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1]/*Develop a Java program to create an abstract class named Shape that
contains two integers and an empty method named printArea(). Provide
three classes named Rectangle, Triangle and Circle such that each one of
the classes extends the class Shape. Each one of the classes contain only
the method printArea() that prints the area of the given shape.*/
abstract class Shape {
   int dim1;
   Shape(int dim1, int dim2) {
       this.dim2 = dim2;
   abstract void printArea();
   Rectangle(int length, int breadth) {
       super(length, breadth);
   @Override
   void printArea() {
       int area = dim1 * dim2;
       System.out.println("Area of Rectangle: " + area);
```

```
class Triangle extends Shape {
    Triangle(int base, int height) {
   void printArea() {
       double area = 0.5 * dim1 * dim2;
       System.out.println("Area of Triangle: " + area);
   Circle(int radius) {
       super(radius, 0);
   void printArea() {
       double area = Math.PI * dim1 * dim1;
       System.out.println("Area of Circle: " + area);
public class PRG11{
   public static void main(String[] args) {
        Shape rectangle = new Rectangle(10, 5);
        Shape triangle = new Triangle(10, 20);
        Shape circle = new Circle(20);
```

```
rectangle.printArea();
triangle.printArea();
circle.printArea();
}
```

op:

```
Area of Rectangle: 50
Area of Triangle: 100.0
Area of Circle: 1256.6370614359173
2]/*Practice programs on Generics on classes and methods separately.*/
public class Main {
  public static <T> void printArray(T[] array) {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
      printArray(strArray);
Op:
Integer array: 1 2 3
String array: A B C
```

```
3]/*Develop a Java program to create a class Bank that maintains two kinds of account
for its
customers, one called savings account and the other current account. The savings
provides compound interest and withdrawal facilities but no cheque book facility. The
account provides cheque book facility but no interest. Current account holders should
maintain a minimum balance and if the balance falls below this level, a service charge
imposed.
this derive the classes Cur-acct and Sav-acct to make them more specific to their
a) Accept deposit from customer and update the balance.
b) Display the balance.
c) Compute and deposit interest
d) Permit withdrawal and update the balance
abstract class Acc {
  public void deposit(double amount) {
  public void displayBalance() {
  public abstract void withdraw(double amount);
```

```
public abstract void computeInterest();
public void computeInterest() {
public void withdraw(double amount) {
        System.out.println("Withdrawn: " + amount + ". Bal: " + ib);
    super(custName, accNum, ib);
public void computeInterest() {
```

```
public void withdraw(double amount) {
          System.out.println("Withdrawn: " + amount + ". Bal: " + ib);
               ib -= SERVICE CHARGE;
  public static void main(String[] args) {
      savingsAccount.deposit(500);
      savingsAccount.computeInterest();
       savingsAccount.withdraw(300);
       savingsAccount.displayBalance();
      currentAccount.deposit(300);
      currentAccount.computeInterest();
      currentAccount.withdraw(200);
       currentAccount.displayBalance();
Op:
Deposited: 500.0. Bal: 2500.0
Interest added. Bal: 2600.0
Withdrawn: 300.0. Bal: 2300.0
Bal: 2300.0
Deposited: 300.0. Bal: 5300.0
No interest on CurAcct.
Withdrawn: 400.0. Bal: 4900.0
Withdrawn: 200.0. Bal: 4700.0
Bal: 4700.0
```