

# Amazon Sales & Fulfillment: Data-Driven Insights for Optimization & Growth

Capstone project analyzing Amazon's sales and fulfillment data for performance improvements and strategic recommendations.

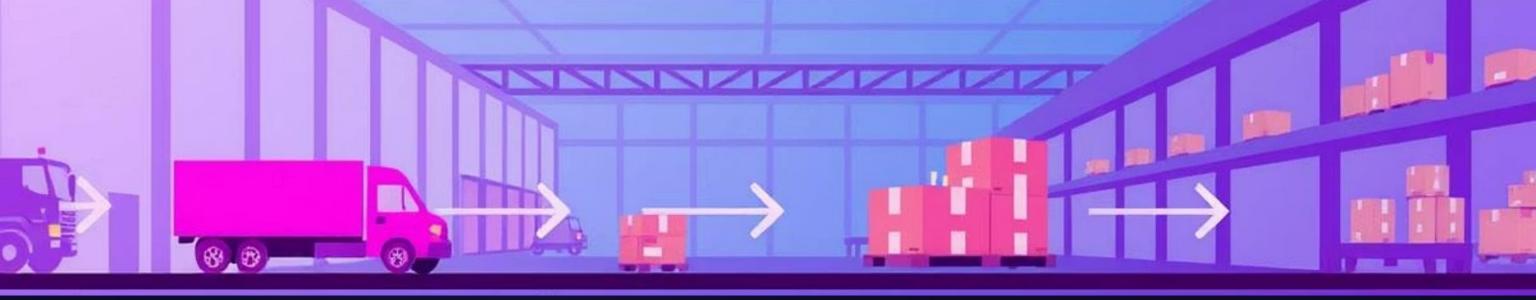
Presented by: Tarun Kandarpa | Roll Number: 23f2002936 | IIT Madras BS Data Science | April 2025

# Amazon Sales & Fulfillment Overview

Amazon leads global e-commerce across B2C and B2B markets. It offers vast catalogs including fashion, electronics, groceries, and books. Dual fulfillment models enable flexibility and speed.

FBA lets Amazon handle storage, packing, and shipping; MFN lets sellers self-fulfill. Predictive analytics and real-time logistics drive faster deliveries and operational excellence.





## Problem Statement & Project Objectives

High Order Cancellations

Linked to tracking issues, stockouts, and product detail gaps causing lost revenue.

**Promotion Ineffectiveness** 

No discounts on many items reduce sales potential.

**Fulfillment & Delivery Challenges** 

Merchant Fulfilled Network experiences more delays and inconsistency than FBA.

**Project Objective** 

Analyze sales, delays, cancellations by fulfillment type and promotions to optimize performance.

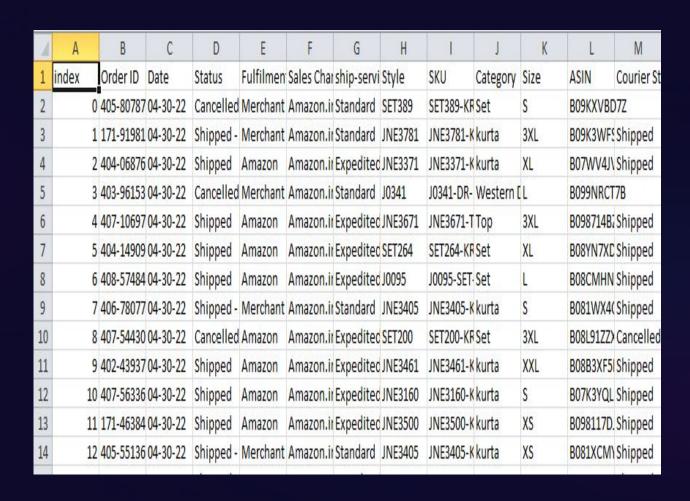
# Dataset Overview & Metadata

Dataset Source
Kaggle's "Amazon India Sales
Report" with 128,975 rows
and 22 columns.

