MACHINE LEARNING LAB ASSIGNMENT-1

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CSE-L

Introduction to Python Basics Exercise 1 10 02 23

1. Write a Python program to print the following string in a specific format (see the output).

CODE: -

print("Twinkle, twinkle, little star, \n\tHow I wonder what you are! \n\t\tUp above the world so high, \n\t\tLike a diamond in the sky. \nTwinkle, twinkle, little star, \n\tHow I wonder what you are!")

print("\n Tharun Peram, AP20110010801")

Screenshot of OUTPUT: -

Twinkle, twinkle, little star,

How I wonder what you are!

Up above the world so high,

Like a diamond in the sky.

Twinkle, twinkle, little star,

How I wonder what you are!

Tharun Peram, AP20110010801

2. Write a Python program to find out what version of Python you are using.

CODE: -

```
import sys
print("Python version")
print (sys.version)
print("Version info.")
print (sys.version_info)
print("\n Tharun Peram, AP20110010801")
```

Screenshot of OUTPUT: -

```
Python version
3.8.8 (default, Apr 13 2021, 15:08:03) [MSC v.1916 64 bit (AMD64)]
Version info.
sys.version_info(major=3, minor=8, micro=8, releaselevel='final', serial=0)
Tharun Peram, AP20110010801
```

3. Write a Python program to display the current date and time.

CODE: -

from datetime import date

today = date.today()
print("Today's date:", today)

print("\nTharun Peram, AP20110010801")

```
Today's date: 2023-02-17
Tharun Peram, AP20110010801
```

4. Write a Python program that calculates the area of a circle based on the radius entered by the user.

CODE: -

```
r = float(input())
area = (3.14*(r*r))
print(area)
print("\nTharun Peram, AP20110010801")
```

Screenshot of OUTPUT: -

```
4
50.24
Tharun Peram, AP20110010801
```

5. Write a Python program that accepts the user's first and last name and prints them in reverse order with a space between them.

```
firstname = input()
lastname = input()
print(lastname,firstname)
```

```
print("\nTharun Peram, AP20110010801")
```

```
tharun
peram
peram tharun
Tharun Peram, AP20110010801
```

6. Write a Python program that accepts a sequence of commaseparated numbers from the user and generates a list and a tuple of those numbers

Sample data: 3, 5, 7, 23

Output:

List: ['3', '5', '7', '23'] Tuple: ('3', '5', '7', '23')

CODE: -

```
values = input()
list = values.split(",")
Tuple = tuple(list)
print("List:",list)
print("Tuple:",Tuple)
print("\nTharun Peram, AP20110010801")
```

Screenshot of OUTPUT: -

```
3,5,7,23
List: ['3', '5', '7', '23']
Tuple: ('3', '5', '7', '23')
Tharun Peram, AP20110010801
```

7. Write a Python program that accepts a filename from the user and prints the extension of the file.

CODE: -

```
filename = input()
f_extns = filename.split(".")
print ("" + repr(f_extns[-1]))
print("\nTharun Peram, AP20110010801")
```

Screenshot of OUTPUT: -

```
java.java
'java'
Tharun Peram, AP20110010801
```

8. Write a Python program to display the first and last colors from the following list.

```
color_list = input()
order = color_list.split(",")
print( "%s %s"%(order[0],order[-1]))
```

```
print("\nTharun Peram, AP20110010801")
```

```
red, yellow, blue, black, white red white
Tharun Peram, AP20110010801
```

9. Write a Python program to display the examination schedule. (extract the date from exam_st_date).

CODE: -

```
exam_st_date = (11,12,2022)
print("The examination will start from : %i / %i /
%i"%exam_st_date)

print("\nTharun Peram, AP20110010801")
Screenshot of OUTPUT: -

The examination will start from : 11 / 12 / 2022
Tharun Peram, AP20110010801
```

10. Write a Python program that accepts an integer (n) and computes the value of n+nn+nnn.

```
n = input()
n1 = n+n
n2 = n+n+n
a = int(n)+int(n1)+int(n2)
print(a)
```

print("\nTharun Peram, AP20110010801") Screenshot of OUTPUT: -

```
7
861
Tharun Peram, AP20110010801
```

11. Write a Python function that takes a sequence of numbers and determines whether all the numbers are different from each other.

