

Assignment 2b

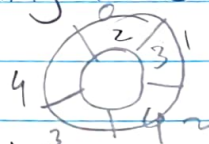
Aim - Perform functions on a circular queue which follows FIFO (First in First out), we perform functions to insert, remove and display all elements in the queue.

Theory

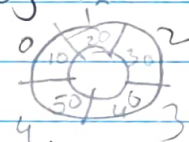
In a circular queue, there is no end because it is circular, we assume our own start and end positions. To the parent function, this should not matter and the insert and delete functions should handle the start and end on their own.

It is used to reclaim unused space in an array after deletions. It ensures the maximum utilization of the allocated memory to that array.

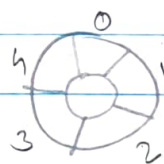
Initialize function - sets the start and end of the queue to zero, indicating it is empty and ready to be filled.



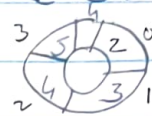
isFull function - If the difference between the start and end index is 1, i.e. the queue ends and then starts in the next index of the array, that means it is full otherwise



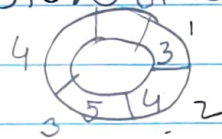
is Empty function - If the array starts and ends in the same position that means the queue is full.



enqueue function (Insert) - If the array is full, it prints that it is full or else sets the last element added to the circular array to the value passed to that function and moves the end to the next position, if it is at the end then it comes back to the 0th index.



dequeue function (Delete) - If the array is empty, it prints that it is empty or else increases the start point to one position higher and takes it to zero if it ^{past} ~~at~~ the end of the array. It also has a temporary variable value which stores the number removed from the array.



display function - If the queue it loops over all the elements from start to end indexes of the array and prints them.

Time complexity - It is $O(1)$ for all functions except display which is $O(n)$. $O(1)$ means the logic is as efficient as possible and the time required to execute every function is independent of time the number of elements. Only display has time complexity n to iterate over all functions.

Conclusion

This program implements a circular queue, following FIFO principle and is optimized for minimum time and resource usage.