

http://localhost:63342/keiko-corp/index.html?_ijt=ogivndjbpbacj82746c0m6tdd&_ij_reload=RELOAD_ON_SAVE



64

96

91

Performance

Accessibility

Best Practices SEO



Performance

Values are estimated and may vary. The <u>performance score</u> is <u>calculated</u> directly from these metrics. <u>See calculator</u>.

0-49

50-89

90-100



METRICS

First Contentful Paint

3.9 s

Total Blocking Time

0 ms

Speed Index

3.9 s

▲ Largest Contentful Paint

10.2 s

Cumulative Layout Shift

0

View Treemap















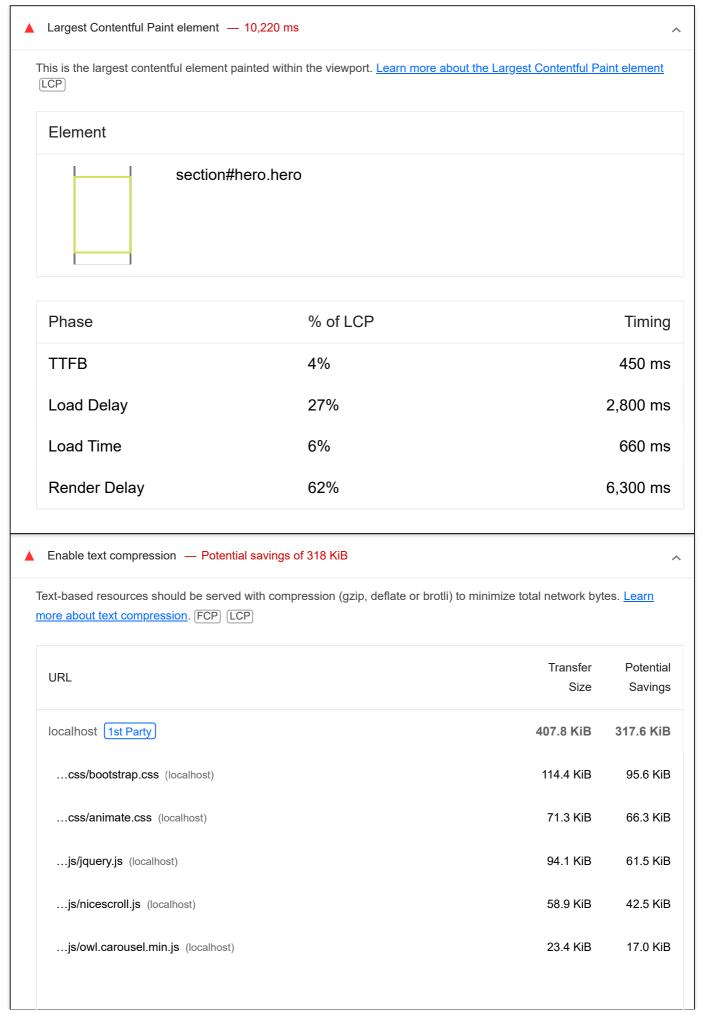


Expand view

Show audits relevant to: All FCP LCP TBT CLS

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DIAGNOSTICS



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URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
css/main.css (localhost)	16.3 KiB	13.3 KiB
/keiko-corp/index.html?_ijt=ogivndjbp&_ij_reload=RELOAD_ON_SAVE (localhost)	12.7 KiB	9.7 KiB
js/wow.js (localhost)	7.0 KiB	4.6 KiB
css/owl.transitions.css (localhost)	4.5 KiB	3.8 KiB
js/main.js (localhost)	2.9 KiB	1.8 KiB
js/ajaxchimp.js (localhost)	2.3 KiB	1.4 KiB

▲ Eliminate render-blocking resources — Potential savings of 3,090 ms

Resources are blocking the first paint of your page. Consider delivering critical JS/CSS inline and deferring all non-critical JS/styles. Learn how to eliminate render-blocking resources. FCP [LCP]

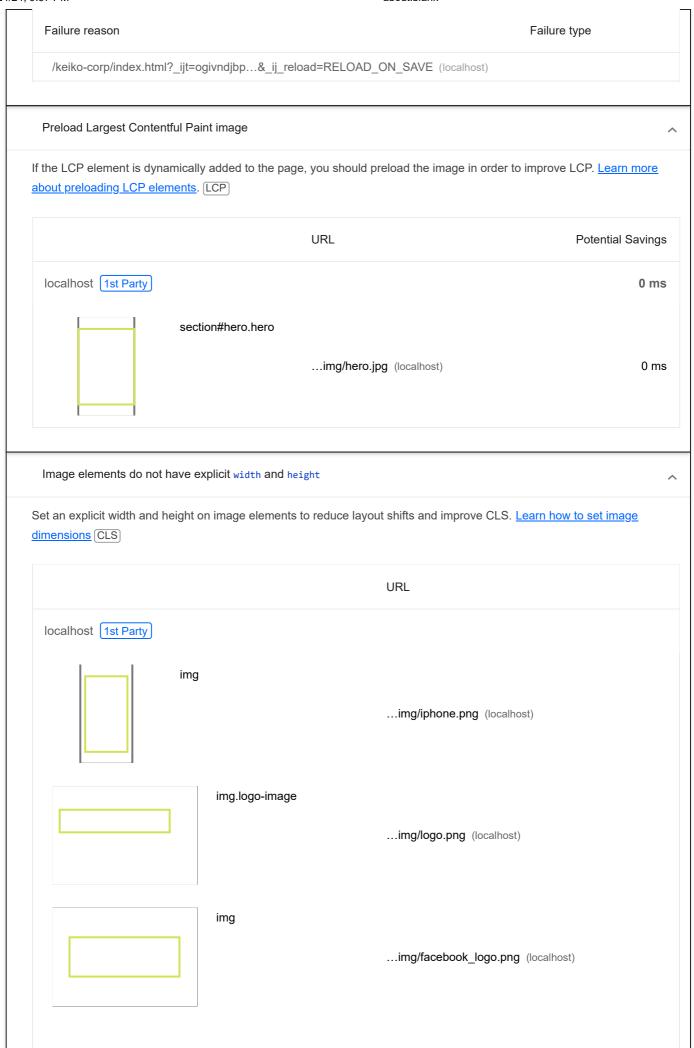
URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
localhost 1st Party	405.1 KiB	13,530 ms
css/bootstrap.css (localhost)	114.7 KiB	3,300 ms
css/owl.transitions.css (localhost)	4.8 KiB	450 ms
css/owl.carousel.css (localhost)	1.8 KiB	300 ms
css/animate.css (localhost)	71.6 KiB	2,550 ms
css/main.css (localhost)	16.6 KiB	750 ms
js/jquery.js (localhost)	94.5 KiB	3,000 ms
js/ajaxchimp.js (localhost)	2.7 KiB	150 ms
js/owl.carousel.min.js (localhost)	23.7 KiB	900 ms
js/wow.js (localhost)	7.3 KiB	300 ms
js/parallax.js (localhost)	2.1 KiB	150 ms
js/nicescroll.js (localhost)	59.2 KiB	1,350 ms

