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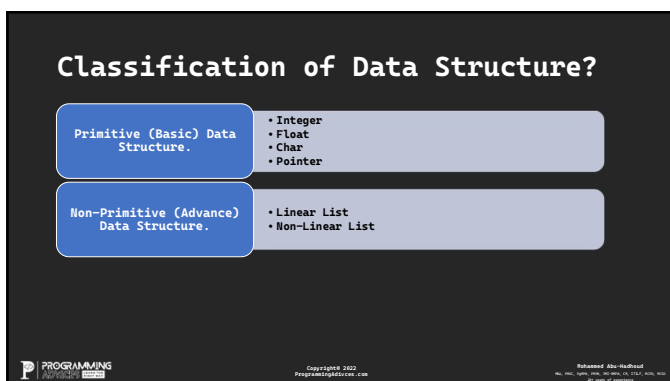
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### Differences:

A primitive data structure:

• Is generally a basic structure that is usually built into the language, such as an integer, a float.

A non-primitive data structure:

• Is built out of primitive data structures linked together in meaningful ways, such as a or a arrays, linked-list, binary search tree, Tree, graph etc.

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### Primitive Data Structure:

Primitive Data Structure.

- Integer
- Float
- Char
- Pointer

- They are basic structures and directly operated upon the machine instructions.
- Integer, Float, Char, pointers..etc., fall in this category.

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### Non-Primitive Data Structure:


Linear List

- Array
- Linked List
- Stack
- Queue

Non-Linear List

- Tree
- Graph

- Complex/Sophisticated Data Structure derived from primitive data structure.
- Emphasize on structuring of group of **homogeneous** (same type) or **heterogeneous** (different type) data items.
- The design of an efficient data structure must take operations to be performed on data structure.

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# Linear vs Non-Linear Data Structures

Linear Data Structure

- Data structure in which data elements are arranged sequentially or linearly, where each element is attached to its previous and next adjacent elements, is called a linear data structure.
- Examples of linear data structures are array, stack, queue, linked list, etc.

Non-Linear Data Structure

- Data structures where data elements are not placed sequentially or linearly are called non-linear data structures. In a non-linear data structure, we can't traverse all the elements in a single run only.
- Examples of this data structure are Tree, Graph, etc.

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# Static vs Non-Static Data Structures

Static data structure

- Static data structure has a fixed memory size. It is easier to access the elements in a static data structure.
- An example of this data structure is an array.

Dynamic data structure

- In dynamic data structure, the size is not fixed. It can be randomly updated during the runtime which may be considered efficient concerning the memory (space) complexity of the code.
- Examples of this data structure are Stack, Queue, etc.

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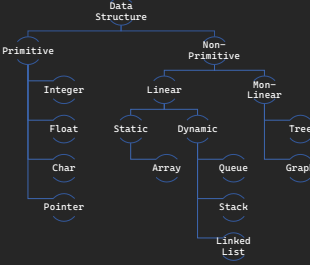
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# Classifications of Data Structure:



```
graph TD; DS[Data Structure] --> P[Primitive]; DS --> NP[Non-Primitive]; P --> Integer; P --> Float; P --> Char; P --> Pointer; NP --> L[Linear]; NP --> NL[Non-Linear]; L --> S[Static]; L --> D[Dynamic]; S --> Array; D --> Queue; D --> Stack; D --> LL[Linked List]; NL --> Tree; NL --> Graph;
```

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Common Operations on Data Structure:

Operations On Data

- Create
- Update
- Search
- Select
- Sorting
- Merging
- Destroy or Delete

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Mohammed Abu-Hadoud

Full Time, Senior, Middle, Jr, Freelance, Remote, On-Site

for every IT Technology

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Thank You

Mohammed Abu-Hadoud

20+ Years of Experience

MSA, PMP, PgMP, PPM, PMI CAPM, PM TTSP, MCP, MCS

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