

# Assignment 3 - Q49, Dec 2018

Tarandeep Singh

Github Link

<https://github.com/Tarandeep97/AI5030>

## 1 PROBLEM

(Q49, Dec 2018) Let  $X \geq 0$  be a random variable on  $(\Omega, \mathcal{F}, P)$  with  $\mathbb{E}(X) = 1$ . Let  $A \in \mathcal{F}$  be an event with  $0 < P(A) < 1$ . Which of the following defines another probability measure on  $(\Omega, \mathcal{F})$ ?

- 1)  $Q(B) = P(A \cap B) \forall B \in \mathcal{F}$
- 2)  $Q(B) = P(A \cup B) \forall B \in \mathcal{F}$
- 3)  $Q(B) = \mathbb{E}(XI_B) \forall B \in \mathcal{F}$
- 4)  $Q(B) = \begin{cases} P(A/B) & P(B) > 0 \\ 0 & P(B) = 0 \end{cases}$

## 2 SOLUTION

### Properties of Probability measure

A Probability measure on  $(\Omega, \mathcal{F})$  is a function  $P : \mathcal{F} \rightarrow [0, 1]$  satisfying:

- 1)  $P(\Omega) = 1, P(\phi) = 0$
- 2) If  $A_1, A_2, A_3, \dots \in \mathcal{F}$  is a collection of disjoint members in  $\mathcal{F}$ , then

$$P\left(\bigcup_{i=1}^{\infty} A_i\right) = \sum_{i=1}^{\infty} P(A_i)$$

### Investigating Options

Option 1, if  $B = \Omega$ , then

$$Q(\Omega) = P(A \cap \Omega) = P(A) \neq 1 \quad (2.0.1)$$

Option 2, if  $B = \phi$ , then

$$Q(\phi) = P(A \cup \phi) = P(A) \neq 0 \quad (2.0.2)$$

Option 4, if  $B = \Omega$ , then

$$Q(\Omega) = P(A/\Omega) = \frac{P(A \cap \Omega)}{P(\Omega)} \quad (2.0.3)$$

$$= P(A) \neq 1 \quad (2.0.4)$$

Option 3, Here the indicator function  $I_B$  defines a Bernoulli random variable.

$$I_B = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } x \in B, \\ 0 & \text{if } x \notin B, \end{cases} \quad (2.0.5)$$

if  $B = \phi$ ,

$$Q(\phi) = E(XI_{\phi}) = 0 \quad (2.0.6)$$

if  $B = \Omega$ ,

$$Q(\Omega) = E(XI_{\Omega}) = E(X) = 1 \quad (2.0.7)$$

Checking for Countable additivity of Q(property 2),

$$Q\left(\bigcup_{i=1}^{\infty} A_i\right) = E(XI_{\bigcup_{i=1}^{\infty} A_i}) \quad (2.0.8)$$

$$= E\left(X \sum_{i=1}^{\infty} I_{A_i}\right) = E\left(\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{i=1}^n XI_{A_i}\right) \quad (2.0.9)$$

$$= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{i=1}^n E(XI_{A_i}) \quad (2.0.10)$$

$$= \sum_{i=1}^{\infty} E(XI_{A_i}) = \sum_{i=1}^{\infty} Q(A_i) \quad (2.0.11)$$

Option 3 satisfies properties of a probability measure. Hence, it is the correct option.