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9:37 PM	about:blank	
URL	Transfer Size	Potentia Savings
js/main.js (localhost)	3.2 KiB	150 ms
js/scrollTo.js (localho	st) 2.9 KiB	150 ms
Serve images in next-ge	n formats — Potential savings of 719 KiB	
	and AVIF often provide better compression than PNG or JPEG, which means faster Learn more about modern image formats. FCP LCP	downloads
	URL Resource Size	Potentia Savings
localhost 1st Party	1,247.2 KiB	718.7 KiE
section#hero.hero	img/hero.jpg (localhost) 1,030.7 KiB	526.6 KiE
	imgimg/iphone.png (localhost) 192.9 KiB	173.2 KiE
img.logo-image	img/logo.png (localhost) 23.6 KiB	19.0 KiE
	- Potential savings of 182 KiB	
	stylesheets and defer CSS not used for above-the-fold content to decrease bytes to reduce unused CSS. FCP LCP	consumed b
URL	Transfer Size	Potentia Saving

_		
URL	Transfer Size	Potentia Saving
css/bootstrap.css (localhost)	114.4 KiB	110.9 Ki
css/animate.css (localhost)	71.3 KiB	70.8 Ki
Reduce unused JavaScript — Potential savings of 78 KiB		
Reduce unused JavaScript and defer loading scripts until they are require Learn how to reduce unused JavaScript. FCP LCP	ed to decrease bytes consumed by n	etwork activ
URL	Transfer Size	Potentia Saving
localhost 1st Party	153.0 KiB	78.5 Ki
js/jquery.js (localhost)	94.1 KiB	44.7 Ki
js/nicescroll.js (localhost) Minify CSS — Potential savings of 17 KiB	58.9 KiB	33.8 Ki
js/nicescroll.js (localhost) Minify CSS — Potential savings of 17 KiB	fy CSS. FCP LCP Transfer	Potenti
js/nicescroll.js (localhost) Minify CSS — Potential savings of 17 KiB Minifying CSS files can reduce network payload sizes. Learn how to mini	fy CSS. FCP LCP	Potenti Saving
js/nicescroll.js (localhost) Minify CSS — Potential savings of 17 KiB Minifying CSS files can reduce network payload sizes. Learn how to mini URL	fy CSS. FCP LCP Transfer Size	Potenti Saving 16.7 Ki
js/nicescroll.js (localhost) Minify CSS — Potential savings of 17 KiB Minifying CSS files can reduce network payload sizes. Learn how to mini URL localhost 1st Party	fy CSS. FCP LCP Transfer Size 88.2 KiB	Potentia Saving 16.7 Kil
js/nicescroll.js (localhost) Minify CSS — Potential savings of 17 KiB Minifying CSS files can reduce network payload sizes. Learn how to mini URL localhost 1st Party css/animate.css (localhost)	fy CSS. FCP LCP Transfer Size 88.2 KiB 71.6 KiB	Potenti Saving 16.7 Ki 13.8 Ki
js/nicescroll.js (localhost) Minify CSS — Potential savings of 17 KiB Minifying CSS files can reduce network payload sizes. Learn how to mini URL localhost (1st Party) css/animate.css (localhost) css/main.css (localhost) Page prevented back/forward cache restoration — 1 failure reason Many navigations are performed by going back to a previous page, or for	fy CSS. FCP LCP Transfer Size 88.2 KiB 71.6 KiB 16.6 KiB	Potenti Saving 16.7 Ki 13.8 Ki 2.9 Ki
js/nicescroll.js (localhost) Minify CSS — Potential savings of 17 KiB Minifying CSS files can reduce network payload sizes. Learn how to mini URL localhost (1st Party) css/animate.css (localhost) css/main.css (localhost)	fy CSS. FCP LCP Transfer Size 88.2 KiB 71.6 KiB 16.6 KiB	Potentia Saving 16.7 Kil 13.8 Kil 2.9 Kil

