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IIUM cat-us-trophy



Contents

```
.vimrc
set ai ts=4 sw=4 st=4 noet nu nohls
syntax enable
filetype plugin indent on
map <F6> :w<CR>:!g++ % -g && (ulimit -c unlimited; ./a.out < ~/input.txt) <CR>
map <F5> <F6>
colo pablo
map <F12> :!gdb ./a.out -c core <CR>
template.cpp
#include<cstdio>
#include<sstream>
#include<cstdlib>
#include<cctype>
#include<cmath>
#include <algorithm>
#include<set>
#include<queue>
#include<stack>
#include<list>
#include<iostream>
#include<string>
#include<vector>
#include<cstring>
#include<map>
#include<cassert>
#include<climits>
using namespace std;
#define REP(i,n) for(int i=0; i < (n); i++)
#define FOR(i,a,b) for(int i=(a); i <=(b); i++)
#define FORD(i,a,b) for(int i=(a); i>=(b); i--)
#define FORIT(i, m) for (__typeof((m).begin()) i=(m).begin(); i!=(m).end(); ++i)
#define SET(t,v) memset((t), (v), sizeof(t))
#define ALL(x) x.begin(), x.end()
#define UNIQUE(c) (c).resize( unique( ALL(c) ) - (c).begin() )
#define sz(v) int(v.size())
#define pb push_back
```

```
#define VI vector<int>
#define VS vector<string>
typedef long long LL;
typedef long double LD;
typedef pair<int,int> pii;
\#define D(x) if(1) cout << __LINE__ << " "<< #x " = " << (x) << endl;
\#define D2(x,y) if(1) cout << __LINE__ << \#x " = " << (x) \
      <<", " << #y " = " << (y) << endl;
Mathematical Sums
 \sum_{k=0}^{n} k = n(n+1)/2
\sum_{k=0}^{n} k^2 = n(n+1)(2n+1)/6
\sum_{k=0}^{n} k^4 = (6n^5 + 15n^4 + 10n^3 - n)/30
\sum_{k=0}^{n} x^k = (x^{n+1} - 1)/(x - 1)
                                            \begin{array}{l} \sum_{k=a}^{b} k = (a+b)(b-a+1)/2 \\ \sum_{k=0}^{n} k^3 = n^2(n+1)^2/4 \\ \sum_{k=0}^{n} k^5 = (2n^6+6n^5+5n^4-n^2)/12 \\ \sum_{k=0}^{n} kx^k = (x-(n+1)x^{n+1}+nx^{n+2})/(x-1)^2 \end{array}
RMQ DP
int make_dp(int n) { // N log N
     REP(i,n) H[i][0]=i;
     for(int l=0,k; (k=1 << 1) < n; l++) for(int i=0;i+k < n;i++)
          H[i][1+1] = A[H[i][1]] > A[H[i+k][1]] ? H[i+k][1] : H[i][1];
} // query log N almost O(1)
int query_dp(int a, int b) {
     for(int l=0;;l++) if (a+(1<<l+1) > b) {
          int o2 = H[b-(1<<1)+1][1];
          return A[H[a][1]] < A[o2] ? H[a][1]:o2;
}
     }
Suffix arrays
const int N = 100 * 1000 + 10;
char str[N]; bool bh[N], b2h[N];
int rank[N], pos[N], cnt[N], next[N], lcp[N];
bool smaller(int a, int b) { return str[a] < str[b];}</pre>
void suffix_array(int n) {
     REP(i,n)pos[i]=i, b2h[i]=false;
     sort(pos,pos+n,smaller);
     REP(i,n) bh[i]=!i||str[pos[i]] != str[pos[i-1]];
     for(int h=1;h< n;h*=2) {
          int buckets=0;
          for(int i=0,j; i<n; i=j) {
               j=i+1;
               while(j<n && !bh[j])j++;
               next[i]=j;
               buckets++;
          }
          if(buckets==n)break;
          for(int i=0;i<n;i=next[i]) {</pre>
               cnt[i] = 0;
               FOR(j, i, next[i]-1) rank[pos[j]]=i;
          cnt[rank[n-h]]++;
          b2h[rank[n-h]]=true;
```

```
for(int i=0;i<n;i=next[i]) {</pre>
            FOR(j, i, next[i]-1) {
                int s = pos[j]-h;
                if(s>=0){
                    rank[s] = rank[s] + cnt[rank[s]]++;
                    b2h[rank[s]]=true;
            }
                }
            FOR(j, i, next[i]-1) {
                int s = pos[j]-h;
                if(s>=0 && b2h[rank[s]])
                    for(int k=rank[s]+1;!bh[k] && b2h[k]; k++) b2h[k]=false;
        REP(i,n) pos[rank[i]]=i, bh[i]|=b2h[i];
}
void get_lcp(int n) {
    1cp[0]=0;
    int h=0;
    REP(i,n) if(rank[i]) {
        int j=pos[rank[i]-1];
        while(i+h < n && j+h < n && str[i+h] == str[j+h]) h++;
        lcp[rank[i]]=h;
        if(h)h--;
   }
}
Tarjan's offline LCA
function TarjanOLCA(u)
    MakeSet(u); u.ancestor := u;
    for each v in u.children do
        TarjanOLCA(v); Union(u,v); Find(u).ancestor := u;
   u.colour := black;
    for each v such that {u,v} in P and v.color==black do
        print "LCA", u, v, Find(v).ancestor
Tarjan's Strong Connected Components
procedure tarjan(v)
  index = count; v.lowlink = count++; S.push(v);color[v] = 1;
  for all (v, v2) in E do
     if (!color[v2])
        tarjan(v2); v.lowlink = min(v.lowlink, v2.lowlink);
     else if (color[v2]==1)
        v.lowlink = min(v.lowlink, v2.lowlink);
  if (v.lowlink == index)
    do { v2 = S.top(); S.pop(); print v2; color[v2]=2; } while (v2 != v);
for all v in V do if(!color[v]) tarjan(v);
```