## Lead Scoring Case Study Using Logistic Regression



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- □Objective of the Business
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- **DEDA**
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#### Statement Of Problem:-

- X Education is selling the online courses to the industry professionals.
- XEducation is having ample amount of leads.those leads conversion rates are lower.If we consider an example, they had 100 leads, only 30 of them joins the organisation.
- This process can be made optimistic is surfing for the most potential leads, called "Hot Leads"
- If everything works great then those set of leads are more into the conversion rate, through which the sales leads will follow up the "Hot Leads".

#### Objective of the Business :-

- The Lead X wants us to build a model that analyzes each lead and assigns them a score between 0 and 100. The higher the score, the "hotter" the lead, meaning they're more interested and ready to buy.
- CEO wish us to achieve a lead conversion rate of 80%.
- They wanted a Model to adapt to peak times, optimize manpower, and outline post-target strategies for effective implementation and sustained success.

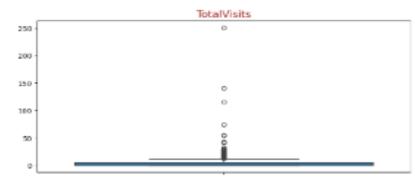
#### Solution Methodology:-

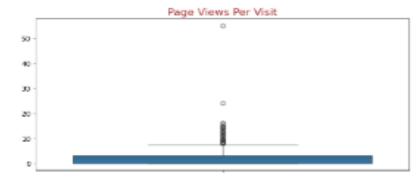
- o Data cleaning and data Inspection.
- o EDA
- o Dummy Variable Creation
- o Test-Train split
- o Feature scaling
- o Dropping highly correlated dummy variables
- o Model Building (RFE Rsquared VIF and pvalues)
- o Model Evaluation
- o Checking Accuracy
- o Finding Optimal Cutoff Point
- o Making predictions on test set