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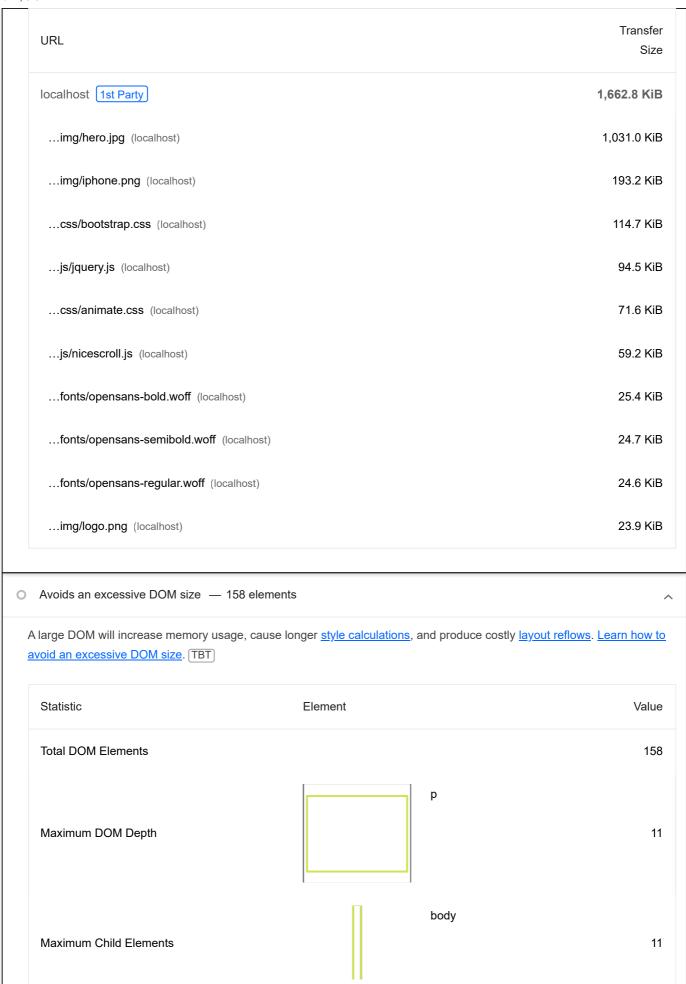
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	URL
img	img/yahoo_logo.png (localhost)
img	img/paypal_logo.png (localhost)
img	img/google_logo.png (localhost)
img	img/windows_icon.png (localhost)
img	img/android_icon.png (localhost)
img	img/f_icon2.png (localhost)
img	img/f_icon3.png (localhost)
img	img/f_icon6.png (localhost)

			URL
		img	img/ios_icon.png (localhost)
		img	img/f_icon1.png (localhost)
		img	img/f_icon4.png (localhost)
		img	img/f_icon5.png (localhost)
	ge the font-displa	e during webfont load y CSS feature to ensur	e text is user-visible while webfonts are loading. <u>Learn more about fon</u>
Leverag	ge the font-displa		e text is user-visible while webfonts are loading. <u>Learn more about fon</u> Potentia Saving
Leverage display	ge the font-displa		Potentia
Leveraç displa URL	ge the font-display	y CSS feature to ensur	Potentia Saving:
Leverage display URL locallfc	ge the font-display y. nost (1st Party)	y CSS feature to ensur	Potentia Saving 10 ms
URL locall	ge the font-display y. host (1st Party) onts/opensans-regula	y CSS feature to ensure ar.woff (localhost)	Potentia Savings 10 ms

Source			
localhost 1st Party			
nicescroll.js:82			
jquery.js:3			
Properly size images — Potenti	ial savings of 13 KiB		
Serve images that are appropriatel LCP	y-sized to save cellular data and improve load time. <u>Learr</u>	n how to size imag	jes. FCP
	URL	Resource Size	Potential Savings
localhost 1st Party		23.6 KiB	13.1 KiB
	img/logo.png (localhost)	23.6 KiB	13.1 KiE
img.logo-image			
Initial server response time was	short — Root document took 0 ms		
Keep the server response time for	the main document short because all other requests depe	end on it. <u>Learn m</u>	ore about the
Time to First Byte metric. (FCP) (LC	CP		
URL			Time Spen
localhost 1st Party			0 ms
/keiko-corp/index.html?_ijt=ogi	vndjbp&_ij_reload=RELOAD_ON_SAVE (localhost)		0 ms
Avoids enormous network payloa	ads — Total size was 1,785 KiB		
Large network payloads cost users	real money and are highly correlated with long load times	s. <u>Learn how to re</u>	duce payloa
sizes			
sizes.			

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Avoid chaining critical requests — 15 chains found

The Critical Request Chains below show you what resources are loaded with a high priority. Consider reducing the length of chains, reducing the download size of resources, or deferring the download of unnecessary resources to improve page load. Learn how to avoid chaining critical requests.

Maximum critical path latency: 47.281 ms

Initial Navigation

/keiko-corp/index.html?_ijt=ogivndjbp...&_ij_reload=RELOAD_ON_SAVE (localhost)