Key Fields
Order ID, Date, Status,
Fulfillment Type, SKU,
Quantity, Amount, Courier
Status, Promotions, Region.

#### Descriptive Stats & Completeness

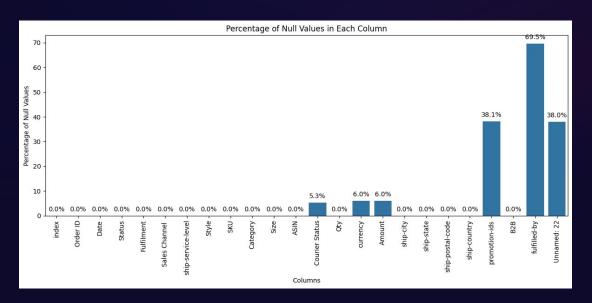
- Average Quantity: 0.90, Max: 15
- Average Order Amount: ₹648, Max: ₹5,584
- Missing Data: Courier Status 5.3%, Promotions 38.1%, Fulfilled-by
   69.5%



# Data Cleaning & Preprocessing

#### **Tools Used**

Python (Pandas, NumPy), plus Google Sheets/Excel for cleaning and organizing data.



#### Cleaning Steps

Removed irrelevant columns, contextually imputed missing values, flagged delays.

#### Standardization

Standardized date formats and numerical values for consistency.

| Status                        | Courier Status     | Delay Flag |
|-------------------------------|--------------------|------------|
| Pending                       | Unshipped, UNKNOWN | Yes        |
| Shipping                      | Unshipped, UNKNOWN | Yes        |
| Pending - Waiting for Pick Up | Unshipped, UNKNOWN | Yes        |
| Shipped - Out for Delivery    | Unshipped, UNKNOWN | Yes        |

#### Feature Engineering

Created Delay Flag from Status and Courier Status fields.

Sales, Category & SKU-Level Analysis

#### Monthly Sales

April peaked at ₹17.5M, May dropped to ₹14.9M, June declined to ~₹12.5M.

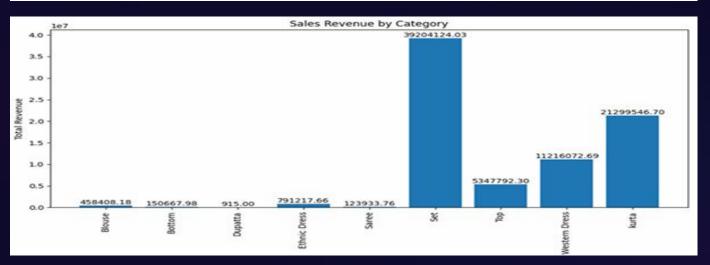
Seasonality and inventory imbalances affect overall sales volume.

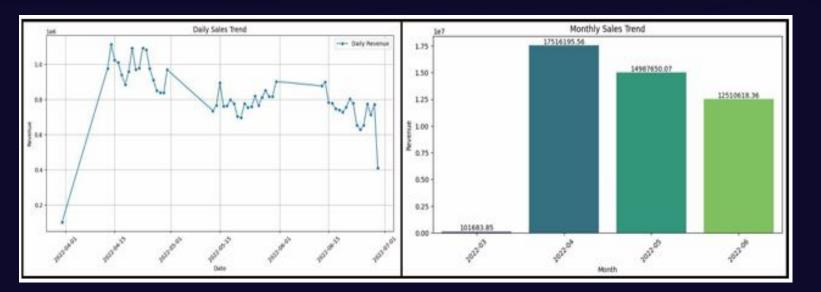
#### Top SKUs & Revenue

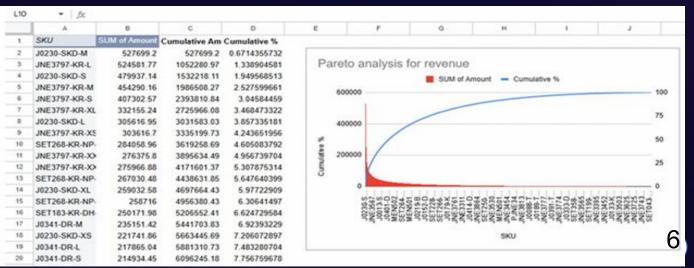
- JNE3797-KR-L: 661 units sold
- KR-M: 561 units
- KR-S: 503 units

