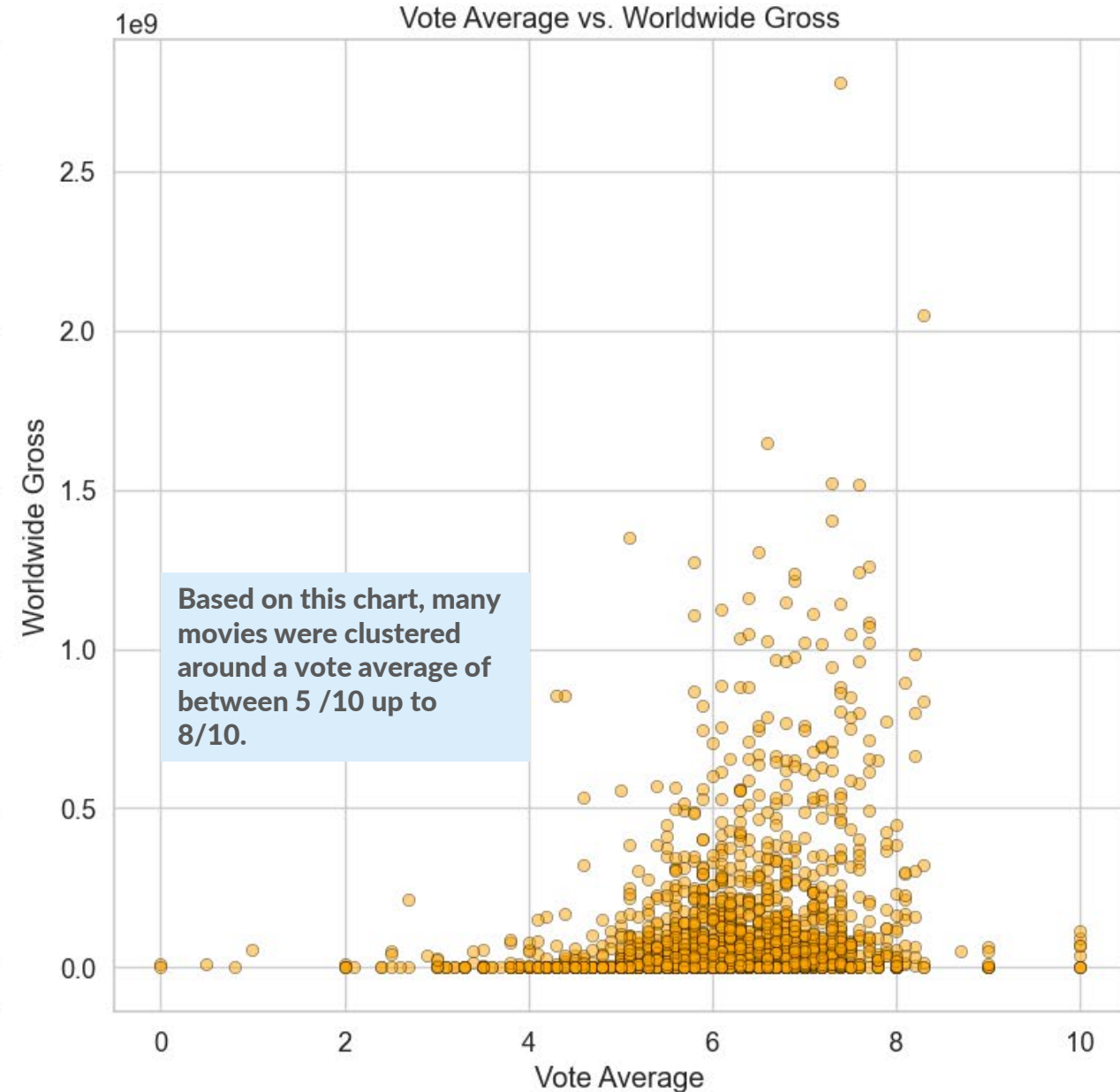