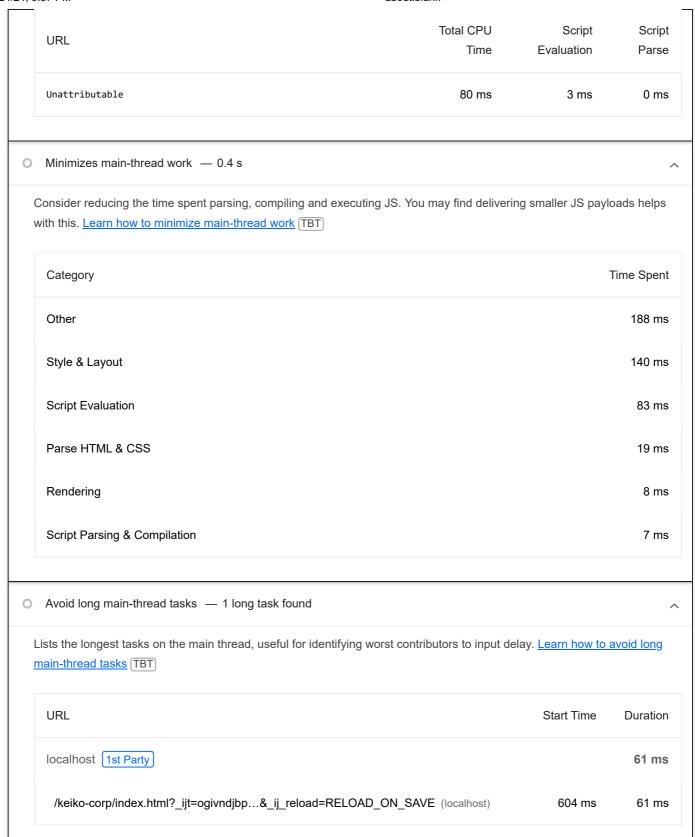
- ...css/bootstrap.css (localhost) 6.872 ms, 114.72 KiB
- ...css/owl.transitions.css (localhost) 3.674 ms, 4.84 KiB
- ...css/owl.carousel.css (localhost) 4.941 ms, 1.82 KiB
- ...css/animate.css (localhost) 6.62 ms, 71.63 KiB
- ...css/main.css (localhost)
 - ...fonts/opensans-regular.woff (localhost) 3.963 ms, 24.57 KiB
 - ...fonts/opensans-bold.woff (localhost) 4.144 ms, 25.35 KiB
 - ...fonts/opensans-semibold.woff (localhost) 6.456 ms, 24.74 KiB
- ...js/jquery.js (localhost) 11.772 ms, 94.45 KiB
- ...js/ajaxchimp.js (localhost) 6.081 ms, 2.65 KiB
- ...js/owl.carousel.min.js (localhost) 8.171 ms, 23.70 KiB
- ...js/wow.js (localhost) 7.624 ms, 7.31 KiB
- ...js/parallax.js (localhost) 9.031 ms, 2.12 KiB
- ...js/nicescroll.js (localhost) 13.368 ms, 59.18 KiB
- ...js/main.js (localhost) 9.799 ms, 3.21 KiB
- ...js/scrollTo.js (localhost) 10.002 ms, 2.86 KiB

O JavaScript execution time — 0.1 s

Consider reducing the time spent parsing, compiling, and executing JS. You may find delivering smaller JS payloads helps with this. <u>Learn how to reduce Javascript execution time</u>. (TBT)

URL	Total CPU Time	Script Evaluation	Script Parse
localhost 1st Party	339 ms	74 ms	4 ms
/keiko-corp/index.html?_ijt=ogivndjbp &_ij_reload=RELOAD_ON_SAVE (localhost)	227 ms	9 ms	1 ms
js/jquery.js (localhost)	112 ms	65 ms	3 ms
Unattributable	80 ms	3 ms	0 ms

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More information about the performance of your application. These numbers don't directly affect the Performance score.

PASSED AUDITS (18)



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Minify JavaScript	^
Minifying JavaScript files can reduce payload sizes and script parse time. Learn how to minify JavaScript. FCP LCP	
Efficiently encode images	^
Optimized images load faster and consume less cellular data. Learn how to efficiently encode images. FCP LCP	
Preconnect to required origins	^
Consider adding preconnect or dns-prefetch resource hints to establish early connections to important third-party ori Learn how to preconnect to required origins. LCP FCP	gins.
Avoid multiple page redirects	^
Redirects introduce additional delays before the page can be loaded. Learn how to avoid page redirects. LCP FCP	
Use HTTP/2	^
HTTP/2 offers many benefits over HTTP/1.1, including binary headers and multiplexing. Learn more about HTTP/2. LCF	2
Use video formats for animated content	^
Large GIFs are inefficient for delivering animated content. Consider using MPEG4/WebM videos for animations and PNG/WebP for static images instead of GIF to save network bytes. Learn more about efficient video formats FCP)
Remove duplicate modules in JavaScript bundles	^
Remove large, duplicate JavaScript modules from bundles to reduce unnecessary bytes consumed by network activity.	
Avoid serving legacy JavaScript to modern browsers	^
Polyfills and transforms enable legacy browsers to use new JavaScript features. However, many aren't necessary for modern browsers. For your bundled JavaScript, adopt a modern script deployment strategy using module/nomodule feat detection to reduce the amount of code shipped to modern browsers, while retaining support for legacy browsers. Learn to use modern JavaScript FCP LCP	
Uses efficient cache policy on static assets — 0 resources found	^
A long cache lifetime can speed up repeat visits to your page. <u>Learn more about efficient cache policies</u> .	
O User Timing marks and measures	^
Consider instrumenting your app with the User Timing API to measure your app's real-world performance during key use	er

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experiences. Learn more about User Timing marks. Minimize third-party usage Third-party code can significantly impact load performance. Limit the number of redundant third-party providers and try to load third-party code after your page has primarily finished loading. Learn how to minimize third-party impact. (TBT) Lazy load third-party resources with facades Some third-party embeds can be lazy loaded. Consider replacing them with a facade until they are required. Learn how to defer third-parties with a facade. TBT Largest Contentful Paint image was not lazily loaded Above-the-fold images that are lazily loaded render later in the page lifecycle, which can delay the largest contentful paint. Learn more about optimal lazy loading. [LCP] Element section#hero.hero Avoid large layout shifts These are the largest layout shifts observed on the page. Each table item represents a single layout shift, and shows the element that shifted the most. Below each item are possible root causes that led to the layout shift. Some of these layout shifts may not be included in the CLS metric value due to windowing. Learn how to improve CLS CLS Avoids document.write() For users on slow connections, external scripts dynamically injected via document.write() can delay page load by tens of seconds. Learn how to avoid document.write(). Avoid non-composited animations Animations which are not composited can be janky and increase CLS. Learn how to avoid non-composited animations CLS Has a <meta name="viewport"> tag with width or initial-scale A <meta name="viewport"> not only optimizes your app for mobile screen sizes, but also prevents a 300 millisecond delay to user input. Learn more about using the viewport meta tag.

