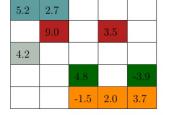
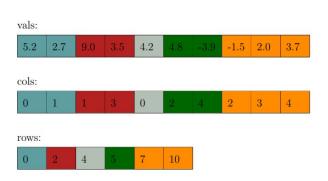


NOTES:

Sparse matrices are stored in a zipped format to save space in the memory. An example is CSR format. In CSR format, the matrix is represented with three arrays, namely, vals, col_idx and row_ptr



- vals array holds the nonzero elements of the matrix
 - size: # of nonzeros in the matrix
- col_idx array holds the column indices of nonzero elements
 - size: # of nonzeros in the matrix
- row_ptr encodes the index in vals and col_idx where the given row starts. e.g.
 - o row_start = row_ptr[row]
 - o row_end = row_ptr[row + 1]
 - size: # of rows + 1



• Take a look at fscanf to be able to read numerical values from a file: https://cplusplus.com/reference/cstdio/fscanf/

TASK:

Write a C program that

- Reads the input.txt (provided to you) and creates vals, cols and rows arrays.
- Prints the arrays created on the screen

Create your arrays dynamically

Input.txt has the # of rows, columns and # of nonzeros listed in its first row, separated by spaces. The rest of the data is <row,col,value> triples given at each line.

The output of your code should look like this:

row_ptr:

0245710

col_idx:

0113024234

vals:

5.2 2.7 9.0 3.5 4.2 4.8 -3.9 -1.5 2.0 3.7