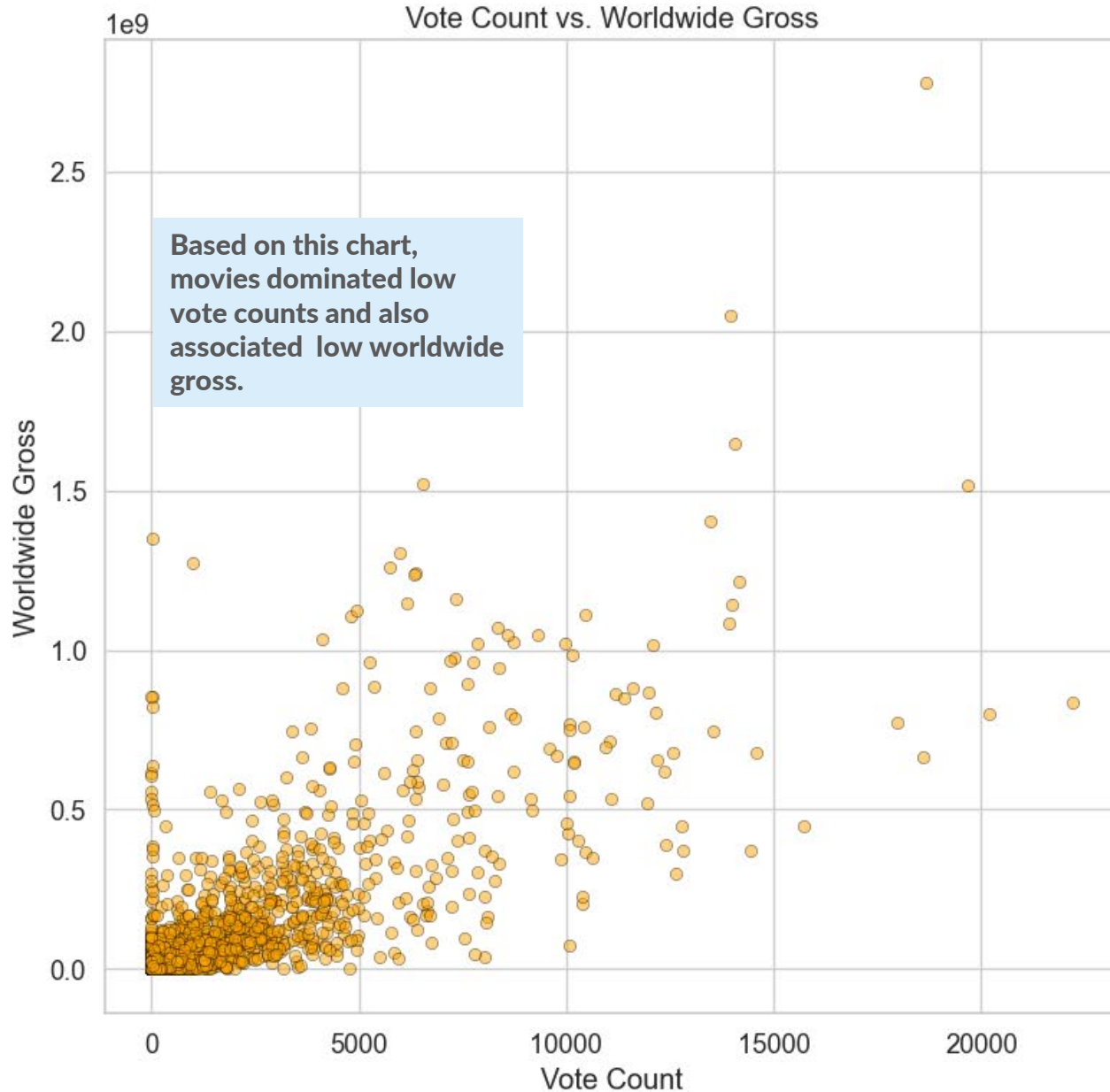