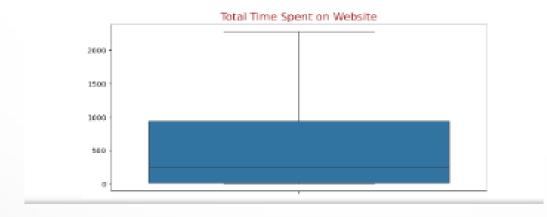


## **Outlier Analysis**

#### Checking Outliers using Boxplot



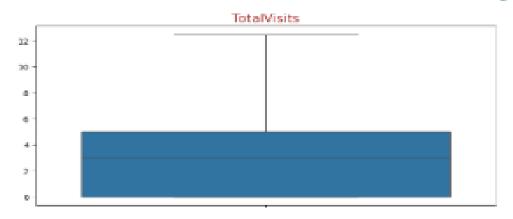


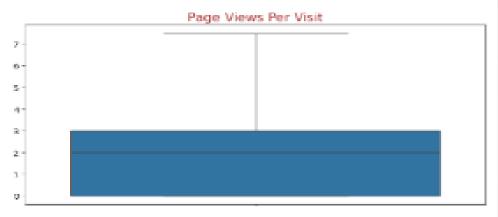


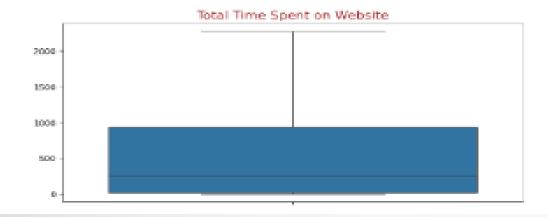
## Checking Outliers with Boxplot:-



#### Checking Outliers using Boxplot







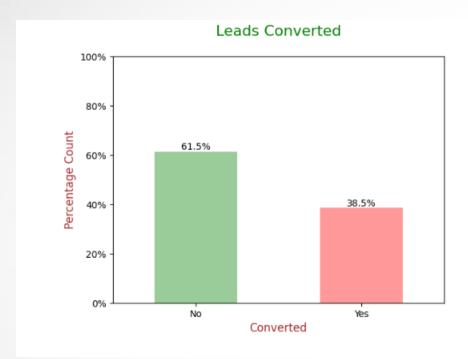


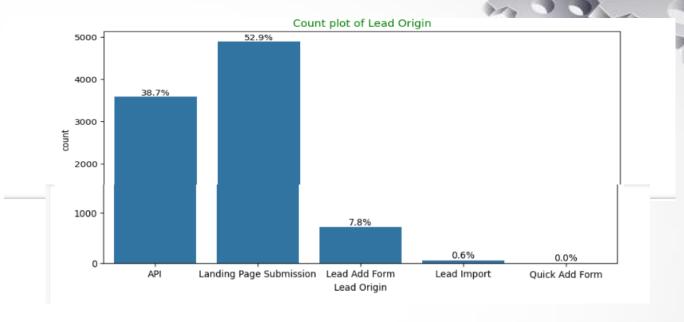
# Exploratory Data Analysis

#### **Univariate Analysis**

- Most people find us through Google or directly visiting our site, making these the primary lead sources.
- The majority of site visitors are unemployed individuals, highlighting a potential demographic focus for outreach and support.
- Email opening marks the final step for most leads, emphasizing the importance of email communication in our engagement strategy.
- Most leads originate from submitting landing pages, indicating the effectiveness of our landing page design in capturing interest.

