Experiment – 1

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Branch: BE-CSE Section/Group: KRG_1A

Semester: 5th Date of Performance: 17-07-25

Subject Name: ADBMS Subject Code: 23CSP-333

1. Aim:

Q1) Author-Book Relationship Using Joins and Basic SQL Operations.

- Design two tables one for storing author details and the other for book details.
- Ensure a foreign key relationship from the book to its respective author.
- Insert at least three records in each table. Perform an INNER JOIN to link each book with its author using the common author ID.
- Select the book title, author name.
- Expected Output: Each book title along with its author's name.

Q2) Department-Course Subquery and Access Control

- Design normalized tables for departments and the courses they offer, maintaining a foreign key relationship.
- Insert five departments and at least ten courses across those departments.
- Use a subquery to count the number of courses under each department
- Display only departments that offer more than 2 courses.

2. Requirements (Hardware/Software):

MySQL, PostgreSQL, Oracle, or SQL Server

3. DBMS Script & Output:

[EASY LEVEL]

CREATE DATABASE ADBMS 2027;

-- USE ADBMS 2027;

```
CREATE TABLE TBL AUTHOR (AUTHOR ID INT PRIMARY KEY,
AUTHOR NAME VARCHAR(30));
CREATE TABLE TBL BOOK(BOOK ID INT PRIMARY KEY,
BOOK TITLE VARCHAR(30),
AUTHOR ID INT,
FOREIGN KEY (AUTHOR ID) REFERENCES TBL AUTHOR(AU-
  THOR ID));
INSERT INTO TBL AUTHOR (AUTHOR ID, AUTHOR NAME) VALUES
(1, 'C.J. Date'),
(2, 'Silberschatz'),
(3, 'A. Tanenbaum');
INSERT INTO TBL BOOK (BOOK ID, BOOK TITLE, AUTHOR ID) VAL-
  UES
(101, 'Database Systems', 1),
(102, 'Operating Systems', 2),
(103, 'Computer Networks', 3),
(104, 'Advanced Databases', 1),
(105, 'Modern OS', 2);
SELECT * FROM TBL BOOK;
SELECT * FROM TBL AUTHOR;
SELECT B.BOOK_TITLE, A.AUTHOR_NAME
FROM TBL BOOK AS B
INNER JOIN
TBL AUTHOR AS A
ON
B.AUTHOR ID = A.AUTHOR ID;
```

[MEDIUM LEVEL]

```
CREATE TABLE TBL_DEPARTMENT (DEPT_ID INT PRIMARY KEY, DEPT_NAME VARCHAR(30));
```

```
CREATE TABLE TBL_COURSE(COURSE_ID INT PRIMARY KEY, COURSE_NAME VARCHAR(30), DEPT_ID INT, FOREIGN KEY (DEPT_ID) REFERENCES TBL_DEPARTMENT(DEPT_ID));
```

INSERT INTO TBL DEPARTMENT (DEPT ID, DEPT NAME) VALUES

- (1, 'Computer Science'),
- (2, 'Electrical Engineering'),
- (3, 'Mechanical Engineering'),
- (4, 'Civil Engineering'),
- (5, 'Mathematics');

INSERT INTO TBL_COURSE (COURSE_ID, COURSE_NAME, DEPT_ID) VALUES

- (101, 'Data Structures', 1),
- (102, 'Algorithms', 1),
- (103, 'Operating Systems', 1),
- (104, 'Circuits', 2),
- (105, 'Digital Logic', 2),
- (106, 'Thermodynamics', 3),
- (107, 'Fluid Mechanics', 3),
- (108, 'Surveying', 4),
- (109, 'Calculus', 5),
- (110, 'Linear Algebra', 5),
- (111, 'Discrete Math', 5);

SELECT DEPT NAME

FROM TBL DEPARTMENT

WHERE DEPT ID IN (

SELECT DEPT ID

```
FROM TBL_COURSE
GROUP BY DEPT_ID
HAVING COUNT(*) > 2
);
```

4. Output:

[EASY LEVEL]

| | BOOK_TITLE | AUTHOR_NAME |
|---|-------------------|--------------|
| 1 | Database Systems | C.J. Date |
| 2 | Operating Systems | Silberschatz |
| 3 | Computer Netwo | A. Tanenbaum |
| 4 | Advanced Datab | C.J. Date |
| 5 | Modem OS | Silberschatz |

[MEDIUM LEVEL

| | DEPT_NAME | |
|---|------------------|--|
| 1 | Computer Science | |
| 2 | Mathematics | |

5. LEARNING OUTCOMES:

- Gained practical experience in table creation and record manipulation in databases.
- Learned how to join tables and extract relevant values efficiently.
- Understood implementation of INNER JOINs to integrate and analyze related data.