

## The National School of Artificial Intelligence

Name:....

## 2023-2024

## **Probability and Statistics** Semestre 3

Group:.....

$\begin{array}{c} \text{Final Exam} \\ \text{(2h00)} \end{array}$
Problem 1 A disillusioned examiner distributes the marks randomly. He assigns each candidate a mark chosen at random from the integers $0,1,2,\cdots,19$ . He considers that, since perfection is not of this world, mark 20 should not be awarded. He grades the candidates independently of each other. Candidates with a mark of 10 or above, and only those with a mark of 10 or above, are admitted. Candidates who obtain a mark of 0, and only they, will lose the right to take the exam again.  (Un examinateur désabusé distribue les notes aléatoirement. Il attribue à chaque candidat une note choisie au hasard parmi les entiers $0,1,2,\cdots,19$ . Il considère que, la perfection n'étant pas de ce monde, la note 20 ne doit pas être attribuée. Il note les candidats indépendamment les uns des autres. Seront déclarés admis les candidats obtenant un note supérieure ou égale à 10, et eux seulement. Les candidats obtenant la note 0, et eux seulement, perdront le droit de se présenter une nouvelle fois à cet examen.)
1. Arslane is one of the candidates. Calculate the probability of each of the following events:
$A: Arslane\ will\ be\ admitted.\ B: Arslane\ will\ lose\ the\ right\ to\ reapply.\ C: Arslane\ will\ obtain\ 9\ or\ 10.$
2. There are exactly 100 candidates. X is the random variable equal to the number of candidates who will be admitted. Y is the random variable equal to the number of candidates who will lose the right to reapply.
${f a.}$ Give the probability distribution of X, its mathematical expectation and variance.
<b>b.</b> Propose a suitable approximation for X and use this approximation to estimate the probability that at least 55 candidates will be admitted.

	${f c.}$ Give the probability distribution of $Y$ , its mathematical expectation and variance.
	<b>d.</b> Propose a suitable approximation for Y and use this approximation to estimate the probability that there are at most 2 candidates losing the right to run again.
3.	There are exactly 100 candidates, numbered from 1 to 100. $X_i$ is the random variable equal to the mark that will be awarded to candidate number $i$ with $(1 \le i \le 100)$ . $\overline{X}_{100}$ is the random variable equal to the average of the 100 marks that will be given.
	<b>a.</b> Give the expectation and the variance of $X_i$ , $(1 \le i \le 100)$ .
	We recall that: $\sum_{i=1}^{n} i = \frac{n(n+1)}{2}$ and $\sum_{i=1}^{n} i^2 = \frac{n(n+1)(2n+1)}{6}$ .
	$\sum_{i=1}^{l-1}$ $\sum_{i=1}^{l-1}$ 0

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	<b>2</b> A real random variable $X$ is said to follow an exponential distribution with parameter noted $\mathcal{E}(\lambda)$ , if the density of the distribution of $X$ is defined by
	$f_X(x) = \lambda e^{-\lambda x} \mathbb{I}_{]0,\infty[}(x)$ .
1. L	Determine $F_X$ the cumulative function of $X$ . Find $x_0$ such that $F_X(x_0) = \frac{1}{2}$ .
2.	For $k \in \mathbb{N}^*$ , calculate $\mathbb{E}\left[X^k\right]$ . Deduce $Var\left(X\right)$ .

3.	Determine $\varphi_x$ the characteristic function of X.
4.	For $x > 0$ and $y > 0$ , calculate $\mathbb{P}(X > x + y   X > x)$ .
5.	Determine the distribution of $[X]$ , where $[X]$ is the integer part of $X$ .
6.	Determine the distribution of $Z = X - [X]$ .
	and $X_2$ be two independent real random variables with respective distributions: $\mathcal{E}(\lambda)$ and ). We set:
	$S = X_1 + X_2, U = \frac{X_1}{S}, V = \frac{X_2}{S}, T = \sup\{U, V\} \text{ and } W = \inf\{U, V\}.$
1.	Determine the distribution of $(S, U)$ .
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9	Determine $f_U$ the marginal distribution of $U$ . Are $S$ and $U$ independent?
ω.	Determine for the marginal assertion of C. The D and C macpenaent:

3.	Express $f_T$ the density of the distribution of $T$ as a function of $f_U$ .
4.	Express $f_W$ the density of the distribution of $W$ as a function of $f_U$ .
C. Let $Y_1$	$,\cdots,Y_n$ be independent real random variables with the same distribution $\mathcal{E}\left(\lambda\right)$ .
1.	Determine $\varphi_{S_n}$ the characteristic function of $S_n = Y_1 + \cdots + Y_n$ . Deduce $\mathbb{E}[S_n]$ and $Var(S_n)$ .

2.	Determine the distibution of $Y_{(1)} = \inf \{Y_1, Y_2, \cdots, Y_n\}$ .
cone	be a random variable following the $\mathcal{E}(\lambda)$ distribution and $Y$ a random variable following, litionally to $\{X = x\}$ , a uniform distribution on $[x, 1 + x]$ Calculate $\mathbb{E}[Y]$ and $Var(Y)$ .
cone	litionally to $\{X = x\}$ , a uniform distribution on $[x, 1 + x]$ $Calculate \mathbb{E}[Y] \text{ and } Var(Y).$
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<b>Z</b> .	Determine the density of the distribution of Y.
3.	Let $Y_1, \dots, Y_n$ be independent random variables with the same distribution as Y.
	<b>a.</b> Show that $T_n = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n (Y_i - \frac{1}{2})$ converges in probability to a random variable to be
	determined.
	<b>b.</b> Show that $W_n = \frac{1}{\sqrt{n}} \sum_{i=1}^n \left( Y_i - \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{\lambda} \right)$ converges in law to a random variable with
	normal distribution $\mathcal{N}(\mu, \sigma)$ , where $\mu$ and $\sigma$ are constants to be determined.