# Leads Converted ,Univariate Analysis for Categorical---Variables:-

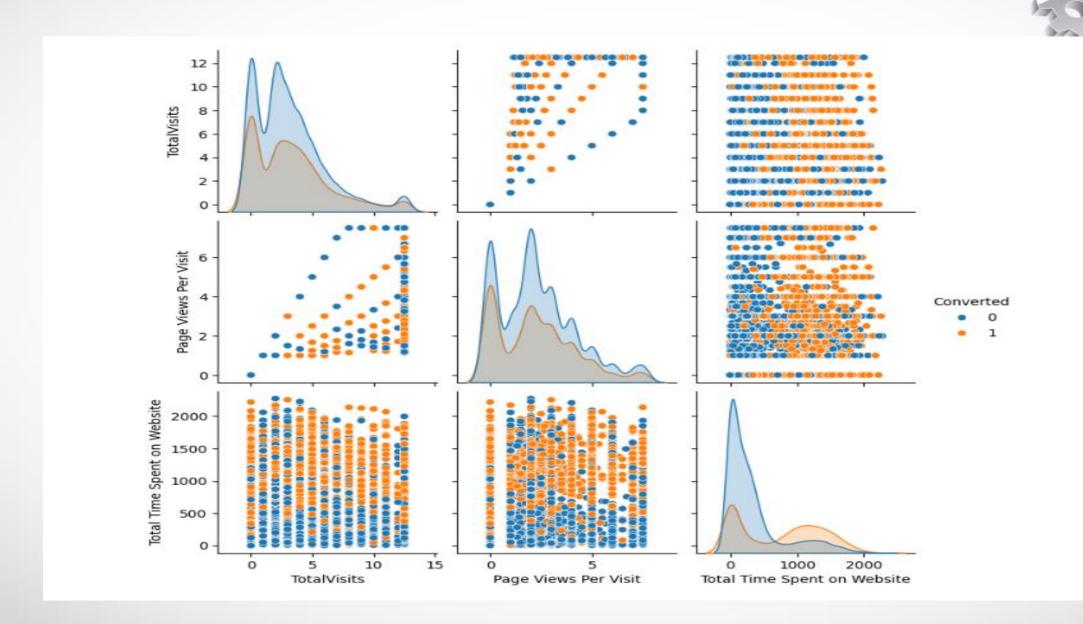




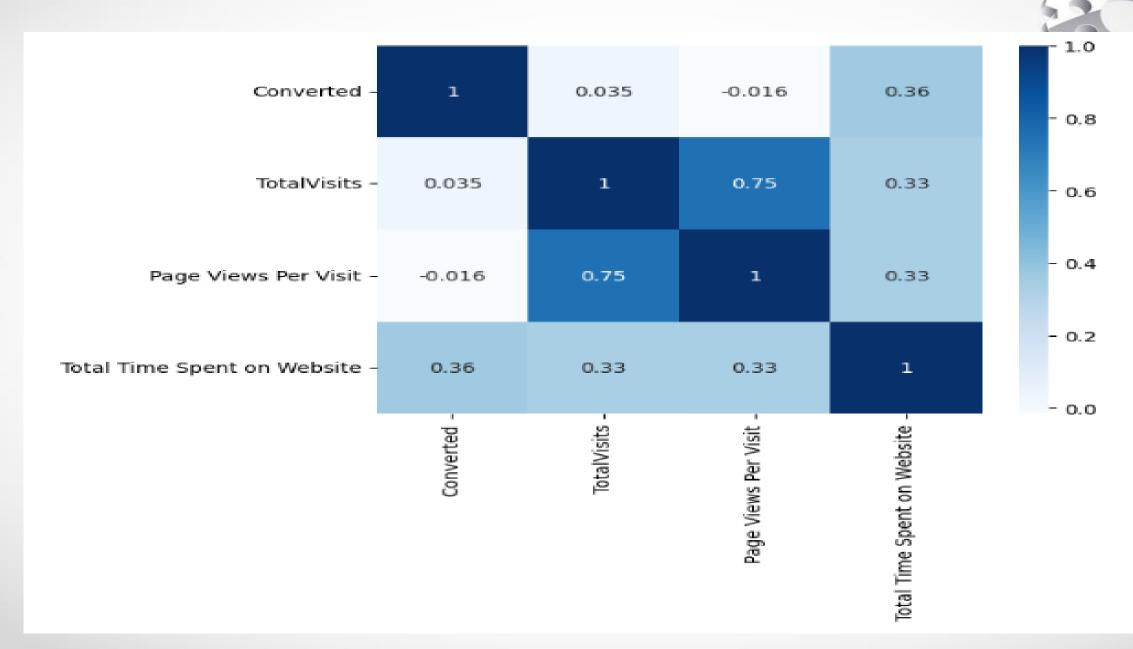
#### **Bivariate Analysis**

- "Lead forms & landing pages yield most conversions, prioritize Google/Direct Traffic sources."
- "Email/SMS activity drives highest conversions, prioritize outreach to these leads."
- "India leads in conversions, focus on finance, marketing, HR.
   Professionals prioritize over housewives."
- "Career prospects drive course opt-ins, prioritize clients with this motivation."
- "Tag 'revert after email' has highest conversion rate among others."
- "Target Mumbai for lead conversion first, then Tier II cities."
- "SMS leads in conversions, followed by email opens,"

