

NOTES:

Sparse matrices are stored in a zipped format to save space in the memory. An example is CSR format. In CSR format, the matrix is represented with three arrays, namely, vals, col_idx and row_ptr

- vals array holds the nonzero elements of the matrix
 - size: # of nonzeros in the matrix
- col_idx array holds the column indices of nonzero elements
 - size: # of nonzeros in the matrix
- row_ptr encodes the index in vals and col_idx where the given row starts. e.g.
 - row_start = row_ptr[row]
 - row_end = row_ptr[row + 1]
 - size: # of rows + 1
- Take a look at fscanf to be able to read numerical values from a file:
<https://cplusplus.com/reference/cstdio/fscanf/>

| | | | | |
|-----|-----|------|-----|------|
| 5.2 | 2.7 | | | |
| | 9.0 | | 3.5 | |
| 4.2 | | | | |
| | | 4.8 | | -3.9 |
| | | -1.5 | 2.0 | 3.7 |

vals:

| | | | | | | | | | |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|------|-----|-----|
| 5.2 | 2.7 | 9.0 | 3.5 | 4.2 | 4.8 | -3.9 | -1.5 | 2.0 | 3.7 |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|------|-----|-----|

cols:

| | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 0 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 2 | 4 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|

rows:

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|----|
| 0 | 2 | 4 | 5 | 7 | 10 |
|---|---|---|---|---|----|

TASK:

Write a C program that

- Reads the input.txt (provided to you) and creates vals, cols and rows arrays.
- Prints the arrays created on the screen

Create your arrays **dynamically**

Input.txt has the # of rows, columns and # of nonzeros listed in its first row, separated by spaces. The rest of the data is <row,col,value> triples given at each line.

The output of your code should look like this:

row_ptr:

0 2 4 5 7 10

col_idx:

0 1 1 3 0 2 4 2 3 4

vals:

5.2 2.7 9.0 3.5 4.2 4.8 -3.9 -1.5 2.0 3.7