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Accessibility

These checks highlight opportunities to improve the accessibility of your web app. Automatic detection can only detect a subset of issues and does not guarantee the accessibility of your web app, so manual testing is also encouraged.

NAMES AND LABELS

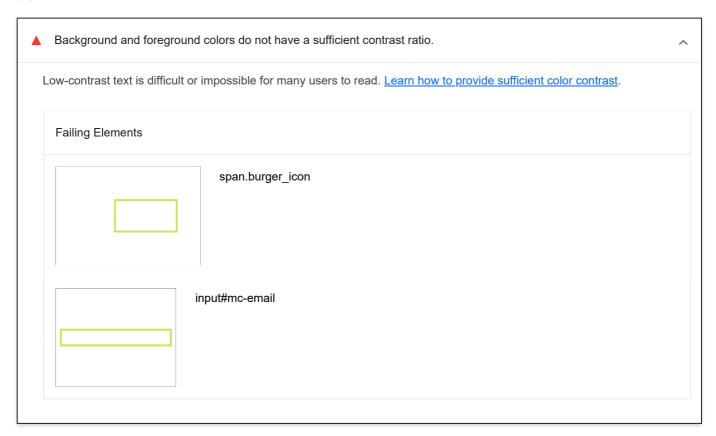
Battorio do riot riavo ari	accessible name	
	ve an accessible name, screen readers announce it as "button", making it unusable for users earn how to make buttons more accessible.	wh
Failing Elements		
	button#mc_submit	
Links do not have a dis	cernible name	
	ext for images, when used as links) that is discernible, unique, and focusable improves the screen reader users. Learn how to make links accessible.	
Failing Elements		
Failing Elements	a	
Failing Elements	a a	

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Failing Elements	

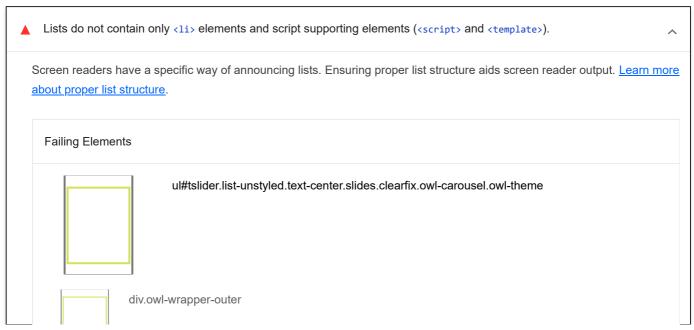
These are opportunities to improve the semantics of the controls in your application. This may enhance the experience for users of assistive technology, like a screen reader.

CONTRAST

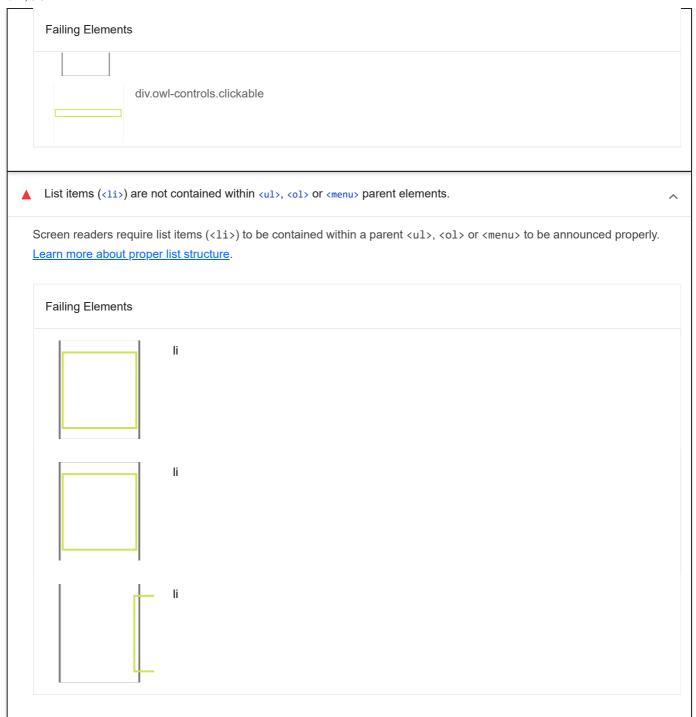


These are opportunities to improve the legibility of your content.

TABLES AND LISTS



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These are opportunities to improve the experience of reading tabular or list data using assistive technology, like a screen reader.

ADDITIONAL ITEMS TO MANUALLY CHECK (10)

Interactive controls are keyboard focusable

Hide

Custom interactive controls are keyboard focusable and display a focus indicator. Learn how to make custom controls focusable.

O Interactive elements indicate their purpose and state

Interactive elements, such as links and buttons, should indicate their state and be distinguishable from non-interactive elements. <u>Learn how to decorate interactive elements with affordance hints</u>.

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The page has a logical tab order	^
Tabbing through the page follows the visual layout. Users cannot focus elements that are offscreen. <u>Learn more about logical tab ordering</u> .	
Visual order on the page follows DOM order	^
DOM order matches the visual order, improving navigation for assistive technology. <u>Learn more about DOM and visual ordering</u> .	
User focus is not accidentally trapped in a region	^
A user can tab into and out of any control or region without accidentally trapping their focus. Learn how to avoid focus tra	<u>aps</u> .
The user's focus is directed to new content added to the page	^
If new content, such as a dialog, is added to the page, the user's focus is directed to it. Learn how to direct focus to new content.	•
HTML5 landmark elements are used to improve navigation	^
Landmark elements (<main>, <nav>, etc.) are used to improve the keyboard navigation of the page for assistive technol Learn more about landmark elements.</nav></main>	ogy.
Offscreen content is hidden from assistive technology	^
Offscreen content is hidden with display: none or aria-hidden=true. <u>Learn how to properly hide offscreen content</u> .	
Custom controls have associated labels	^
Custom interactive controls have associated labels, provided by aria-label or aria-labelledby. <u>Learn more about custom controls and labels</u> .	
Custom controls have ARIA roles	^
Custom interactive controls have appropriate ARIA roles. <u>Learn how to add roles to custom controls</u> .	
hese items address areas which an automated testing tool cannot cover. Learn more in our guide on <u>conducting an access</u> i	bilitv

These items address areas which an automated testing tool cannot cover. Learn more in our guide on <u>conducting an accessibility</u> <u>review</u>.