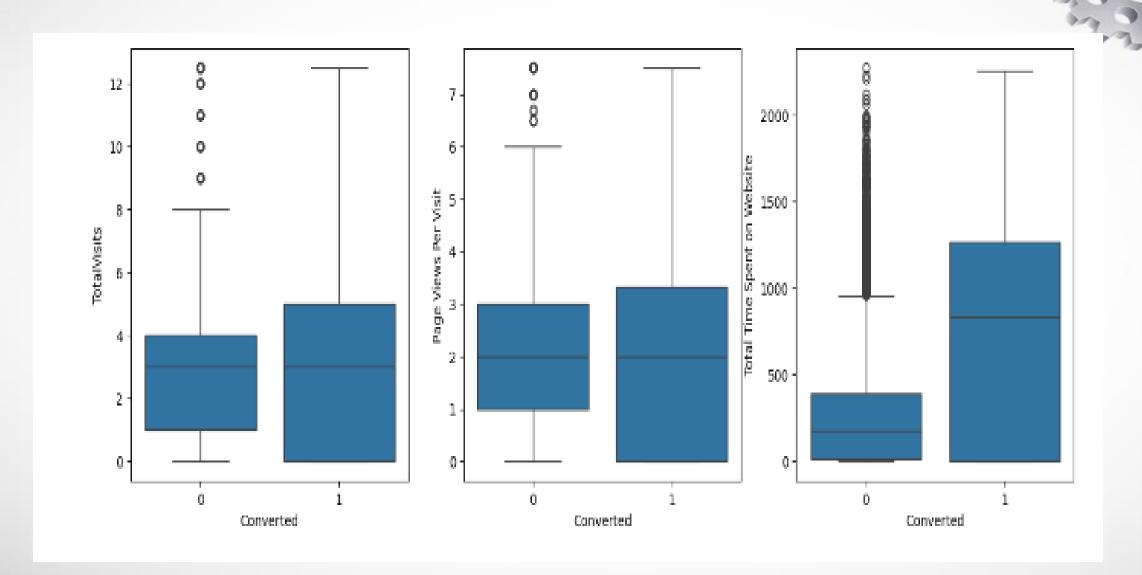
#### **EDA BIVARIATE ANALYSIS:-**

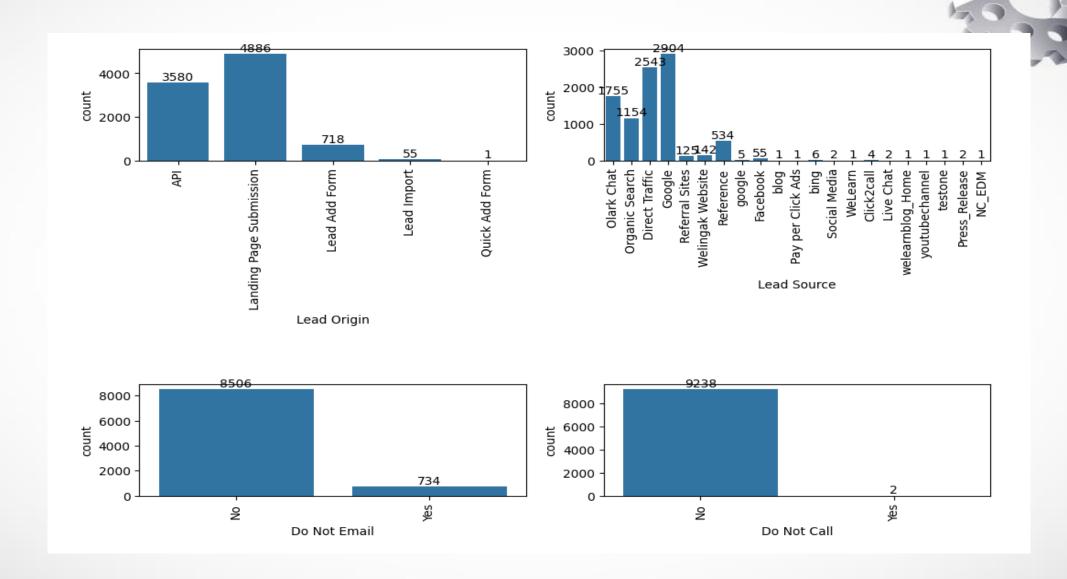


#### **HEATMAP**:-

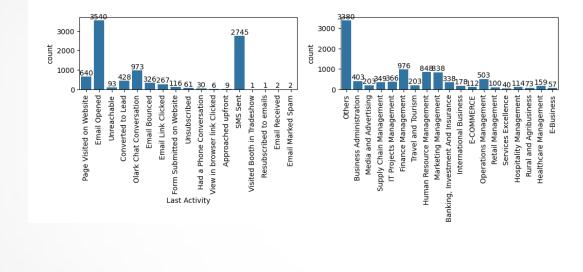


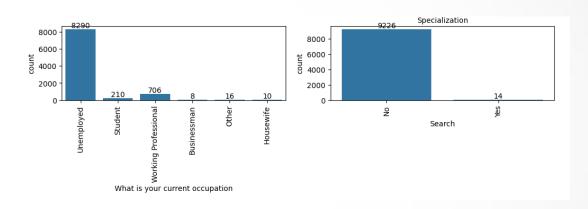
#### Boxplot with Converted as hue

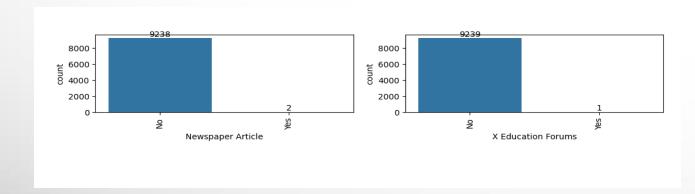


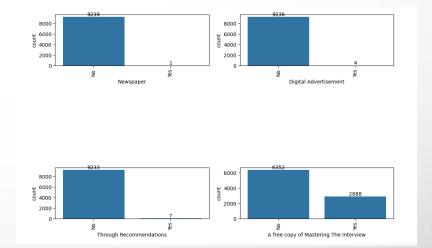






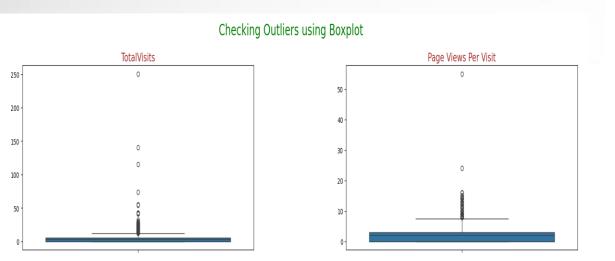


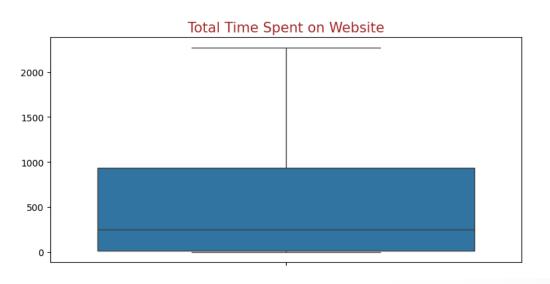




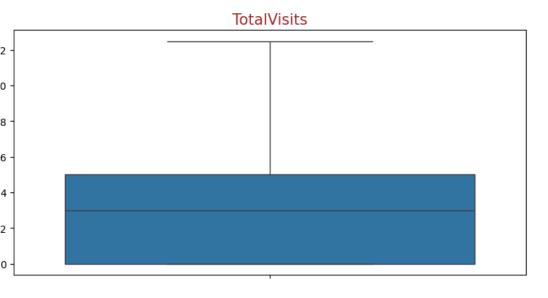
#### **MODEL BUILDING:-**

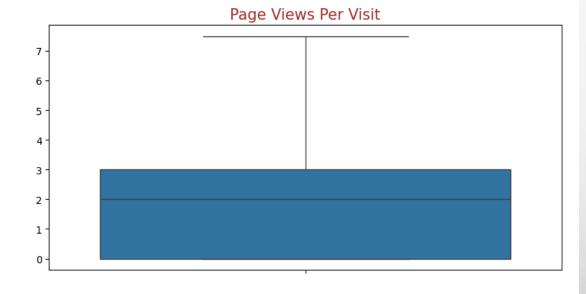
- "Split data into training and testing sets."
- "Scale variables in the training set for consistency."
- "Construct initial model."
- "Use Recursive Feature Elimination (RFE) to remove less important variables."
- "Refine model by eliminating variables with high p-values."
- "Assess multicollinearity with Variance Inflation Factor (VIF)."
- "Make predictions using the training set."
- "Evaluate model accuracy and other metrics."
- "Apply model to predict outcomes using the test set."
- "Analyze precision and recall of test predicting future insights."