CODE: -

```
def test_distinct(data):
    if len(data) == len(set(data)):
        return True
    else:
        return False;
print(test_distinct([1,2,3,4,5])) #True
print(test_distinct([1,2,2,3,4,5,6,7,8])) #False

print("\nTharun Peram, AP20110010801")

Screenshot of OUTPUT: -

True
False
Tharun Peram, AP20110010801
```

12. Write a Python program that creates all possible strings using the letters 'a', 'e', 'i', 'o', and 'u'. Ensure that each character is used only once.

```
import random
char_list = ['a','e','i','o','u']
random.shuffle(char_list)
print("'.join(char_list))

print("\nTharun Peram, AP20110010801")
Screenshots of OUTPUT: -
iuaeo
Tharun Peram, AP20110010801
```

13. Write a Python program that removes and prints every third number from a list of numbers until the list is empty.

CODE: -

```
def remove_nums(int_list):
    #list starts with 0 index
    position = 3 - 1
    idx = 0
    len_list = (len(int_list))
    while len_list>0:
        idx = (position+idx)%len_list
        print(int_list.pop(idx))
        len_list -= 1
    nums = [10,20,30,40,50,60,70,80,90]
    remove_nums(nums)

print("\nTharun Peram, AP20110010801")
```

Screenshot of OUTPUT: -

```
30
60
90
40
80
50
20
70
10
Tharun Peram, AP20110010801
```

14. Write a Python program to identify unique triplets whose three elements sum to zero from an array of n integers.

```
def three_sum(nums):
 result = []
 nums.sort()
 for i in range(len(nums)-2):
  if i> 0 and nums[i] == nums[i-1]:
   continue
  l, r = i+1, len(nums)-1
  while l < r:
   s = nums[i] + nums[l] + nums[r]
   if s > 0:
    r -= 1
   elif s < 0:
     l += 1
   else:
    # found three sum
    result.append((nums[i], nums[l], nums[r]))
    # remove duplicates
    while I < r and nums[I] == nums[I+1]:
     l+=1
```

```
while I < r and nums[r] == nums[r-1]:
    r -= 1
    I += 1
    r -= 1
    return result
x = [1, -6, 4, 2, -1, 2, 0, -2, 0]
print(three_sum(x))

print("\nTharun Peram, AP20110010801")
Screenshot of OUTPUT: -

[(-6, 2, 4)]
Tharun Peram, AP20110010801</pre>
```

15. Write a Python program to make combinations of 3 digits.

```
a=int(input("Enter first number:"))
b=int(input("Enter second number:"))
c=int(input("Enter third number:"))
d=[]
d.append(a)
d.append(b)
d.append(c)
for i in range(0,3):
    for j in range(0,3):
        if(i!=j&j!=k&k!=i):
            print(d[i],d[j],d[k])
```

```
Enter first number:12
Enter second number:13
Enter third number:21
12 13 21
12 21 13
13 12 21
13 21 12
21 12 13
21 13 12
Tharun Peram, AP20110010801
```

16. Write a Python program that prints long text, converts it to a list, and prints all the words and the frequency of each word.

CODE: -

string_words = "Machine learning is a subfield of artificial intelligence, which is broadly defined as the capability of a machine

to imitate intelligent human behavior. Artificial intelligence systems are used to perform complex tasks in a way that is similar to

how humans solve problems.

The goal of AI is to create computer models that exhibit "intelligent behaviors" like humans, according to Boris Katz, a principal

research scientist and head of the InfoLab Group at CSAIL. This means machines that can recognize a visual scene, understand a text

written in natural language, or perform an action in the physical world.

Machine learning is one way to use AI. It was defined in the 1950s by AI pioneer Arthur Samuel as "the field of study that gives computers the ability to learn without explicitly being programmed."

The definition holds true, according to Mikey Shulman, a lecturer at MIT Sloan and head of machine learning at Kensho, which specializes in artificial intelligence for the finance and U.S. intelligence communities. He compared the traditional way of programming computers, or "software 1.0," to baking, where a recipe calls for precise amounts of ingredients and tells the baker to mix for an exact amount of time. Traditional programming similarly requires creating detailed instructions for the computer to follow.

But in some cases, writing a program for the machine to follow is time-consuming or impossible, such as training a computer to recognize pictures of different people. While humans can do this task easily, it's difficult to tell a computer how to do it.

Machine learning takes the approach of letting computers learn to program themselves through experience. "

```
word_list = string_words.split()
word_freq = [word_list.count(n) for n in word_list]
print("String:\n {} \n".format(string_words))
print("List:\n {} \n".format(str(word_list)))
```

```
print("Pairs (Words and Frequencies:\n
{}".format(str(list(zip(word_list, word_freq)))))
```

print("\nTharun Peram, AP20110010801")

Screenshots of OUTPUT: -

Machine Seeming is a ministed of artificial intelligence, which is broadly defined as the capability of a machine
to initite intelligent hamma behavior. Artificial intelligence systems are used to perform complex tanks in a may that is similar to
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research scientists and head of the infolad Econe at CAML. This means menkines that can recognize a visual score, understand a test
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follow an exact account of time. Traditional programming seniors by a compared the traditional way of
programming computers, or "addrawa to.", or intelligence communities. He compute to
follow an exact account of time. Traditional programming seniors by a efficial to such a suggest to
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17. Write a Python program to count the number of each character in a text file.

