Scikit-Learn Cheatsheet



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Open-source ML library for Python. Built on NumPy, SciPy, and Matplotlib.



<u>Scikit-learn</u> is a library in Python that provides many unsupervised and supervised learning algorithms. It's built upon some of the technology you might already be familiar with, like NumPy, pandas, and Matplotlib!

As you build robust Machine Learning programs, it's helpful to have all the sklearn commands all in one place in case you forget.

Next

Get Unstuck

import and create the model:

```
from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
your_model = LinearRegression()
```

Fit:

```
your_model.fit(x_training_data, y_training_data)
```

- .coef_: contains the coefficients
- .intercept_: contains the intercept

Predict:

```
predictions = your_model.predict(your_x_data)
```

.score(): returns the coefficient of determination R²

Naive Bayes

Import and create the model:

```
your_model = MultinomialNB()
```

Fit:

```
your_model.fit(x_training_data, y_training_data)
```

Predict:

```
# Returns a list of predicted classes - one prediction for every data point
predictions = your_model.predict(your_x_data)

# For every data point, returns a list of probabilities of each class
probabilities = your_model.predict_proba(your_x_data)
```

K-Nearest Neighbors

Import and create the model:

```
from sklearn.neigbors import KNeighborsClassifier
your_model = KNeighborsClassifier()
```

Fit:

Predict:

```
# Returns a list of predicted classes - one prediction for every data point
predictions = your_model.predict(your_x_data)

# For every data point, returns a list of probabilities of each class
probabilities = your_model.predict_proba(your_x_data)
```

K-Means

Import and create the model:

```
from sklearn.cluster import KMeans

your_model = KMeans(n_clusters=4, init='random')
```

- n_clusters: number of clusters to form and number of centroids to generate
- init: method for initialization
 - k-means++: K-Means++ [default]
 - random: K-Means
- random state: the seed used by the random number generator [optional]

```
your_model.fit(x_training_data)
```

Predict:

```
predictions = your_model.predict(your_x_data)
```

Validating the Model

Import and print accuracy, recall, precision, and F1 score:

```
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score, recall_score, precision_score, f1_score
print(accuracy_score(true_labels, guesses))
print(recall_score(true_labels, guesses))
print(precision_score(true_labels, guesses))
print(f1_score(true_labels, guesses))
```

Import and print the confusion matrix:

```
from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix
print(confusion_matrix(true_labels, guesses))
```

```
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split

x_train, x_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(x, y, train_size=0.8, test_size=0.2)
```

- train_size: the proportion of the dataset to include in the train split
- test_size: the proportion of the dataset to include in the test split
- random_state: the seed used by the random number generator [optional]



Happy Coding!