Operating System Lab CS342

Tanishq Malu Lab:4 1901CS63

Q1 Write a program in C, which takes n, as user input, and create n number of zombie processes. Show that the created processes are zombie processes (ADD SCREENSHOT).

Compilation:

gcc -o q1 -q1.c

Syntax:

./q1

{n: user input}

Note:

Press enter after typing ./q1, as we are not taking command line argument, rather input during execution as required in the question

Sample Input and Output:

```
Input:
```

gcc -o q1 q1.c ./q1 5

Parent Process

Output:

After 20 seconds:

```
tanishqmalu@DESKTOP-5JCAMRU:/mnt/d/Tanishq/3rd year/6th sem/os_lab/lab-4$ gcc -o q1 q1.c tanishqmalu@DESKTOP-5JCAMRU:/mnt/d/Tanishq/3rd year/6th sem/os_lab/lab-4$ ./q1 5 Parent pid = 5416 tanishqmalu@DESKTOP-5JCAMRU:/mnt/d/Tanishq/3rd year/6th sem/os_lab/lab-4$ _
```

Q 2. Write a program in C, which takes n, as an user input, and create n number of orphan processes.

Compilation:

gcc -o q2 -q2.c

Syntax:

./q2

{n: user input}

Note:

Press enter after typing ./q2, as we are not taking command line argument, rather input during execution as required in the question

Sample Input and Output:

Input:

gcc -o q2 q2.c

./q2

6

Output:

After 20 seconds:

```
tanishqmalu@DESKTOP-5JCAMRU:/mnt/d/Tanishq/3rd year/6th sem/os_lab/lab-4$ gcc -o q2 q2.c
tanishqmalu@DESKTOP-5JCAMRU:/mnt/d/Tanishq/3rd year/6th sem/os_lab/lab-4$ ./q2
6
tanishqmalu@DESKTOP-5JCAMRU:/mnt/d/Tanishq/3rd year/6th sem/os_lab/lab-4$ pid = 5465
pid = 5466
pid = 5467
pid = 5468
pid = 5469
pid = 5470
tanishqmalu@DESKTOP-5JCAMRU:/mnt/d/Tanishq/3rd year/6th sem/os_lab/lab-4$ __
```

Parent process is already over and hence not present in here

Q3. Write a program, which will

- - Take a user input N
- Make 2 child processes.
- one child process should generate first N LUCAS sequence

(https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Lucas_number).

- The 2nd child process should only print the LUCAS sequence (NOT GENERATE) (USE FILE OR SOME OTHER METHOD TO SHARE)

Compilation:

gcc -o q3 -q3.c

Syntax:

./q3

{n: user input}

Note:

Press enter after typing ./q3, as we are not taking command line argument, rather input during execution as required in the question

Sample Input and Output:

Case Number	1	2	3	4
Input	gcc -o q3 q3.c			
	./q3	./q3	./q3	./q3
	8	15	0	1

Output:

```
anishqmalu@DESKTOP-5JCAMRU:/mnt/d/Tanishq/3rd year/6th sem/os_lab/lab-4$ gcc -o q3 q3.c:
 anishqmalu@DESKTOP-5JCAMRU:/mnt/d/Tanishq/3rd year/6th sem/os_lab/lab-4$ ./q3
Generating lucas number, pid = 5484
printing lucas number, pid = 5483
2 1 3 4 7 11 18 29
anishqmalu@DESKTOP-5JCAMRU:/mnt/d/Tanishq/3rd year/6th sem/os_lab/lab-4$ ./q3:
15
Generating lucas number, pid = 5487
printing lucas number, pid = 5486
2 1 3 4 7 11 18 29 47 76 123 199 322 521 843
anishqmalu@DESKTOP-5JCAMRU:/mnt/d/Tanishq/3rd year/6th sem/os_lab/lab-4$ ./q3:
Generating lucas number, pid = 5490
printing lucas number, pid = 5489
anishqmalu@DESKTOP-5JCAMRU:/mnt/d/Tanishq/3rd year/6th sem/os lab/lab-4$ ./q3:
Generating lucas number, pid = 5493
printing lucas number, pid = 5492
 anishqmalu@DESKTOP-5JCAMRU:/mnt/d/Tanishq/3rd year/6th sem/os_lab/lab-4$
```

Q4. Write a program which will

- - Make 3 threads:
- One will copy the source program to another file f2.
- second will print contents of f2.
- Third will delete the file f2.

Compilation:

gcc -o q4 -q4.c

Syntax:

./q4 file1.txt file2.txt

Sample Input and Output:

Input:

gcc -o q4 q4.c ./q4 file1.txt file2.txt

Output:

```
tanishqmalu@DESKTOP-5JCAMRU:/mnt/d/Tanishq/3rd year/6th sem/os_lab/lab-4$ gcc -o q4 q4.c
tanishqmalu@DESKTOP-5JCAMRU:/mnt/d/Tanishq/3rd year/6th sem/os_lab/lab-4$ ./q4 file1.txt file2.txt

Task1: I will copy file f1 to another file f2. My PID: 5501

--FILE 2 Contents before copying--
I will disappear from here !!
Task2: I will print the new content of file f2. My PID: 5502

--FILE 2--
Hello !
I am the content of file 1. But you copied me into file 2.
Now, I belong to file 2 as well
Anyway Happy coding !!

Task3: I will delete file 2. My PID: 5503

Parent PID:: 5500

tanishqmalu@DESKTOP-5JCAMRU:/mnt/d/Tanishq/3rd year/6th sem/os_lab/lab-4$
```

------ The End