Top categories: Sets ₹39.2M, Kurtas ₹21.3M, Western Dresses ₹11.2M. Pareto principle confirmed: 20% SKUs generate 80% revenue.







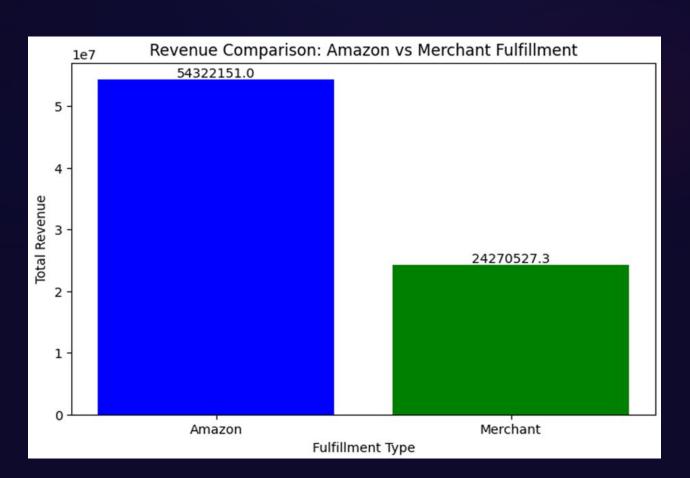


### Fulfillment Method Analysis

#### Amazon Fulfillment (FBA)

Handled 89,698 orders generating ₹54.3M in revenue.

Fewer delays (411 incidents) and stronger tracking reliability.



#### Merchant Fulfilled Network (MFN)

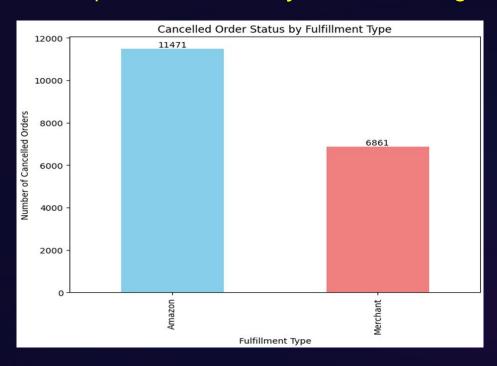
Handled 39,277 orders generating ₹24.3M in revenue.

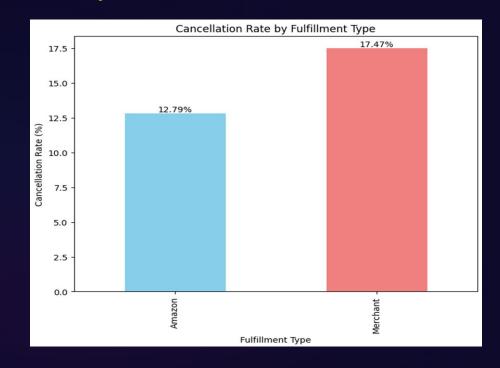
Higher delays (524 incidents), impacting customer satisfaction.

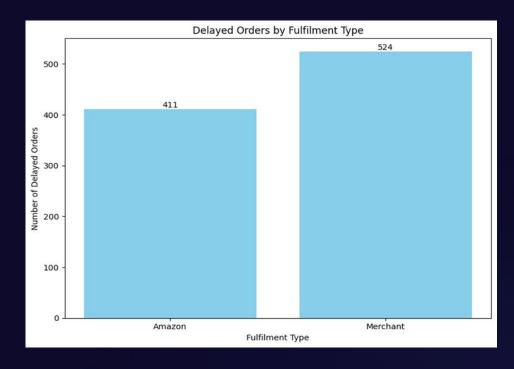


### Cancellation & Delay Analysis

#### Operational Delays → Tracking Uncertainty → Customer Frustration → Increased Cancellations







#### Cancelled Order Status

Amazon shows a higher number of cancellations due to its larger order volume. However, cancellation rate, not just absolute numbers, provides a clearer picture of the severity.

