# Rajalakshmi Engineering College

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# NeoColab\_REC\_CS23221\_Python Programming

REC\_Python\_Week 6\_MCQ

Attempt : 1 Total Mark : 20

Marks Obtained: 15

Section 1: MCQ

1. Which clause is used to clean up resources, such as closing files in Python?

Answer

finally

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

2. What is the correct way to raise an exception in Python?

Answer

raise Exception()

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

3. What is the output of the following code?

```
try:
    x = "hello" + 5
except TypeError:
    print("Type Error occurred")
finally:
    print("This will always execute")
Answer
```

Type Error occurred

Status: Wrong Marks: 0/1

4. What is the output of the following code?

```
try:
    x = 1 / 0
except ZeroDivisionError:
    print("Caught division by zero error")
finally:
    print("Executed")
```

# Answer

Caught division by zero errorExecuted

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

5. How do you rename a file?

#### Answer

os.rename(existing\_name, new\_name)

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

6. What is the output of the following code?

```
class MyError(Exception):
  pass
try:
  raise MyError("Something went wrong")
except MyError as e:
  print(e)
Answer
Something went wrong
Status: Correct
                                                                  Marks: 1/1
7. What is the purpose of the except clause in Python?
Answer
To handle exceptions during code execution
Status: Correct
                                                                  Marks: 1/1
8. What will be the output of the following Python code?
f = None
for i in range (5):
  with open("data.txt", "w") as f:
    if i > 2:
      break
print(f.closed)
Answer
True
```

9. What happens if an exception is not caught in the except clause?

Marks: 1/1

Answer

Status: Correct

The program will display a traceback error and stop execution

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

10. Which of the following is true about the finally block in Python?

#### Answer

The finally block is always executed, regardless of whether an exception occurs or not

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

11. What is the difference between r+ and w+ modes?

### Answer

in w+ the pointer is initially placed at the beginning of the file and the pointer is at the end for r+

Status: Wrong Marks: 0/1

12. What will be the output of the following Python code?

```
# Predefined lines to simulate the file content
lines = [
    "This is 1st line",
    "This is 2nd line",
    "This is 3rd line",
    "This is 4th line",
    "This is 5th line"
]

print("Name of the file: foo.txt")

# Print the first 5 lines from the predefined list for index in range(5):
    line = lines[index]
    print("Line No %d - %s" % (index + 1, line.strip()))
```

#### Answer

**Displays Output** 

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

13. Fill in the blanks in the following code of writing data in binary files.

```
import _____(1)
rec=∏
while True:
  rn=int(input("Enter"))
  nm=input("Enter")
 temp=[rn, nm]
  rec.append(temp)
  ch=input("Enter choice (y/N)")
  if ch.upper=="N":
    break
f.open("stud.dat","_____")(2)
_____.dump(rec,f)(3)
_____.close()(4)
Answer
(pickle,wb,pickle,f)
Status: Correct
```

14. Fill the code to in order to read file from the current position.

Assuming exp.txt file has following 3 lines, consider current file position is beginning of 2nd line

Marks: 1/1

Meri,25

John,21

Raj,20

Ouptput:

['John,21\n','Raj,20\n']

f = open("exp.txt", "w+") (1)	
(1) print(2)	
Answer	
1) f.seek(0, 1)2) f.rline()	
Status: Wrong	Marks: 0/1
15. How do you create a user-defined exception in Python?  **Answer**	
By creating a new class that inherits from the Exception class Status: Correct	Marks : 1/1
16. Fill in the code in order to get the following output:	
Output:	
Name of the file: ex.txt	
fo = open((1), "wb") print("Name of the file: ",)(2)	
Answer	
1) "ex.txt"2) fo.name	
Status: Correct	Marks: 1/1
17 Match the following:	

- 17. Match the following:
- a) f.seek(5,1) i) Move file pointer five characters behind from the current position
- b) f.seek(-5,1) ii) Move file pointer to the end of a file
- c) f.seek(0,2) iii) Move file pointer five characters ahead from the current position

d) f.seek(0) iv) Move file pointer to the beginning of a file

# Answer

a-iii, b-i, c-ii, d-iv

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

18. Which of the following is true about

fp.seek(10,1)

# Answer

Move file pointer ten characters ahead from the beginning of a file

Status: Wrong Marks: 0/1

19. What is the default value of reference\_point in the following code?

file\_object.seek(offset [,reference\_point])

# **Answer**

0

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

20. What happens if no arguments are passed to the seek function?

# Answer

file position is set to the start of file

Status: Wrong Marks: 0/1