PASSED AUDITS (10) Hide

[aria-hidden="true"] is not present on the document <body>

Assistive technologies, like screen readers, work inconsistently when aria-hidden="true" is set on the document <body>.

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Learn how aria-hidden affects the document body. Image elements have [alt] attributes Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternate text. Decorative elements can be ignored with an empty alt attribute. Learn more about the alt attribute. [user-scalable="no"] is not used in the <meta name="viewport"> element and the [maximum-scale] attribute is not less than 5. Disabling zooming is problematic for users with low vision who rely on screen magnification to properly see the contents of a web page. Learn more about the viewport meta tag. Document has a <title> element The title gives screen reader users an overview of the page, and search engine users rely on it heavily to determine if a page is relevant to their search. Learn more about document titles. <html> element has a [lang] attribute If a page doesn't specify a lang attribute, a screen reader assumes that the page is in the default language that the user chose when setting up the screen reader. If the page isn't actually in the default language, then the screen reader might not announce the page's text correctly. Learn more about the lang attribute. html> element has a valid value for its [lang] attribute Specifying a valid <u>BCP 47 language</u> helps screen readers announce text properly. <u>Learn how to use the lang attribute</u>. Form elements have associated labels Labels ensure that form controls are announced properly by assistive technologies, like screen readers. Learn more about form element labels. Touch targets have sufficient size and spacing. Touch targets with sufficient size and spacing help users who may have difficulty targeting small controls to activate the targets. Learn more about touch targets. Heading elements appear in a sequentially-descending order Properly ordered headings that do not skip levels convey the semantic structure of the page, making it easier to navigate and understand when using assistive technologies. Learn more about heading order. Image elements do not have [alt] attributes that are redundant text.

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Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternative text. Alternative text that is exactly the same as the text adjacent to the link or image is potentially confusing for screen reader users, because the text will be read twice. <u>Learn more about the alt attribute</u>.

NOT APPLICABLE (42)

[accesskey] values are unique	^
Access keys let users quickly focus a part of the page. For proper navigation, each access key must be unique. <u>Learn mo</u> <u>about access keys</u> .	ore_
O [aria-*] attributes match their roles	^
Each ARIA role supports a specific subset of aria-* attributes. Mismatching these invalidates the aria-* attributes. Leanness to their roles.	<u>arn</u>
Uses ARIA roles only on compatible elements	^
Many HTML elements can only be assigned certain ARIA roles. Using ARIA roles where they are not allowed can interfere with the accessibility of the web page. <u>Learn more about ARIA roles</u> .	Э
O button, link, and menuitem elements have accessible names	^
When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn how to make command elements more accessible</u> .)
ARIA attributes are used as specified for the element's role	^
Some ARIA attributes are only allowed on an element under certain conditions. <u>Learn more about conditional ARIA</u> <u>attributes</u> .	
Deprecated ARIA roles were not used	^
Deprecated ARIA roles may not be processed correctly by assistive technology. Learn more about deprecated ARIA roles	
Elements with role="dialog" Or role="alertdialog" have accessible names.	^
ARIA dialog elements without accessible names may prevent screen readers users from discerning the purpose of these elements. Learn how to make ARIA dialog elements more accessible.	
O [aria-hidden="true"] elements do not contain focusable descendents	^
Focusable descendents within an [aria-hidden="true"] element prevent those interactive elements from being available to users of assistive technologies like screen readers. Learn how aria-hidden affects focusable elements.	ble

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ARIA input fields have accessible names	^
When an input field doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusa for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more about input field labels</u> .	ble
ARIA meter elements have accessible names	^
When a meter element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn how to name meter elements</u> .	
ARIA progressbar elements have accessible names	^
When a progressbar element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, mak it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn how to label progressbar elements</u> .	ing
Elements use only permitted ARIA attributes	^
Using ARIA attributes in roles where they are prohibited can mean that important information is not communicated to use of assistive technologies. <u>Learn more about prohibited ARIA roles</u> .	ers
O [role]s have all required [aria-*] attributes	^
Some ARIA roles have required attributes that describe the state of the element to screen readers. <u>Learn more about rol and required attributes</u> .	<u>es</u>
Elements with an ARIA [role] that require children to contain a specific [role] have all required children.	^
Some ARIA parent roles must contain specific child roles to perform their intended accessibility functions. <u>Learn more abroles and required children elements</u> .	<u>oout</u>
[role]s are contained by their required parent element	^
Some ARIA child roles must be contained by specific parent roles to properly perform their intended accessibility function Learn more about ARIA roles and required parent element.	ns.
O [role] values are valid	^
ARIA roles must have valid values in order to perform their intended accessibility functions. <u>Learn more about valid ARIA roles</u> .	<u>\</u>
Elements with the role=text attribute do not have focusable descendents.	^
Adding role=text around a text node split by markup enables VoiceOver to treat it as one phrase, but the element's focusable descendents will not be announced. Learn more about the role=text attribute.	