Question:

**Is there  
strong  
correlation  
with the  
Worldwide  
Gross?**

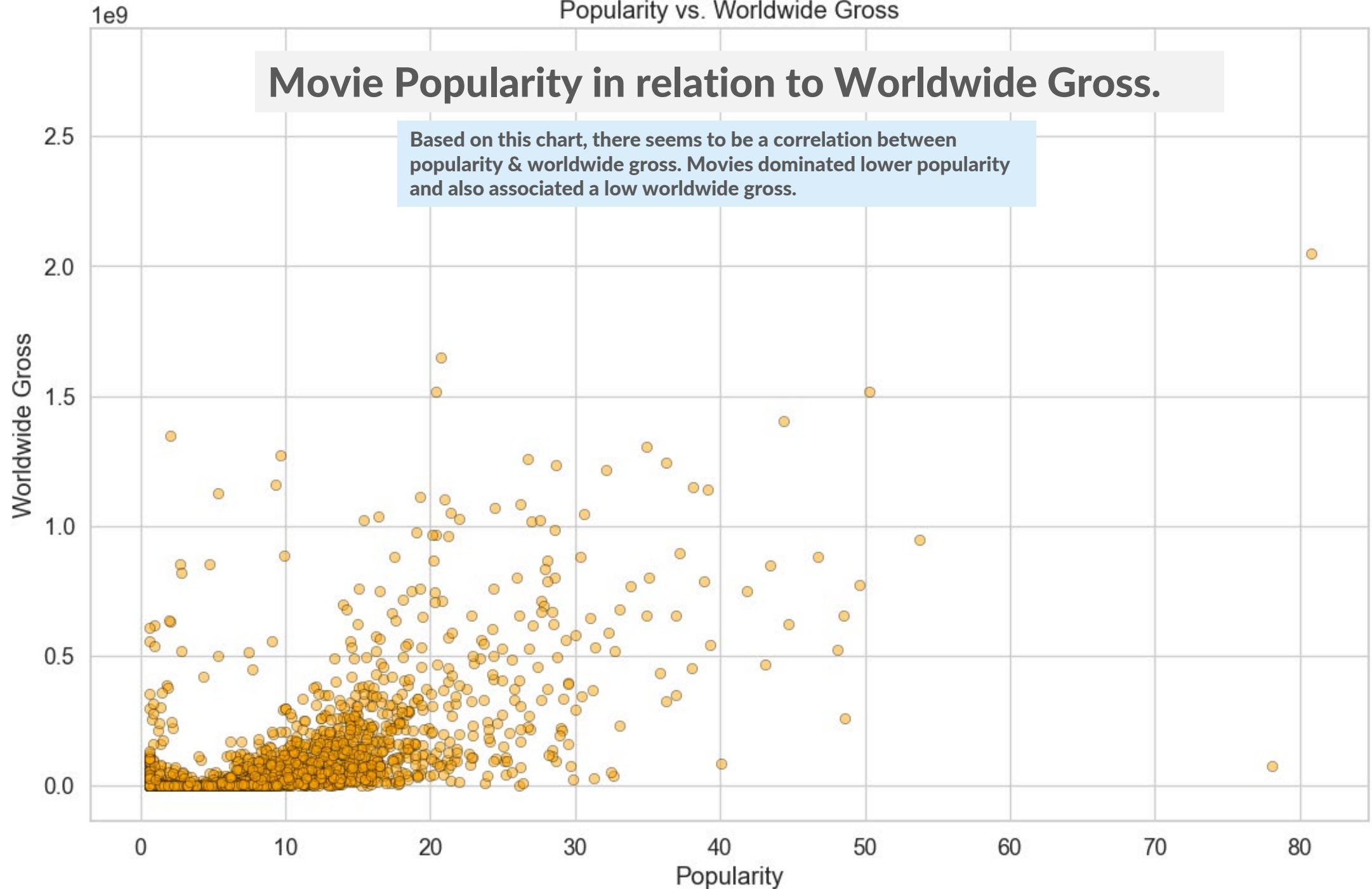


# Relationship with the Worldwide gross.

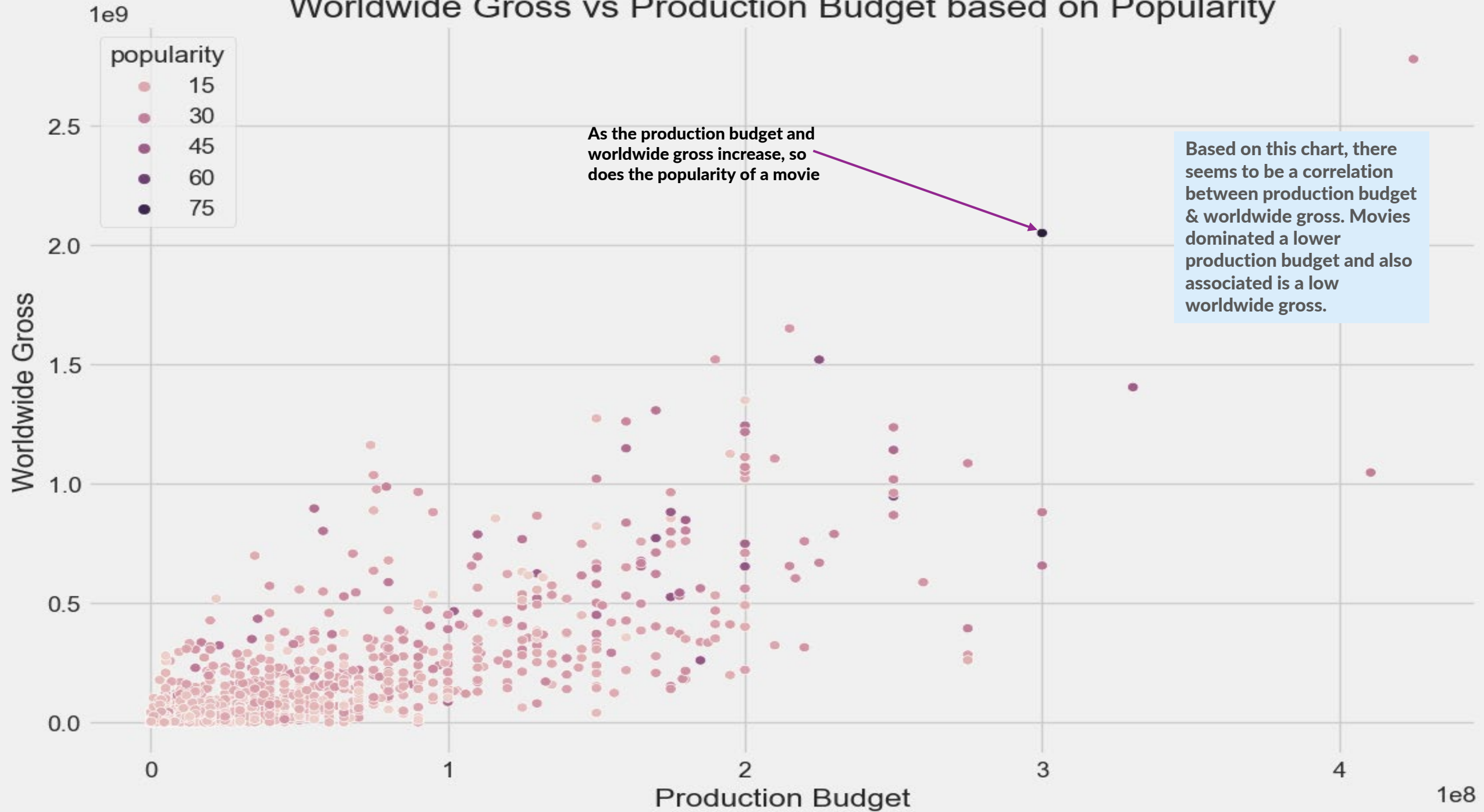


# Movie Popularity in relation to Worldwide Gross.

Based on this chart, there seems to be a correlation between popularity & worldwide gross. Movies dominated lower popularity and also associated a low worldwide gross.