CODE: -

import collections
import pprint
file_input = input('File Name: ')

```
with open(file_input, 'r') as info:
  count = collections.Counter(info.read().upper())
  value = pprint.pformat(count)
  print(value)

print("\nTharun Peram, AP20110010801")
```

```
File Name: ML-LAB.txt
Counter({' ': 501,
          'E': 305,
          'A': 237,
          'T': 237,
          'I': 219,
          'N': 179,
          'R': 179,
          '0': 171,
          'S': 151,
          'H': 116,
          'L': 115,
          'C': 108,
          'M': 90,
          'D': 81,
          'U': 65,
          'G': 60,
          'P': 57,
          'F': 55,
          'W': 36,
          ',': 31,
          'B': 30,
          1.1: 24,
          'K': 19,
```

```
'Y': 18,
          '\n': 16,
          'V': 10,
          'X': 8,
          '0': 2,
          '-': 2,
          1/1: 2,
          1-1: 2,
          191: 1,
         151: 1,
          '0': 1,
         '(': 1,
          'J': 1,
          ')': 1})
Tulasi Sai Tharun
AP20110010801
...Program finished with exit code 0
Press ENTER to exit console.
```

18. Write a Python program that retrieves the top stories from Google News.

```
import bs4
from bs4 import BeautifulSoup as soup
from urllib.request import urlopen

news_url="https://news.google.com/news/rss"
Client=urlopen(news_url)
xml_page=Client.read()
```

```
Client.close()

soup_page=soup(xml_page,"xml")

news_list=soup_page.findAll("item")

# Print news title, url and publish date

for news in news_list:
    print(news.title.text)
    print(news.link.text)
    print(news.pubDate.text)
    print("-"*60)

print("\nTharun Peram, AP20110010801")
```

19. Write a Python program to get a list of locally installed Python modules.

```
import pkg_resources
installed_packages = pkg_resources.working_set
installed_packages_list = sorted(["%s==%s" % (i.key, i.version)
    for i in installed_packages])
for m in installed_packages_list:
    print(m)

print("\nTharun Peram, AP20110010801")
Screenshots of OUTPUT: -
```

```
appdirs==1.4.4
attrs==21.2.0
babel==2.8.0
beautifulsoup4==4.10.0
beniget==0.4.1
blinker==1.4
bottleneck==1.3.2
brotli==1.0.9
chardet==4.0.0
```

```
mercurial==6.1.1
more-itertools==8.10.0
mpmath==0.0.0
numba == 0.55.1
numexpr==2.8.1
numpy = 1.21.5
oauthlib==3.2.0
odfpy==1.4.2
olefile==0.46
openpyx1==3.0.9
packaging==21.3
pandas==1.3.5
pillow==9.0.1
pip = 22.0.2
pluggy==0.13.0
ply == 3.11
py==1.10.0
pygame==2.1.2
pygments==2.11.2
pygobject==3.42.1
pyjwt==2.3.0
pyparsing==2.4.7
pytest==6.2.5
python-apt==2.4.0
python-dateutil==2.8.1
pythran==0.10.0
pytz==2022.1
pyyam1==5.4.1
scipy==1.8.0
secretstorage==3.3.1
setuptools==59.6.0
six == 1.16.0
soupsieve==2.3.1
sympy==1.9
systemd-python==234
tables==3.7.0
toml == 0.10.2
```

20. Write a Python program to display some information about the OS where the script is running.

CODE: -

import platform as pl

```
os profile = [
    'architecture',
    'linux_distribution',
    'mac ver',
    'machine',
    'node',
    'platform',
    'processor',
    'python_build',
    'python_compiler',
    'python_version',
    'release',
    'system',
    'uname',
    'version',
for key in os profile:
 if hasattr(pl, key):
  print(key + ": " + str(getattr(pl, key)()))
print("\nTharun Peram, AP20110010801")
```

Screenshot of OUTPUT: -

```
architecture: ('64bit', 'ELF')
mac_ver: (', ('', '', ''), '')
machine: x86_64
node: Check
platform: Linux-5.4.0-1093-gcp-x86_64-with-glibc2.35
processor: x86_64
python_build: ('main', 'Nov 14 2022 16:10:14')
python_compiler: GCC 11.3.0
python_version: 3.10.6
release: 5.4.0-1093-gcp
system: Linux
uname: uname_result(system='Linux', node='Check', release='5.4.0-1093-gcp', version='#102-18.04.1-Ubuntu SMP Sat Oct 29 06:35:49 UTC 2022', machine='x86_64')
version: #102-18.04.1-Ubuntu SMP Sat Oct 29 06:35:49 UTC 2022
Tharun Peram, AF20110010801

...Frogram finished with exit code 0
Press ENTER to exit console.
```