#### Cancellation Rates Comparison

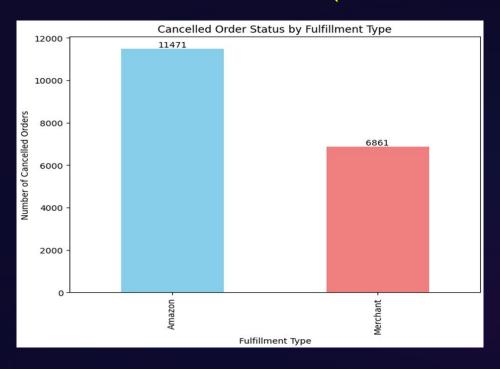
Amazon FBA has a lower cancellation rate (12.79%) compared to Merchant Fulfilled (17.47%), reflecting logistics efficiency differences.

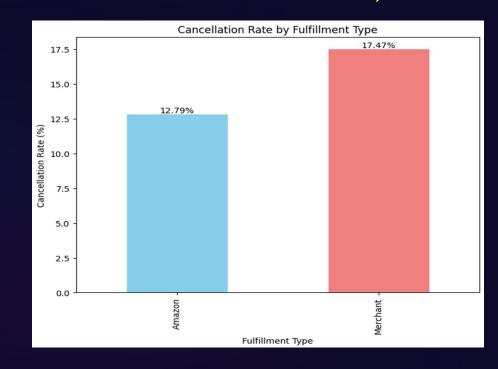
#### Delays Drive Cancellations

Merchant-fulfilled orders faced more delays (524 vs. 411 in Amazon). While not the sole cause, shipping delays can negatively affect customer satisfaction and increase the likelihood of cancellations, especially when delivery speed matters.

### Cancellation & Delay Analysis

#### Cancellation Rate = (Number of Cancelled Orders / Total Orders) × 100







#### Cancelled Order Status

Amazon shows a higher number of cancellations due to its larger order volume. However, cancellation rate, not just absolute numbers, provides a clearer picture of the severity.

#### Cancellation Rates Comparison

Amazon FBA has a lower cancellation rate (12.79%) compared to Merchant Fulfilled (17.47%), reflecting logistics efficiency differences.

#### Delays Drive Cancellations

Merchant-fulfilled orders faced more delays (524 vs. 411 in Amazon). While not the sole cause, shipping delays can negatively affect customer satisfaction and increase the likelihood of cancellations, especially when delivery speed matters.