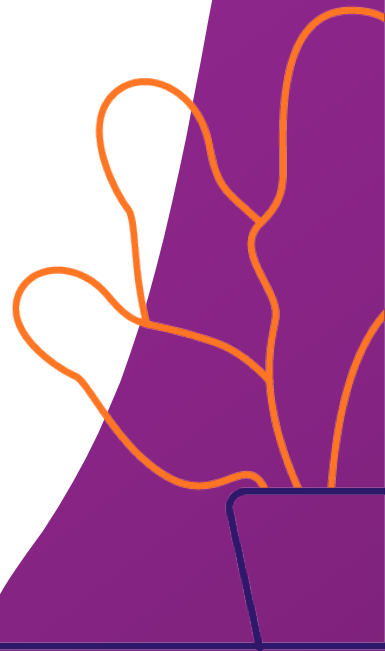


# Worldwide Gross vs Production Budget based on Popularity

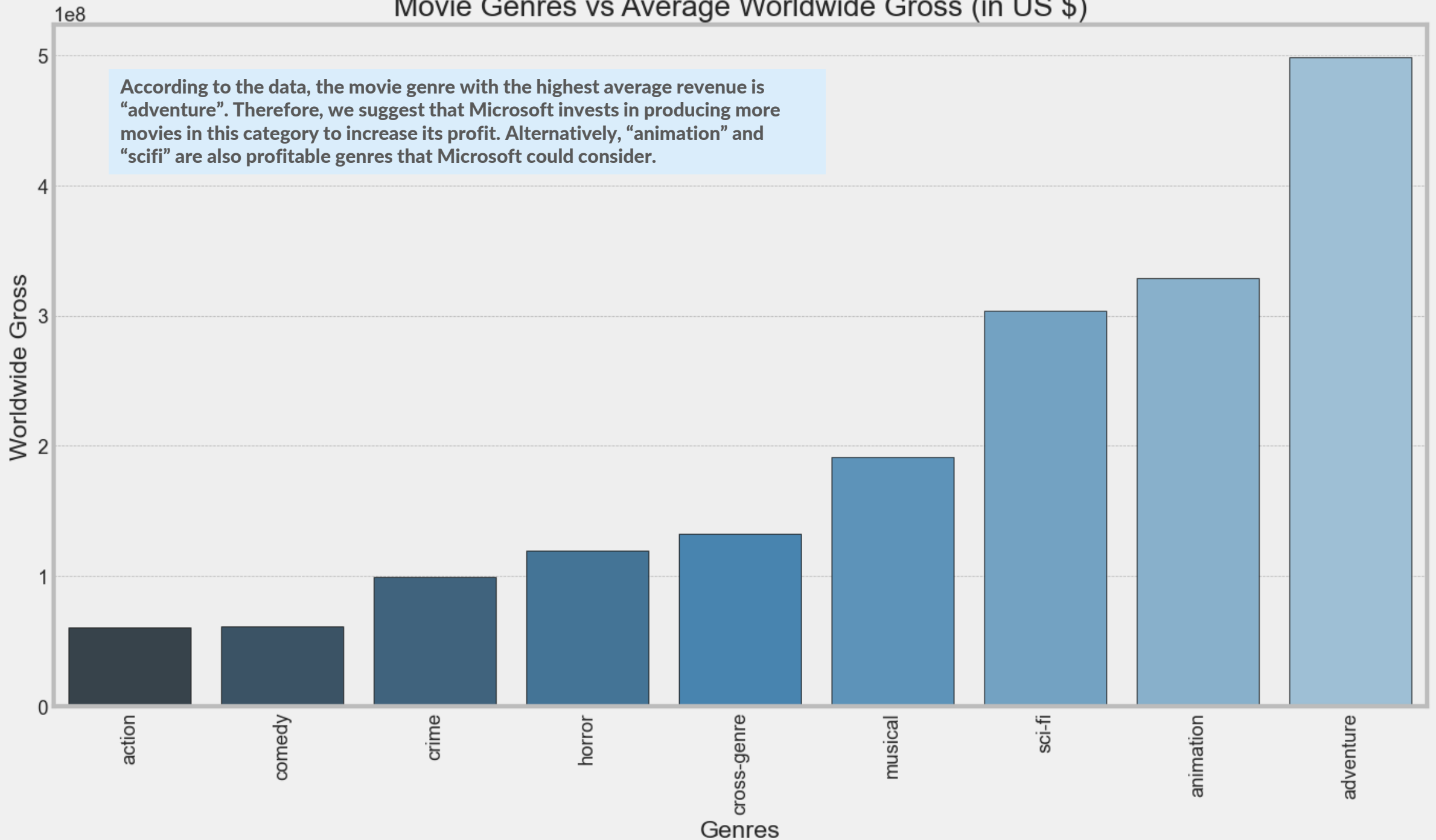


Question:

**Is the  
relationship  
between the  
movie genre  
and how  
much it will  
gross  
worldwide  
that year?**



## Movie Genres vs Average Worldwide Gross (in US \$)



# Exploratory Data Analysis.



This process of examining and summarizing data sets using various techniques such as visualization and descriptive statistics to help to identify patterns and relationships in the data.