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ARIA toggle fields have accessible names	^
When a toggle field doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unus for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more about toggle fields</u> .	sable
ARIA tooltip elements have accessible names	^
When a tooltip element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn how to name tooltip elements</u> .	
ARIA treeitem elements have accessible names	^
When a treeitem element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more about labeling treeitem elements</u> .	g it
O [aria-*] attributes have valid values	^
Assistive technologies, like screen readers, can't interpret ARIA attributes with invalid values. <u>Learn more about valid values.</u>	<u>ralues</u>
O [aria-*] attributes are valid and not misspelled	^
Assistive technologies, like screen readers, can't interpret ARIA attributes with invalid names. <u>Learn more about valid A attributes</u> .	<u>ARIA</u>
The page contains a heading, skip link, or landmark region	^
Adding ways to bypass repetitive content lets keyboard users navigate the page more efficiently. Learn more about by blocks.	<u>pass</u>
O <dl>'s contain only properly-ordered <dt> and <dd> groups, <script>, <template> or <div> elements.</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>When definition lists are not properly marked up, screen readers may produce confusing or inaccurate output. <u>Learn has tructure definition lists correctly.</u></td><td>ow to</td></tr><tr><td>O Definition list items are wrapped in <d1> elements</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Definition list items (<dt> and <dd>) must be wrapped in a parent <dl> element to ensure that screen readers can pro announce them. Learn how to structure definition lists correctly.</td><td>perly</td></tr><tr><td>O ARIA IDs are unique</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>The value of an ARIA ID must be unique to prevent other instances from being overlooked by assistive technologies. <u>L</u> how to fix duplicate ARIA IDs.</td><td><u>.earn</u></td></tr></tbody></table></script></dd></dt></dl>	

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No form fields have multiple labels	^
Form fields with multiple labels can be confusingly announced by assistive technologies like screen readers which use the first, the last, or all of the labels. <u>Learn how to use form labels</u> .	e either
O <frame/> or <iframe> elements have a title</iframe>	^
Screen reader users rely on frame titles to describe the contents of frames. Learn more about frame titles.	
O <html> element has an [xml:lang] attribute with the same base language as the [lang] attribute.</html>	^
If the webpage does not specify a consistent language, then the screen reader might not announce the page's text co <u>Learn more about the lang attribute</u> .	orrectly.
O Input buttons have discernible text.	^
Adding discernable and accessible text to input buttons may help screen reader users understand the purpose of the button. Learn more about input buttons.	input
<pre><input type="image"/> elements have [alt] text</pre>	^
When an image is being used as an <input/> button, providing alternative text can help screen reader users understa purpose of the button. Learn about input image alt text.	and the
Links are distinguishable without relying on color.	^
Low-contrast text is difficult or impossible for many users to read. Link text that is discernible improves the experience users with low vision. Learn how to make links distinguishable.	e for
The document does not use <meta http-equiv="refresh"/>	^
Users do not expect a page to refresh automatically, and doing so will move focus back to the top of the page. This m create a frustrating or confusing experience. <u>Learn more about the refresh meta tag</u> .	nay
O <object> elements have alternate text</object>	^
Screen readers cannot translate non-text content. Adding alternate text to <object> elements helps screen readers of meaning to users. Learn more about alt text for object elements.</object>	convey
Select elements have associated label elements.	^
Form elements without effective labels can create frustrating experiences for screen reader users. <u>Learn more about select element</u> .	<u>the</u>
O Skip links are focusable.	^

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Including a skip link can help users skip to the main content to save time. Learn more about skip links. No element has a [tabindex] value greater than 0 A value greater than 0 implies an explicit navigation ordering. Although technically valid, this often creates frustrating experiences for users who rely on assistive technologies. Learn more about the tabindex attribute. Tables have different content in the summary attribute and <caption>. The summary attribute should describe the table structure, while <caption> should have the onscreen title. Accurate table mark-up helps users of screen readers. Learn more about summary and caption. Cells in a element that use the [headers] attribute refer to table cells within the same table. Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring cells using the [headers] attribute only refer to other cells in the same table may improve the experience for screen reader users. Learn more about the headers attribute. elements and elements with [role="columnheader"/"rowheader"] have data cells they describe. Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring table headers always refer to some set of cells may improve the experience for screen reader users. Learn more about table headers. [lang] attributes have a valid value Specifying a valid <u>BCP 47 language</u> on elements helps ensure that text is pronounced correctly by a screen reader. <u>Learn</u> how to use the lang attribute. <video> elements contain a <track> element with [kind="captions"] When a video provides a caption it is easier for deaf and hearing impaired users to access its information. Learn more about video captions.



Best Practices

USER EXPERIENCE

▲ Serves images with low resolution

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Image natural dimensions should be proportional to the display size and the pixel ratio to maximize image clarity. Learn how to provide responsive images. Displayed Actual Expected URL size size size localhost 1st Party $... img/facebook_logo.png \ \, ({\sf localhost})$ 132 x 45 132 x 45 198 x 68 img ...img/paypal_logo.png (localhost) 131 x 45 131 x 45 197 x 68 img ...img/yahoo_logo.png (localhost) 131 x 45 131 x 45 197 x 68 img ...img/google_logo.png (localhost) 130 x 45 130 x 45 195 x 68 img

TRUST AND SAFETY

Ensure CSP is effective against XSS attacks

A strong Content Security Policy (CSP) significantly reduces the risk of cross-site scripting (XSS) attacks. Learn how to use a CSP to prevent XSS