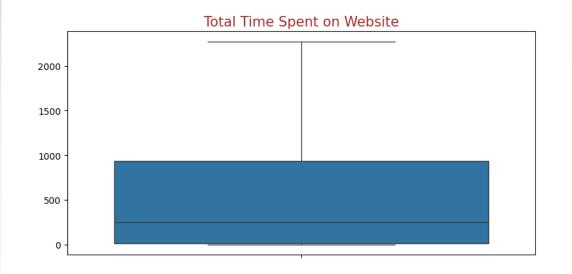


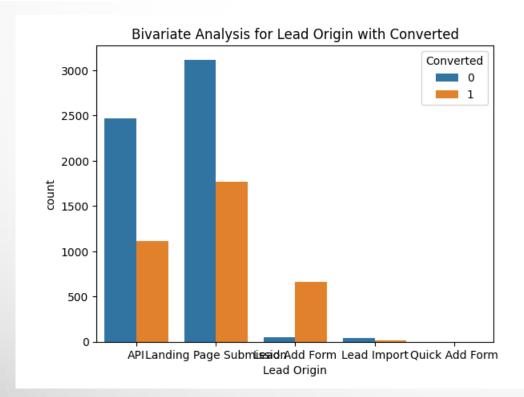


#### Checking Outliers using Boxplot

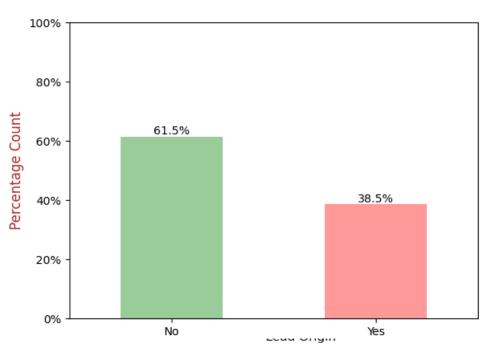


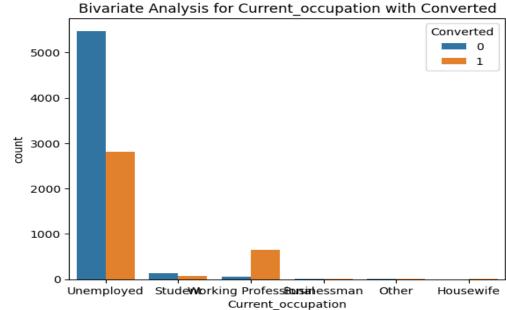


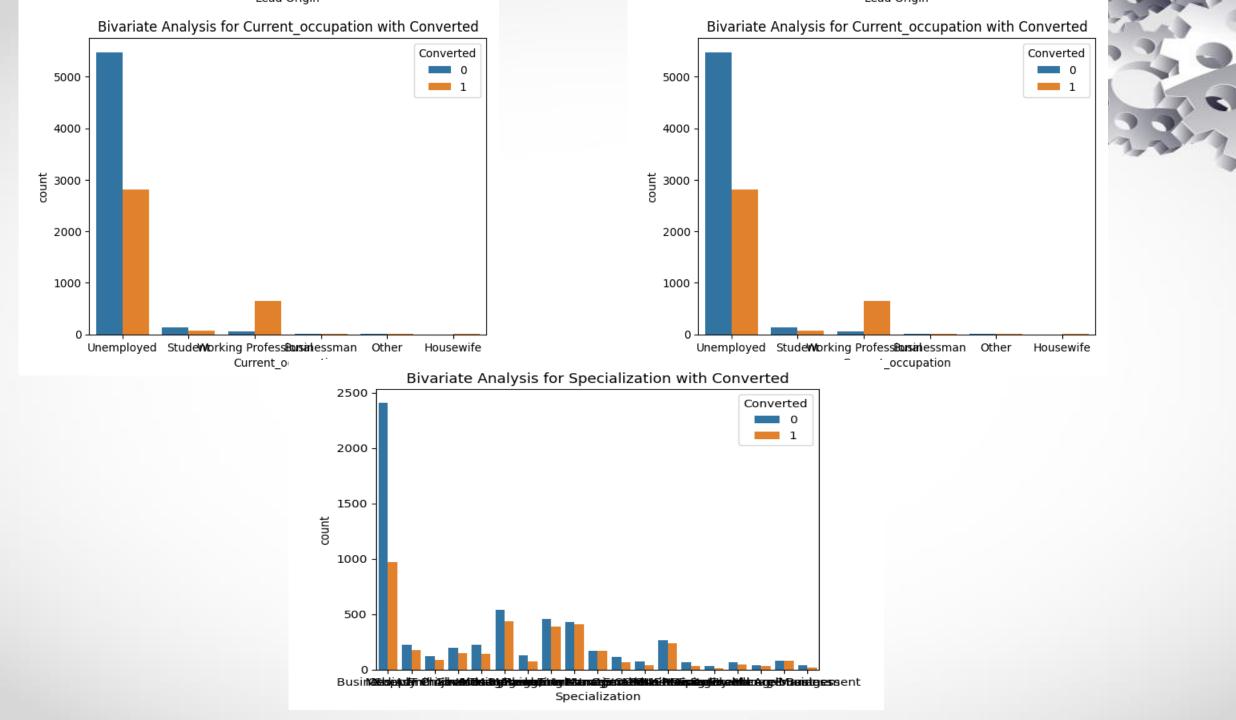






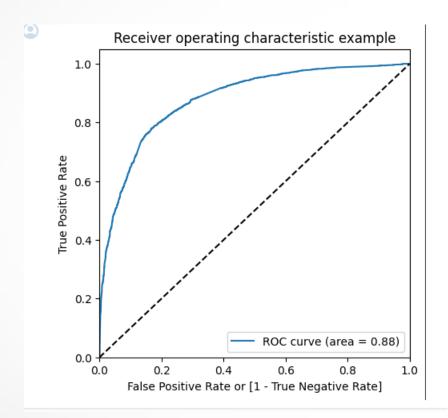


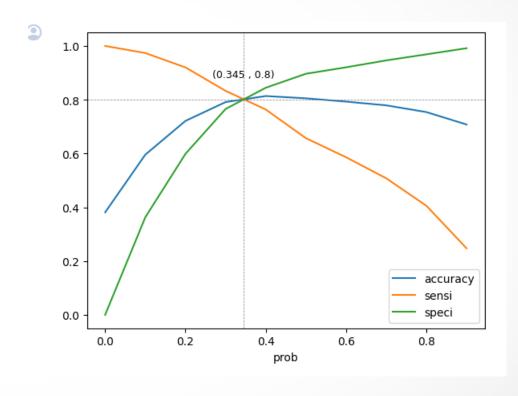


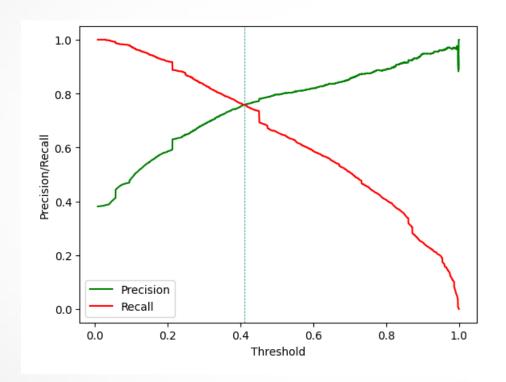


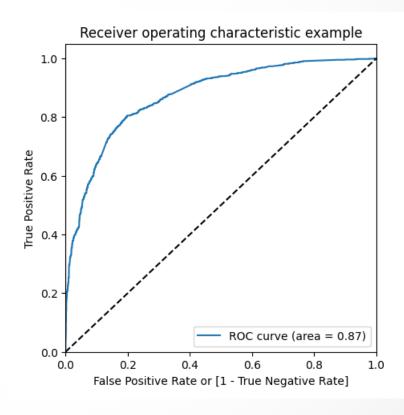


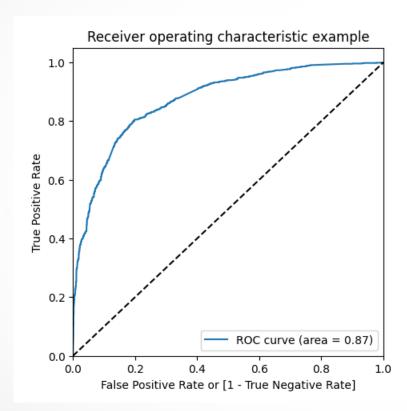
# MODEL EVALUATION













[ ] # features and their coefficieent from final model parameters=logm4.params.sort\_values(ascending=False) parameters

| Lead Source_Welingak Website            | 5.388662  |
|---|-----------|
| Lead Source_Reference                   | 2.925326  |
| Current_occupation_Working Professional | 2.669665  |
| Last Activity_SMS Sent                  | 2.051879  |
| Last Activity_Others                    | 1.253061  |
| Total Time Spent on Website             | 1.049789  |
| Last Activity_Email Opened              | 0.942099  |
| Lead Source_Olark Chat                  | 0.907184  |