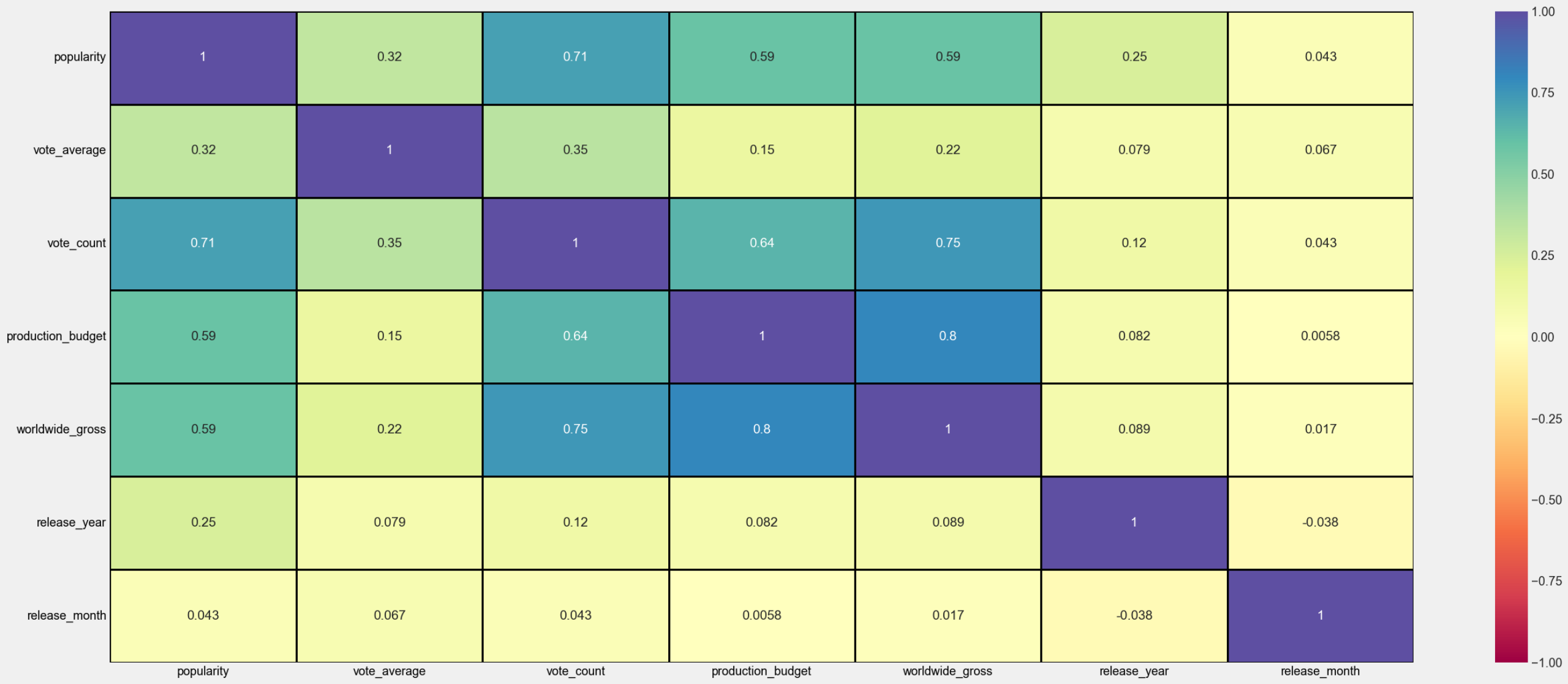
Univariate Data Analysis.



Bivariate Data Analysis.



Multivariate Data Analysis.



