## PH-103 Physics-1: Tutorial -1

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- 1. A particle moves in a circle of radius b with angular velocity  $\dot{\theta} = \alpha t$ , where  $\alpha$  is a constant. ( $\alpha$  has the units of rad/s<sup>2</sup>). Describe the particle's velocity in polar co-ordinates.
- 2. Sketch the following figures,  $\rho = 5$ ,  $\Phi = \pi/4$  and z = 5 in cylindrical polar co-ordinates.
- 3. Determine the vector  $\vec{A} = (y z)\hat{e_x} + x\hat{e_y}$  at the point P (-3, 2, 4) and express it in the cylindrical polar co-ordinates.
- 4. Express the components of  $\vec{A} = 2y\hat{e_x} z\hat{e_y} x\hat{e_z}$  in cylindrical polar co-ordinates.