# Promotion Impact Analysis

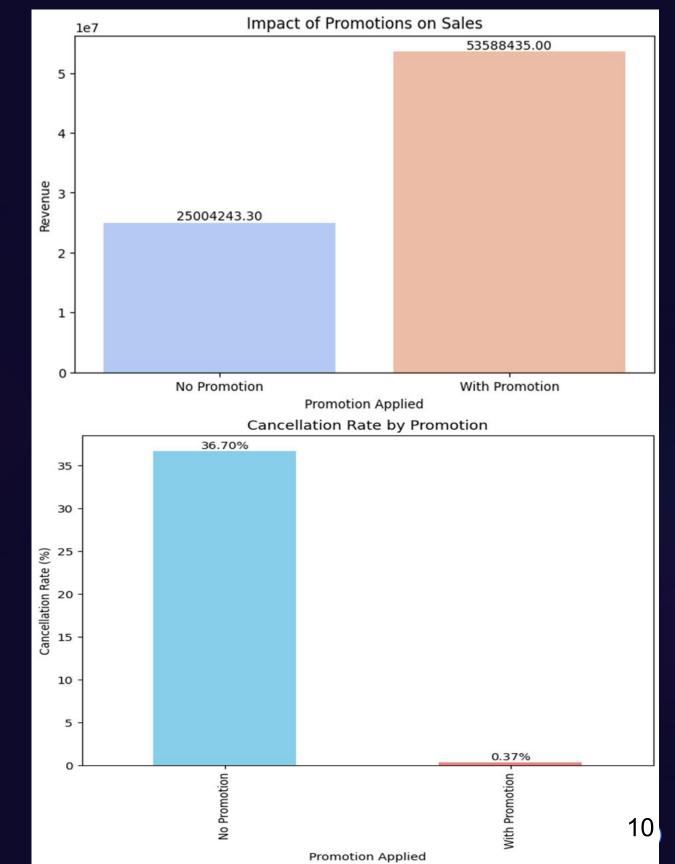
Revenue Impact
₹53.6M revenue from
promoted products versus
₹25M without.

Cancellation Rate
With Promotions: 0.37%
cancellations
Without Promotions: 36.7%
cancellations

#### Key Insight

Promotions significantly improve sales and reduce customer drop-offs.

Structured campaigns are vital for high-demand SKUs.





#### Interpretation of Results

#### Sales Volatility

Sales volatility from April to June indicates potential supply chain instability, stockouts, or fluctuating demand.

#### Category Insights

"Set" and "Kurta" categories dominate both in sales volume and revenue, confirming strong customer preference and category reliability.

#### Performance Decline

While April shows peak performance (~ ₹17.5M), it's followed by a consistent drop (to ~₹12.5M in June), suggesting unresolved operational issues like poor inventory forecasting or logistics constraints.



#### Interpretation of Results

#### Pareto Principle

Pareto Principle is validated: 20% of SKUs generate over 80% of revenue. Any disruptions to these high-impact SKUs disproportionately affect performance.

#### Fulfillment Performance

Amazon Fulfillment (FBA)
significantly outperforms
Merchant Fulfilled in all areas:
order volume, revenue, and fewer
delays.

#### Cancellations

Cancellations are clearly higher in merchant-fulfilled orders (17.47%) than in Amazon-fulfilled ones (12.79%), highlighting customer dissatisfaction caused by delayed shipping and poor courier tracking.

- Delays & Cancellations
  Delays are closely linked to cancellations,
  especially when courier status remains
  unshipped or unknown strong correlation.
- Promotions have a transformative effect:
  doubling revenue and slashing cancellation

**Promotions** 

rates from 36.7% to 0.37%. This shows that customers are more committed when incentives are aligned.

Underperforming Categories

Underperforming categories like "Dupatta" and "Saree" have minimal sales and should be reassessed for inclusion in future campaigns or inventory planning.

#### Recommendations

#### Fulfillment Optimization

- Increase orders processed via Amazon's fulfillment network—leveraging its lower cancellation rate (12.79%) and higher revenue.
- Standardize merchant procedures through real-time tracking and clear SLAs to reduce delays for Merchant Fulfilled orders.

#### Promotional Strategies

- Develop consistent, targeted promotional campaigns for key categories like Set and Kurta.
- Incentivize prepayment with discounts or loyalty rewards to substantially reduce cancellation rates.

2

7

#### Inventory Management

- Implement dynamic reordering based on real-time data to ensure high-demand SKUs such as JNE3797-KR-L and JNE3797-KR-M are always stocked.
- Regularly perform SKU rationalization to focus on the top 20% of SKUs driving 80% of revenue.

#### Customer Retention

- Enhance order tracking and communication systems for real-time updates.
- Refine product listings with improved descriptions and quality control to minimize cancellations.

#### Operational Efficiency

- Automate order processing to reduce errors and expedite dispatch.
- Strengthen courier coordination through real-time tracking and performance incentives to cut delays.