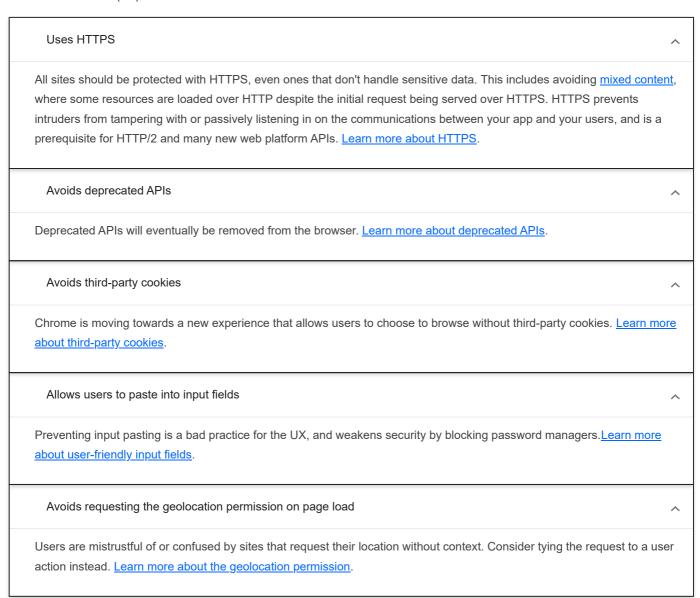
about:blank 25/30

Description	Directive	Severity
No CSP found in enforcement mode		High

GENERAL

Detected JavaScript libraries		^
All front-end JavaScript libraries dete	cted on the page. <u>Learn more about this JavaScript library detection diagno</u>	ostic audit.
Name	Version	
jQuery	1.11.0	

PASSED AUDITS (14)



about:blank 26/30

Avoids requesting the notification permission on page load Users are mistrustful of or confused by sites that request to send notifications without context. Consider tying the request to user gestures instead. Learn more about responsibly getting permission for notifications. Displays images with correct aspect ratio Image display dimensions should match natural aspect ratio. Learn more about image aspect ratio. Has a <meta name="viewport"> tag with width or initial-scale A <meta name="viewport"> not only optimizes your app for mobile screen sizes, but also prevents a 300 millisecond delay to user input. Learn more about using the viewport meta tag. Document uses legible font sizes — 100% legible text Font sizes less than 12px are too small to be legible and require mobile visitors to "pinch to zoom" in order to read. Strive to have >60% of page text ≥12px. Learn more about legible font sizes. Selector % of Page Text Font Size Source Legible text 100.00% ≥ 12px Page has the HTML doctype Specifying a doctype prevents the browser from switching to quirks-mode. Learn more about the doctype declaration. Properly defines charset A character encoding declaration is required. It can be done with a <meta> tag in the first 1024 bytes of the HTML or in the Content-Type HTTP response header. Learn more about declaring the character encoding. No browser errors logged to the console Errors logged to the console indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures and other browser concerns. Learn more about this errors in console diagnostic audit No issues in the Issues panel in Chrome Devtools Issues logged to the Issues panel in Chrome Devtools indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures, insufficient security controls, and other browser concerns. Open up the Issues panel in Chrome DevTools for more details on each issue. Page has valid source maps

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Source maps translate minified code to the original source code. This helps developers debug in production. In addition, Lighthouse is able to provide further insights. Consider deploying source maps to take advantage of these benefits. <u>Learn more about source maps</u>.

NOT APPLICABLE (1)

Redirects HTTP traffic to HTTPS

Make sure that you redirect all HTTP traffic to HTTPS in order to enable secure web features for all your users. Learn more.



SFO

These checks ensure that your page is following basic search engine optimization advice. There are many additional factors Lighthouse does not score here that may affect your search ranking, including performance on Core Web Vitals. Learn more about Google Search Essentials.

CONTENT BEST PRACTICES

▲ Document does not have a meta description

Meta descriptions may be included in search results to concisely summarize page content. Learn more about the meta description.

Format your HTML in a way that enables crawlers to better understand your app's content.

ADDITIONAL ITEMS TO MANUALLY CHECK (1)

Hide

Structured data is valid

Run the <u>Structured Data Testing Tool</u> and the <u>Structured Data Linter</u> to validate structured data. <u>Learn more about Structured Data.</u>

Run these additional validators on your site to check additional SEO best practices.

PASSED AUDITS (7) Hide

Page isn't blocked from indexing

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Search engines are unable to include your pages in search results if they don't have permission to crawl them. <u>Learn more about crawler directives</u> .	2
Document has a <title> element</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>The title gives screen reader users an overview of the page, and search engine users rely on it heavily to determine if a page is relevant to their search. <u>Learn more about document titles</u>.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Page has successful HTTP status code</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Pages with unsuccessful HTTP status codes may not be indexed properly. <u>Learn more about HTTP status codes</u>.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Links have descriptive text</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Descriptive link text helps search engines understand your content. <u>Learn how to make links more accessible</u>.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Links are crawlable</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Search engines may use href attributes on links to crawl websites. Ensure that the href attribute of anchor elements links to an appropriate destination, so more pages of the site can be discovered. Learn how to make links crawlable</td><td>S</td></tr><tr><td>Image elements have [alt] attributes</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternate text. Decorative elements can be ignored with an empty alt attribute. Learn more about the alt attribute.</td><td>t</td></tr><tr><td>Document has a valid hreflang</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>hreflang links tell search engines what version of a page they should list in search results for a given language or region. <u>Learn more about hreflang.</u></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>OT APPLICABLE (2)</td><td>Hi</td></tr></tbody></table></title>	

O robots.txt is valid	^
If your robots.txt file is malformed, crawlers may not be able to understand how you want your website to be crawled or indexed. Learn more about robots.txt.	
O Document has a valid rel=canonical	^
Canonical links suggest which URL to show in search results. <u>Learn more about canonical links</u> .	

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Captured at Oct 24, 2024, 8:37 PM GMT+1

Initial page load

Emulated Moto G Power with Lighthouse 12.2.1

Slow 4G throttling

Single page session

Using Chromium 130.0.0.0 with devtools

Generated by **Lighthouse** 12.2.1 | File an issue

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