| Last Activity_Olark Chat Conversation   | -0.555605 |
| const                                   | -1.023594 |
| Specialization_Hospitality Management   | -1.094445 |
| Specialization_Others                   | -1.203333 |
| Lead Origin_Landing Page Submission     | -1.258954 |
| dtype: float64                          |           |

```
[ ] # Lets add Lead Score

y_pred_final['Lead_Score'] = y_pred_final['Converted_Prob'].map( lambda x: round(x*100))
y_pred_final.head()
```

|   | Prospect ID | Converted | Converted_Prob | final_predicted | Lead_Score |
|---|-------------|-----------|----------------|-----------------|------------|
| 0 | 4269        | 1         | 0.697934       | 1               | 70         |
| 1 | 2376        | 1         | 0.860665       | 1               | 86         |
| 2 | 7766        | 1         | 0.889241       | 1               | 89         |
| 3 | 9199        | 0         | 0.057065       | 0               | 6          |
| 4 | 4359        | 1         | 0.871510       | 1               | 87         |

Lead Score: Lead Score is assigned to the customers

- The customers with a higher lead score have a higher conversion chance
- The customers with a lower lead score have a lower conversion chance.



## FINAL CONCLUSION

#### **Evaluation Metrics:**

- Train set :
- o Accuracy -> 81.7%
- o Sensitivity-> 79.9%
- o Specificity-> 82.7%
- For Test set :
- o Accuracy: 79.8%
- o Sensitivity: 75.99%
- o Specificity: 82.15%
- Evaluation metrics in both test and train dataset are consistent.
   Therefore

#### Evaluation Metrics(Contd.):-

- final model is performing good.
- Top 3 features contributing to predicting hot leads are:
- o Lead Origin\_Lead Add Form
- o Current\_occupation\_Working Professional
- o Last Activity\_SMS Sent

#### Recommendations:-

- Lead Origin, Current Occupation, and Last Activity are top contributors to lead conversion probability.
- Focus on Lead Add Form origin, Working Professional occupation, and Customer SMS activity for conversion.
- Improve Specialization-Others, Olark Chat Last Activity, and address issues with bounced emails.