We see a strong positive correlation between `vote\_count` and the `popularity` of a movie.  
We equally see a strong positive relationship between the `production\_budget`, `worldwide gross` of a movie with the `popularity` of a movie.  
A strong positive relationship is also witnessed between the `popularity` of a movie and the `vote\_count` of a movie.  
We equally see a strong positive relationship between the `production\_budget`, `worldwide gross` of a movie with the `vote\_count` of a movie.  
There is also a very strong positive correlation between the `production\_budget` and the `worldwide\_gross` of a movie. It is actually the highest correlation in the correlation matrix with t correlation value of `0.8`



What next?

# Summary of Findings

“ A summary of the key findings, organized by research questions or objectives, and supported by evidence from the data.

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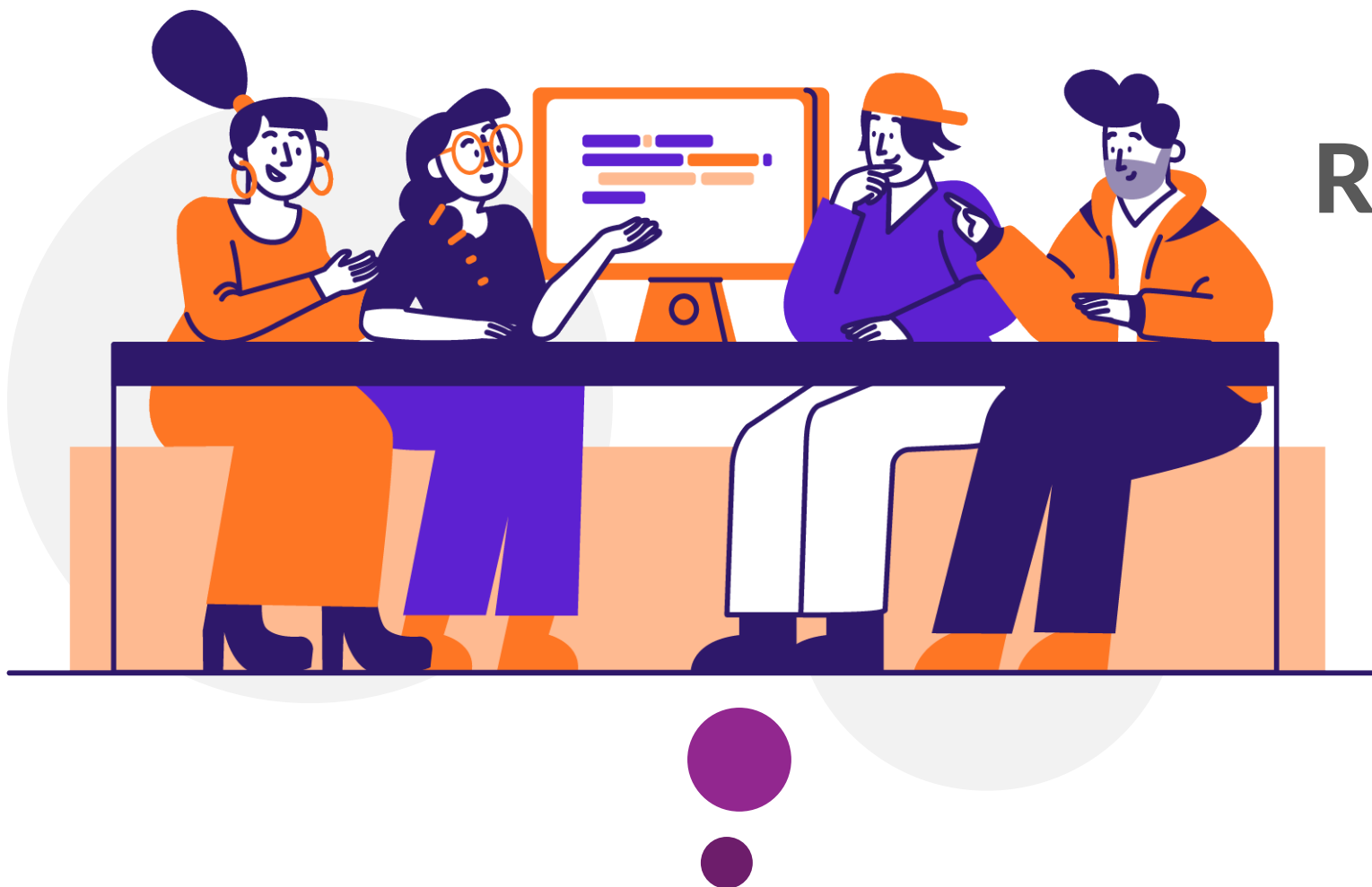
1. There seems to be a trend with the production budgets over the years. We can note that in the past, product budgets were relatively low but as the years went by, the budgets increased. This could be due to the fact that the movie industry has become more competitive and the need to produce high quality movies has increased. This could also be due to a number of factors, including the rising cost of talent, the increasing demand for special effects, and the decline of the market for low-budget films. However, there are still a number of low-budget films being made today, and some of these films have been successful at the box office.

