

1]Develop a Java program to demonstrate Banking System, demonstrate different features such deposit, withdrawal of the amount can be done with ease. Demonstrate for atleast 15 customers.

```
import java.util.*;

class BankAccount {
    long money = 0;
    int account_number;

    BankAccount(int acc) {
        this.account_number = acc;
    }

    BankAccount(int account_number, long money) {
        this.account_number = account_number;
        this.money = money;
    }

    void deposit(int depo) {
        this.money += depo;
        System.out.println(depo + " deposited, balance: " + money);
    }

    void withdraw(int depo) {
        if (money - depo < 0) {
            System.out.println("Insufficient balance");
            return;
        }
        this.money -= depo;
        System.out.println(depo + " withdrawn, balance: " + money);
    }
}

public class Bankmain {
    public static void main(String args[]) {
        Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in);
        int n;
        BankAccount[] accounts = new BankAccount[100];

        System.out.println("Welcome");
    }
}
```

```

System.out.println("Enter number of customers:");
n = input.nextInt();

for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
    System.out.println("Enter account number:");
    int acc = input.nextInt();
    System.out.println("Deposit money?(1/0):");
    int choice = input.nextInt();
    if (choice == 1) {
        System.out.println("Enter deposit amount:");
        long money = input.nextLong();
        accounts[i] = new BankAccount(acc, money);
    } else {
        accounts[i] = new BankAccount(acc);
    }
}

while (true) {
    System.out.println("Enter ur choice: 1)Deposit 2)Withdraw 3)Exit");
    int choice = input.nextInt();
    if (choice == 3) break;
    System.out.println("Enter account number:");
    int acc = input.nextInt();
    boolean found = false;
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        if (accounts[i].account_number == acc) {
            found = true;
            if (choice == 1) {
                System.out.println("Enter deposit amount:");
                int money = input.nextInt();
                accounts[i].deposit(money);
            } else {
                System.out.println("Enter withdrawal amount:");
                int money = input.nextInt();
                accounts[i].withdraw(money);
            }
            break;
        }
    }
    if (!found) System.out.println("Account not found");
}
}

```

```
}
op:
Welcome
Enter number of customers:
2
Enter account number:
101
Deposit money?(1/0):
1
Enter deposit amount:
5000
Enter account number:
102
Deposit money?(1/0):
0
Enter your choice: 1)Deposit 2)Withdraw 3)Exit
1
Enter account number:
101
Enter deposit amount:
2000 deposited, balance: 7000
Enter your choice: 1)Deposit 2)Withdraw 3)Exit
2
Enter account number:
102
Enter withdrawal amount:
1000
Insufficient balance
Enter your choice: 1)Deposit 2)Withdraw 3)Exit
2
Enter account number:
101
Enter withdrawal amount:
3000 withdrawn, balance: 4000
Enter your choice: 1)Deposit 2)Withdraw 3)Exit
3

2]Demonstrate Static variables and methods example
```

```

class Counter {
    static int ct= 0;

    static void increment() {
        ct++;
    }

    static void displayCount() {
        System.out.println("Count:" + ct);
    }
}

public class StaticExample {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Counter.increment();
        Counter.increment();
        Counter.displayCount();
    }
}

```

op:

Count:2

3]Demonstrate Inner classes.

```

public class Outer{
    public String of = "offff";

    public class Inner{
        public void display() {
            System.out.println(of);
        }
    }
}

public class InnerClass{
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Outer outer = new Outer();
        Outer.Inner inner = outer.new Inner();
        inner.display();
    }
}

```

```
}
```

```
op:offff
```

4]Write a Java program to Method and constructor Overloading

```
class Overload {  
    Overload() {  
        System.out.println("No parameters");  
    }  
    Overload(int a) {  
        System.out.println("One parameter: " + a);  
    }  
    Overload(int a, int b) {  
        System.out.println("Two parameters: " + a + ", " + b);  
    }  
    void display() {  
        System.out.println("No parameters");  
    }  
    void display(int a) {  
        System.out.println("One parameter: " + a);  
    }  
    void display(int a, int b) {  
        System.out.println("Two parameters: " + a + ", " + b);  
    }  
}
```

```
public class Overloading{  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        Overload obj1 = new Overload();  
        Overload obj2 = new Overload(10);  
        Overload obj3 = new Overload(20, 30);  
  
        obj1.display();  
        obj2.display(100);  
        obj3.display(200, 300);  
    }  
}
```

```
op:
```

```
No parameters
```

```
One parameter: 10
```

```
Two parameters: 20, 30
```

```
No parameters in display
```

```
One parameter in display: 100
```

Two parameters in display: 200, 300

5]Write a Java program to Implement single inheritance using Box Example

```
class Box {
    int width;
    int height;

    Box(int w, int h) {
        width = w;
        height = h;
    }
    void display() {
        System.out.println("Width: " + width + ", Height: " + height);
    }
}

class Boxweight extends Box {
    int weight;

    Boxweight(int w, int h, int wt) {
        super(w, h);
        weight = wt;
    }
    void displayWeight() {
        System.out.println("Weight: " + weight);
    }
}

public class Inheritance{
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        BoxWeight box = new Boxweight(10, 20, 30);
        box.display();
        box.displayWeight();
    }
}

op:
Width: 10, Height: 20
Weight: 30
```