2. We can see just before we get into the year 2020 there was another sharp decline in the production budgets. The COVID-19 pandemic, which caused widespread economic disruption and led to a decline in consumer demand could be a reason for this decline. This could also be due to the geopolitical tensions, such as the US-China trade war, which created uncertainty and led to businesses to delay or cancel investment projects

3. Production budgets for movies tend to increase between the months of may to June. This could be due to the fact that the summer season is the most popular time for movie releases. This is because people are more likely to go to the movies during the summer months, when the weather is nice and they have more free time. Another reason could be that many major film festivals take place in May and June, such as the Cannes Film Festival and the Tribeca Film Festival. These festivals can be a great way to generate buzz for a film and attract investors, which could lead to an increase in the production budget.

4. Movies with low popularity outnumber those with high popularity, and movies with high vote averages surpass those with low vote averages. Additionally, most movies have low vote counts compared to those with higher vote counts. Furthermore, there are more films with lower production budgets than higher ones, and likewise, more movies have lower worldwide gross compared to those with higher return on investment. Recent years have seen a higher number of movie releases, especially around the year 2013, possibly due to streaming service rise and growing interest in independent filmmaking. There is also a seasonal pattern, with more movies released in later months, possibly influenced by holidays, awards season, and consumer preferences.

5. Based on the data, "adventure" is the most lucrative movie genre. Microsoft should invest in producing more of these films for higher profits. "Animation" and "sci-fi" are also profitable options. In 1994, movies had the highest average worldwide gross, surpassing 1997's highest production budget. "Avatar" leads in worldwide gross margin, followed by "Avengers: Infinity War." Both "John Wick" and "The Hobbit: The Battle of The Five Armies" had high popularity scores despite not being top-grossing films or having the highest production budgets. Another "Avengers" entry ranks high in popularity, showing the franchise's ongoing success. There's a correlation between popularity and worldwide gross, as lower popularity correlates with lower gross revenue.



# Recommendations

*My actionable insights for the stakeholders at Microsoft Studio relevant to the business problem supported by evidence from the data and aligned with the project objectives and scope.*

1. For the most favorable outcome, it is recommended to launch a movie during the month of May - June. Generally, releasing a movie during the summer months is considered advantageous. However, if circumstances dictate that the movie must be released in the fourth quarter (Q4) to capitalize on a last-minute opportunity for profit, November stands out as the most promising option for the release date.
2. Release in non-summer months - While summer sees big box office, other months have done well too like March for The Hunger Games. Spreading releases across the year is beneficial.
3. It is suggested to produce additional movies within the "adventure" genre since it proves to be the most lucrative. Alternatively, "animation" and "Sci-Fi" present themselves as the next favorable choices.
4. Draw major stars - Having big name actors like Leonardo DiCaprio or Jennifer Lawrence attached boosts marketability, especially overseas.

5. As the budget of a movie rises, there is typically a corresponding increase in profit. Nevertheless, in order to provide a more assured recommendation concerning the relationship between budget and return on investment, it is essential to gather additional data on movies with budgets exceeding \$200 million.

6. Keep budgets modest - Many of the top grossing films have reasonable budgets under \$100 million. Filming for less can increase profits.

7. Develop a streaming strategy - Building exclusive streaming content can help attract talent and provide an alternate distribution channel.

# Questions??

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